

The number of accidents occurring below ground in 1923 was considerably larger than that occurring above ground, the respective figures for the year being 51 fatal and †443 non-fatal accidents below ground, and 13 fatal and †464 non-fatal accidents above ground.

(iii.) *Proportion per 1,000 Persons Employed in Mining.*—The table hereunder shows the number of persons who met with accidents per 1,000 persons employed in 1922. Comparative figures for 1923 are not yet available.

Number of Fatal and Non-fatal Accidents per 1,000 Persons Engaged in Mining, 1922.

STATE.	FATAL ACCIDENTS.		NON-FATAL ACCIDENTS.		ALL ACCIDENTS.	
	Metal Mining.	Coal Mining.	Metal Mining.	Coal Mining.	Fatal.	Non-fatal.
New South Wales	0.66	0.37	*	*	0.55	*
Victoria	1.88	2.05	1.16	5.60	1.95	2.77
Queensland			90.91	17.60		50.12
South Australia			190.04			188.27
Western Australia	1.42	1.34	43.11	84.08	1.41	47.48
Tasmania	1.49	..	10.79	..	1.86	9.86
Australia	1.11	0.52	148.15	†21.57	0.80	†37.74

* Not available.

† Exclusive of New South Wales.

CHAPTER XVII.—INTERNATIONAL LABOUR STATISTICS.

1. **The League of Nations and Labour.**—The Peace Treaty includes an article referring to international labour conditions in the following terms:—

“ Subject to and in accordance with the provisions of international conventions existing or hereafter to be agreed upon, the members of the League will endeavour to secure and maintain fair and humane conditions of labour for men, women and children, both in their own countries and in all countries to which their commercial and industrial relations extend, and for that purpose will establish and maintain the necessary international organizations.” .

A Commission was appointed to draw up a scheme for the international regulation of labour conditions. The Report of this Commission was adopted and is now part of the Treaty of Peace and of the Constitution of the League of Nations. It consists of two parts, one providing for the establishment of the International Labour Office, and the other for the holding of International Labour Conferences.

The International Labour Conference is to meet annually, and each member nation is entitled to send four delegates, two representing the Government, one representing employers, and one representing employees.

The International Labour Office consists of a Governing Body appointed by the League to collect and publish information on labour matters of interest to the world.

In addition to making provisions for the Conference and Labour Office the Peace Conference adopted the following general clauses setting out the policy of the League of Nations with reference to labour conditions.

"The High Contracting Parties, recognizing that the well-being, physical, moral and intellectual, of industrial wage-earners, is of supreme and international importance, have framed a permanent machinery associated with that of the League of Nations to further this great end.

"They recognize that differences of climate, habits and customs, of economic opportunity and industrial tradition, make strict uniformity in the conditions of labour difficult of immediate attainment. But holding as they do that labour should not be regarded merely as an article of commerce, they think that there are methods and principles for the regulation of labour conditions which all industrial communities should endeavour to apply, so far as their special circumstances will permit.

"Among these methods and principles, the following seem to the High Contracting Parties to be of special and urgent importance.

First.—The guiding principle above enunciated that labour should not be regarded merely as a commodity or article of commerce.

Second.—The right of association for all lawful purposes by the employed as well as by the employers.

Third.—The payment to the employed of a wage adequate to maintain a reasonable standard of life as this is understood in their time and country.

Fourth.—The adoption of an eight hours' day or a forty-eight hours' week as the standard to be aimed at where it has not already been attained.

Fifth.—The adoption of a weekly rest of at least 24 hours, which should include Sunday wherever possible.

Sixth.—The abolition of child labour and the imposition of such limitations on the labour of young persons as shall permit the continuation of their education and assure their proper physical development.

Seventh.—The principle that men and women should receive equal pay for work of equal value.

Eighth.—The standard set by law in each country with respect to the conditions of labour should have due regard to the equitable economic treatment of all workers lawfully resident therein.

Ninth.—Each State should make provision for a system of inspection in which women should take part, in order to secure the enforcement of the laws and regulations for the protection of the employed.

"Without claiming that these principles and methods are either complete or final, the High Contracting Parties are of opinion that they are well fitted to guide the policy of the League of Nations; and that if adopted by the industrial communities who are members of the League, and safeguarded in practice by an adequate system of such inspection, they will confer lasting benefits upon the wage-earners of the world."

2. International Labour Conferences.—(i.) *General.*—Five annual Conferences have been held: the first in Washington, U.S.A., in 1919, the second in Genoa, in 1920, the third, fourth and fifth in Geneva in 1921, 1922 and 1923. Australia was represented at the second, third and fifth of these Conferences, but not at the first and fourth.

The agenda for the first Conference were fixed by the Peace Treaty. The agendas for the succeeding Conferences have been arranged by the Governing Body of the International Labour Office. The procedure at these Conferences is that after discussion either draft conventions or recommendations are passed. If the decisions of the Conference are expressed in draft conventions, such draft conventions are forwarded to the Governments of all the nations constituting the League of Nations, and it was the intention of the framers of the Constitution of the League that these draft conventions were to be adopted and made the basis of legislation to give effect to the principles which they set forth. With regard to the recommendations passed at the Conferences, these are simply forwarded to the Governments, but whereas in the case of draft conventions provision is made for exerting pressure upon the Governments to give effect to them, no such provision exists in the case of recommendations. The following are some of the draft conventions passed by the Conferences :—

The adoption of the eight-hour day; the prohibition of night work in industry for all women as well as for young persons under 18; the prohibition of the employment of all children under 14 except in India and Japan (Japan has agreed and India has been asked to agree to raise the limit from 9 as at present to 12, with 14 as the eventual standard); the protection of maternity by requiring that women be permitted to leave their employment six weeks before childbirth and forbidding their return to work for six weeks afterwards, with the assurance of maternity benefits and guarantees against discharge; prohibition of the employment at sea of children under the age of 14; payment to seamen by ship-owners of full wages in case of shipwreck for a period not exceeding two months; organization and maintenance of Government employment offices for seamen.

A matter of particular interest to Australia discussed at the third Conference was that of the use of white lead in paints. As a result of the discussion, and probably because of representations by the delegates from Australia, the Draft Convention prohibiting the use of white lead is not to come into force until six years have elapsed from the closing of the Conference held in November, 1921.

The information published by the International Labour Office shows that legislation has been introduced by the great majority of the Governments to give effect to the decisions of the International Labour Conferences.

(ii.) *Proceedings at Fifth Session.*—(a) *General.*—The fifth session of the International Labour Conference was held in Geneva from 22nd October to 29th October, 1923, and was attended by representatives of 42 of the 57 States members, as compared with 39 in 1922. There were 74 Government, 24 Employers' and 24 Workers' representatives—in all 192 delegates and advisers. Only one item was on the agenda for discussion, namely, "General principles for the organization of factory inspection." Originally three other items were set down for discussion but they were withdrawn owing to the decision of the Governing Body to change the regular time of meeting from October to June, to commence from the year 1924. This change shortens very considerably the interval between the 1923 and 1924 Conferences and was responsible for the decision to have a short session only. The items, discussion of which has been postponed till the sixth session, are :—

- (a) Development of facilities for the utilization of workers' leisure.
- (b) Equality of treatment for national and foreign workers as regards workmen's compensation for accidents.
- (c) Weekly suspension of work for 24 hours in glass-manufacturing processes where tank furnaces are used.

The delegates from Australia were Messrs G. F. Ainsworth, J. Martyn and E. J. Holloway representing respectively the Government, Employers and Employees.

(b) *Factory Inspection*.—The preliminary investigation into this subject by the International Labour Office disclosed considerable diversity of view and practice in the various countries, and led to the passing of a recommendation on the subject rather than the more rigid convention. The recommendation laid down general principles for the guidance of members under the following headings :—(1) Sphere of inspection ; (2) Nature of the functions and powers of inspectors ; (3) Organization of inspection ; and (4) Inspectors' reports.

(c) *International Conference of Labour Statisticians*.—This Conference was held at Geneva under the auspices of the International Labour Office from 29th October to 3rd November, 1923, following immediately after the International Labour Conference.

The Commonwealth Government was represented by Sir T. A. Coghlan, K.C.M.G., I.S.O.

The Conference was called by the International Labour Office for the purpose of considering the problems involved in the compilation of labour statistics, and of agreeing, if possible, upon certain methods and standards with a view to rendering labour statistics more comparable as between different countries.

The subjects finally chosen for consideration were the following :—

1. Classification of industries and occupations.
2. Statistics of wages and hours of labour.
3. Statistics of industrial accidents.

Reports on each of the three items of the agenda were prepared by the International Labour Office and circulated in advance to the Governments.

The Conference passed several resolutions outlining suggested schemes of classification of industries and industrial accidents, and recommending that all countries should collect and publish at least once a year tables showing :—

1. Statutory minimum rates of wages.
2. Rates fixed in collective agreements.
3. Rates accepted by organizations of employers and workpeople for typical categories of workers.

3. **International Labour Office**.—The duties of the International Labour Office are defined in the Peace Treaty as follows :—

" The functions of the International Labour Office shall include the collection and distribution of information on all subjects relating to the international adjustment of conditions of industrial life and labour, and particularly the examination of subjects which it is proposed to bring before the Conference with a view to the conclusion of international conventions, and the conduct of such special investigations as may be ordered by the Conference."

Other functions are the preparation of the agenda for the meetings of the Conference; editing and publishing periodicals dealing with problems of industry and employment of international interest; and such other powers and duties as may be assigned to it by the Conference.

The inquiries made by the Labour Office are extensive, and the publications issued numerous, covering practically all phases of industrial conditions. It issues weekly the pamphlet "Labour and Industrial Information," monthly the "International Labour Review," and periodically as occasion demands the "Official Bulletin," which contain valuable information on economic and industrial questions. In addition special reports have been issued covering many of the matters of international interest from an economic point of view.

4. International Labour Statistics.—(i.) General.—The following pages give comparative statistics of (a) Unemployment; (b) Membership of Trade Unions; (c) Price Indexes. For limitations to which these comparisons are subject see Labour Report No. 8, pp. 151-4.

(ii.) *Unemployment*.—In the following table the percentage of unemployment in various countries is shown for each month of the year 1923. The figures are obtained chiefly from the "International Labour Review" published by the International Labour Office:—

Unemployment in Various Countries during 1923.

Country.	Percentage Unemployed During Month of—												Average for Year.	
	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.		
Australia	1.8	1.2	7.2	..	7.1	..	7.4	6.6	7.0
Belgium ..	1.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	1.2	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.9	1.7	1.0	
Canada ..	7.8	6.4	6.8	4.6	4.5	3.4	2.9	2.2	2.0	4.8	6.2	7.2	4.9	
Denmark ..	21.5	23.2	16.0	11.5	9.1	8.1	7.4	7.6	7.4	11.4	16.0	12.2		
Germany ..	4.4	5.5	5.6	7.0	6.2	4.1	3.5	6.3	9.9	19.1	23.4	28.2	10.3	
Great Britain ..	13.7	13.1	12.3	11.3	11.3	11.1	11.1	11.4	11.3	10.0	10.5	9.7	11.5	
Holland ..	10.1	18.4	13.7	10.4	9.6	9.3	11.4†	12.9†	13.2†	18.0†	18.9†	17.9†	13.5†	
Norway ..	16.1	15.5	14.5	11.2	9.3	7.9	8.9	6.8	7.6	8.6	0.5	*	10.4‡	
Sweden ..	21.4	20.8	19.9	15.6	10.6	9.8	0.7	8.7	7.9	8.2	9.1	14.0	18.0	
U.S.A. —	..	..	8.2	..	..	5.1	..	..	3.8	..	..	*	5.0§
Massachusetts ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Not yet available.

† Provisional figures.

‡ Average for eleven months only.

§ Average for three quarters only.

(iii.) *Trade Unions*—(a) *Membership*.—The next table gives the approximate membership of trade unions in various countries for the years 1913, 1920, and 1921, and shows the enormous growth since 1913:—

Trade Unions—Membership in Various Countries, 1913, 1920, and 1921.

Country.		1913.	1920.	1921.
Argentine	(a)	68,000
Australia	498,000	684,000
Austria	260,000	935,000
Belgium	200,000	920,000
Bulgaria	30,000	36,000
Canada	176,000	374,000
Czecho-Slovakia	107,000	1,650,000
Denmark	152,000	362,000
Finland	28,000	59,000
France	592,000	1,640,000
Germany	4,513,000	13,000,000(b)
Great Britain	4,198,000	8,492,000
Hungary	115,000(b)	343,000
Italy	972,000	3,627,000
Japan	(a)	247,000(c)
Jugo-Slavia	9,000	25,000
Netherlands	138,000	539,000(b)
New Zealand	72,000	96,000(c)
Norway	64,000	154,000
Poland	(a)	947,000
Rumania	10,000	90,000
Russia	(a)	5,220,000
South Africa	5,000	138,000
Spain	128,000	220,000
Sweden	136,000	390,000
Switzerland	90,000	293,000
United States	1,946,000	4,079,000
Total	14,360,000(d)	44,599,000
				43,843,000

(a) Not available.

(b) Estimates based on partial information

(c) Figures for 1919.

(d) Exclusive of three countries.

(b) *Relative Strength.*—The next table shows the membership of trade unions and relation to population in the countries specified for the years 1914 and 1921:—

Trade Unions—Membership, and Members per 1,000 Inhabitants, 1914 and 1921.

Country.	Total Membership in Thousands.		Population in Thousands.		No. of Members per 1,000 Inhabitants	
	1914.	1921.	1914.	1921.	1914.	1921.
	(000).	(000).	(000).	(000).		
Australia	523	703	4,941	5,513	106	128
Belgium	203	900	7,571	7,684	27	117
Bulgaria	129	44	4,466	4,861	7	9
Canada	166	313	7,758	9,030	21	35
Denmark	156	323	2,860	3,289	54	98
Finland	31	49	3,140	3,335	10	15
France	1,026	885	39,660	39,210	26	23
Germany	2,271	12,625	65,426	59,887	35	211
Great Britain	4,199	6,793	46,036	47,308	91	144
Italy	962	3,000	35,238	40,070	27	75
Netherlands	227	524	6,114	6,841	37	77
New Zealand	74	98	1,090	1,306	68	75
Norway	68	96	2,392	2,646	28	36
Rumania	10	32	7,230	17,393	1	2
Spain	121	240	19,550	20,784	6	12
Sweden	141	362	5,604	5,904	25	61
Switzerland	50	248	3,781	3,880	13	64
United States	2,672	3,907	95,411	105,711	28	37
Total	12,929	31,142	358,268	384,619	36	81

† 1911 figures

There has been a considerable increase in trade union membership during the period covered. The total membership for the countries specified was 12,929,000 in 1914, and 31,142,000 in 1921, while the proportion per 1,000 inhabitants increased from 36 in 1914 to 81 in 1921.

(iv) *Price Index-Numbers—(a) Wholesale Prices.*—The following table gives wholesale price index-numbers for the years 1913 to 1923 for various countries, the prices for the year 1913, the year before the war, being taken as base (= 1,000). These figures, as well as those of retail index-numbers, are obtained chiefly from the "Monthly Bulletin of Statistics" published by the League of Nations. It must be understood that the figures do not show the relative prices in the various countries, but the fluctuations in prices in each country separately.

Index-Numbers, Wholesale Prices, Various Countries 1913 to 1923 (Prices in 1913 as Base = 1,000).

YEAR.	UNITED KINGDOM.			AUSTRIA.			BELGIUM.			BRITISH INDIA (CALCUTTA).			CHINA (SHANGHAI).			CZECHOSLOVAKIA.			DENMARK.			DUTCH EAST INDIES.			EGYPT (CAIRO).			FRANCE.			FINLAND.			GERMANY.		
	Board of Trade.	" Statist."	" Economist."	Official.	Official.	Official.	Official.	Official.	Official.	Official.	Official.	Official.	Official.	Official.	Official.	Official.	Official.	Official.	Official.	Official.	Official.	Official.	Official.	Official.	Official.											
Average.																																				
1913	1,000	1,000	1,000																																	
1914	1,000	987	c1,000																																	
1915	1,271	1,231																																		
1916	1,595	1,005																																		
1917	2,061	2,041																																		
1918	2,265	2,240																																		
1919	2,419	2,351																																		
1920	3,073	2,953	2,832																																	
1921	1,972	1,824	1,810																																	
1922	1,588	1,541	1,595																																	
1923	1,689	1,529	1,621	17,983	1,70																															

YEAR.	ITALY.			JAPAN.			NETHERLANDS.			NORWAY.			POLAND.			SPAIN.			SWEDEN.			SWITZERLAND.			UNITED STATES.			AUSTRALIA.			CANADA.			NEW ZEALAND.			SOUTH AFRICA.		
	" Bachl."	Cameriere di Commercio di Milano.	Bank of Japan.	Official.	Official.	" Okono-misk Revue."	NORWAY.	Official.	" Koniemers-kolleghium"	" Lorenz."	Bureau of Labour Statistics.	Official.	Official.	Official.	Official.	Official.	Official.	Official.	Official.	Official.	Official.	Official.	Official.																
Average.																																							
1913	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000																																	
1914	951	..	955	1,090	1,150																																		
1915	1,327	..	906	1,460	1,590																																		
1916	1,097	..	1,171	2,260	2,330																																		
1917	3,063	..	1,485	2,760	3,410																																		
1918	4,091	..	1,958	3,730	3,450																																		
1919	3,658	..	2,350	3,040	3,220																																		
1920	6,244	..	2,594	2,920	3,770																																		
1921	5,775	55,170	2,004	1,820	2,600																																		
1922	5,623	5,290	1,988	1,600	2,200																																		
1923	5,746	5,300	1,991	1,510	2,440																																		

a Figure referring to April.
b Average for the last five months.
/ Average of last four months.
j January.

b Average for the last five months.
g December. h End of the year.
i 000,000 omitted. j Average for the

c First six months. d July. e February.
f 000,000 omitted. g Average for the

(b) *Retail Prices.*—The following table gives index-numbers of retail prices, (a) cost of living, including articles other than food, and (b) food only for the month of July in each year from 1914 to 1923, and, where available, for January 1924, the prices for July 1914 being taken as base (= 1,000). As is the case with the wholesale price index-numbers, the figures show merely the fluctuations in prices in each individual country, and are not comparable horizontally.

Index-Numbers of Retail Prices in various Countries for the Month of July, 1914 to 1923, and January, 1924, with Prices in July, 1914 as Base (= 1,000).

(a) COST OF LIVING.

No. of Towns and Localities.	UNITED KINGDOM.	AUSTRIA.		BELGIUM.		BULGARIA.		DENMARK.		FINLAND.		FRANCE.		GERMANY.		ITALY.		LUXEMBOURG.		
		630	Vieana.	59	4	100	21	Paris.	71	Berlin.	Milan.	Paris.	71	Berlin.	Milan.	Paris.	71	Berlin.	Milan.	Paris.
July 1914	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
1915	1,250	1,000	1,200	1,160	1,000	1,160	1,000	1,160	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
1916	1,430	3,400	1,500	1,360	1,430	1,500	1,430	1,500	1,430	1,430	1,430	1,430	1,430	1,430	1,430	1,430	1,430	1,430	1,430	1,430
1917	1,800	6,700	2,260	1,550	2,260	1,550	2,260	1,550	2,260	1,550	2,260	1,550	2,260	1,550	2,260	1,550	2,260	1,550	2,260	1,550
1918	2,100	11,600	6,200	1,820	6,200	1,820	6,200	1,820	6,200	1,820	6,200	1,820	6,200	1,820	6,200	1,820	6,200	1,820	6,200	1,820
1919	2,150	25,000	13,410	2,110	25,000	13,410	2,110	25,000	13,410	2,110	25,000	13,410	2,110	25,000	13,410	2,110	25,000	13,410	2,110	25,000
1920	2,550	51,000	16,770	2,620	2,550	16,770	2,620	2,550	16,770	2,620	2,550	16,770	2,620	2,550	16,770	2,620	2,550	16,770	2,620	2,550
1921	2,220	99,700	1,000	17,900	2,220	17,900	2,220	17,900	2,220	17,900	2,220	17,900	2,220	17,900	2,220	17,900	2,220	17,900	2,220	17,900
1922	1,810	2,645,110	900	24,940	1,810	24,940	1,810	24,940	1,810	24,940	1,810	24,940	1,810	24,940	1,810	24,940	1,810	24,940	1,810	24,940
1923	1,710	10,903,000	1,090	23,170	1,710	23,170	1,710	23,170	1,710	23,170	1,710	23,170	1,710	23,170	1,710	23,170	1,710	23,170	1,710	23,170
Jan. 1924	1,790	11,740,000	1,240	p25,330	1,790	p25,330	1,790	p25,330	1,790	p25,330	1,790	p25,330	1,790	p25,330	1,790	p25,330	1,790	p25,330	1,790	p25,330

No. of Towns and Localities.	NORWAY.	POLAND.		SPAIN.		SWEDEN.		SWITZER- LAND.		BRITISH INDIA.		SOUTH AFRICA.		CANADA.		UNITED STATES.		AUSTRALIA.		NEW ZEALAND.	
		30	Warsaw	Madrid	40	23	Bom- bay.	9	60	32	30	25	9	60	32	30	25	9	60	32	30	25
July 1914	a	1,000	1,000	g	1,000	1,000	a	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	t	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
1915	1,170	..	1,080	1,160	1,170	1,080	1,160	1,170	1,080	1,160	1,170	1,080	1,160	1,170	1,080	1,160	1,170	1,080	1,160	1,170	1,080
1916	1,460	..	1,160	1,390	1,460	1,160	1,390	1,460	1,160	1,390	1,460	1,160	1,390	1,460	1,160	1,390	1,460	1,160	1,390	1,460	1,160
1917	1,900	..	1,250	1,660	1,900	1,250	1,660	1,900	1,250	1,660	1,900	1,250	1,660	1,900	1,250	1,660	1,900	1,250	1,660	1,900	1,250
1918	2,530	..	1,540	2,100	2,530	1,540	2,100	2,530	1,540	2,100	2,530	1,540	2,100	2,530	1,540	2,100	2,530	1,540	2,100	2,530	1,540
1919	2,750	..	1,750	2,570	2,750	1,750	2,570	2,750	1,750	2,570	2,750	1,750	2,570	2,750	1,750	2,570	2,750	1,750	2,570	2,750	1,750
1920	3,020	f111,730	1,010	2,700	3,020	2,700	2,900	3,020	2,700	2,900	3,020	2,700	2,900	3,020	2,700	2,900	3,020	2,700	2,900	3,020	2,700
1921	3,020	257,970	1,890	2,380	3,020	1,890	2,380	3,020	1,890	2,380	3,020	1,890	2,380	3,020	1,890	2,380	3,020	1,890	2,380	3,020	1,890
1922	2,550	787,970	1,810	21,900	1,810	21,900	1,810	21,900	1,810	21,900	1,810	21,900	1,810	21,900	1,810	21,900	1,810	21,900	1,810	21,900	
1923	2,390	20,936,400	1,770	21,740	1,770	21,740	1,770	21,740	1,770	21,740	1,770	21,740	1,770	21,740	1,770	21,740	1,770	21,740	1,770	21,740	
Jan. 1924	p2,300	2,988,671,000	1,780	p21,760	1,780	p21,760	1,780	p21,760	1,780	p21,760	1,780	p21,760	1,780	p21,760	1,780	p21,760	1,780	p21,760	1,780	p21,760	

No. of Towns and Localities.	UNITED KINGDOM.	AUSTRIA.		BELGIUM.		CZECHO- SLOVAKIA		DENMARK.		FINLAND.		FRANCE.		GERMANY.		HOLLAND.	
		630	Vienna.	59	Whole Country	100	21	Paris.	320	71	Amster- dam.						
July 1914	..	1,000	1,000	..	1,000	m	1,000	1,000	1,000	n	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	q	
1915	1,320	..	1,410	..	1,410	1,280	..	1,200	1,230	..	1,200	1,230	..	1,140	1,140	..	1,140
1916	1,610	..	1,700	..	1,700	1,400	..	1,200	1,420	..	1,200	1,420	..	1,170	1,170	..	1,170
1917	2,040	..	2,100	..	2,100	1,660	..	1,830	1,840	..	1,830	1,840	..	1,400	1,400	..	1,400
1918	2,100	..	2,170	..	2,170	1,870	..	2,060	2,440	..	2,060	2,440	..	1,760	1,760	..	1,760
1919	2,170	..	2,200	..	2,200	2,530	10,130	3,730	3,880	..	3,730	3,880	..	12,670	12,670	..	12,670
1920	2,620	..	2,700	..	2,700	2,360	13,280	3,060	3,730	..	3,730	3,730	..	1,800	1,800	..	1,800
1921	2,200	f570,000	1,000	13,460	2,200	1,810	1,840	11,440	2,970	..	11,440	2,970	..	14,910	14,910	..	14,910
1922	1,750	3,282,360	870	14,300	1,810	1,840	11,440	2,970	..	11,440	2,970	..	16,300	16,300	..	16,300	
1923	1,650	12,911,060	1,050	9,210	1,810	1,880	10,020	3,210	..	10,020	3,210	..	13,370	13,370	..	13,370	
Jan. 1924	1,770	13,527,000	1,240	9,170	1,940	10,390	3,760	4,010	..	10,390	3,760	..	14,440	14,440	..	14,440	

Index-Numbers of Retail Prices in Various Countries, &c.—continued.

