SECTION XVI.-INDUSTRIAL ACCIDENTS.

1. Scope of Investigations.—The various districts from which returns of industrial accidents were received during the year 1918 are the same as those from which similar information was furnished during preceding years. These districts are tabulated on page 135 of Labour Report No. 6, and need not be recapitulated.

2. Number of Accidents Reported during Years 1913 to 1918.—The following table shows the number of accidents which were reported in each State during the years 1913 to 1918 :—

Industrial Accidents.— Number Reported in each State during the Years 1913 to 1918.

<u> </u>												
Par	uculars		N.S.W	Vie.	Q'laml.	S.A. ,	W.A.	T 48.	C'with.			
No. of Fatal Accidents	(1913 . 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	82 61 53 52 39 42	24 26 23 18 15 20	133 15 17 12 24 2 3	5 8 9 8 4 6	34 31 31 21 18 31	7 13 11 3 5	185 159 144 114 105 127			
No. of Accidents in- capacitating for over 14 days	$ \begin{pmatrix} 1913 \\ 1914 \\ 1915 \\ 1915 \\ 1916 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1918 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} $	 	3,427 3,238 2,811 2,894 *	308 367 401 427 408 370	286 384 517 428 502 521	117 84 97 152 295 317	613 703 980 885 985 788	79 76 77 76 78 59	5,030 4,912 4,883 4,862 2,1681 2,000†			

* Owing to the repeal of the Miners' Accident Relief Act, particulars as to non-fatal mining accidents in New South Wales are not available.
† Exclusive of New South Wales.

The total number of fatal accidents for the year 1918 was 127, as against 105 for the preceding year, an increase of 12.1 per cent. There was a decrease amounting to 4.2 per cent. in Queensland, while there were increases of 7.7 per cent. in New South Wales. 33.3 per cent. in Victoria, 50.0 per cent. in South Australia, and 72.2 per cent. in Western Australia.

As regards non-fatal accidents the number exclusive of New South Wales was 7.7 per cent. smaller in 1918 than in 1917. There were decreases of 9.3 per cent. in Victoria, of 17.2 in Western Australia, and of 24.4 per cent. in Tasmania, and increases of 3.8 per cent. in Queensland, and of 7.5 per cent. in South Australia.

3. Number of Accidents Reported during the Four Quarters of 1918.— The following table shows the number of accidents which were reported in each State during the four quarters of 1918 :—

Industrial Accidents.--Number Reported in each State during the Four Quarters of 1918.

Particula	ars. /	N.S.W	Vie.	Q'land	şλ.	W.A.	Tas.	Cwith
Not of Fatal Accidents	1st Quarter 2nd ,,` 3rd ,. 4th -,	* 11 9 9 13	4 5 6 5	4 12 2 5	el 74 el -	7 8 5 11	1 2 2	29 38 24, 36
No. of Acculents { incapacitating for over 14 days	1st Quarter 2nd , 3rd , 4th ,	*147 *159 *212 *154	87 91 108 84	132 129 138 121	89 92 84 52	192 206 117 218	11 22 14 15	658† 700† 670 † 644†

* Owing to the repeal of the Miners' Accident Relief Act, particulars as to non-fatal mining accidents in New South Wales are not available. † Exclusive of non-fatal mining accidents in New South Wales.

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4. Number of Accidents Reported in each Industrial Group during the Year 1918.—The following table gives similar particulars regarding accidents in various industrial groups :—

Indústrial Accidents.---Number Reported in various Industrial Groups during the Year 1918.

Industrial Group.	Fatal.	Incap'citated for over 14 days.	, Industrial Group.	Fatal.	Incap citated for over 14 days.
J. Wood, Furniture, etc.	2	379	VII. Building and Scaf-		
II. Engineering, etc	- 6	351	folding	5	18
111. Food, Drink, etc	5	190	VIII. Mining	93	1.300*
IV. Clothing, Hats, etc.		. 110	IX. Lifts	7	9
V. Books, Printing, etc.		112	X. Miscellaneous	ō	21
VI. Other Manufacturing	4	182		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
0.			TOTAL	127	2,672*
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	}		l		} .

* Exclusive of mining accidents in New South Wales,

The largest number of accidents occurred in the mining industry, 93, or 73 per cent. of the fatal accidents having occurred in that industry in 1918.