(b) COST OF FOODSTUFFS—continued.

No. of Towns and Localities.	ITALY.	NORWAY.	POLAND.	SWEDEN.	SWITZER- LAND.	BRITISH INDIA.	SOUTH AFRICA.	CANADA.	UNITED STATES.	AUSTRALIA.	NEW ZEALAND.
	Milan.	30	Warsaw.	49	23	Bom- bay.	9	60	51	30	25
July 1914 ..	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	^a	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
" 1915 ..	21,230					1,190		1,070	1,040	980	1,308
" 1916 ..	1,510	61,520				1,620	1,410		1,100	1,140	1,302
" 1917 ..	2,100	62,030				1,740	1,730		1,280	1,570	1,233
" 1918 ..	3,250	62,710				2,580	2,220		1,340	1,750	1,248
" 1919 ..	3,100	63,900				3,190	2,500		1,390	1,860	1,398
" 1920 ..	4,150	3,190				2,880	2,390		1,970	2,270	2,150
" 1921 ..	5,060	2,920	456,660	2,300	2,070	1,740	1,390	1,480	1,450	1,812	1,637
" 1922 ..	4,920	2,330	1,208,110	1,790	1,590	1,000	1,100	1,380	1,390	1,482	1,430
" 1923 ..	4,960	2,180	24,197,230	1,580	1,620	1,480	1,160	1,370	1,440	1,644	1,421
Jan. 1924 ..	5,150	2,300	4	1,610	1,680	1,540	1,200	1,450	1,460	1,548	1,495

a June. b January. c First half of the year. d June. e Since January 1922, including clothing. f December. g Averaged for years specified. h September. i Figure for the whole country. j Average for 1913. k May. l Including fuel and soap. m Average of selected week in the middle of the year. n Quarterly indexes from 1914 to 1919, third quarter of each year. o 1st June. p December, 1923. q 1,100,000,000,000. r November, 1923—679,100,000,000. s March, 1924. t 4,150,917,000. u 1,270,000,000,000. v Third Quarter of each year specified excepting 1924 which is the first quarter figure.

APPENDIX I.

Average Current Retail Prices in Metropolitan and Country Towns, 1923.

Item.	Brand.	Flour.	Tea.	Coffee.	Sugar.	Ric.	Sago.	Jam.	Oat-meal.	Raisins.	Cur-	Starch.
Unit of Quantity	2 lbs	25 lbs	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.
NEW SOUTH WALES—	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	d.	d.	s.	d.	s.
Sydney ..	5.0	4	1.6	2	0.1	2	1.2	4.9	3.6	4.7	9.9	3.7
Newcastle ..	5.0	4	4.3	2	0.6	2	3.0	5.0	4.1	4.7	9.3	4.5
Brokea Hill ..	5.0	4	7.0	2	4	6.2	6.0	5.4	6.6	6.2	8.9	4.3
Goulburn ..	5.0	4	1.7	2	3.9	2	4.2	5.4	4.6	5.8	10.2	4.3
Bathurst ..	5.0	3	10.4	2	0.3	2	2.2	5.2	3.9	5.6	9.5	4.4
Weighted Average ..	5.0	4	2.0	2	0.3	2	1.5	5.0	3.6	4.8	9.8	3.8
VICTORIA—	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	d.	d.	s.	d.	s.
Melbourne ..	5.0	4	8.0	2	0.2	2	0.1	4.9	3.4	4.2	9.0	3.3
Ballarat ..	5.5	3	11.7	1	10.5	1	9.0	5.2	3.8	4.3	8.9	3.4
Bendigo ..	6.0	4	1.1	1	9.5	1	8.6	5.2	3.9	4.4	8.3	3.4
Geelong ..	5.5	3	7.7	1	9.2	1	11.1	4.9	3.4	4.4	8.2	3.2
Warrnambool ..	6.0	4	1.4	1	8.7	1	11.0	5.2	3.7	4.5	8.0	3.8
Weighted Average ..	5.1	4	2.6	1	11.9	1	11.8	4.9	3.4	4.3	8.8	3.3
QUEENSLAND—	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	d.	d.	s.	d.	s.
Brisbane ..	5.0	4	0.3	2	2.5	2	2.3	4.9	3.2	4.2	8.6	3.4
Toowoomba ..	5.2	4	10.8	2	2.5	2	2.0	4.9	3.6	4.4	9.4	3.9
Rockhampton ..	5.5	4	5.9	2	1.4	2	1.9	4.9	3.2	4.2	9.2	4.1
Charters Towers ..	5.5	5	2.5	2	4.7	2	5.4	5.5	4.4	5.6	10.6	4.1
Warwick ..	5.1	5	2.0	2	3.2	2	0.3	5.4	3.8	4.0	9.9	4.2
Weighted Average ..	5.1	4	9.4	2	2.5	2	2.3	5.0	3.2	4.3	8.8	3.6
SOUTH AUSTRALIA—	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	d.	d.	s.	d.	s.
Adelaide ..	5.0	4	4.6	2	0.1	2	3.1	4.9	3.9	4.8	8.2	3.4
Kadina, etc. ..	5.0	3	11.0	2	1.5	2	7.6	5.1	4.8	5.6	8.5	4.1
Port Pirie ..	5.0	4	6.4	2	2.2	2	5.0	5.8	4.7	5.5	8.3	4.4
Mt. Gambier ..	5.3	4	7.0	2	4.5	2	8.2	5.8	4.3	6.5	8.4	3.8
Peterborough ..	5.0	4	11.6	2	4.2	2	8.8	5.4	4.8	6.0	8.8	4.4
Weighted Average ..	6.0	4	4.5	2	0.3	2	3.5	4.9	4.0	4.8	8.3	3.6
WESTERN AUSTRALIA—	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	d.	d.	s.	d.	s.
Perth ..	4.0	3	10.6	1	11.7	1	10.6	5.0	3.2	4.1	9.1	3.5
Kalgoorlie ..	5.5	4	2.1	2	2.2	2	1.7	5.8	4.4	4.0	9.4	3.9
Northam ..	4.9	4	6.2	2	2.2	2	0.5	5.6	3.9	4.4	10.3	4.2
Bunbury ..	4.0	4	2.0	1	0.3	1	11.0	5.8	3.8	4.2	10.0	3.9
Geraldton ..	5.3	4	1.3	2	4.3	1	10.8	5.8	4.0	4.4	10.3	4.2
Weighted Average ..	4.9	3	11.3	2	0.0	1	11.0	5.1	3.4	4.2	9.2	3.6
TASMANIA—	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	d.	d.	s.	d.	s.
Hobart ..	5.0	3	11.6	1	11.3	1	10.9	4.0	3.0	4.5	8.4	3.4
Launceston ..	4.9	3	9.0	1	9.0	1	10.5	4.8	3.6	4.3	8.8	3.3
Burnie ..	5.5	3	11.9	2	3.1	1	11.5	4.0	4.0	4.7	9.3	3.9
Devonport ..	5.0	4	2.4	2	1.8	2	0.6	4.0	4.1	4.6	9.7	3.7
Queenstown ..	5.0	4	5.5	2	2.3	1	11.4	5.3	4.1	4.8	9.7	3.8
Weighted Average ..	6.0	3	11.2	1	11.2	1	10.9	4.9	3.8	4.5	8.5	3.4
Australia ..	5.0	4	2.9	2	0.4	2	1.0	5.0	3.6	4.5	9.2	3.6
Weighted Average ..	6.0	4	2.9	2	0.4	2	1.0	5.0	3.6	4.5	9.2	3.6

Average Current Retail Prices in Metropolitan and Country Towns, 1923—continued.

Items.	Blne.	Candles	Soap.	Pota-toes.	Onions	Kero-sene.	Milk.	Butter	Cheese	Eggs.	Bacon-Middle	Bacon-Shoulder.		
Unit of Quantity	dz	sq.	per lb	per lb	14 lbs.	per lb.	gallon	quart	per lb	per lb	per dz	per lb.	per lb.	
NEW SOUTH WALES—		s	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	
Sydney ..	1	4.1	0	11.2	5.5	2	8.1	1.9	1 11.9	8.4	2	2.1	0.2	0.8
Newcastle ..	1	4.9	0	11.8	5.5	2	9.2	1.1	2 2.6	7.7	2	2.0	0.1	1.0
Broken Hill ..	1	3.0	11.8	6.5	2	7.7	2.4	2 10.8	10.0	2	1.7	0.9	1	8.8
Goulburn ..	1	6.0	0	11.9	6.8	2	4.3	2.4	2 3.7	7.7	2	1.8	1	11.8
Bathurst ..	1	5.1	0	11.5	6.5	2	2.2	1.8	2 3.8	7.8	2	2.8	1	10.8
Weighted Average ..	1	4.1	0	11.3	5.5	2	7.8	1.9	2 0.5	8.4	2	2.1	0.7	1
VICTORIA—														
Melbourne ..	1	0.6	0	11.4	5.2	1	10.5	1.2	2 1.3	8.0	1	11.8	1	11.7
Ballarat ..	1	1.10	0	10.7	5.6	1	7.6	1.1	2 8.1	7.8	1	11.51	4.6	1
Bendigo ..	1	1.50	0	11.9	4.7	1	11.1	1.2	2 7.9	7.3	2	0.01	3.7	1
Geelong ..	1	1.40	0	9.7	5.1	1	8.8	1.0	2 2.0	7.3	1	10.71	3.5	1
Warrnambool ..	1	0.50	0	10.0	4.7	1	6.1	1.3	1 11.8	6.3	2	0.51	4.0	1
Weighted Average ..	1	0.7	0	11.4	5.2	1	10.3	1.2	2 1.9	7.9	1	11.81	5.7	1
QUEENSLAND—														
Brisbane ..	1	0.0	0	9.6	5.0	2	8.0	1.5	2 1.4	7.7	2	0.4	3.4	1
Toowoomba ..	1	0.20	0	9.9	5.2	2	7.7	1.9	2 4.2	7.5	2	1.71	3.0	1
Rockhampton ..	1	1.80	0	10.3	4.0	2	10.3	1.5	1 11.1	8.6	2	0.71	4.7	1
Charters Towers ..	1	1.81	1	1.5	5.1	3	3.1	2.1	2 1.7	8.3	2	2.94	6.5	2
Warwick ..	1	3.10	0	11.1	4.5	2	5.1	1.7	2 5.0	6.6	2	1.41	4.7	1
Weighted Average ..	1	1.0	0	9.9	4.9	2	8.4	1.6	2 1.6	7.7	2	0.61	3.7	1
SOUTH AUSTRALIA—														
Adelaide ..	1	0.30	0	10.5	5.9	2	1.6	2.0	2 0.6	8.0	1	11.51	4.3	1
Kadina, etc. ..	1	1.00	0	11.7	5.2	2	5.5	2.4	2 4.4	7.5	1	10.31	5.6	1
Port Pirie ..	1	1.30	0	11.7	5.7	2	5.0	2.3	2 2.6	7.5	1	11.51	4.8	1
Mt. Gambier ..	1	0.00	0	11.4	5.0	2	10.2	1.4	2 6.1	6.7	1	7.9	1	2.1
Peterborough ..	1	0.21	0	8.8	5.8	2	7.2	2.2	2 7.8	6.5	1	9.01	5.3	1
Weighted Average ..	1	0.4	0	10.6	5.8	2	1.9	2.0	2 0.9	7.9	1	11.41	4.4	1
WESTERN AUSTRALIA—														
Perth ..	1	4.6	0	10.4	4.2	2	1.4	1.7	1 10.2	8.9	2	0.51	4.3	1
Kalgoorlie ..	1	6.91	0	2	6.6	2	7.7	2.7	2 11.0	9.8	2	3.41	0.62	2.8
Northam ..	1	5.11	0	3	6.5	2	3.7	2.2	2 1.7	8.0	2	2.11	5.91	1
Bunbury ..	1	6.00	0	11.5	4.9	2	0.8	2.1	1 11.7	7.0	2	0.11	5.71	1
Geraldton ..	1	7.51	0	4	5.6	2	5.7	2.6	2 3.1	7.0	2	2.01	6.51	1
Weighted Average ..	1	4.9	0	10.7	4.5	2	2.1	1.8	1 11.8	8.9	2	0.91	4.7	1
TASMANIA—														
Hobart ..	1	0.20	0	10.2	4.3	2	0.0	1.8	2 2.0	7.9	1	11.9	1	3.0
Launceston ..	1	0.11	0	9.4	4.2	1	10.7	1.9	2 1.4	7.0	1	10.91	3.4	1
Burnie ..	1	1.00	0	10.7	5.8	1	11.6	1.4	2 1.2	6.8	1	11.31	4.2	1
Devonport ..	1	1.90	0	10.4	6.2	1	11.8	1.7	2 3.5	6.7	1	10.71	3.5	1
Queenstown ..	1	0.40	0	11.4	5.2	2	6.7	2.2	2 6.2	8.0	2	1.01	3.9	2
Weighted Average ..	1	0.1	0	10.1	4.4	1	11.8	1.8	2 2.4	7.6	1	11.61	3.2	1
Australia..	1	2	2	11.0	5.3	2	3.6	1.6	2 1.1	8.1	2	0.71	5.4	1
Average ..	1	2	2	11.0	5.3	2	3.6	1.6	2 1.1	8.1	2	0.71	5.4	1

Average Current Retail Prices in Metropolitan and Country Towns, 1923—continued.

Items.	Ham.	Beef Fresh Sirloin	Beef Fresh Rib.	Beef Fresh Flank	Beef Fresh Shin.	Steak Rump.	Steak Shoulder.	Steak Stew- ing.	Beef Co'ned round.	Beef Co'ned brisket with bone.	Beef Co'ned brisket with- out bone.	Meat'n Leg.
	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.
Unit of Quantity ..	s. d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	s. d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.
NEW SOUTH WALES—												
Sydney ..	1 11.6	9.6	7.2	6.8	4.2	1 2.0	6.2	5.2	7.0	3.2	5.6	7.7
Newcastle ..	1 9.9	9.3	7.2	6.6	5.0	1 0.7	7.4	6.6	8.3	4.2	6.0	9.5
Broken Hill ..	1 7.4	8.0	7.2	5.4	6.4	1 3.8	9.5	9.0	8.9	5.6	7.1	10.3
Goulburn ..	1 8.4	8.6	7.0	5.4	4.9	1 0.0	7.4	6.6	8.7	5.8	7.4	8.7
Bathurst ..	1 11.6	8.0	6.8	4.6	4.6	0 11.4	6.3	6.0	7.1	4.0	6.6	7.9
Weighted Average ..	1 11.3	9.6	7.2	6.7	4.3	1 1.9	6.4	5.4	7.2	3.4	5.6	8.0
VICTORIA—												
Melbourne ..	1 11.8	10.7	8.6	7.1	6.4	1 3.3	7.8	6.5	8.7	4.5	6.7	9.8
Ballarat ..	1 10.7	10.0	8.5	5.9	5.0	1 2.6	7.7	7.0	9.6	5.7	7.5	9.5
Bendigo ..	1 8.7	9.2	8.3	9.8	5.7	1 1.0	8.4	7.2	8.4	5.5	7.4	9.3
Geelong ..	1 10.1	9.8	8.4	5.2	5.4	1 2.5	7.8	6.8	9.3	5.7	7.2	9.7
Warrnambool ..	1 9.7	9.4	7.5	4.7	5.1	1 2.6	7.0	7.4	9.2	5.4	7.2	10.1
Weighted Average ..	1 11.5	10.6	8.6	6.9	5.4	1 3.2	7.8	6.6	8.8	4.6	6.8	9.7
QUEENSLAND—												
Brisbane ..	2 0.8	7.3	4.2	3.8	2.8	0 8.6	3.6	3.5	6.2	2.6	4.5	8.3
Toowoomba ..	2 1.7	5.8	3.5	2.9	2.0	0 7.4	3.4	3.3	5.1	2.8	4.1	8.2
Rockhampton ..	2 3.4	5.7	4.0	2.8	2.2	0 7.3	2.9	2.8	4.9	3.0	4.3	9.0
Charters Towers ..	2 3.2	6.4	3.0	2.0	2.6	0 8.6	3.4	3.4	4.6	2.7	4.0	7.2
Warwick ..	2 1.4	6.3	3.8	3.0	2.2	0 8.1	3.5	3.4	6.2	3.5	5.0	8.0
Weighted Average ..	2 1.2	7.0	4.1	3.6	2.7	0 8.4	3.5	3.4	5.9	2.7	4.4	8.2
SOUTH AUSTRALIA—												
Adelaide ..	1 0.6	9.6	7.8	7.0	6.5	1 2.0	8.5	8.1	9.7	6.4	7.4	9.0
Kindra, ctc.	1 8.5	8.6	7.7	6.6	5.6	1 0.5	8.2	8.0	8.6	6.6	7.8	8.7
Port Pirie ..	1 8.3	8.1	6.9	4.4	5.8	1 1.0	8.7	8.0	9.3	6.1	8.0	8.8
Mount Gambier ..	1 7.7	8.5	7.9	5.6	6.7	1 0.0	8.3	7.7	8.5	6.6	8.2	9.1
Peterborough ..	1 9.5	6.7	5.7	3.4	4.5	1 0.0	8.7	8.2	8.3	4.2	6.0	9.3
Weighted Average ..	1 9.5	9.6	7.7	7.1	6.4	1 2.7	8.5	8.1	9.6	6.3	7.4	9.8
WESTERN AUSTRALIA—												
Perth ..	1 9.3	9.5	8.1	8.2	6.7	1 3.2	9.0	8.3	9.2	6.1	7.7	9.8
Kalgoorlie ..	2 0.6	9.9	8.0	9.6	8.1	1 4.1	10.4	8.7	9.8	6.7	8.6	11.1
Northam ..	1 9.6	10.6	8.6	10.8	8.5	1 3.6	10.6	9.5	10.6	6.9	8.6	11.2
Bunbury ..	1 8.5	10.3	9.0	8.6	7.4	1 3.2	9.7	8.9	10.0	6.4	8.7	10.3
Geraldton ..	2 1.0	10.0	9.1	9.7	6.5	1 1.8	10.0	9.0	9.8	9.0	9.0	9.0
Weighted Average ..	1 9.7	9.6	8.2	8.5	6.9	1 3.2	9.2	8.4	9.3	6.3	7.9	9.9
TASMANIA—												
Hobart ..	1 7.6	11.4	9.8	7.6	7.5	1 4.8	10.1	9.8	10.6	6.4	9.2	10.7
Launceston ..	1 8.6	11.6	10.2	7.8	7.4	1 2.1	10.2	9.7	10.7	6.8	9.9	10.8
Burnie ..	1 4.6	10.7	9.9	7.3	6.4	1 1.0	10.3	9.8	10.3	7.7	9.8	11.8
Devonport ..	1 3.5	11.3	10.2	7.0	7.0	1 1.1	10.4	9.6	10.6	7.7	9.4	10.9
Queenstown ..	1 5.0	10.1	9.3	6.8	6.0	1 2.0	9.5	9.4	10.7	6.8	10.0	10.8
Weighted Average ..	1 7.6	11.3	9.9	7.6	7.4	1 3.4	10.1	9.8	10.6	6.7	9.4	10.8
Average Australia ..	1 11.1	9.7	7.5	6.7	5.0	1 2.0	7.1	6.2	8.1	4.3	6.4	9.0

Average Current Retail Prices in Metropolitan and Country Towns, 1923—continued.

Items.	Mutton Shoulder.	Mutton Loin.	Mutton Neck.	Chops Loin.	Chops Leg.	Chops Neck.	Pork Leg.	Pork Loin.	Pork Belly.	Pork Chops.
Unit of Quantity	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.
NEW SOUTH WALES—	d.	d.	d.	s. d.	s. d.	d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Sydney ..	6.0	8.5	6.7	9.8	8.9	7.3	1 2.3	1 3.0	1 0.3	1 3.4
Newcastle ..	7.2	9.2	6.9	9.6	9.8	7.6	1 1.1	1 1.0	1 0.9	1 1.5
Broken Hill ..	8.6	9.6	7.7	10.3	10.8	9.5	1 1.1	1 1.1	1 0.6	1 3.4
Goulburn ..	7.2	9.2	5.2	10.1	9.2	7.2	1 0.0	1 0.8	1 1.1	1 1.3
Bathurst ..	6.4	7.8	4.4	8.1	8.1	6.3	0 11.7	1 0.0	1 10.4	1 0.2
Weighted Average	6.2	8.6	6.7	9.8	9.0	7.3	1 2.1	1 2.7	1 0.2	1 3.2
VICTORIA—										
Melbourne ..	6.0	9.3	6.0	10.5	10.7	6.6	1 1.6	1 2.2	1 1.4	1 2.8
Ballarat ..	7.1	8.8	6.2	9.6	10.4	7.3	1 0.2	1 0.5	1 0.6	1 0.8
Bendigo ..	7.1	8.4	6.0	9.7	9.5	7.5	0 11.5	0 11.9	0 11.5	1 0.4
Geelong ..	7.5	9.4	7.1	9.9	9.7	8.4	1 1.0	1 1.4	1 1.4	1 2.0
Warrnambool ..	7.1	9.4	7.0	10.2	10.4	8.1	0 11.3	0 11.3	0 10.7	1 0.8
Weighted Average	6.9	9.2	6.0	10.4	10.6	6.8	1 1.4	1 2.0	1 1.3	1 2.6
QUEENSLAND—										
Brisbane ..	5.1	8.3	7.2	8.4	8.5	8.0	0 11.8	1 0.2	0 0.8	1 0.5
Toowoomba ..	4.9	7.7	6.3	7.6	8.2	7.1	0 10.5	0 10.0	0 9.0	0 10.5
Rockhampton ..	6.1	9.1	6.0	9.3	9.3	7.0	0 10.8	0 10.8	0 0.2	0 11.2
Charters Towers ..	4.6	7.0	5.2	8.3	8.3	7.4	0 10.8	0 10.8	0 10.0	0 10.7
Warwick ..	5.6	8.0	4.5	8.1	8.1	7.4	0 10.1	0 10.1	0 8.1	0 10.3
Weighted Average	5.2	8.3	6.0	8.4	8.6	7.9	0 11.6	0 11.8	0 9.6	1 0.1
SOUTH AUSTRALIA—										
Adelaide ..	8.2	9.2	7.4	10.2	10.8	8.6	1 1.0	1 1.0	1 1.7	1 2.7
Kadina, etc. ..	6.6	7.8	6.0	8.8	8.8	7.4	0 10.1	0 10.1	0 10.0	0 10.3
Port Pirie ..	7.4	7.5	6.4	9.2	9.5	8.1	0 10.0	0 10.0	0 10.3	0 11.4
Mt. Gambier ..	7.6	8.6	7.5	10.0	10.2	8.8	0 10.4	0 10.5	0 10.4	0 11.3
Peterborough ..	7.5	8.5	7.8	10.3	9.8	9.3	0 9.7	0 9.6	0 9.5	1 0.0
Weighted Average	8.1	9.0	7.3	10.1	10.7	8.6	1 0.8	1 1.6	1 1.4	1 2.3
WESTERN AUSTRALIA—										
Perth ..	7.0	9.1	6.6	10.1	10.3	7.6	1 1.0	1 1.7	1 0.1	1 2.5
Kalgoorlie ..	9.1	10.4	8.4	11.2	11.4	9.0	1 2.1	1 1.7	1 0.4	1 2.7
Northam ..	9.2	10.3	8.8	11.2	11.2	9.2	0 11.3	0 11.2	0 11.2	0 11.4
Bunbury ..	8.4	9.4	7.0	10.3	10.4	8.3	0 11.9	1 0.0	0 11.3	1 0.4
Geraldton ..	7.2	8.2	7.0	9.2	9.2	7.8	1 0.0	1 0.0	0 11.2	1 0.0
Weighted Average	8.0	9.2	6.8	10.2	10.4	7.8	1 1.6	1 1.6	1 0.1	1 2.3
TASMANIA—										
Hobart ..	8.4	10.0	7.7	11.3	11.7	8.7	1 0.6	1 1.5	1 1.3	1 2.3
Launceston ..	9.7	10.5	8.1	1 0.3	11.7	9.2	0 11.9	1 0.1	1 0.1	1 0.0
Burnie ..	9.6	11.2	9.0	1 0.1	1 0.1	10.6	0 10.7	0 11.0	0 10.8	0 11.7
Davenport ..	8.1	10.7	8.8	11.9	11.8	10.0	0 10.8	0 11.1	0 10.3	0 11.6
Queenstown ..	8.1	10.2	7.9	11.1	11.1	9.9	1 0.4	1 0.4	1 0.2	1 0.4
Weighted Average	8.9	10.2	7.9	11.6	11.7	9.0	1 0.2	1 0.9	1 0.7	1 2.6
Weighted Average Australia..	6.8	8.6	6.8	10.0	9.8	7.4	1 1.4	1 2.0	1 0.4	1 2.6

APPENDIX II.

Current Weekly House Rents† in Metropolitan and Country Towns, 1923.

TOWN.	AVERAGE PREDOMINANT WEEKLY RENTS FOR HOUSES HAVING—							Weighted Average for all Houses.
	Under 4 Rooms.	4 Rooms.	5 Rooms.	6 Rooms.	7 Rooms.	Over 7 Rooms.		
NEW SOUTH WALES—	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Sydney ..	15 6	19 10	23 5	28 3	33 3	39 4	25 3	
Newcastle ..	12 0	15 8	21 4	27 0	35 0	38 9	21 1	
Broken Hill* ..	7 10	10 0	13 8	16 4	19 5	21 9	11 8	
Goulburn ..	14 2	18 1	21 10	26 9	31 6	40 2	24 3	
Bathurst ..	8 0	10 8	14 0	18 2	21 11	33 9	16 6	
Weighted Average ..	14 10	19 1	22 10	27 8	32 11	38 9	24 5	
VICTORIA—	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Melbourne ..	13 1	18 1	23 6	30 7	36 6	45 1	28 1	
Ballarat ..	6 6	10 5	14 5	17 11	22 3	31 3	16 9	
Bendigo ..	7 4	11 6	15 2	20 2	24 6	32 3	16 7	
Geelong ..	9 2	14 2	19 1	23 11	27 7	33 5	20 9	
Warrnambool ..	9 7	14 4	19 0	23 4	27 9	33 10	20 4	
Weighted Average ..	12 6	17 4	22 6	29 4	35 1	43 6	26 2	
QUEENSLAND—	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Brisbane ..	9 7	12 8	17 0	21 11	26 6	32 3	19 6	
Toowoomba ..	8 8	11 0	14 2	18 4	23 4	30 7	18 9	
Rockhampton ..	7 6	9 3	10 11	15 1	16 9	22 1	13 9	
Charters Towers ..	7 10	9 10	12 9	15 6	16 8	21 2	12 0	
Warwick ..	7 9	10 5	14 6	17 0	21 6	26 1	16 6	
Weighted Average ..	9 3	12 1	16 0	20 8	24 2	30 6	18 7	
S. AUSTRALIA—	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Adelaide ..	12 3	16 10	22 6	27 2	33 8	39 6	22 8	
Kadina, etc. ..	8 2	10 8	14 4	16 10	16 10	22 11	13 10	
Port Pirie* ..	9 5	12 2	15 10	19 0	22 1	25 5	14 9	
Mount Gambier ..	6 5	8 11	11 6	14 4	16 5	17 2	11 10	
Peterborough ..	9 0	11 9	14 8	18 6	20 4	27 6	15 2	
Weighted Average ..	11 10	16 3	21 8	26 2	32 2	37 11	21 9	
W. AUSTRALIA—	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Perth ..	11 5	15 2	18 9	22 2	25 11	30 2	17 7	
Kalgoorlie ..	9 11	13 0	15 6	18 1	20 11	22 11	12 8	
Northam ..	7 0	13 5	17 2	21 2	25 0	30 0	13 0	
Bunbury ..	10 7	13 9	17 9	21 1	24 6	30 9	14 0	
Geraldton ..	10 6	16 7	20 1	24 6	25 5	27 10	15 3	
Weighted Average ..	11 2	14 11	18 4	21 9	25 4	29 4	16 10	
TASMANIA—	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Hobart ..	11 7	17 2	23 11	30 3	34 4	41 11	25 0	
Aunceston ..	10 9	14 3	20 8	26 2	30 8	35 1	21 9	
Burnie ..	10 6	15 7	22 1	27 4	30 8	35 8	20 4	
Devonport ..	10 7	15 10	20 2	24 6	28 9	34 6	21 7	
Queenstown ..	7 0	10 0	13 0	14 0	17 6	20 0	9 0	
Weighted Average ..	11 1	16 0	22 4	25 1	32 3	38 7	23 3	
Weighted Average Australia ..	16 1	17 2	21 8	27 0	32 2	38 9	23 3	

* See remarks on page 28, paragraph (III).

† The rents are shown to the nearest penny.

APPENDIX III.

Average Annual Wholesale Prices in Melbourne, 1922 and 1923.

COMMODITY.	UNIT.	1922.	1923.	COMMODITY.	UNIT	1922.	1923.
GROUP I. METALS—				GROUP V. GROCERIES, ETC.—			
Iron—Pig—				Currents ..	lb.	0 91	0 7
Mixed Nos. ton	198 0	165 0		Raisins ..	lb.	0 04	0 04
Rod and Bar ..	464 0	367 6		Herrings ..	doz. 1 lb.		
Angle and Tee ..	479 6	391 8		Salmon ..	ton	8 81	7 7
Plate ..	423 0	336 8		Sardines ..	doz. lbs.	18 1	15 8
Doop ..	493 0	382 6		Salt ..	lb.	8 10	7 04
Galvanized—				Tea ..	lb.	1 01	1 34
Corrugated ..	550 0	562 6		Coffee ..	"	2 14	2 14
Wire Fencing ..	303 6	356 0		Cocoa ..	ton	1 3	1 3
Zinc—Sheet ..	1,301 6	1,067 6		Sugar ..	lb.	956 8	828 10
Lead—Sheet ..	707 6	876 8		Macaroni ..	cwt.	0 6	0 54
Piping ..	896 0	942 6		Sago ..	cwt.	25 9	32 5
Copper—Sheet lb.	2 1	1 7		Rice ..	ton	512 6	446 8
Coal (on Wharf) ton	40 0	40 0		Salt—Fine ..	"	120 0	117 6
Tinned Plates cwt.	30 3	29 6		Rock ..	doz. 1 lb.	180 0	170 8
Quicksilver .. lb.	4 34	3 114		Mustard ..	ton	45 44	45 44
GROUP II. TEXTILES				Starch ..	lb.	0 114	0 114
LEATHER, ETC.—				Blue ..	"	0 114	0 114
Jute Goods—				Matches ..	gross	0 0	0 0
Brabnags .. doz.	7 4	7 11		Candles ..	lb.	0 94	0 94
Cornsacks	9 34	9 74		Kerosene ..	gallon	1 10	1 74
Woolpacks .. each	4 34	4 84		Tobacco ..	lb.	*	*
Leather—				GROUP VI. MEAT—			
Factory Crop .. lb.	1 34	1 44		Beef ..	100 lb.	27 6	41 11
Waxed Kip ..	1 104	2 1		Mutton ..	lb.	0 44	0 7
Waxed Split ..	1 34	1 44		Lamb ..	"	0 61	0 84
Cotton—Raw ..	1 0	1 34		Veal ..	"	0 3	0 34
Wool ..	1 34	1 84		Pork ..	"	0 94	0 94
Twine, Reaper and Binder ..	*	*			*	*	*
Tallow .. ton	580 0	731 9		GROUP VII. BUILDING MATERIAL—			
GROUP III. AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE				Timber, Flooring ..	100 ft. lin.	25 8	22 104
Wheat .. bushel	5 71	5 04		6 x 1½ ..	"	10 10	17 9
Flour .. ton	254 6	231 4		6 x 4 ..	"	17 84	15 0
Bran	154 9	154 11		6 x 4½ ..	"	14 2	11 4
Pollard	158 6	160 8		Weatherboards ..	"	14 84	12 0
Oats .. bushel	3 64	3 84		Oregon ..	1,000 ft.		
Oatmeal .. ton	471 0	480 0		Shelving ..	sp.	241 0	262 0
Barley—English .. bushel	4 14	4 04		Cement ..	cask	589 0	642 6
Cape	3 0	3 14		White Lead ..	ton	23 2	20 54
Maize	5 2	5 74		Slates ..	1,000	1,310 0	1,182 6
Hay .. ton	163 4	179 9					
Straw	61 0	71 2					
Peas .. bushel	8 24	7 04					
Potatoes .. ton	170 6	217 6					
Malt .. bushel	5 9	6 3					
Chaff .. ton	107 6	120 10					
Onions	184 4	80 10					
GROUP IV. DAIRY PRODUCE—							
Ban .. lb.	1 8	1 9		GROUP VIII. CHEMICALS—			
Bacon	1 3	1 3		Cream of Tartar ..	lb.	1 6	1 24
Cheese	1 1	1 34		Carbonate of Soda ..	ton	365 0	320 10
Butter	1 54	1 9		Saltpetre ..	"	900 0	852 6
Lard	0 74	0 94		Sulphur ..	"	276 0	254 4
Eggs .. doz.	1 4	1 44		Claustic Soda ..	"	576 6	550 0
Honey .. lb.	0 44	0 44		Potassium ..	"		
Beeswax	1 11	1 61		Cyanide ..	lb.	1 4	1 64
Condensed Milk doz. tins	11 04	11 04		Alum ..	ton	730 0	700 0

* Not available.

NOTE.—Many of these prices are the average, not of all classes of commodities, but of certain brands only which have been on the market for a great number of years, and they were adopted for the purpose of computing index-numbers showing the general fluctuations in prices from year to year.

APPENDIX IV.

Minimum Rates of Wage for Adult Male Workers in the Main Occupations in the Capital Town of Each State for a Full Week's Work, at 31st December, 1923.

NOTE.—Ruling or predominant rates of wage are distinguished from Award, Determination or Industrial Agreement rates of wage by an asterisk (*). Except where otherwise specified by a numerical prefix in small type, the hours of labour constituting a full week's work are forty-eight. Award, Determination or Agreement Rates are quoted from the latest Awards, Determinations, or Agreements which were in force at the 31st December, 1923. Where two or more Award, Determination or Agreement Rates are quoted, the reason for such is that different rates of wage have been fixed for various classes or grades of work. It will be seen that in certain cases of this nature the wages are shown in the form, say, 75s. to 80s., indicating that in addition to the two rates specified, there are also certain intermediate rates in force. In other cases the rates are shown in the form 76s. and 80s., indicating that there are only two minimum or standard rates in force for different classes or grades of work, and that there are, of course, no intermediate minimum or standard rates.

GROUP I.—WOOD, FURNITURE, SAWMILL AND TIMBER YARD.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Coopering—						
Coopers .. .	107 6	*129 0	*110 0	110 0	*114 0	*110 0
Furniture and Bedding—						
Bedding Makers ..	98 0	96 6	*96 3	88 0	93 0	87 6
Boultz Carver Operators ..	109 6	105 0	*102 8	93 0	102 0	97 0
Cabinetmakers ..	102 0	101 6	*102 8	93 0	99 0	93 6
Carpet Cutters ..	110 0	107 6	..	..	..	93 6
“ Layers ..	101 0	101 6	*91 6	..	85 0	93 6
Planners ..	101 0	107 6	..	93 0	85 0	93 6
Chairmakers ..	102 0	101 6	*102 8	93 0	99 0	93 0
Drape Cutters ..	110 0	101 6	..	..	..	93 6
French Polishers ..	102 0	101 6	*102 8	93 0	96 0	93 6
Upholsterers ..	102 0	101 6	*102 8	93 0	96 0	93 6
Wood Carvers ..	102 0	101 6	*102 8	93 0	102 0	93 6
“ Machinists ..	102 0	98 0	*102 8	93 0	96/10 102/	90/ & 97/
“ Turners ..	102 0	101 6	*102 8	93 0	99 0	93 6
Mattress Making—Wire—						
Pinschers ..	89 6	95 6	*96 3	84/6 to 95/	..	87 6
Makers ..	89 6	95 6	*96 3	84/6 to 95/	96 0	87 6
Varnishers ..	89 6	95 6	*96 3	79 6	..	87 6
Organ Building—						
Journeymen ..	106 6	*116/6 & 115/	*102 0	90/ to 100/*	..	..
Overmantels and Mantelpieces—						
Journeymen ..	102 0	101 6	*102 8	88 0	99 0	93 6

Various numbers of hours constituting a full week's work.

(1) 18 hours. (16) 15 hours. (18) 16½ hours. (1c) 28 hours. (1d) 25 hours. (2) 30 hours. (3) 33 hours. (3a) 33 hours. (4) 36 hours. (4d) 41½ hours. (4b) 40 hours. (4e) 41 hours. (5) 42 hours. (5a) 43 hours. (5b) 43½ hours. (5c) 43½ hours. (6) 44 hours. (7) 44½ hours. (8) 45 hours. (8a) 45½ hours. (9) 45½ hours. (10) 46 hours. (10a) 46½ hours. (11) 46½ hours. (11a) 46½ hours. (12) 47 hours. (12a) 47½ hours. (12b) 47½ hours. (13) 47½ hours. (14) 49 hours. (15) 49½ hours. (16) 49½ hours. (17) 50 hours. (18) 51½ hours. (18a) 51½ hours. (19) 52½ hours. (20) 52½ hours. (21) 52½ hours. (22) 53 hours. (23) 53½ hours. (24) 53½ hours. (25) 54 hours. (26) 54½ hours. (28a) 54½ hours. (27) 55 hours. (27a) 55½ hours. (27b) 55½ hours. (28) 56 hours. (28a) 56½ hours. (29) 56½ hours. (30) 57 hours. (31) 58 hours. (32) 58 hours. (33) 60 hours. (33a) 62 hours. (34) 63 hours. (35) 66 hours. (35a) 66 hours. (36) 70 hours. (37) 72 hours. (38) 77 hours. (38a) 88 hours per fortnight. (38b) 86 hours per fortnight. (38c) 84 hours. (30) 7 nights. (39a) 96 hours per fortnight. (39b) 98 hours per fortnight. (39b) 108 hours per fortnight. (39c) 112 hours per fortnight. (39d) 114 hours per fortnight. (40) 116 hours per fortnight. (40a) 120 hours per fortnight. (41) 138 hours per fortnight. (42) 144 hours per fortnight. (42a) 156 hours per fortnight. (43) 50 hours (summer), 46 hours (winter). (43a) 50 hours (summer), 48 hours (winter). (44) 52 hours (summer), 45 hours (winter). (44a) 52 hours (day), 48 hours (night). (45) 54 hours (summer), 48 hours (winter). (46) 54½ hours (summer), 52½ hours (winter). (47) 55 hours (summer), 46 hours (winter). (47a) 55 hours (summer), 50 hours (winter). (47b) 55 hours (summer), 52 hours (winter). (48) 55½ hours (summer), 54 hours (winter). (48a) 56 hours (summer), 44 hours (winter). (48b) 55½ hours (summer), 54½ hours (winter). (49) 56 hours (summer), 48 hours (winter). (49a) 56 hours (summer), 52 hours (winter). (49b) 56 hours (summer), 53 hours (winter). (50) 57 hours (summer), 44 hours (winter). (50a) 57 hours (summer), 48 hours (winter). (50b) 57 hours (summer), 52½ hours (winter). (51) 58 hours (summer), 46 hours (winter). (52) 58 hours (summer), 50 hours (winter). (53) 58 hours (summer), 56 hours (winter). (54) 59 hours (summer), 58 hours (winter). (55) 60 hours (summer), 56 hours (winter). (56) 60 hours (summer), 58 hours (winter). (57) 84 hours and 72 hours alternate weeks. (58) 48 hours, 51 hours, 54 hours (four months each in year). (59) 56 hours and 59 hours within certain radius. (60) 56 hours and 60 hours within certain radius. (61) 58 hours (summer), 54 hours (winter). (62) 176 hours per month. (63) 200 hours per month. (64) 48 hours (summer), 46 hours (winter).

APPENDIX.

GROUP I.—WOOD, FURNITURE, SAWMILL AND TIMBER YARD—continued.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
Iano Making—	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Cabinetmakers ..	102 0	107 6	*102 6	93/ to 112/6*	..	..
Frame-makers—Iron ..	98 6	89 6	..	..	..	..
Wood ..	98 6	98/ & 104/6	..	..	..	..
French Polishers ..	102 0	101 6	*102 6	93/ to 105/*	..	..
Veneerers ..	102 0	89 6	*102 6	..	..	..
Wood Carvers ..	102 0	98/ & 104/6	..	93/ to 105/*	..	..
Turners ..	102 0	107 6	..	93/ to 105/*	..	..
Picture Framing—						
Compo. Workers ..	*95 0	88 0	*93 0	..		..
Fitters Up ..	*95 0	88 0	*93 0	..		..
General Hands ..	*95 0	88 0	*93 0	80 0*	85 0	*70 0
Gilders ..	*95 0	93 0	*93 0	..	..	..
Joiners ..	*95 0	93 0	*93 0	70/ to 85/*	..	..
Mount Cutters ..	*95 0	93 0	*93 0	80/ to 100/*	..	..
Sawyers—Band or Jig ..	*95 0	92/ & 98/	*93 0	..	..	..
Saw Milling and Timber Yards—						
Box and Casemakers ..	*100 6	*103 6	*88 11	*97 0	87 0	*101 6
Labourers ..	*88 6	*91 6	*88 0	*85 0	81 6	*89 6
Machinists—						
Box Printing ..	*94 6	*97 6	*88 11	*91 0	..	*95 6
Boult's Carver ..	*109 6	*112 6	*94 5	*106 0	..	*110 6
Buzzer or Jointer ..	*103 6	*106 6	*89 10	*100 0	87 6	*104 6
General Joiner ..	*107 6	*110 6	..	*104 0	93 6	*108 6
Mortising or Boring ..	*97 6	*100 6	*88 11	*94 0	87 6	*98 6
Moulding ..	*103 6	*100 6	*94 5	*100 0	87/6 & 93/6	*104 6
Moulding-own Grinder ..	*109 6	*112 6	..	*106 0	..	*110 6
Nailing ..	*98 6	*101 6	*88 11	*95 0	90 6	*99 6
Planing ..	*106 6	*109 6	*93 6	*103 0	90 6	*107 6
Sandpapering ..	*97 6	*100 6	*88 0	*94 0	87/6 & 91/	*98 6
Shaping ..	*109 6	*112 6	*107 8	*106 0	102 6	*110 6
Tenoning ..	*103 6	*106 6	*93 6	*100 0	87 6	*104 6
Ordermen ..	*100 6	*103 6	*90 9	*97 0	93 6	*101 6
Pulfers or Tailers#Out ..	*94 6	*91/6 & 97/6	*88/ to 00/9	*85/ & 91/	84 6	*80/6 & 95/6
Saw Doctors ..	*118/6 &	*121/6 &	*103 7	*118/ & 123/	98 6	*110/6 &
126/6 ..						127/6
Sharpeners ..	*103 6	*106 6	*95 4	*100 0	90 6	*104 6
Sawyers—						
Band or Jig ..	*106/6 &	*103/6 &	*96 3	*97/ & 103/	87/6 to 03/6	*101/6 &
108/6 ..						107/6
Circular ..	*98/6 to	*101/6 &	*93 2	*95/ & 101/	87/6 to 03/6	*99/6 &
106/6 ..						105/6
Gang Frame ..	*98 6	*105/6 &	*90 9	*96/ & 99/	90 6	*100/6 &
105/6 ..						103/6
Recut Band ..	*98/6 to	*103/6 &	*94 5	*97/ & 103/	90 6	*101/6 &
106/6 ..						107/6
Stackers per hour ..	2 6	2 6	2 4	2 6	1 9	2 6
Tallymen ..	100 6	*103 6	*90 0	*97 0	87 6	*101 6
Wood Turners ..	*106 6	*109 6	*96 3	*103 0	102 6	*107 6
Undertaking—						
Coachmen ..	92 0	*90 0	85/ & 92/6	80/ to 82/6*	*90 0	80 0*
Coffin Makers or Trimmers ..	101 6	95/ & 101/	87/6 & 92/6	87/6 to 100/*	*100/ & 100/	90 0*
Venetian Blind Making—						
Journeymen ..	90/ & 91/	72 0*	*102 8	93 0	.	90 0

GROUP II.—ENGINEERING, METAL WORKS, ETC.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
Agricultural Implements—	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Assemblers ..	91 6	87 6	*80 6	81 0	*83 0	..
Blacksmiths ..	102/6 & 103/6	99 6	..	90 0	*98 1	..
Bulldozermen ..	90 0	95 0	..	87 0	*89 10	..
Carpenters ..	89 6	99 6	..	90 0	*95 4	..
Drifters ..	90 0	88 0	..	81 0	*84 4	..

* Rubag or predominant rates, see note at top of page 147. † 44 and 48 hours per week.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 147.

GROUP II.—ENGINEERING, METAL WORKS, ETC.—continued.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth	Hobart.
Agricultural Implements—continued.		s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Engine Drivers ..	102/ 3 to 111/ 3	102/ & 105/	..	84 0	..	..
Fitters ..	93/ 6 & 101/ 6	95/ & 99/ 6	..	90 0	95 4	..
Grinders ..	90 0	92 0	..	79 6	..	..
Labourers—unskilled ..	82 0	84 6	..	79 6	78 10	..
Machinists—Iron Wood ..	90/ to 97/ 6	92 0	..	87/ & 90/	89 10	..
Painters—Brush Scroll ..	82 6 89 6	87 6 90 6	..	84/ & 90/	..	..
Patternmakers ..	111 6	102 6	..	97 0	103 7	..
Sheet Iron Workers ..	90 0	99 6	..	90 0	..	..
Storemen ..	85 0	84 6	80 6	79 6	92 7	..
Strikers ..	82 6	87 6	..	81 0	81 7	..
Turners ..	101 6	99 6	..	90 0	95 4	..
Wheelwrights ..	89 6	99 6	..	90 0	..	..
Bedstead Making—Metallic—						
Blacksmiths ..	93/ & 99/	90 0	95 4	85 6	..	..
Chillifitters—Modellers ..	94 0	100 0	99 0	95 6	..	..
Other ..	94 0	93 0	86/ 2 & 91/ 6	88 6	..	..
Chippers ..	89 0	88 0	88 0	80 6	..	..
Cutters, etc. ..	89 0	88 0	88 0	80 6	..	..
Eis troplaters ..	94 0	101 0	92 0	96 6	..	..
Fitters Up ..	90 0	90/ & 93/	88 11	83 6	..	..
Foundry Hands ..	89 0	91 0	88 0	79 6	..	..
Frame Setters ..	92 0	91 0	90 9	88 6	..	..
Furnace men ..	89/ & 94/	91 0	91 8	70 6	..	..
Japanners ..	90 0	90 0	87 6 ¹	79/ 6 & 82/ 6	..	..
Lacquerers ..	93 0	88 0	87 6 ¹	80 6	..	..
Mounters ..	90 0	91 0	87 6 ¹	81/ 6 & 83/ 6	..	..
Pohehers ..	91 0	87 0	78 10	79 6	..	..
Boiler Making—						
Journeymen ..	107 6	115 6	101 9	109 6	99 0	102 0
Railwaymen ..	110 6	115 6	99 11	102 6	111 0	106 0
Brass Working—						
Caremakers ..	103/ 6 & 107/ 6	93 0	101 9	85 6	90 0	90 0
Dressers ..	90 0	87 0	82 6	79 6	84 0	84 0
Finishers ..	99/ 6 & 107/ 6	107/ 6 & 115/ 6	101 9	98 6	..	84/ to 102/
Furnacemen ..	94/ 6 to 96/	99 0	82/ 6 to 91/ 8	85 6	90 0	84 0
Moulders ..	103/ 6 & 107/ 6	107/ 6 & 115/ 6	98/ 1 & 101/ 6	96 6	90 0	90 0
Polishers ..	99/ 6 & 107/ 6	97 0	101/ 9	85 6	..	82 6
Cycles and Motors—						
Assemblers ..	86 0	88/ & 93/	101/ 9 & 105/ 5	78/ 6 to 110/ *	102 0	80 0
Cleaners ..	81 4	88 0	80 8	..	..	..
Flers ..	83 0	88 0	80 8	..	..	..
Fitters ..	87 8	93 0	101/ 9 & 105/ 5	102/ to 100/ 8*	102 0	88 0
Frame Builders ..	78/ & 87/ 8	93/ & 95/ 6	101/ 9 & 105/ 5	85/ to 105/ *	..	80 0
Repairers ..	87 8	93/ & 95/ 6	101/ 9 & 105/ 5	60/ to 100/ *	..	80 0
Turners—Cycle ..	87 8	104 0	..	102/ to 109/ 6*	102 0	88 0
Motor ..	87 8	104 0	..	102/ to 109/ 6*	..	88 0
Wheel Builders ..	83 0	88 0	101/ 9 & 105/ 6	..	..	80 0
Electrical Installation—						
Armature Winders ..	115 0	117 6	106 4	111 0	104 0	115 6
Cable Jointers ..	115 0	110 0	103 7	111 0	..	108 0
Fitters ..	115 0	117 6	106 4	111 0	104 0	115 6
Line men ..	107 0	108 0	103 7	101 6	92 0	106 0
Mechanics ..	107 0	110 0	103 7	103 6	104 0	108 0
Patrolmen ..	..	98/ & 110/	85 3	91 6	..	96/ & 108/
Wreckmen ..	107 0	110 0	103 7	103 6	95 0	108 0
Assistant ..	..	91 6	82 6	..	..	89 6
Other Adults ..	..	91 6	82 6	85 0	80 0	80 6

* Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 147.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 147.

GROUP II.—ENGINEERING, METAL WORKS, ETC.—continued.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Electrical Supply—						
Armature Winders ..	115 0	117 6	*106 4	111 0	104 0	115 6
Cable Jointers ..	115 0	110 0	*103 7	111 0	..	108 0
Carboner, Arc Lamp Attendant ..	95 0	98 0	*88 0	91 6	..	96 0
Instrument Makers ..	115 0	110 0	*106 4	103 6	104 0	108 0
Linemen ..	107 0	108 0	*103 7	101 6	92 0	106 0
Meter Fixers ..	107 0	98 0	..	91 6	..	96 0
Testers ..	107 0	106 0	*103 7	100 0	..	104 0
Patrolmen—Night ..	..	110 0	*85 3	91 6	..	108 0
Shift Electricians ..	115 0	111 / & 117/6	*110 0	..	..	109 / & 115/6
Sub-Station Attendants ..	..	111 / & 117/6	..	..	..	109 / & 115/6
Switchboard Attendants ..	..	106 6	*82 0	103 6	..	104 6
Switchmen ..	..	98 0	..	103 6	..	96 0
Other Adults ..	..	91 6	*82 0	85 0	..	89 0
Electrical Trades—						
Fitters ..	115 0	117 6	*106 4	111 0	104 0	115 6
Mechanics ..	107 0	110 0	*103 7	103 6	104 0	108 0
Wiremen ..	107 0	110 0	*103 7	103 6	95 0	108 0
Electroplating—						
Makers Up ..	90 6	87 6	..	96 0*	..	..
Platers ..	98 6	112 0	*92 0	96 6	*96 0	88 0
Polishers ..	90/6 & 92/0	97 0	*85 / & 92/	85 0	..	..
Engineering—						
Blacksmiths ..	113 0	115 6	*105 5	109 6	102 0	113 0
Bolt and Nut Machinists ..	101 0	101 6	*82 0	87 6	90 0	101 0
Borers and Slotters ..	113 0	115 6	*94 5	109 6	102 0	113 0
Brassfusthers ..	113 0	115 6	*101 9	109 6	102 0	113 0
Coppersmiths ..	213 0	115 6	*105 5	109 6	102 0	113 0
Drillers—Radial ..	113 0	115 6	*87 1	109 6	102 0	113 0
” Other ..	101 0	103 0	*87 1	97 6	90 0	101 0
Drophammer Smiths ..	113 0	115 6	*101 9	109 6	102 0	113 0
Fitters ..	113 0	115 6	*101 9	109 6	102 0	113 0
Lappers and Grinders ..	105 / & 113/	107/6 to 115/6	*101 9	101/6 to 109/6	94 / to 102/	105 / & 113/
Millers—Universal ..	113 0	115 6	..	109 6	102 0	113 0
” Other ..	113 0	115 6	*101 9	109 6	102 0	113 0
Oliversmiths ..	113 0	115 6	*101 9	109 6	102 0	113 0
Pattern Makers ..	119 0	121 6	*107 3	115 6	108 0	119 0
Planers—Rail and Plate Edge ..	105 0	107 0	*87 1	101 6	94 0	105 0
” Other ..	113 0	115 6	*94 5	109 6	102 0	113 0
Shapers ..	113 0	115 6	*94 5	109 6	102 0	113 0
Springsmiths ..	113 0	115 6	..	109 6	102 0	113 0
Turners ..	113 0	115 6	*101 9	109 6	102 0	113 0
Farriery—						
Firemen ..	*103 0	105 0	*90 0	103 0	96 6	..
Floormen ..	*100 0	100 0	*90 0	98 0	88 6	..
Shoemsmiths ..	*105 0	105 0	*90 0	103 0	98 0	..
Ironworking—Assistants—						
Boilermakers' Helpers ..	88 0	87 0	*82 6	84 6	84 0	82 6
” Labourers ..	85 0	82 0	*82 6	78 6	78 0	78 0
Engineers' Labourers ..	85 0	87 0	*80 8	77 6	84 0	82/6 & 07/
Furnacemen's Assistants ..	88 0	89 6	*80 8	84 6	84 0	82 6
Moulders' Labourers ..	85 0	84/6 & 86/6	*80 8	81 6	84 0	82 6
Strikers ..	88 / & 90/	94 0	*82 6	83 6	84 0	82/6 & 07/
Moulding—Iron—						
Coremakers—Machine ..	107 6	93 6	*101 9	102 6	99 0	102 0
” Other ..	107 6	101/6 & 108/6	*101 9	102 6	99 0	102 0
Dressers and Fettlers ..	90 0	88 6	*82 0	84 6	87 0	84 0
Furnacemen ..	94 / to 96/	92 6	*82/6 to 91/8	94 6	94 0	84 0
Moulders—Machine ..	103 6	93 6	*98 1	99 6	99 0	102 0
” Other ..	107 6	101/6 & 108/6	*101 9	90/6 & 102/6	99 0	102 0
Moulding—Plane Frames—						
Moulders ..	96 / & 101/	101 6	*98/1 & 101/0	..	..	..

* Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 147.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 147.

GROUP II.—ENGINEERING, METAL WORKS, ETC.—continued.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
Moulding Pipes—Bank—	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Casters and Finishers	88 0	84 6	*91 8	96 6	..	..
Cormakers	88 0	101/6&103/6	*84 4	96 6	..	..
Footmen— ^t in. and under ..	96 0	93 6	*93 6	96 6	*89 10	..
5 and 6 in.	98 0	97 6	*93 6	96 6	*95 4	102 0
Headmen— ^t in. and under ..	102 0	101 6	*100 10	102 6	*95 4	..
5 and 6 in.	104 0	103 6	*100 10	102 6	*100 10	102 0
Moulding Pipes—Machine						
Cormakers—Faucet	88 0	101/6&109/6	*84 4	..	..	..
Spigot ..	88 0	92/6 & 97/6	*84 4	..	..	..
Finishers and Casters	88 0	101/6&103/6	*91 8	..	..	..
Moulding Pipes—Vertical						
Casters ..	91 0	90 6	*91 8	..	93 6	102 0
Cormakers ..	91 0	90 6	*84 4	96 6	87/6 & 93/6	102 0
Corers ..	91 0	90 6	*91 8	..	80 0	..
Rammers ..	91 0	90 6	*86 2	96 6	93 6	102 0
Moulding—Steel—						
Cormakers ..	107 6	92/6 to 106/6	*101 9	102 6	99 0	102 0
Moulder ..	107 6	92/6 to 106/6	*98/1&101/9	102 6	99 0	102 0
Moulding—Stove—						
Moulder ..	96 / & 101 /	103 0	*86 2	90 6	96 0	..
Ovenmaking—						
Blacksmiths ..	94 0	91 0	*105 5	88 6	102 0	..
Grinders and Polishers ..	92 / & 94 /	93 0	*80 8	83 6	80 0	..
Ovenmakers ..	96 / & 102 /	95 0	*86 2	88/6 & 93/6	92 0	..
Sheet Metal Working—						
Canister Makers ..	82 6	90/6 & 95/6	*95 4	87 6	92 / & 98 /	90 / & 103 /
Japanners—						
Coating or Brush-work ..	85 / to 90 / *	95 6	*97 2	81 0	..	..
Grainers, Liners, etc. ..	..	96 6	*97 2	82 6	..	..
Ornamental ..	..	102 6	*97 2	91 6	..	..
Machinists ..	82/6 & 88/6	98 6	*97 2	79/6 & 87/6	92 / & 98 /	..
Soldiers ..	82/6 & 86/6	95/6 & 98/6	*97 2	70 6	92 / & 98 /	..
Tinsmiths ..	..	102/6 & 100/6	*97 2	91/6 & 95/6	92 / & 98 /	90 0
Wireworking— Barbed Wire—						
Toolsharpeners ..	..	..	..	78/6 & 84/6	..	..
Machinist ..	98 6	88 0	..	..	..	..
Galvanizing—						
Galvanizers ..	97 6	98 9	*110 0	91 6	..	..
Picklers ..	92 0	92 9	*93 6	82 6	..	..
Assistant ..	86 0	86 9	..	..	..	..
Nailmaking†—						
Case Wires ..	86 0	80 9	..	78 6	..	..
Labourers ..	86 0	80 9	..	73 6	..	..
Setters Up ..	105 0	91 9	..	78/6 to 90/6	..	..
Storemen ..	92 6	86 9	..	78 6	..	..
Toolmakers ..	105 0	98 9	..	78 6	..	..
Wire Netting Working—						
Hand-Loom Weavers ..	97 6	80 0	..	..	..	..
Power-Loom Weavers ..	97 6	80 0	..	..	..	..
Strikers ..	..	91 0	..	..	..	..
Wire Working—						
Journeymen ..	92 0	94 0	..	83 0	90 0*	106 0*

* Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 147. † Rates for Sydney are taken from awards covering employees of Lysaght Bros. & Co. Ltd.

Note.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 147.

GROUP III.—FOOD, DRINK, TOBACCO, ETC.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Aerated Water and Cordials—						
Bottlers ..	90 0	94 0	1480 0	81 6	85 0	85 0
Bottlewashers ..	88 6	91 0	1480 0	81 6	80 0	83 0
Drivers (Motor) ..	95/6 to 103/6	99/ to 107/	84/ to 92/	95/ & 99/	90/0 & 94/0	90/ to 107/
"(One Horse)" ..	90 6	104 0	82 0	1490 0	90 0	1494 0
"(Two Horses)" ..	95 6	109 0	87 0	1495 0	90 0	1499 0
Grooms or Stablemen ..	89 6	93 0	80 0	80 0	87 0	93 0
Loaders ..	88 6	91 6	1480 0	81 6	80 0	83 0
Packers ..	88 6	91 6	1480 0	81 6	85 0	83 0
Wirers ..	88 6	91 6	..	81 6	86 0	83 0
Baking—Bread—						
Board Hands ..	*100 6	120 0	*98/ & 100/0	96 6	95 0	93 6
Carters (One Horse) ..	94 0	1192 6	85 0	1485 0	94 0	1494 0
"(Two Horses)" ..	94 0	1105 0	88 0	1485 0	99 0	1499 0
Doughmen ..	*103/ & 105/6	120 0	*105 6	96 6	100 0	93 6
Forehands ..	*105 6/ &	128 0	105/0 &	96 6	97/0 to 120/	100 0
110/6 ..			116/6 ..			
Ovenmen ..	*105 6	120 0	1400 0	96 6	100 0	93 0
Singlehands ..	*105 6	128 0	1405 0	96 6	102 6	93 0
Baking (Biscuits and Cakes)—						
Adult Males ..	*85 0	84 0	1480 0	77 6	84 0	80 0
Bakers ..	*96 6	94 0	1487 0	82 6	95 0	87 6
Brakesmen ..	*89 0	87 0	1480 0	80 6	82 0	82 6
Mixers ..	*89 0	94 0	1487 0	80 6	83 0	83 6
Own Firemen ..	*90 6	94 0	1485 0	80 6	87 0	87 6
Stovemen ..	*94 0	94 0	1484 0	77 6	84 0	80 0
Brewing						
Adult Males ..	*94 0	*91 0	*88 0	*90 0	92 6	83 0
Bottle Packers ..	*94 0	*91 0	*88 0	*90 0	92 6	83 0
Bottlers and Washers ..	*94 0	*91 0	*88 0	*90 0	92 6	83 0
Cellarmen ..	*97 0	*94 3	*93 0	*96 0	92 6	83 0
Drivers (One Horse) ..	94 0	94 0	88 0	*90 0	92 6	94 0
"(Two Horses)" ..	97 0	99 0	93 0	*93 0	92 6	99 0
"(Motor under 3 tons)" ..	103 0	99/ & 102/	84/ to 92/	*96 0	..	99/ & 103/
"(Motor 3 tons and over)" ..	103 0	107/ & 110/9	97/ & 102/	*99 0	100/ & 102/6	107 0
Engine Drivers ..	*102/3 to 111/3	*110 9	*95/ to 124/	*98/11 to 107/11	90/7 to 99/7	100/10 to 109/10
Firemen ..	*93/3 to 98/3	*101 0	*95 0	*88/5 to 95/11	95 6	91/10 to 94/10
Greasers and Trimmers ..	*91/0 & 93/3	*94 0	*91/ & 92/	*88/5 & 89/11	80/1 & 81/7	90/4 & 91/10
Malt Hands ..	*94 0	*91 0	*88 0	*90 0	92 6	83 0
Stablemen and Grooms ..	*94 0	*93 0	*80 0	*93 0	92 6	93 0
Towermen ..	*96 0	*95 0	*88 0	*93 0	92 6	85 0
Butchering (Carcase)—						
Carters (One Horse) ..	96 0	91 0	1486 0	..	85 0	83 6
"(Two Horses)" ..	103 6	91 0	1489 0	..	85 0	88 6
Chilling Room Hands ..	107 0	..	*86 0	85 0	80 0	..
Labourers (Beef) ..	102 0	1492 0	*85 0	85 0	85 0	87 0
"(Mutton)" ..	87 0	1492 0	*85 0	85 0	88 0	87 0
Scalders ..	107 0	98 0	*95 0	99 0	*85/ & 107/6	..
Slaughtermen (Beef) ..	142 0	1420 0	*105 0	114 0	*107 6	105 0
"(Mutton)" ..	†	1420 0	*105 0	114 0	*107 6	105 0
Butchering (Retail)—						
Carters (Cash Cutting) ..	104 0	98 0	1495 0	92 6	90 0	85 0
"(One Horse)" ..	86 6	91 0	1486 0	94 0	80 0	..
"(Two Horses)" ..	86 6	91 0	1489 0	99 0	80 0	..
General Hands ..	86 6	98 0	1495 0	92 6	90 0	85 0
Salters ..	104 0	98 0	1495 0	92 6	90 0	85 0
Shopmen ..	98/0 & 104/	98 0	1495 0	92 6	98 0	90 0
Smallgoodsmen ..	104 0	98 0	1495 0	92 6	95 0	100 0
"(Assistant)" ..	98 6	98 0	1485 0	82 0	85 0	87 6

*Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 147.

† Piece-work rates.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnotes to table on page 147.

GROUP III.—FOOD, DRINK, TOBACCO, ETC.—continued.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
Butter Making—	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Buttermakers ..	103 0	94 6	95 0	86 6	.	81 0
Cream Graders ..	95 0	102 6	90 0	.	.	81 / & 90 /
Cream or Milk Testors ..	90 0	97 6	90 0	.	.	81 / & 90 /
Machinists—						
Milk Drying, etc. ..		92 6	.	.	.	
Pasturizer ..	85 0	88 6	.	.	.	81 / & 90 /
Separator, Weighing, etc. ..	85 0	88 6	.	.	.	
Storemen or Packers ..	85 0	88 6	81 6	81 6	.	65 0
Other Adults ..	85 0	87 6	80 0	81 6	.	65 0
Chessemaking—						
Journeymen ..	.	99 6	95 0	.	.	80 0
Other Adults ..	.	87 0	80 0	.	.	80 0
Cold Storage and Ice—						
Carters (Motor) ..	*102 6	90/ to 107/	84/ to 92/	90 / & 103/	90 / & 103/	*100 / to 107/
(One Horse) ..	*102 6	*104 0	82 0	*104 0	*104 0	*104 0
(Two Horses) ..	*102 6	*109 0	87 0	*109 0	*109 0	*109 0
Chamber Handst ..	90/6 & 93/6	109 0	*111 10	81 6*	87 6	86 6
Pullers and Stackers ..	84 6	109 0	*117 4	81 6*	87 6	87 0*
Confectionery—						
Journeymen ..	102 0†	96 6	97 6	82/6 & 86/6	*100 0*	*80/ to 96/6*
Labourers ..	82 0†	86 0	78 0	77 6	80 0*	..
Storemen—Head ..	102 0†	94 0	89/ to 101/6	92 6	89 0*	..
Other ..	82 0†	89 0	*81 0	77 6	..	..
Ham and Bacon Curing—						
Casing Cleaners—Fore-men ..	94 / & 100 /	107 6	*109 0	.	.	90 0
Curers—First Hand ..	116 0	107 6	*109 0	92 6	92 6	100 0
Assistant ..	101 0	95 0	*92 0	.	85 0	87 6
Cutters Up—First Hand ..	102 0	107 6	*103 0	92 6	85 0	85 0
Assistant ..	94 6	100 0	*94 0	.	77 6	85 0
Ham Baggers ..		98 0	*97 0	82 0	80 0	85 0
Lardiners ..	89 6	90 / & 100 /	*97 0	82 0	85 0	85 / & 90 /
Rollers and Trimmers ..	94 6	100 0	99 0	92 6	80 / & 85 /	85 0
Scalders ..	89 6	100 0	*99 6	92 6	87 6	85 0
Shavers ..	89 6	100 0	*98 0	92 6	80 0	85 0
Slaughtermen ..	102 6	107 6	*109 0	92 6	92 6	100 0
Assitant ..	95 0	100 0	*89 0	82 0	80 0	85 0
Smallgoodsman—						
First Hand ..	102 0	107 6	*100 0	92 6	92 6	100 0
Assitant ..	89 6	95 0	*88 0	.	85 0	87 6
Smokers—First Hand ..	94 6	100 0	*103 0	92 6	80 0	85 0
Assitant ..	89 6	90 0	*88 0	.	77 6	85 0
Washers—First Hand ..	94 6		*90 0	92 6	80 0	85 0
Assitant ..	89 6	90 0	*88 0	.	77 6	..
Jam Making and Preserving—						
Adult Males ..	83 0	84 0	78 0	83 0	84 0	83 0
Solderers ..	91 0	91 0	*97 2	91 0	84 0	91 0
Maltting—						
Malsters ..	96 0	91 0	83 0	96 0	92 6	88 0
Meat Packing:—						
Cappers ..	94 0	87/6 & 95/6	*111 10	.	.	..
Fillers and Podgers ..	84 0	1087 0	*96 3	.	.	..
Quillotine Hards ..	83 0	87 6	*101 9	.	.	..
Jokermen ..	94 0	87/6 & 95/6	*104/6 & 108/2	.	.	..
Lacquerers ..	94 0	*107 0	*96/3 & 101/9	.	.	..
Margarine Makers ..	78 / & 83 /	*1092 / & 90 /	*96 3	.	.	..
Packers ..	84 0	*107 0	*96 3	.	.	..
Seamers ..	94 0	87/6 & 95/6	*117 4	.	.	..
Milk Delivery—						
Carters—One Horse ..	*104 0	94 0	87 6	94 0	*105 0	94 0
Two Horses ..	*104 0	99 0	92 6	99 0	..	99 0

* Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 147. † Brisbane rates taken from Meat Export Award. : 40½ and 48 hours per week.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 147.

GROUP III.—FOOD, DRINK, TOBACCO, ETC.—continued.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
Milling—Condiments—	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Grinders ..	93 6	90 0	81 6	90 0	..	80 0
Mixers or Blenders ..	86 6	90 0	81 6	90 0	..	80 0
Stone Dressers ..	94 0	93 0	81 6	93 0	..	80 0
Other Adults ..	86 6	87 6	81 6	87 6	..	80 0
Milling—Flour—						
Engine Drivers ..	97/- to 100/-	*101/6 & 104/6	90/- to 106/-	*101/6 & 104/6	*101/6 & 104/6	100/10 to 100/10
Firemen ..	91/- to 97/-	*98 0	88 0	*98 0	*98 0	
Millers—Head Shift ..	110 0	*111 0	*107 6	*111 6	*111 6	100 0
Shift ..	101/- to 109/-	*101/6 to 110/6	*99/- to 107/-	*101/6 to 110/6	*101/6 to 110/6	90 0
Millwrights ..	104 0	*107 6	*107 6	*107 6	*107 6	90 0
Packermen ..	87 6	*94 6	*87 6	*94 6	*94 6	80 0
Purifermen ..	89 0	*93 0	*87 6	*93 0	*93 0	78 0
Silksamen ..	89 0	*93 0	*87 6	*93 0	*93 0	78 0
Smuttermen ..	87 6	*94 6	*89 6	*94 6	*94 6	
Storemen—Head ..	89/- & 93/-	*97 6	*92 6	*97 6	*97 6	85 0
Topmen ..	89 0	*93 6	*87 6	*98 6	*93 6	78 0
Truckers and Others ..	87 6	*39/6 & 92/6	..	*89/6 & 92/6	*80/6 & 92/6	78 0
Wheat Carriers, per hr.	2 6 3	2 3	2 4	2 3	2 3	2 3
Milling—Oatmeal—						
Kilnmen ..	80 0	90 0	81 6	90 0	..	75/- & 80/-
Millers—Head ..	90 6	90 0	*85/6 & 100/6	96 0	..	100 0
Milling—Rice—						
Dryingroom Hands ..	92 6	87 6	*81 6	87 6	..	..
Millers—Head ..	99 6	96 0	*85/6 & 100/6	96 0	..	..
Stone Dressers ..	94 0	93 0	*81 6	93 0	..	..
Other Adults ..	86 6	87 6	*81 6	87 6	..	..
Pastrycooking—						
Carters ..	88 0	94 0	85 0	*98 0	94 0	94 0
Packers ..	88 0	84 0	*80 0	..	..	80 0
Pastrycooks ..	98 0	107 0	*105 6	96 6	95/- & 102/6	93 6
Assistant ..	86 0	100 0	*98 0	..	..	80 0
Poulterers—						
Bench Hands—						
1st Rate ..	88 6	85 0	..	..	..	..
2nd Rate ..	83 6	78/- & 83/-	..	..	..	..
Foremen ..	96 0	105 0	..	..	..	..
Tea Packing—						
Foremen ..	105 0*	96 0	*85/6 & 100/6	105 0	..	..
Headmen ..	95 0*	91 0	*85/6 & 100/6	95 0	..	..
Other Adults ..	88 6*	85 0	*81 6	81 6	..	..

GROUP IV.—CLOTHING, HATS, BOOTS, ETC.

Industry and Occupation	Sydney.	Melbourne	Brisbane	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart
Bootmaking—	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Bootmakers ..	*94 0	*94 0	*94 0	91 0	96 0	*93 0
Dyeing and Cleaning—						
Clothes Cleaners ..	89/6 to 96/6†	89/6 to 96/6	89/6 to 96/6	89/6 to 93/6	*80 0	..
Dyers—Black ..	111 0‡	111 0	111 0	111 0	111 0	
Color ..	111 0‡	111 0	111 0	111 0	111 0	
Dye-house Labourers ..	86 6‡	86 6	86 6	86 6	86 6	
Hatmaking—Straw—						
Blachers ..	*86 6	*86 6	*86 6	*86 6	..	..
Blockers ..	*97 6	*97 6	*97 6	*97 6	..	..
Foremen ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Stufflers ..	*97 6	*97 6	*97 6	*97 6	..	..

* Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 147. † Sydney hours 44 (shift work), 46 (other than shift work). ‡ Six-day week—48 hours; five-day week—46½ hours.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 147.

GROUP IV.—CLOTHING, HATS, BOOTS, ETC.—continued.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne	Brisbane	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
Tailoring—Order—	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Cutters	110 0†	114 6	114 0	114 6	110 0	114 6
Pressers	104 6	104 6	104 6	104 6	100 0	104 6
Tailors	104 6	104 6	104 6	104 6	100 0	104 6
Trimmers	100 0†	104 6	104 6	104 6	100 0	104 6
Tailoring—Ready-made—						
Brushors	*80 6	*89 6	*89 6	*89 6		*80 6
Cutters	100 0†	104 6	104 6	104 6	*95 0	104 6
Folders	*89 6	*89 6	*89 6	*89 6		*80 6
Machinists	*104 6	*104 6	*104 6	*104 6		*104 6
Pressers—Coat Hands	*104 6	*104 6	*104 6	*104 6	*95 0	*104 6
Trouser and Vest Hands						
Tailors	*104 6	*104 6	*104 6	*104 6	*95 0	*104 6
Trimmers	100 0†	*104 6	*104 6	*104 6	*95 0	*104 6
Under Pressers—						
Coat Hands	*80 6	*80 6	*80 6	*80 6	*90 0	*80 6
Trouser and Vest Hands	*88 0	*88 0	*88 0	*88 0	*90 0	*88 0
Textile-Working—Woollen Mills—						
Carders	*83 0	84 0	85 0	79 0		78 0
Dyehousemen	*83 6	84 0	85 0	82 6		80 0
Labourers—						
General	*82 0	84 0	85 0	79 6		78 0
Willyhouse	*82 0	84 0	85 0	82 0		78 0
Milling Hands	*82 6	84 0	85 0	85 0		78 0
Pattern Weavers	*82 6	84 0	85 0	79 6		78 0
Scoopers	*82 6	84 0	85 0	82 0		80 0
Spinners	*82 6	85 0	82 6	80 6		78 0
Turners	*80/ to 97/ 6	86/ to 94/	85/ to 92/ 6	85 0		78 0
Twisters in	*85 0	81 0	†	79 6		78 0
Warpers	*83 0	85 0		79 6		78 0
Other Adults	*82 0	84 0	83 0	79 6		78 0

GROUP V.—BOOKS, PRINTING, BINDING, ETC.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
Bookbinding—	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Feeders		82 0	*85 0	83 0		78 0
Finishers	95 0	106 0	101 0	102 0	*101 6	100 0
Journeymen Bookbinders	95 0	106 0	101 0	102 0	*101 6	100 0
Marblers	95 0	106 0	101 0	102 0	*101 6	100 0
Paper Routers	95/ to 107/ 6	106 0	101 0	102 0	*101 6	100 0
Engraving (Process)§—						
Engravers	*97 6	*90/ to 100/		97 6		
Etchers—Half-tone	*102 6	*90/ to 100/	*105 0	110 0		
Line	*97 6	*97 6	*100 0	96 0		
Mounters	*92 6	*95 0	*92 6	86 0		
Operators	*102 6	*90/ to 100/	*105 0	110 0		
Printers	*97 6	*92 6	*95 0	86 0		
Routers	*92 6	*90 0	*92 6	86 0		
Lithographing—						
Printers	95 6	106 0	*105 0	102 0		100 0
Rotary Machinists	100 6	110/ & 114/	*105 0	102 0	*101 6	102/ & 104/
Stone Polishers	95 6	90 0	*85 0	83 0	..	100 0

* Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 147.

† 46½ and 48 hours per week. ‡ Piece-work rates. § Other than in newspaper offices.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 147.

GROUP V.—BOOKS, PRINTING, BINDING, ETC.—continued.

Industry and Occupation	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Printing (Daily Newspapers)—						
Compositors—						
Day Work ..	*114 0	*120 0	*104 10	110 0	*119 0	100 0
Night Work ..	*124 0	*140 0	*112 2	120 0	*120 0	*106 0
Linotype Attendants—						
Day Work ..	*100 0	*105 10	*91 0	88 0	*109 0	96 & 100/
Night Work ..	*114 0	*117 7	*98 0	98 0	*114 0	*101 & 105/
Linotype Operators—						
Day Work ..	*130 & 150/	†	*115 6	†	*130 0	†
Night Work ..	*135 & 155/	†	*122 10	†	*140 0	†
Machinists (First Hand)—						
Day Work ..	*114 0	*117 7	*113 6	114 0	*114 0	100 0
Night Work ..	*124 0	*135 3	*118 6	124 0	*124 0	*100 0
Publishers ..	*104 & 99/	*105/10 to 114/10	*80/ to 96/	95 0	*94/ to 101/	*100 0
Readers—						
Day Work ..	*110 0	*127 6	*86 & 101/	116 0	*119 0	100 0
Night Work ..	*134 0	*130 0	*91 & 106/	126 0	*129 0	*105 0
Readers' Assistants—						
Day Work ..	*69 0	*92 6	*80 0	83 0	*90 0	90 0
Night Work ..	*90 0	*95 & 100/	*85 0	93 0	*100 0	90 0
Stereotypers (First Class)—						
Day Work ..	*106 6	*111 9	*93/6 & 101/	97 0	*106 6	*95 0
Night Work ..	*111 6	*122 1	*98/6 & 106/	107 0	*116 6	*95 0
Stereotypers' Assts.—						
Day Work ..	*90 0	*100 0	*85 0	90 0	*94 0	90 0
Night Work ..	*104 0	*110 7	*90 0	100 0	*104 0	*85 0
Printing (Job Offices)—						
Compositors ..	*102 0	106 0	*101 0	102 0	*101 6	100 0
Electrotypes ..	*107 0	106 0	*101 0	102 0		100 0
General Hands ..		82 0	*85 0	83 0	*87 6	78 0
Linotype Operators ..	*108 2	*115 0	*105/ & 112/4	*115 0	*120 0	110 0
Machinists ..	*89/ to 98/	106 0	*85/ to 101/	102 0	*101 6	100 0
Monoline Operators ..	*108 2	*115 0	*105/ & 112/4	*115 0	*120 0	110 0
Monotype Operators ..	*108 2	*115 0	*101/ & 100/	*115 0	*120 0	..
Monotype Casting ..						
Machinists ..		82 0	*85 0	83 0		
Readers ..	*102 0	111 0	*101 0	102 0	*87 6	100 0
Stereotypers ..	*97 0	106 0	*101 0	102 0	*101 6	100 0
Typograph Operators ..	*108 2	*115 0	*105/ & 112/4	*115 0	*120 0	..

GROUP VI.—OTHER MANUFACTURING.

Industry and Occupation	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Asphalling—						
Layers—Cold Work ..	97 0	87 0	..	89 0	..	
Hot Work ..	97 0	87 0	..	..	..
Mastic Boilers ..	97 0	..	..	..	..	88/6 to 94/6
Potmen ..	97 0	84 0	..	..	..
Rubbers Down ..	..	86 0	..	..	..
Yardmen and Labourers	95 0	84 0	..	87 0	..	
Boatbuilding—						
Boatbuilders ..	130 0	*180/ to 120/*	*108 2	130 0*	130 0	120 0*

* Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 147. † Piece-work rates. ‡ In Perth, 48 hours per week may be worked, payment for the extra four hours being made at the ordinary time rate. An employer is not entitled to change from a 44 to a 48 hour week unless one week's notice is given to his employees.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 147.

GROUP VI.—OTHER MANUFACTURING—continued.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
Brickmaking—	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Burners ..	96/3 to 98/10/	96 0	88/ to 94/	*113 2	*106/ to 108/6	84 0
Carters—One Horse ..	*785 0	94 0	82 0	94 0	94 0	88 0
" Two Horses ..	*160 0	99 0	87 0	99 0	99 0	93 0
Clayholemen ..	*97 0	96 6	*82 6	92 6	87 0	81 0
Drawers ..	*99 0	97/ & 102/	*82 6	98 6	†	87 0
Labourers ..	*93 0	91 6	*80 8	87 6	87 0	81 0
Loaders Out ..	*93 0		*80 8			81 0
Loftsmen ..	*90 0	91 6	*80 8	87 6	87 0	81 0
Machinemen ..	*95 0	91/6 & 93/	*82 6	90/6 & 93/6	87/ & 90/	81 0
Panmen ..	*93/ & 97/	93/ & 97/	*80 8	*90/2 & 99/4	87 0	81 0
Pit Foremen ..	*105 0		*82 2	97 6	93 0	
Pitmen ..	*97 0	96/6 to 102/6	*82 6	92 6	87 0	81 0
Pit Shooters ..	*101 0	96/6 to 102/6	*86 2	97 6	93 0	84 0
Setters ..	*99 0	97/ & 102/	*80/8 & 82/6	98 6	95 0	87 0
Truckers ..	*93 0	91 6	*80 8	87 6	87 0	81 0
Wheeler ..	*93 0	91 6	*80/8 & 82/6	87 6	87/ & 90/	81 0
Yardmen ..	*93 0	91 6	*80 8	87 6	87 0	81 0
Broom-making (Millet)—						
Sorters—Head ..	*97 0	110 0	*100 0	..		80 0*
" Other ..	*85/ & 80/	98 0	*88 0	..	..	80 0*
Brushmaking—						
Bass Broom Drawers ..	*99 0	95 0		80 0	..	..
Finishers ..	*90 0	95 0		80 0	..	..
Machinists—						
Boring ..	*99 0	95 0	102 6	80 0	..	..
Boultz Carver ..	*109 0	95 0		80 0	..	..
Paint Brush Makers ..	*104 0	100 0		93 0	..	..
Pan Workers—Hair and Bass ..	*99 0	95 0		86 6	..	..
Candle Making—						
Acidifiers ..	84 0	93 0	*82 6	93 0		..
General Hands ..	82 0	91 0	*78 6	91 0	87 6*	..
Glycerine Distillers ..	86 6	93 0	*78 6	93 0		
Moulders ..	82 0	91 6	*82 6	91 6	87/91/07/6*	80 0
Press-room Gaugers ..	84 0	90 6	*70/6 & 81/6	90 6	..	..
Stillmen ..	87 0	93 0	*82 6	93 0	..	..
Cardboard Box Makers—						
Guillotine and other Cutters ..	88/ & 89/6	94 0	*93 6	91/ & 102/	*106 0	..
Other Adults ..	82 0	82 0	*85 0	83 0	90 0	..
Coachmaking (Road)—						
Bodymakers ..	101 0	110 6	*99 11	104 6	98 0	107 6
Labourers ..	82 0	91 6	*80 8	85 6	79 6	88 6
Painters ..	*101 0	110 6	*99 11	104 6	98 6	107 6
" Labourers ..	*85 0	96 6	*88 0	90 6	84 6	93 6
Smiths ..	101 0	110 6	*99 11	104 6	93 6	107 6
" Strikers ..	82 0	95 0	*80 8	89 0	83 6	92 0
Trimmers ..	101 0	110 6	*99 11	104 6	98 6	107 6
Vycemen ..	88 0	96 6	*86 2	90 6	84 6	93 6
Wh'making Machinists ..	101 0	110 6	*99 11	104 6	98 6	107 6
Wheelwrights ..	101 0	110 6	*99 11	104 6	98 6	107 6
Coachmaking (Axle-making)—						
Centre Turners ..	101 0	110 6	*99 11	104 6	98 0	107 6
Faceplate Workers ..	101 0	110 6	*99 11	104 6	98 6	107 6
Coachmaking—Spring-making—						
Filters ..	101 0	110 6	*99 11	104 6	98 0	107 6
Springmakers ..	101 0	110 6	*99 11	104 6	98 6	107 6

* Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 147. † Piece-work rates.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 147.

GROUP VI.—OTHER MANUFACTURING—continued.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
Fellmongering—	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Bate Hands ..	92 6	94 0	80 6	88 0	80 0	..
Green Honds ..	92 6	94 0	80 6	88 0	86 0	..
Labourers ..	89/6 & 02/6	91/ & 04/	85 0	88 0	86 0	..
Linenpit Men ..	92 6	94 0	89/6 & 92/6	88 0	86 0	..
Machinists—						
Burning ..	95 6	97 0	95 6	..	..	..
Fleshing ..	95 6	97 0	92 6	..	..	..
Scouring ..	95 6	97 0	80 6	88 0	86 0	..
Setting out ..	95 6	97 0	92 6	88 0	..	..
Boathole Men ..	95 6	97 0	92 6	88 0	86 0	..
Swathouse Men ..	89 6	91 0	92 6	88 0	86 0	..
Wool Sorters ..	97 6	99 0	92 6	88 0	86 0	..
Fibrous Plaster Working—						
Fixers' Assistants ..	01 0	06 3	..	02 7	..	..
Shop Hands ..	107 0	06 3	..	94 0	..	..
Other Adults ..	91 0	06 0	..	02 7	..	..
Gas Making and Supply—						
Blacksmiths ..	113 0	121 0	105 5	108 0	102 0	115 7
Coke Trimmers ..	95 3	104 0	80 0	..	90/7 to 99/7	..
Engine Drivers ..	103 3	112 4	90/ to 106/	09 6	90/7 to 99/7	..
Gas Fitters ..	114 6	112 3	110 0	107 6	104 0	114 11
Labourers ..	88 0	95 1	80 0	83 6	80 0	91 4
Maintainers ..	103 3	112 11	91 0	101 3	92 0	107 11
Meter Testers ..	07 0	111 6	..	..	100 0	114 10
Service Layers ..	103 3	114 3	91 0	101 3	..	95 5
Service Layers' Labourers ..	103 3	112 11	91 0	107 6	92 0	107 11
Stokers ..	..	88 0	99 8	82 9	83 6	83 0
Yardmen ..	103 3	114/6 to 118/10	105/ & 107/	101 3	**107 11	109 6
	88 0	95 1	80 0	83 6	80 0	91 4
Glassfounding—						
Bottlestoppers ..	†	†	†	†	†	..
Furnacemen ..	97 0	100 6	89 0	89 0	91 6	..
Assistant ..	89 0	91 6	80 0	80 0	82 6	..
Labourers ..	80 0	01 6	80 0	80 0	82 6	..
Lehrmen ..	92 0	1095 0	1180 0	1180 0	1182 6	..
Packers ..	†	†	†	†	†	..
Sorters ..	91 6	94 0	80 0	82 0	82 6	..
Glassworking and Glazing						
Bevellers ..	100 0	106 0	95 0	95 0	96 0	93 6
Cementers ..	81 0	90 0	..	95 0	..	..
Cutters and Glaziers—						
Plate ..	100 0	106 6	89 0	95 0	..	..
Other ..	100 0	106 6	89 0	95 0	..	..
Lead Light Glaziers ..	100 0	05/ & 100/6	..	95 0	..	..
Packers ..	87 0	95 0	..	90/ to 96/	..	..
Silvers—						
Using own Recipe ..	101 0	..	..	95 0	..	..
Other ..	101 0	106 6	95 0	95 0	96 0	..
Horsehair Working—						
Curlers ..	92/ to 105/*	94 0	..	..	..	..
Drafting Hands ..	92 0*	04 0	..	..	..	..
Wet Hacklers and others ..	85 0*	80/ to 94/	..	..	..	..
Jewellery, Clock and Watchmaking—						
Chainmakers ..	08/6 & 101/	08 0	92 6	90 61	96 0	..
Engravers ..	101 0	1107 6	92/6 & 95/	90 61	96 0	65/ to 85/
Mounters ..	08 6	98 0	92/6 & 95/	90 61	96 0	..
Setters ..	101 0	100 0	95 0	90 61	96 0	..
Watch and Clock Makers ..	1100 0	90/ & 100/	97 6	97 01	100 0	..
Repairers ..	1100 0	90/ & 100/	97 6	97 01	100 0	100 0
Leather—Small Goods—						
General Hands ..	108 0	108 0	108 0	95 0	100 8	108 0

* Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 147. † Piece-work rates. ‡ Hours of labour per week; 48 (daylight), 45 (artificial light).

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 147.

GROUP VI.—OTHER MANUFACTURING—*continued.*

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Porth.	Hobart.
Manures—Animal—	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Fertilizer Hands ..	84 6	95 0	*100 10	..	..	..
Manures—Artificial—						
Acid Retortmen ..	..	95 6	..	90 6	80 0	..
Bagging Men ..	..	89 6	..	84 6	77 0	..
Bin Workers ..	..	89 6	..	84 6	77 0	..
Bone Mill Feeders ..	..	89 6	..	84 6	77 0	..
Chamber Burners ..	..	95 6	..	90 6	80 0	..
Crushers and Mixers ..	..	95 6	..	90 6	80 0	..
Labourers ..	..	89 6	..	84 6	77 0	..
Masonry — Marble and Stone—						
Carvers ..	..	*6 & *134/2 & 134/0	*140 0	*124 8	112 0	*113/8 & 117/4
Machinists—Carborundum ..	..	*57/0 & 55/	104 0	*124 8	92 0	*113/8 & 117/4
Other ..	..	..	116 0	*124 8	92 0	*113/8 & 117/4
Masons ..	..	*6 & *105/10	*115 0	*124 8	110 0	*113/8 & 117/4
Polishers—Machine—						
Granite ..	92 0	104 6	*102 8	88 0	*88 0	..
Marble ..	92 0	104 6	*102 8	88 0	*88 0	..
Other—Granite ..	92 0	*95 6	*102 8	88 0	*88 0	..
Marble ..	92 0	*95 6	*102 8	88 0	*88 0	..
Masonry—Monumental—						
Carvers ..	..	*114 7	*122 0	*124 8	112 0	*113/8 & 117/4
Fixers ..	..	100 0	93 0	*124 8	96 0	*113/8 & 117/4
Labourers ..	..	90 6	93 0	*102 8	79 6	*82 6
Letter Cutters ..	..	*101 3½	*115 0	*124 8	104 0	*113/8 & 117/4
Masons ..	..	*99 11	*115 0	*124 8	100 0	*113/8 & 117/4
Opticians—						
Journeymen ..	..	*95/ to 108/	*100 0	*92/6 & 103/	89/6 to 102/	90 0
Paper Bag Making—						
Guillotine Cutters ..	..	89 6	87 6	*93 6	102 0	*99 0
Machinists ..	..	..	87/6 & 92/6	*93 6	83/ & 91/	*99 0
Paper Making—						
Beatermen ..	..	96 0	102 0	..	..	..
Assistant ..	..	81 0	81 0	..	..	..
Breakermen ..	..	81 0	87 0	..	..	..
Cutters ..	..	81 0	84/ & 87/	..	..	..
Guillotine Men ..	..	81 0	84 0	..	..	..
Machinists ..	..	98 0	105 0	..	..	..
Assistant ..	..	81 0	81 0	..	..	..
Packers ..	..	80 6	81 0	..	..	..
Ragboilermen ..	..	83 0	84 0	..	..	..
Rippers ..	..	80 6	84 0	..	..	..
Other Adults ..	..	78 0	81 0	..	..	..
Poole Making—						
Foremen ..	..	..	90 0	..	90 0	..
Grinders ..	..	..	90 0	..	90 0	..
Millhands ..	..	..	90 0	..	90 0	..
Mixers ..	..	..	90 0	..	90 0	..
Other Adults ..	..	..	87 6	..	87 6	..
Portmanteau Making—						
Journeymen ..	..	108 0	108 0	108 0	95 0	100 8
						108 0

* Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 147. † Brisbane rates from Meat Export Award.

‡ Hours of labour per week ; 48 (daylight), 45 (artificial light).

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 147.

GROUP VI.—OTHER MANUFACTURING—continued.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney	Melbourne	Brisbane	Adelaide	Perth.	Hobart.
Potties—General—	s. d	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Burners—Head	93 0	96 6	88 0	85/ to 100/*	..	84 0
Assistant ..	87 & 89/6	93 6	88 0	70/ to 80/*	..	78 0
Hollow-ware Pressers	98 0	94 6	80 8	90/ to 100/*	..	84 0
Labourers ..	87 0	91 6	80 8	..	..	78 0
Sagger Makers ..	89 6	93 6	..	..	..	..
Sanitary Pressers ..	104 0	95 6	80 8	..	..	84 0
Throwers—1st Class ..	104 0	101 6	99 0	90/ to 105/*	..	87 0
2nd Class ..	..	91/6 & 95/6	88 0	..	..	81 0
Turners ..	95 0	94 6	..	..	..	..
Potties—Pipemaking—						
Burners—Head ..	97 6	96 6	94 0	..	94 0	84 0
Assistant ..	93 6	88 0	..	..	80 0	78 0
Drawers ..	92 0	91 6	80 8	90/ to 96/*	80 0	..
Junction Stickers ..	94 0	93 6	80 8	..	86 0	79 6
Moulders ..	90 0	95 0	80 8	..	94 0	78/ & 79/6
Mould Makers ..	94 0	101 6	82 6	90/ to 96/*	92 0	..
Setters ..	96 0	94 6	80 8	..	86 & 94/	79 6
Potties—Tile Making (other than Roofing)—						
Labourers ..	87 0	91 6	80 0	80 0	..	78 0
Moulders or Pressers ..	88/ & 91/	95 0	80/8 & 84/4	88 0	..	78/ to 84/
Setters—Head ..	94 0	93 6	80 8	90 0	..	..
" Other ..	88 0	93 6	80 8	90 0	..	70 6
Quarrying—						
Borders—						
Hand or Machine	100 6	96 6	80 2	94 0	84 4	88 0
Assistant ..	92 6	87 6	83 2	88 0	..	81 0
Dressers ..	107 0	103 6	83 2	85 0	..	84 0
Face-men ..	102 6	100 6	83 2	85 0	..	78 0
Gutterers ..	112 0	..	92 10	..	..	84 0
Hammermen ..	98 6	103 6	80 2	88 0	81 7	84 0
Labourers or Strippers ..	92 6	87 6	83 2	85 0	78 10	78 0
Loaders, Plungers, or Truckers ..	92 6	87 6	83 2	85 0	76 10	78 0
Machine Feeders ..	104 6	90 6	84/7 & 88/8	85 0	84 0	81 0
Quarrymen ..	107 0	..	92 10	88 0	90 0	88/ to 102/
Spallers ..	96 6	96 6	87 4	88 0	94 4	84 0
Rope Making—						
Clothes Line Lappers ..	86 6	86 6	82 0	..	..	..
Packers for First Sprander ..	90 6	90 6	82 0	81 6	..	..
Foremen—Head ..	102 6	..	93 0	88 6	..	..
Jenny ..	102 6	..	86 0	83 6	..	..
Knockers Out and Dampers Down ..	86 6	80 6	82 0	78 6	..	..
Oilers ..	89 6	89 6	..	78 6	..	..
Packers ..	86 6	86 6	82 0	78 6	..	..
Reelers—Hand ..	87 0	87 0	82 0	78/6 & 81/6	..	..
Steam ..	87 6	87 6	82 0	85 6	..	..
Rubber Working—						
Calender Hands ..	108/ & 109/0	108/4 & 112/1	..	..	..	..
Compound Weighers ..	93 9	96 1	..	..	..	..
Cycle Tyre Makers ..	92 3	94 7	..	..	..	..
Dough Mixers ..	93 9	96 1	..	..	..	..
Forcing Machinists ..	93 0	96 1	..	..	..	..
Heaters ..	93 9	96 1	..	..	..	..
Hosemakers ..	93 9	96 1	..	..	..	..
Mechanical Lathe Hands ..	94 9	97 1	..	..	..	..
Mill Hands ..	90 9	102 1	..	..	..	..
Moulders—Other ..	93 9	96 1	..	..	..	..
Press Hands ..	93 9	96 1	..	..	..	..
Spreaders ..	93 9	96 1	..	..	..	..
Surgical, Packing, and other Makers ..	94 9	97 1	..	..	..	..
Textile Cutters ..	90/9 & 93/0	93/1 & 96/1	..	..	..	..
Tube Repairers ..	93 9	86 1	88 0	80/ to 90/*	..	..
" Joiners ..	92 3	94 7	88 0	80/ to 90/*	..	..

* Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 147. + Melbourne hours, 44½ and 48 per week.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 147.

GROUP VI—OTHER MANUFACTURING—continued.

Industry and Occupation	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
Rubber Working —continued.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Tyre Moulders ..	100 0	112 1			..	..
Vulcanizers ..	93 9	96 1	*88 0	87/- to 92/*	..	..
Wrappers ..	91 3	93 7	*88 0	..	..	..
Other Adults ..	89 9	92 1	..	..	..	..
Saddlery and Harness-making —						
Collarmakers ..	108 0	108 0	108 0	95 0	} 100 8	108 0
Harnessmakers ..	108 0	108 0	108 0	95 0		
Machinists ..	108 0	108 0	108 0	95 0		
Saddlers ..	108 0	108 0	108 0	95 0		
Sail Making —						
Sailmakers ..	104 0	105 0	*102 0	89 0	75/- to 90/*	..
Ship Building —						
Carpenters and Joiners ..	*110 2	*110 2	*119 2	*119 2	*119 2	*119 2
Dockers ..	118 0	118 0	118 0	118 0	..	..
Painters ..	118 0	118 0	118 0	118 0	..	..
Shipwrights—						
New Work ..	130 0	*110 2	*119 2	130 0	130 0	120 0*
Old Work ..	130 0	*110 2	*119 2	130 0	130 0	120 0*
Soap Making —						
Foremen ..	89/- & 91/0	94 6	*97 0	94 6	..	95 0
General Hands ..	82 0	87 6	*80 0	87 6	87 6*	80 0
Mixers ..	82 0	92 6	*80 0	92 6	..	..
Soap Makers ..	94 0	..	*80 0	96 6	..	100 0
Assistants ..	84 0	96 6	*80 0	..	..	95 0
Tallow Making —						
Tallowinen ..	89 6	95 0	*96/3 to 99/4†	81 0	..	88/- to 95/*
Tanning and Currying —						
Beauismen ..	98 6	98 6	98 6	98 6	98 6	98 6
Curners ..	103 0	103 0	103 0	103 0	103 0	103 0
Fancy Leather Finishers ..	93 0	93 0	93 0	93 0	93 0	93 0
Japanners or Enamellers ..	96 0	96 0	96 0	96 0	96 0	96 0
Jiggers and Grainors (Pithbinding Leather) ..	96 0	96 0	96 0	96 0	96 0	96 0
Labourers ..	87 6	87 6	87 6	87 6	87 6	87 6
Liuenmen and Yardmen ..	90 0	90 0	90 0	90 0	90 0	90 0
Machinists—						
Fleshing ..	98 6	98 6	98 6	98 6	98 6	98 6
Scouring ..	91 0	91 0	91 0	91 0	91 0	91 0
Scudding ..	93 0	93 0	93 0	93 0	93 0	93 0
Shaving ..	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0
Splitting ..	103 0	103 0	103 0	103 0	103 0	103 0
Unhairing ..	93 0	93 0	93 0	93 0	93 0	93 0
Whitening ..	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0
Other ..	91 0	91 0	91 0	91 0	91 0	91 0
Rollers and Strikers ..	95 0	95 0	95 0	95 0	95 0	95 0
Tablemen ..	93 0	93 0	93 0	93 0	93 0	93 0
Tent and Tarpaulin Making —						
Cutters—1st Hand ..	*104 0	95 0	*93 0	..	..	115 0*
2nd Hand ..	*104 0	85 0	*93 0	..	..	85 0*
Dressers ..	*104 0	85 0	..	89 0	..	..
Machinists ..	*104 0	85 0	*93 0	..	..	..
Sewers—Hand ..	*104 0	95 0	*88 6	..	..	..
Tent Makers ..	*104 0	95 0	*93 0	..	75/- to 90/*	..
Wickerworking —						
Bamboo or Wicker Workers ..	105 0	87 6	*102 8	88 0	93 0	90 0
Basket Makers and Repairers ..	109 0	91 6	*97/6 & 100/6	88 0	..	..
Upholsterers ..	102 0	87 6	*102 8	88 0	..	..

* Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 147. † Rates taken from Meat Export Award.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 147.

GROUP VII.—BUILDING.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
Bricklaying—	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Bricklayers—						
Surface	*113 1	*110 0	*110 0	*95 4	*117 4	*100 4
Sewer and Tunnel	*118 10	*117 4	*110 0	*95 4	*117 4	*124 & 118/4
Carpentering—						
Carpenters ..	*107 4	*124 8	*110 0	*118 3	110 0	*121 11
Labouring (Builders)†—						
Bricklayers' Labourers	*101 9	*105 5	*92 2	*98 1	*95 4	*101 9
Carpenters' Labourers	*101 9	*105 5	*92 2	*98 1	*96 2	*101 9
Concrete Workers ..	*101 9	*105 5	*92 2	*98 1	*95 4	*101 9
Earth Excavators ..	*101 9	*105 5	*92 2	*98 1	*96 2	*101 9
Gear Workers ..	*101 9	*105 6	*92 2	*98 1	*95 4	*101 9
Masons' Labourers ..	*101 9	*105 5	*92 2	*98 1	*95 4	*101 9
Plasterers' Labourers	*101 9	*105 5	*92 2	*98 1	*95 4	*101 9
Scaffold Hands ..	*101 9	*105 5	*92 2	*98 1	*95 4	*101 9
Joining and Ceiling—						
Lathers ..	*98 1*		*110 0		*100/ to 20/*	*95 4
Metal Ceilers ..	*96 0*	*114 0*	*110 0		*100/ to 20/*	*106 4*
Masonry—						
Masons ..	*6 & *105/10	*115 0	*124 8	*95 4	*113/8 & 117/4	*106 4
Painting (House) and Glazing—						
Glaziers ..	*102 8	*104 6	*110 0	*93 0	102 0	*106 4
Painters ..	*102 8	*104 6	*110 0	*93 0	102 0	*106 4
Paperhangars ..	*102 8	*104 6	*110 0	*93 0	102 0	*106 4
Signwriters ..	*110 0	*104 6	*110 0	*93 0	102 0	*106 4
Plastering—						
Fibrous Plaster Fixers	*108 4	*96 3	*110 0	*92 7		*106 4
Plasterers—						
Surface ..	*108 4	*110/ to 118/3	*110 0	*95 4	*117 4	*106 4
Sewer or Tunnel ..	*112 2	*122 9	*116/ & 119/	*95 4		*124 & 115/1
Plumbing and Gasfitting—						
Galv. Iron Workers ..	*106 10	*102 8	*110 0	*119 0	104 0	*99/ & 110/
Gasfitters ..	*106 10	*102 8	*110 0	*119 0	104 0	89 0
Plumbers ..	*106 10	*102 8	*110 0	*119 0	104 0	*99/ & 110/
Roofing—						
Shinglers ..	*110 3	*115 6	*110 0			
Slaters ..	*110 3	*115 6	*110 0			
Tilers ..	*110 3	*115 6	*110 0	*96 4	108 0*	*106 4*
108 0					108 0*	*106 4*
Tile Laying—						
Tile Layers ..	*108 0		*110 0	25 0		*106 4
Tuckpointing—						
Tuckpointers ..	*85 0	*90 0	*110 0	*95 4		*120 0*
Water Supply and Sewerage—						
Carpenters ..	107 0	*124 8		*112 0*	104 0	111 0
Concrete Workers ..	98/ & 100/	*105 0	*91/ to 100/2		86 0	94 6
Labourers ..	92 0	*88 6	*80 0	78/8 & 84/0*	80 0	85 6
Miners—Sewer ..	*4 & *102/8 to 133/6	*95/10 & 99/6	*107 6		89 0	97 6
Pipe-jointers & Setters	91/ & 100/	*99 0	*85/6 & 87/1	87 6*	89/ & 98/	91 6
Timbermen ..	100/ & 106/	*101 10	*92 10	87 6*	89 0	91 6
Toolsharpeners ..	100 0			90 6*	89 0	97 0

* Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 147. † The rates of wage quoted for Builders' Labourers for Brisbane and Perth are those payable under State Award or Agreement. The rates quoted for Sydney, Melbourne, Adelaide and Hobart were awarded by the Commonwealth Court of Conciliation and Arbitration. ‡ Piece-work rates. § Per day.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 147.

GROUP VIII.—MINING.

Industry and Occupation	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Queensland.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tasmania.
Coal Mining:—		s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Blacksmiths ..	116/6 to 117/6	117 0	121/6 to 124/6	..	..	104/ & 118/6
Bracemen ..	105/0 to 107/6	113 6	103/ to 124/6	..	..	..
Carpenters ..	113/6 to 121 6	113 6	115/6 to 134/6	..	..	104 0
Deputies ..	129/6 to 140/	130 0	124/6 & 128/	..	..	122/ & 123/
Engine Drivers—						
Winding and Loco.	114 to 132/	109/ & 117/6	114/6 to 150/	121/6 & 127/6	110/6 to 121/6	
Other ..	105/6 to 116/	100 0	105/6 to 138/	..	..
Labourers—						
Surface ..	99 0	99 0	99/ to 117/6	..	..
Underground ..	99/ to 105/6	99 0	101/ to 120/6	99 0	99/ to 100/6	
Miners—						
Machine Manual—	†	†	†	†	†	†
Dry Work ..	†	†	†	†	†	†
Wet Work ..	†	†	†	†	†	†
Platmen or Bauksmen	103/6 to 100/	113 6	99/ to 120/6	109 0	100 6	
Shaft-sinkers—						
Dry Work ..	104/3 to 123/6	126 0	124/6 to 142/6	..	..	†
Wet Work ..	107/8 to 123/6	132 0	138/9 to 151/9	..	..	†
Shiftmen—						
Dry Work ..	99/ to 120/6	113 6	116/6 to 134/6	119 6	116/6 & 120/	
Wet Work ..	99 to 126/6	119 6	125/0 to 143/9	..	..
Shotfirers ..	123/6 to 129/6	..	116/6 & 134/6	119 6	..	
Shovellers ..	90/ to 105/6	99 0	..	110 0	..	
Skip-repairers ..	99/ to 106/6	99 0	..	..	..	104 0
Strikers ..	99/ to 102/	99 0	..	..	..
Timbermen ..	102/ to 119/	126 0	116/6 & 134/6	109 0	..	
Weighmen ..	109/6 to 112/6	120 0	..	..	..
Wheelers ..	103/6 to 100/	105 0	105/0 to 126/6	109/6 & 115/6	100 6	
Gold and Other Mining—						
(except Coal) —						
Blattary Feeders ..	82/ to 96/	74/11 to 86/11	79 to 97/2	..	81/ to 91/6	73/6 to 76/4
Bracemen ..	85/ to 98/	79/11 to 91/11	81/5 to 102/8	61 6	90/ to 100/6	70/6 to 79/4
Engine Drivers—						
Stationary ..	93/1 to 102/	90/7 to 112/7	82/ to 121/	89/ to 78/	87/10 to 107/4	81/6 to 99/7
Winding and Loco.	103/1 to 120/	100/7 to 120/5	90/ to 132/	75/ & 78/	97/10 to 114/4	91/6 to 105/7
Firemen ..	87/1 to 98/	84/7 to 99/6	79/ to 100/4	63/ & 69/	81/10 to 95/4	73/6 to 86/
Labourers ..	82 to 90/	74/11 to 86/11	77/ to 97/2	60/ to 63/	81/ to 94/6	73/6 to 76/4
Miners—						
Machine ..	88/ to 99/	80/11 to 104/11	83/6 to 110/11	†\$	94/ to 111/6	82/6 to 88/4
Manual—						
Dry Work ..	88/ to 99/	88/11 to 102/8	83/6 to 102/8	†\$	89/ to 106/6	82/6 to 88/4
Wet Work ..	94/ to 105/	89/11 to 108/11	95/4 to 110/11	†\$	98/ to 111/6	88/6 to 94/4
Platmen ..	85/ to 96/	79/11 to 91/11	81/5 to 102/8	61 0	90/ to 104/6	78/6 to 79/4
Shaft Sinkers—						
Dry Work ..	91/ to 99/	89/11 to 104/11	83/6 to 110/11	†\$	96/ to 111/6	88/6 to 94/4
Wet Work ..	97/ to 105/	95/11 to 110/11	83/6 to 110/11	†\$	107/ to 120/6	94/6 to 97/4
Shift Bosses ..	..	84/11 to 102/11	111/10 to 120/1	81/ & 87/	..	..
Timbermen ..	80/6 to 105/	85/5 to 102/2	89/ to 110/11	80/ & 78/6	96/ to 111/6	85/6 to 94/4

* Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 147. † Piece-work rates. ‡ The hours of labour for coal miners in the Commonwealth were fixed by a special tribunal appointed under the War Precautions Act as follows:—Eight hours bank to bank inclusive of one half-hour for meal time on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday and six hours bank to bank, inclusive of one half-hour for meal time on Saturday, Sundays and holidays. The customary number of shifts per fortnight is eleven, the colliers not working on pay Saturday. An industrial agreement registered under

[For continuation of footnote see next page.]

APPENDIX.

GROUP IX.—RAILWAY AND TRAMWAY TRANSPORT.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney	Melbourne	Brisbane	Adelaide	Perth	Hobart
Railways†—	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Engine Drivers (Loco.)—						
1st Class	130 0	117 0	115/- to 125/-	122 0	135 0	117 0
2nd Class	124 0	111/- & 114/-	100/- to 110/-	116 0	123 0	114 0
3rd Class	118 0	105/- & 108/-	103/- to 113/-	110 0	115 0	111 0
4th Class	112 0	99/- & 102/-	97/- to 107/-	107 0	107 0	108 0
5th Class	106 0	..	97/- to 107/-	..	101 0	102/- & 105/-
Firemen—						
1st Class	100 0	93 0	90/- to 100/-	99 0	95 0	96 0
2nd Class	94 0	90 0	90/- to 100/-	95 0	80 0	93 0
3rd Class	88 0	84/- & 87/-	84/- to 94/-	92 0	83 0	87/- & 90/-
Guards—						
1st Class	97/- to 103/-	102/- & 105/-	110/- to 120/-	101 0	101 0	101/- & 104/-
2nd Class	91/- to 97/-	87/- to 99/-	101/- to 111/-	90 0	98 0	95/- & 98/-
3rd Class	85/- to 91/-	84/- to 90/-	95/- to 105/-	89 0	92/- & 95/-	89/- & 92/-
Porters ..	82/- to 91/-	78/- to 93/-	81/- to 95/-	78/- & 83/-	77/- & 80/-	77/- to 86/-
Shunters—						
1st Class	104/- to 113/-	102 0	110/- to 120/-	95 0	80 0	89 0
2nd Class	95/- to 106/-	96 0	103/- to 113/-	92 0	83 0	96 0
3rd Class	91 0	90/- & 93/-	98/- to 100/-	..	83 0	..
Ordinary ..	91 0	84/- & 87/-	94/- to 101/-	..	83 0	..
Signalmen—						
Special ..	108 0	103/- to 116/-	101/- & 110/-	104 0	..	..
1st Class ..	109/- & 112/-	90 0	101/- to 111/-	98 0	95 0	80/- & 80/-
2nd Class ..	106 0	93 0	96/- to 106/-	95 0	80 0	80/- & 83/-
3rd Class ..	103 0	90 0	90/- to 100/-	89 0	85 0	..
4th Class ..	91/- to 100/-	87 0	85/- to 96/-	86 0	80 0	..
Tramways (Electric and Cable)—						
Car Washers or Cleaners ..	86 0	97 6	92 7	88 6	83 0	92 0
Conductors—						
1st Year ..	89 0	97 6	85/- & 88/-	90/- & 92/-	85/- & 92/-	89 0
2nd Year ..	92 0	100 6	88/- & 98/-	92 6	92 0	92 0
3rd Year ..	95 0	103 6	93/- & 103/-	96/- & 98/-	92 0	93/- to 98/-
Firemen—						
Four Fires ..	95 0	109 6	91 0	98 0	96 0	..
Less than Four Fires ..	88/- to 95/-	106 6	91 0	..	90 0	..
Horse Drivers ..	80 0	103 6	82 0	95 6	87 0	94 0
Labourers ..	83 0	91/6 & 97/6	85 0	86 6	83 0	80/- & 92/-
Lamp Trimmers ..	83 0	..	..	..	..	..
Maintenance Men ..	86 0	100 6	92 7	80 6	87 0	95 0
Motormen or Grip-men—						
1st Year ..	95 0	97 6	85/- & 88/-	92 6	92 0	92 0
2nd Year ..	98 0	100 6	88/- & 93/-	95 6	92 0	95 0
3rd Year ..	101 0	103 6	92/- & 103/-	98/6 & 100/-	92 0	98 0
Night Watchmen ..	86 0	96 3	83/- 83 0	89 6	97 0	89 0
Overhead Wiremen—						
Leading ..	100 0	118 0	123 11	90 0	105 0	98 0
Other ..	91 0	110 0	110 2	92 6	95 0	95 0
Pitmen ..	97 0	100/6 & 112/6	93/6 & 95/6	92/6 & 95/6	92 0	98/- & 101/-
Signalmen ..	101/- to 107/-	106/6 & 112/6	90/- & 100/-	98/6 to 105/-	..	..
Tower Wagon Drivers—						
Horse ..	88 0	103 6	82 0	95 6	87 0	91 0
Motor ..	97 0	103 6	..	98 6	92 0	98 0
Track Cleaners ..	86 0	97 0	85 0	89 6	97 0	92 0
Trimmers or Fuchmen ..	88 0	..	87 0	89/- & 92/-	83 0	..

* Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 117. † The hours of labour for railway employees are 48 per week in New South Wales and Victoria (96 per fortnight), except in the following cases:—Victoria—Shunters and signalmen in 1st and special class boxes, 88 hours per fortnight, South Australia—Porters and signalmen, 48 to 57 hours. Owing to the difference in the classification of grades of railway employees in the various States only minimum and maximum rates are quoted, excluding those for foremen.

The State Arbitration Act in Western Australia provides that no person shall be employed below ground in coal mines for more than seven consecutive hours in twenty-four hours, or for more than forty-two hours in any week. The wages for Victoria are those paid at the State Coal Mine, Wonthaggi. The number of hours constituting a full week's work in the mining industry is as follows:—N.S.W.—Broken Hill—Underground workers, 35 hours; surface workers, 44 hours. Other Districts—Underground workers, 44 hours; surface workers, 48 hours. Victoria, W. Australia and Tasmania—Miners and others underground, 44 hours; engine-drivers and workers above ground, 48 hours. Queensland—Central Division—Miners and others underground work three shifts of 48, 44 and 40 hours each week, payment to be made as though 48 hours had been worked each week: engine-drivers and others above ground, 48 hours. Mt. Perry—Miners, &c., 48 hours. Other Districts—Miners, &c., 44 hours. South Australia—Miners and others underground 44 hours day shift, 46 hours night shift; engine-drivers and others above ground, 48 hours.

* Note.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 147.

GROUP X.—OTHER LAND TRANSPORT.

Industry and Occupation	Sydney.	Melbourne	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth	Hobart.
Carrying—Merchandise—	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Carters—						
One Horse ..	87 6	94 0	82 0	94 0	94 0	94 0
Two Horses ..	92 6	99 0	87 0	99 0	99 0	99 0
Three Horses ..	96 6	101 0	90 0	101 0	101 0	101 0
Corporation Carriers—						
One Horse ..	*94 0	94 0	82 0	94 0	94 0	94 0
Two Horses ..	*103 0	99 0	87 0	99 0	99 0	99 0
Jinkers—						
One Horse ..	87 6	102 0	89 0	102 0	102 0	102 0
Two Horses ..	92 6	107 0	94 0	107 0	107 0	107 0
Sanitary carters ..	91/0 & 99/0	98/ to 108/	88 0		98/ to 108/	98/ to 108/
Stable Hands ..	87/ & 92/	93 0	80 0	93 0	93 0	93 0
Tip Dray Drivers ..	87/ & 92/	94 0	82 0	94 0	94 0	94/ & 99/
Motor Lorries and Wagons—						
Under 3 tons ..	89/0 to 98/6	99/ & 103/	81/ to 92/	99/ & 103/	99/ & 103/	99/ & 103/
3 tons or over ..	98/6 & 102/6	107 0	97/ & 102/	107 0	107 0	107
Carrying—Passenger—						
Chauffeurs ..	*89 0	90/ & 96/1	*90 0		..	*90 0
Lift Attendants—						
Goods ..	82 0	80 0	*85 0	70/ to 80/*	75 0	78 0
Passenger ..	82 0	80 0	80/ & 82/	70/ to 80/*	75 0	66 0*

GROUP XI.—SHIPPING, WHARF LABOUR, ETC.

Industry and Occupation	N.S.W.	Victoria	Queensland.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tasmania.
Waterside Working—	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Wharf Labourers per hour ..	2 11½	2 11½	2 11	2 11½	2 11½	2 11½
Passenger Vessels—Intra States—						
Cooks—						
Chief per month ..	343/6 to 413/6\$||	393 6\$	398 6\$	398 6\$	398 6\$	398/ & 398/6\$||
Second ..	273/6 to 313/6\$||	288 6\$||	288 6\$||	288 6\$||	288 6\$||	288/ & 288/6\$||
Third ..	273 6\$	..	..	..	..	..
Ships ..	313 6\$	..	..	..	..	..
Pantrymen ..	320 0\$	320 0\$	320 0\$	320 0\$	320 0\$	..
Assistant ..	290/ & 300/¶	290/ & 300/¶	290/ & 300/¶	290/ & 300/¶	290/ & 300/¶	..
Stewards ..	300/ & 340/¶	300/ & 340/¶	300/ & 340/¶	300/ & 340/¶	300/ & 340/¶	300/ & 340/¶
Passenger Vessels—Inter-states—		s. d.			s. d.	
Bakers per month ..	358 6||				373 6||	
Carmen ..	300 0***¶				300 0***¶	
Butchers ..	308 6||				328 6||	
Cooks—						
Chief ..	428 6||				458 6||	
Second ..	348 6||				345 6||	
Third ..	288 6||				288 6||	
Ships ..	338 0||				338 0||	
Pantrymen ..	320 0***¶				320 0***¶	
Scullerymen ..	268 6||				268 6||	
Stewards—						
Chief Saloon ..	310 0***¶				310 0***¶	
Second ..	340 0***¶				340 0***¶	
Second Saloon ..	340 0***¶				340 0***¶	
Foro Cabin ..	320 0***¶				320 0***¶	
Bedroom ..						
and Other ..	300 0***¶				300 0***¶	

* Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 147. † 48 and 51 hours per week. ‡ Rate of wage quoted is for other than special cargo. § Rates of wage quoted are in addition to victualling and accommodation. ¶ Not more than 9 hours per day. In the tropics 8 hours. || Not more than 10 hours per day when at sea, 9 per day when in intermediate ports, and 8 per day when in terminal ports.

Note.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 147.

GROUP XI.—SHIPPING, WHARF LABOUR, ETC.—continued.

Industry and Occupation	N.S.W.	Victoria	Queensland	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tasmania
All Vessels—Interstate ^{**} —				s. d.		
A.B. Seafarers per month				336 1		
Boatswains "				350 1		
Donkeymen "				396 1		
Firermen "				876 1		
Greasers "				376 1		
Lamp Trimmers "				356 1		
Fuel Trimmers "				336 1		
Marine Engineers ^{††} —		Vessels. 100 N.H.P. and under. 020/ to 670/		Vessels. Over 100 N.H.P. 600/ to 1030/		
Chief per month		510/		510/ to 670/		
Second "		460/		460/ to 660/		
Third "				400/ to 500/		
Fourth "						
5th, 6th, 7th, and 8th "						
Merchant Services ^{††} —		Passenger Vessels. Lowest Class, 125 tons and under.	Interstate Cargo Vessels. Lowest Class, 60 tons and under.	390/ Highest Class over 8,000 tons.		
Masters per month		043/	10,000 tons.	555/		
Officers—						
Chief "		503/	603/	443/		
Second "		441/	603/	403/		
Third "		..	543/	..		
Fourth and Fifth "			403/	..		

GROUP XII.—AGRICULTURAL, PASTORAL, ETC.

Industry and Occupation	N.S.W.	Victoria	Queensland	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tasmania
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Farming ^{**} —						
General Hands [§] ..	25/ to 50/	25/ to 45/	25/ to 40/	30/ to 45/	40/ to 55/	30/ to 45/
Harvesters [§] ..	54/ to 72/	48/ to 80/	48/ to 80/	60/ to 80/	48/ to 80/	48/ to 72/
Milkers [§] ..	25/ to 35/	25/ to 45/	25/ to 35/	30/ to 40/	45/ to 50/	30/ to 45/
Ploughmen [§] ..	35/ to 50/	30/ to 50/	30/ to 45/	35/ to 45/	40/ to 60/	35/ to 50/
Chaffcutters—						
Portable ..	..	1084 0	..	..	..	* 92/0 & 95/
Stationary ..	..	1084 0	..	..	..	* 102/0 & 95/
Threshers—						
Feeders ..	..	..	..	..	..	* 95 0
Machinists ..	..	..	..	..	..	* 92 0
Gardening [¶] —						
Gardeners ..	86 0*	78 0	89 8	78/ to 90/*	86 0	88 0
Labourers ..	78 0*	75 0	80 0	72/ to 78/*	80 0	85 6
Nurserymen ..	86/0 & 94/*	78 0	86 6	78/ to 100/*	80/ to 100/*	88 6
Labourers ..	78 0*	73 0	80 0	72/ to 78/*	72 0*	85 6
Pastoral Workers ^{¶¶} —						
Cooks [§] ..	88 0	88 0	102 0	88 0	88 0	88 0
Shearers .. per 100	38 0	38 0	40 0	38 0	38 0	38 0
Shed Hands ..	75 10	75 10	90 0	75 10	75 10	75 10
Wool Pressers ..	99 4	99 4	110 0	99 4	99 4	99 4
Rural Workers—						
Fruit Harvesters ..	\$8/\$10 99/10	82/0 to 98/		75/0 to 92/	\$81/4 & 87/4 84/4 & 90/4	

* Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 147. † Rates of wage quoted are in addition to victualling and accommodation. § Rates of wage quoted are in addition to board and lodging provided. ‡ Minimum rates under the Commonwealth Award are classified according to nominal horse-power of vessels. || Minimum rates under the Commonwealth Award are classified for interstate vessels, and for vessels within a State according to tonnage; the lowest and highest classes for interstate passenger and cargo vessels are here given. ** Hours in the farming industry vary considerably, and no reliable particulars can be published. †† Marine Engineers.—Not more than 8 hours per day in cases where one and where three or more engineers are employed, and not more than 12 hours per day where two engineers are employed, to be worked without payment for overtime. Masters and Officers.—Ordinary length of duty in a day at sea or in port or partly at sea and partly in port shall be 8 hours. Five intervals of 24 consecutive hours' leave to be allowed each master, officer or engineer each calendar month. §§ Not more than 8 hours per day. ¶¶ Brisbane and Perth rates are for employees of local authorities. ¶¶ Shearers' and woolpressers' hours are 44 per week; shed hands' hours are the same as shearers with such additional time as may be necessary to finish picking up fleeces, &c. Should the time engaged picking up, &c., exceed 30 minutes per day, all time thereafter must be paid as overtime. The hours of cooks are not regulated.

Note.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 147.

GROUP XIII.—DOMESTIC, HOTELS, ETC.

NOTE.—The rates of wage specified for employees in Clubs, Hotels, and Restaurants represent the weekly cash payment where Board and Lodging are not provided.

Industry and Occupation	Sydney	Melbourne	Brisbane	Adelaide	Perth	Hobart
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Clubs (Residential)—						
Barmen ..	37/6 82 0	82 6	85 0	87 0	81/- to 95/*	
Billiard Markers ..	37/6 82 0	78 0	80 0	79 6	66 0*	2180 0
Lift Attendants ..	37/6 82 0	180 0	80/- & 82/-	79 6		
Porters—Day Work ..	37/6 82 0	78 0	80 0	79 6	66 0*	2157 0
" Night Work ..	37/6 82 0	78 0	80 0	79 6	77 0*	2157 0
Cooks (Hotels and Restaurants)—						
Chefs ..	107/6 to 140/6	83/- to 121/-	94/- & 99/-	104/6 to 129/6	100/- & 108/-	2169/- to 119/6
Cooks—Second ..	80/- to 110/6	80/- to 103/-	84 0	89/6 to 104/-	86/- & 92/-	2155/6 to 96/-
Third ..	86/- to 100/6	79/- to 83/-	84 0	89/6 & 93/-	85 0	2155/6 to 78/-
Kitchenmen ..	82 0	82 6	80 0	79 6	80 0	2161 6
Hairdressing—						
Full Hands ..	14100 0	100 0	93 0	87 0	100 0	1400
Hairdressers ..	1495 0	1490 0				
Hotels—						
Barmen ..	82 0	85 0	85 0	87 0	95 0	2182 0
Billiard Markers ..	82 0	82 6	80 0	79 6	80 0	2181 0
Handymen ..	82 0	82 6	80 0	79 6	80 0	2151/ & 56/6
Lift Attendants ..	82 0	180 0	80/- & 82/-	79 6		2154/ & 61/6
Porters—Day Work ..	82 0	82 6	80 0	79 6	80 0	2154 0
Night Work ..	82 0	82 6	80 0	79 6	85 0	2161 6
Waiters—Head ..	92 0	85 0	80 0	84 0		2178/- & 90/-
" Other ..	82 0	82 6	80 0	79 6	84 0	2160/6 to 78/-
Restaurants—						
Pantryman ..	82/- & 84/6	78 0	82 6	79 6	80 0	2161 6
Waiters ..	82 to 87/-	78 0	82 6	79/6 & 82/-	81 0	2180/6 to 78/-

GROUP XIV.—MISCELLANEOUS AND GENERAL LABOUR.

Industry and Occupation	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide	Perth.	Hobart.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Bill Posting—						
Billposters ..	84 0	75 0	80 0	75/- to 84/*	1480/- to 900/*	78 0
Factory Engine Driving—						
Enging Drivers (Stationary)—						
1st Class ..	108/3 & 111/3	105 0	106 0	104/11 & 107/11	96/7 & 99/7	106/10 & 109/10
2nd Class ..	105 3	102 0	98 0	101 11	91 7	103 10
3rd Class ..	102 3	102 0	99 0	98 11	90 7	100 10
Firermen—						
1st Class ..	96 3	102 0	88 0	95 11	84 7	94 10
2nd Class ..	93/3 & 04/9	94/6 & 99/-		88/5 & 94/11	81/7 & 85/10	101/10 & 93/4
Greasers ..	93 3	94 6	88 0	80 11	81 7	91 10
Trimmers ..	91 0	94 6	87 0	88 3	80 1	90 4
Fuel Distribution (Coal and Coke)—						
Baggers and Loaders ..	87 6	110 0		86 0	..	90 0*
Carters—						
One Horse ..	87 6	88 0	82 0	90 0	94 0	94 0
Two Horses ..	92 6	93 0	87 0	95 0	99 0	99 0
Trimmers ..	87 6	110 0	..	86 0	..	97 0*

* Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 117.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 147.

GROUP XIV—MISCELLANEOUS AND GENERAL LABOUR—continued.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
Fuel Distribution (Fire-wood)—	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Carters—One Horse ..	87 6	93 0	82 0	90 0	94 0	94 0
" Two Horses ..	92 6	98 0	87 0	95 0	99 0	99 0
Sawyers ..	87 6	97 6	88 0	95 0	..	90 0*
Yardmen ..	87 6	98 6	..	86 0	..	70 0*
Other Adults ..	87 6	91/6 & 93/6	..	88 0	..	..
Marine Stores—						
Boat Washers ..	89 0	82 6	80 0	*90 0	80 0	..
Foremen ..	91 0	85 6	85 0	*100 0	..	..
General Hands ..	89 0	82 6	80 0	*100 0	80 0	..
Municipal—						
Labourers ..	*94 0	91 6	*80 0	77 6	80 0	85 6
Street Sweepers ..	*94 0	96 6	*80 0	77 6	80/ & 82/	85 6
Shop & other Assistants—						
Boot Salesmen ..	96 6	1*94 0	1*91 6	85 0	85 0	1*85/ to 100/
Chemists' Assistants ..	94/ & 103/	110 0	103 6	*80 0	110 0	110 0
Clerks ..	89 6	*8 & 1*85/	*95 0†	*87 0	*85 0	110 0
Confectionery Salesmen ..	*86 0	81 6	1*91 6	..	85 0	80 0
Drapery Salesmen ..	96 6	1*100 0	1*91 6	85 0	85 0	1*85/ to 100/
Fruit Salesmen ..	85 0	81 6	1*91 6	..	..	80 0
Furniture Salesmen ..	96 6	1*102 6	1*91 6	82/6 to 87/6	85 0	85/ to 100/
Grocery Salesmen ..	91 6	97 6	1*91 6	82 0	85 0	80 0
Newsmen's Assistants ..	85 0	82/6 & 95/	1*91 6	85 0	85 0	90 0
Railway Bookstall Assistants ..	85 0	82/6 & 95/	1*91 6	85 0	85 0	90 0
Tobacconists' Assts. ..	87 6	1*90 0	1*91 6	90 0	85 0	80 0
Clothing (Men's)—						
Collectors, Doormen, and Travellers ..	96 6	1*105 0	..	..	80 6	1*103 0
Departmental Managers ..	104/ & 109/	1*110 0	..	..	84 0	..
Parcels Officeemen ..	..	1*87 6	..	..	86 0	1*85/ to 100/
Salesmen ..	96 6	1*100 0	1*91 6	85 0	..	..
Hardware						
Managers—						
Branch ..	104/ & 109/	102 6	..	..	..	..
Departmental ..	104/ & 109/	107/6 to 125/	..	..	..	110 0
Salesmen—						
Junior ..	82/ & 86/6	60/ to 88/0	1*80/ & 82/6	77/6 & 80/	..	60 to 85/
Outside ..	..	102 6	..	82/6 to 87/6	..	95 0
Senior ..	96 6	97 6	1*91 6	82/6 to 87/6	85 0	90 0
Storemen—Packing, Cleaning, &c.—						
Night Watchmen ..	*86 6/5 & 87/6	1*96/3 & 112/0	1*93 0	*85 0	..	*160/ to 90/*
Office Cleaners ..	85/ to 90/	1*86 3	80 0	..	80 0	1*75 0
Packers—General ..	1*85/6 to 90/	91 6	*85 0	81 6	85 0	81 6
Storemen—General ..	1*84/ to 87/	91 6	*85 0	81 6	84 0	81 6
Wholesale Grocery—						
Packers—Head ..	89/ to 110/6	90/ to 107/	*90/ to 115/	95 6	85 0	87/6 & 94/
" Other ..	85 6	91 6	*85 0	81 6	85 0	80 0
Storemen—Head ..	89/ to 110/6	90/ to 115/	*90/ to 115/	95 6	87 0	87/6 & 94/
" Other ..	84 0	91/6 & 99/	*85 0	81 6	84 0	80 0
Wholesale Hardware—						
Packers ..	88 0	96 3	*85 0	81 6	85 0	80 0
Storemen ..	85 0	96 3	*85 0	81 6	84 0	80 0
Surveying—						
Surveyors Cooks (for 7 days)	87 6	*80 0*	\$90 0	*108 7*	93 4*	..
Foremen ..	91 0	93 0*	..	..	98 0*	..
.. Labourers ..	85 0	84 0*	85 0	78 6*	92 0*	..

* Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 147. † In retail shops same hours as other employees. ‡ Hours usually worked prior to 21st March, 1922. § Number of hours per week not regulated. ¶ 47½, 47½, and 48 hours. || Hobart rate from Retail Grocers Determination.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 147.

APPENDIX V.

Minimum Rates of Wage for Adult Female Workers in the Main Occupations in the Capital City of Each State for a Full Week's Work at 31st December, 1893.

(See Explanatory Note at top of page 147.)

GROUP III.—FOOD, DRINK, TOBACCO, ETC.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth	Hobart.
Biscuit Making—	s. d	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Adult Females ..	*43 0	42 0	*41 0	35 0	*35 0	45 0
Butter Making—						
Adult Females ..	..	51 0	41 0	37 0	..	40/- & 54/-
Cheese Making—						
Adult Females ..	..	51 0	41 0	..	..	..
Confectionery—						
Chocolate Dippers ..	141 0	50 0	*22 0	35 0	..	1250 0*
Other Adults ..	141 0	50 0	*42 0	35 0	1	1250 0*
Jam Making and Preserving—						
Filers ..	48 0	48 0	45 0	48 0	*35 0	48 0
Other Adults ..	41 0	42 0	40 0	41 0	*35 0	41 0
Pastry Cooks—						
Adult Females ..	43/- to 64/-	42 0	64 0	..	..	..
Tea Packing—						
Head Women ..	1241 6	52 0	*44/6 to 54/-	..	..	..
Other Adults ..	1241 6	44 0	*41 0	37 0	*36 0	..
Tobacco Working (Cigars)—						
Ringers ..	41 0	24 0	..	..	..	..
Wrapper Leaf Strippers ..	41 0	50/- & 55/-	..	..	..	..

GROUP IV.—CLOTHING, HATS, BOOTS, ETC.

Industry and Occupation	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide	Perth	Hobart.
	s. d	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Bootmaking—						
Machinists — WAX Thread ..	*53 0	55 0	46 0	*55 0	46 0	*55 0
Other Adults ..	46 0	46 0	46 0	46 0	46 0	46 0
Dressmaking—						
Adult Females ..	47/6 to 68/6	47/6 to 68/6	47/6 to 68/6	47/6 to 68/6	45/- to 31/-	47/6 to 68/6
Dyers and Cleaners—						
Adult Females ..	47/6 to 55/-	47/6 to 55/-	..	47/6 to 55/-	45 0	47/6 to 55/-
Hat Making (Straw)—						
Finishers ..	*50 0	50 0	*50 0	..	..	..
Machinists ..	*50 0	50 0	*50 0	..	..	..
Millinery—						
Adult Females ..	*47/6 & 50/0	*47/6 & 50/0	*47/6 & 50/0	*47/6 & 50/0	*15 0	*47/6 & 50/0
Sheet Making—						
Adult Females ..	*47/6 to 57/0	*47/6 to 57/0	*47/6 to 57/0	*47/6 to 57/0	*45/- & 53/-	*47/6 to 57/0
Tailoring (Order)—						
Machinists—						
Coat Hands ..	57 0	57 0	57 0	57 0	52 0	57 0
Trousers, Vest Hds ..	52 0	52 0	52 0	52 0	52 0	52 0
Tailresses—						
Coat Hands ..	57 0	57 0	57 0	57 0	52 0	57 0
Trousers, Vest Hds ..	52 0	52 0	52 0	52 0	53 1	52 0

* Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 147. † Piece rates. ‡ 46 and 48 hours per week.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 147.

GROUP IV.—CLOTHING, HATS, BOOTS, ETC.—continued.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Tailoring (Ready-made)—						
Machinists—						
Coat Hands ..	*52 6	*52 6	*52 6	*52 6	*48 0	*52 6
Trousers, Vest Hds.	*50 6	*50 6	*50 6	*50 6	*46 0	*50 6
Tailresses—						
Coat Hands ..	*52 0	*52 6	*52 0	*52 6	*48 0	*52 6
Trousers, Vest Hds.	*49 0	*49 0	*49 0	*49 0	*45 0	*49 0
Textile Working (Woollen Mills)—						
Comb Minders ..	*44 0	42 0	43 0	..	..
Drawers and Menders ..	*48/0 & 53/0	42 0	43 0	..	..
Gillbox Minders ..	*44 0	42 0	43 0	..	..
Warpers ..	*48/0 & 53/0	45 0	43 0	42 0*	..	
Weavers—Loom ..	*53 0	40 0	43 0	48 0*	..	
Other Adults ..	*44 0	42 0	43 0	42 0*	..	
Underclothing—						
Adult Females ..	*47/6 to 57/0	*47/6 to 57/0	*47/6 to 57/0	*47/6 to 57/0	*45/6 & 53/	*47/6 to 57/0

GROUPS I., II., V., AND VI.—PRINTING AND OTHER MANUFACTURING.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Bedding and Furniture—						
Bedding Machinists ..	*44 0	*48 0	*42 2	*45 0	50 0	45 0
Mattress (Wire)Workers ..	*59 0	..	..	..	50 0	46 0
Picture Frame Workers ..	*47 0	*48 0	..	..	50 0	..
Bookbinding—						
Folders ..	*44 0	48 0	*43 0	47 0	*45 0*	*45 0
Sewers ..	*46/0 & 48/6	50 6	*48 0	50 0	*45 0*	*47 0
Brush Making—						
Bass Broom Drawers ..	*47 6	..	45 0	36 0	..	..
Bench Drawers ..	*47 6	44 0	45 0	36 0	..	..
Machinists — Treadle Knot ..	*47 6	44 0	45 0	36 0	..	..
Candle Making—						
Adult Females ..	41 0	45 0	..	45 0	..	35 0
Cardboard Box Making—						
Box Makers ..	44 0	48/0 & 53/6	*43 0	45 6	*52 0	..
Other Adults ..	44 0	46 0	*43 0	41/6 & 43/0	*52 0	..
Jewellery—						
Chamomakers ..	51/6 & 56/	67 6	*63 0	..	..	..
Enamel Fitters ..	41 0	45 0	*63 0	..	..	..
Gilders ..	51 0	65 0	*53 0	*55 0	53 6	..
Polishers ..	51 0	55/10 65/	*53 0	*55 0	..	..
Scratch Brushers ..	51 0	45 0	*53 0	*55 0	..	..
Workers N.E.I. ..	50 0	87 0	*53 0	..	..	..
Leather Small Goods—						
Hand Stitchers ..	*53 0	*53 0	*53 5	40 0	*50 0	*53 0
Other Adults ..	*53 0	*53 0	*53 5	46 0	*50 0	*53 0
Paper Making—						
Adult Females ..	41 0	40/6 & 41/6	..	..	..	..
Paper Bag Making—						
Adult Females ..	44 0	42 0	*43 0	41 6	..	..
Polish Making—						
Adult Females ..	43 0*	45 0	..	45 0	..	..
Portmaneau Making—						
Adult Females ..	*53 0	*53 0	*53 5	46 0	*50 0	*53 0
Potteries—						
Adult Females ..	41 6	40 0	*47 8	..	..	..

* Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 147. † Hours of labour per week : 48 (daylight), 46 (artificial light).

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 147.

GROUPS I., II., V., AND VI.—PRINTING AND OTHER MANUFACTURING—*continued.*

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Printing—						
Jobbing Office Assistants, Lithographing Feeders	44 6 46 6	48 0 48 0	44 0 44 0	47/ & 50/ 50 0	45 0 45 0	45 0 45 0
Rubber Working—						
Adult Females	48 11	49 3½†	..	..	..	..
Saddlery and Harness Making—						
Adult Females	53 0	53 9	53 5	46 0	50 0	53 9
Salt Making—						
Adult Females	42/6 to 45/6	44/10 5½	43/ & 48/	42 0	40/10 50/*	..
Soap Making—						
Adult Females	41 6	45 0	44 0	45 0	..	36 0
Tent and Tarpaulin Making						
Machinists	42/6 to 45/6	44/10 50/	43/ & 48/	42 0	40/10 50/*	..
Wickerworking—						
Adult Females	46 6	..	..	50 6	50 0	45 0

GROUP XIII.—DOMESTIC, HOTELS, ETC.

NOTE.—The rates of wage mentioned herein for employees in Hotels and Restaurants represent the weekly cash payment where Board and Lodging are not provided.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney	Melbourne	Brisbane	Adelaide	Perth.	Hobart.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Hotels—						
Barmaids ..	54 6	63 0	70 0	75 0	95 0	101 0
Housemaids ..	48 6	54 0	41 0	53 0	59 6	47/ to 51/
Laundresses ..	54 0	57 0	46 0	58 0	59 6	54 0
Waitresses—Head	49 6	57 0	41 0	58 0	..	10/66/6
Other ..	49 6	54 0	41 0	53 0	50 6	47/1054/6
Laundries—						
General Hands	41 6	28/ to 43/*	41 0	38 6	54 0	24 0
Machinists—						
Shirt and Collar ..	41/6 & 45/6	38/6 to 50/*	41 0	42 0	60 0	24/ & 30/
Sorters ..	41/6 & 45/6	40/ to 46/*	41 0	42 0	54 0	24 0
Starchers ..	41 6	30/ to 36/*	41 0	38 6	34 0	24 0
Washers ..	41/6 & 50/6	38/6 to 42/*	41 0	38 6	66 0	36 0
Office Cleaning—						
Adult Females ..	42/6 to 53/6	46/7 10	45/ & 57/	..	1 0‡	..
Restaurants—						
Pantry Maids ..	49 0	47 0	42 0	39 0	57 6	48 0
Waitresses ..	40/ & 52/	47 0	42 0	40/6 to 50/6	59 6	47/1034/6

GROUP XIV.—SHOP ASSISTANTS, CLERKS, ETC.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney	Melbourne	Brisbane	Adelaide	Perth	Hobart.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Clerks, &c.¶—						
Cashiers ..	48 9	5 & 152/6	71 08	52 0	50 0	50 0
Clerical Assistant ..	48 0	* & 132/6 & 55/	71 03	52 0	..	50 0
Saleswomen—						
Boot ..	52 6	147 6	153 0	36 6	50/ & 55/	150 0
Drapery ..	52 6	150 0	153 0	36 6	50/ & 55/	150 0
Fruit and Confectionery ..	45 6	45 0	153 0	..	50 0	40 0
Newspaper and Book- stall ..	50 0	45/ & 50/	153 0	36 6	50 0	60 0
Tobacconists ..	54 6	148 0	153 0	50 0	50 0	40 0

* Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 147. † 46½ and 48 hours. ‡ Per hour. With minimum of 26 hours per week. § In retail shops same hours as other employees. ¶ Hobart rates from Retail Grocers Determination.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 147.

APPENDIX VI.

Rates of Wage and Hours of Labour, Australia and England, July, 1914, to 30th June, 1923.

INDUSTRY AND OCCUPATION.	July, 1914.				31st December, 1921.				31st December, 1922.				30th June, 1923.			
	SYDNEY.		LONDON.		SYDNEY.		LONDON.		SYDNEY.		LONDON.		SYDNEY.		LONDON.	
	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.
Coopering—																
Coopers	66/- to 74/-	48	..	..	110 0	44	94 0	47	104 0	44	82 3	47	104 0	48	74 5	47
Furniture—																
Cabinetmakers	60 0	48	47 11	50	101 9	44	92 1	47	98 1	44	82 3	47	99 0	48	82 3	47
Chairmakers	60 0	48	46/- & 47/11	48 & 50	101 9	44	92 1	47	98 1	44	82 3	47	99 0	48	82 3	47
French Polishers	60 0	48	38/- & 39/7	48 & 50	101 9	44	90 1	47	98 1	44	80 4	47	99 0	48	80 4	47
Wood Machinists	60 0	48	46/- & 47/11	48 & 50	101 9	44	92 1	47	98 1	44	82 3	47	99 0	48	82 3	47
Boilermaking—																
Boilermakers*	66 0	48	40/6 & 47/-	48 & 54	107 8½	44	77 1/6 & 83/10	47	103 6	48	57/6 & 64/-	47	104 6	48	57/6 & 64/-	47
Helpers	48 0	48	35 0	48 & 54	88 0	44	71 4	47	84 0	48	52 0	47	85 0	48	52 0	47
Brassworking—																
Finishers	60 0	48	40/- & 40/6	48 & 54	99/5½ & 107/8½	44	80 8	47	95/6 & 103/6	48	60 11	47	96/6 & 104/6	48	60 11	47
Moulders	68/- & 72/-	48	..	..	103/7 & 107/8½	44	79 8	47	99/6 & 103/6	48	60 0	47	100/6 & 104/6	48	60 0	47
Electrical Installation—																
Wiremen	64 0	48	46 5	53	100 6	44	105 9	47	96 6	48	86 2	47	103 0	48	80 4	47
Electrical Supply—																
Armature Winders	72 0	48	..	..	108 6	44	103 10	47	104 6	48	84 3	47	111 0	48	82 3	47
Linesmen	66 0	48	..	..	100 6	44	85 4	47	96 6	48	75 6	47	103 0	48	73 7	47

Engineering—																		
Blacksmiths	..	..	72 0	48	30/- & 40/-	48 & 54	126 5	44	80 8	47	107 0	48	60 11	47	106 6	48	60 11	47
Brassfinishers	..	..	70 0	48	40/- & 40/-	48 & 54	126 5	44	80 8	47	107 0	48	60 11	47	106 6	48	60 11	47
Coppersmiths	..	..	72 0	48	40/- & 40/-	48 & 54	126 5	44	80 9	47	107 0	48	61 0	47	106 6	48	61 0	47
Fitters	..	..	70 0	48	40/- & 40/-	48 & 54	126 5	44	80 8	47	107 0	48	60 11	47	106 6	48	60 11	47
Labourers	..	..	48 0	48	22 6†	53‡	85 0	44	63 0	47	81 0	48	44 0	47	82 0	48	43 3§	47
Strikers	..	..	48 0	48	..	..	88/- & 90/-	44	67 9	47	84/- &	48	48 0	47	85/- &	48	48 6	47
Turners	..	..	70 0	48	40/- & 40/-	48 & 54	126 5	44	80 8	47	107 0	48	60 11	47	106 6	48	60 11	47
Ironmoulding—																		
Moulders	..	..	68/- & 72/-	48	43 0	54	103/7 & 107/8‡	44	80 9	47	99/6 & 103/6	48	60 0	47	100/6 & 104/6	48	60 0	47
Labourers	..	..	45 0	48	22 6†	53‡	85 0	44	63 0	47	81 0	46	44 0	47	82 0	48	44 0	47
Sheet Metal Working—																		
Tinsmiths	..	..	60 0	48	†	..	90 6	44	80 8	47	92 6	48	60 11	47	93 6	48	60 11	47
Baking (Bread)—																		
Boardhands||	..	..	50 0	48	30/- & 32/-	48§ & 54¶	100 6	46	62/0 & 67/0	48	96 6	44	60/- & 62/0	48	97 6	44	57/6 & 62/6	48
Ovenmen	..	..	65 0	48	35 0	48§	105 6	46	65/6 & 70/6	48	101 6	44	63/- & 65/6	48	102 6	44	60/6 & 65/6	48
Single hands..	..	..	65 0	48	31 0	54¶	105 6	46	66/6 & 71/6	48	101 6	44	64/- & 66/6	48	102 6	44	61/6 & 66/6	48
Brewing—																		
Drivers (One horse)	..	..	54 0	48	..	..	90 6	48	77 0	48	90 6	48	72 0	48	90 6	48	72 0	48
Labourers	..	..	54 0	48	..	..	90 6	44	70 0	48	90 6	44	65 0	48	90 6	44	65 0	48
Bootmaking—																		
Bootmakers	..	..	60 0	48	90 0	52‡	95 9	44	68 0	48	95 9	44	60 0	48	95 9	44	56 0	48
Textile (Woolen Mills)—																		
Dyehouse Labourers	..	..	48 0	48	28 11a	551a	83 6	44	65 26	48b	79 6	44	54 10b	48b	80 0	44	54 10b	48b
Labourers (General)	..	..	48 0	48	..	..	82 0	44	62 76	48b	78 0	44	52 8b	48b	79 0	44	52 8b	48b
Scourers	..	..	48 0	48	27 9a	551a	82 6	44	65 26	48b	78 6	44	54 10b	48b	79 6	44	54 10b	48b
Tuners	..	..	56 0	48	..	..	86/6 to	44	90 26	48b	82/6 to	44	77 56	48b	83/6 to	44	77 56	48b
Bookbinding—																		
Bookbinders (Journeymen)	..	..	65 0	48	35 0	48	102 0	44	92 6	48	95 0	44	82 6	48	95 0	48	82 6	48
Printing (Jobbing)~~																		
Compositors	..	..	65 0	48	39 0	50	105 0	44	95 0	48	98 0	44	80 0	48	99 0	44	80 0	48
Linotype Operators	..	..	80 0	48	45 0	48	110 11	44	100 0	48	104 0	44	96 0	48	105 5	44	96 0	48
Stereotypers	..	..	60 0	48	..	..	100 0	44	97 0	48	93 0	44	91 0	48	94 0	44	91 0	48

* London—Platers and Riveters. † Tenpence per hour. ‡ Leeds. || London—Table hands. § Bakerhouses. ¶ Factories. a Huddersfield. b Applies to Yorkshire generally.

Rates of Wage and Hours of Labour, Australia and England, July, 1914, to 30th June, 1923—continued.

INDUSTRY AND OCCUPATION.	July, 1914.				31st December, 1914.				31st December, 1922.				30th June, 1923.			
	SYDNEY.		LONDON.		SYDNEY.		LONDON.		SYDNEY.		LONDON.		SYDNEY.		LONDON.	
	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.
Coachmaking—																
Bodymakers	60 0	48	..	..	104 0	44	34 3	47	97 0	44	68 7	47	98 0	48	68 7	47
Labourers	45 0	48	..	..	85 0	44	50 10	47	78 0	44	45 1	47	79 0	48	45 1	47
Painters	60 0	48	..	..	104 0	44	81 3	47	97 0	44	68 0	47	98 0	44	68 7	47
Gasmaking—																
Stokers	66 0	48	37/6 to	48	109 6	48	81/- to	48	97 6	48	66/- to	48	97 6	48	63/9 to	48
			39/-				84/-				69/-				67/-	
Service Layers' Labourers	55 0	48	27/- to	50 to	98 6	48	67/6 to	47	82 6	48	54/6 to	47	82 6	48	52/- to	47
			33/-				75/-				62/6				60/-	
Labourers (General)	54 0	48	26/- to	50 to	93 6	48	66/- to	47	82 6	48	53/- to	47	82 6	48	50/- to	47
			29/-				69/-				50/-				54/-	
Saddlery—																
Saddlers	54 0	48	..	..	99 0	44	76 0	48	99 0	44	72 0	48	100 0	48	68 0	48
Building—																
Bricklayers	78 0	48	42/2 &	e	108 0	44	89 10	44	109 1	44	69/2 &	e	110 3	46	67/6 &	e
			47/11								73/4				71/6	
" Labourers	60 6	44	29/4 &	e	100 10	44	71 6	44	94 5	44	51/10 1/2 &	e	93 6	44	51/- &	e
			33/4								55/-				54/1	
Carpenters	72 0	48	42/2 &	e	110 0	44	89 10	44	103 11	44	69/2 &	e	104 0	46	67/6 &	e
			47/11								73/4				71/6	
" Labourers	60 6	44	20/4 &	e	100 10	44	71 6	44	94 5	44	61/10 1/2 &	e	93 6	44	51/- &	e
			33/4								55/-				54/1	
Masons	69/8 to	44	42/2 to	e	112 6	44	89/10 &	44	105 10	40	69/2 to	e	105 10	40 & 44	67/6 to	e
			73/4				93/0				77/-				75/2	
Painters	64 0	48	33/- to	e	104 0	44	86 2	44	97 2	44	65/8 1/2 &	e	98 8	44	64/- &	e
			41/8								69/8				67/10	
Plasterers	78 0	48	42/2 &	e	106 0	44	89 10	44	107 3	44	69/2 &	e	108 4	46	67/6 &	e
			47/11								73/4				71/6	
Plumbers	72 0	46	41/6 to	d	110 0	44	91 8	44	103 11	44	70/11 &	e	104 0	46	67/6 &	e
			50/-								75/2				71/6	
Railways(i)—																
Engine Drivers (Loco) —																
1st Class	90 0	48	..	..	130 0	48	98 0	48	126 0	48	90 0	48	127 0	48	90 0	48
2nd "	60 0	48	..	..	124 0	48	92 0	48	120 0	48	84 0	48	121 0	48	84 0	48
3rd "	72/- to	48	..	..	106/- to	48	80/- &	48	102/- to	48	72/- &	48	103/- to	48	72/- &	48
	84/-				118/-		86/-		114/-		78/-		115/-		78/-	

NATIONAL DAY

Eiremen	1st Class	48	80	48	96	48	72	48	97	48	72	48
	2nd " "	48	80	48	96	48	72	48	91	48	66	48
	3rd " "	48	80	48	96	48	66	48	85	48	57/- &	48
Guardians	1st Class	48	80	48	96	48	66	48	83	48	57/- &	48
	2nd " "	48	80	48	96	48	66	48	83	48	57/- &	48
	3rd " "	48	80	48	96	48	66	48	83	48	57/- &	48
Porters	1st Class	48	80	48	96	48	66	48	83	48	57/- &	48
	2nd " "	48	80	48	96	48	66	48	83	48	57/- &	48
Shunters	1st Class	48	80	48	96	48	66	48	83	48	57/- &	48
	2nd " "	48	80	48	96	48	66	48	83	48	57/- &	48
	3rd " "	48	80	48	96	48	66	48	83	48	57/- &	48
	4th " "	48	80	48	96	48	66	48	83	48	57/- &	48
Tramways	Conductors	48	80	48	96	48	66	48	83	48	57/- &	48
	1st Year	48	80	48	96	48	66	48	83	48	59/- 6	48
	2nd " "	48	80	48	96	48	66	48	83	48	62 1/2	48
	3rd " "	48	80	48	96	48	66	48	83	48	65 1/2	48
Car Cleaners	1st Year	48	80	48	96	48	66	48	83	48	67 1/2	48
	2nd " "	48	80	48	96	48	66	48	83	48	58/-	48
Motormen	1st Year	48	80	48	96	48	66	48	83	48	59/- 6	48
	2nd " "	48	80	48	96	48	66	48	83	48	62 1/2	48
	3rd " "	48	80	48	96	48	66	48	83	48	65 1/2	48
Carrying (Merchandise)	Carters (1 horse)	48	80	48	96	48	66	48	83	48	58	48
	(2 horses)	58	80	48	96	48	66	48	83	48	62 1/2	48
	Stablemen	58	80	48	96	48	66	48	83	48	58	48
Municipal	Labourers	48	80	48	96	48	66	48	83	48	80/-	48
	Street Sweepers	48	80	48	96	48	66	48	83	48	84 1/2	48

By Authority : H. J. GREEN, Government Printer, Melbourne

* Winter 44 hours. ** Winter 44 hours. *** Summer 30 hours. **** December 44 hours and January 41 hours, other months 44 hours.
(f) London rates subject to addition of extra payments for long distance runs.

† 1 week. ‡ Winter 44 hours.