5. Mining Accidents .--- Sources of Information .--- The particulars regarding mining accidents in the different States are obtained from various sources, a brief summary of which follows :--- (a) New South Wales.—Returns of all accidents to persons employed in or about mines were formerly furnished by the Secretary of the Miners' Accident Relief Board, but details of fatal accidents are now supplied by the Mines Department. The Chief Inspector of Factories also furnishes returns of accidents occurring in smelting works (other than those directly connected with mines), which are registered as factories, (b) Victoria.—Returns of accidents are furnished by the Mines Department, with the exception of those occurring in a few metallurgical works, which are registered as factories, and are under the jurisdiction of the Chief Inspector of Factories. (c) Queensland.-In this State returns are furnished by the Chief Inspector of Mines. (d) South Australia. -All particulars as to accidents in and about mines are furnished by the Chief Registrar of Mines. (e) Western Australia.-The State Min-ing Engineer sends particulars, and in cases of accidents occurring with machinery or boilers, the Chief Inspector of Machinery also furnishes returns. (f) Tasmania .- All information is obtained from the Chief Inspector of Mines.

6. Classification of Mining Accidents.—In the following tables are given particulars of mining accidents occurring in each State during the year 1918, shewing in which class of mining (metalliferous or coal) they occurred, also the causes of such accidents:—

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- Mining Accidents.—Classification according to Causes in each State, 1918.* A.—Fatal Accidents.

Cause of Accident.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	C'with.			
(a) METALLIFEROUS MINES. Below Ground— Accidents caused by Explosives ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	· · · · ·	· 1 · 2	અર્છ નંદ	۰. ۱۰		 1 1	4 21 13			
Above Ground Accidents caused by Machinery in Motion Other Accidents	2 1	••			3		5			
Accidents in Batteries, Ore-dressing, Smelting and other Metallurgical Works, etc.	L .	- <u>(</u>)'		3	<u>s</u>		, ' . _ 1)			
(b) COAL MINES. L Below Ground— Accidents caused by Mine Explosions (Fire Damp, etc.) Accidents caused by Explosives (Dynamite, etc.) Accidents caused by Falls of Earth	··· ··	••	2							
Accidents	4	:: :: :	- - 1		· · · ·					
"Ротаб •	24	8	31	5	30	5	1 61			

* The figures relating to mining accidents do not in all cases correspond with those published by the Mines Departments of the Various States, the discrepancies being due partly to the fact that accidents occurring to certain metallurgical works are not included in the figures issued by the Mines Departments, and partly to the fact that there is apparently lack of uniformity in the nature of the non-fatal accidents reported to, and by, the various authorities.

B1	Ion-fata	i Aq	ccidents	Incar	pacitatir	ig for	over	14	Days.
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Cause of Accident.	N.S.W.	Vie.	Q'land.	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	C'wittia.
(a) METALLIFEROUS MINES. 1. Below Ground— Accidents caused by Explosives ",","," Falling form Falling form Cother Accidents		1 3 2 1	126	1 3 1	10 58 14 320	1 6 2 12	17 - 81 - 15 - 460
2. Above Ground— Accidents caused by Machunery in Motion		(<u>)</u>		::	21 92	5 21	20 116
3. Accidents in Batteries, Ore-dressing, Smelting and other Metallurgical Works, etc.	6	` 	130	243	48		418
 (b) COAL MINES. Below Ground— Accidents caused by Mine Explosions (Fire Damp, etc.) Accidents caused by Explosives (Dynamite, etc.) Accidents caused by Falls of Earth Other Accidents. 	1 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	• • •	! ! 98		2 5 25 107
2. Above Ground—" Accidents caused by Machinery in Motion	 6、	i 16	1 3 · 289	208	23 702	• • •	27 27

** Exclusive of New South Wales.

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It will be seen from the foregoing tables that in 1918, 74 of the fatal, and †1127 of the non-fatal accidents occurred in connection with coal mining.

The number of accidents occurring below ground in 1918 was considerably larger than that occurring above ground, the respective figures for the year being 69 fatal and †706 non-fatal accidents below ground, and 24 fatal and †588 non-fatal accidents above ground.

7. Number of Accidents per 1000 Persons Employed in Mining.— In the following table particulars are given for the year 1917 of the number of persons who met with accidents per 1000 persons employed. Comparative figures for 1918 are not yet available.

Number of Fatal and Non-fatal Accidents per 1000 Persons Engaged in Mining, 1917.

	FATAL A	COIDENTS.		FATAL DENTS.	ALL ACOIDENTS.		
STATE.	Metal Mining.	Coal Mining,	Metal Mining.	Coal Mining.	Fatal.	Noņ-fatal.	
New South Wales Victoria Queensland South Australia Western Australia Tasmania	0.63 2.43 0.71 2.75	0.63 1.93 1.35 3.50	1,09 21.60 1,79 54.28 12,12	5.14 0. 7.63 2. 245.18 2	0.70 0.88 2.15 0.71 2.79 1.23	* 1.89 18 06 1.79 65.13 12.10	
COMMONWEALTH .	. 1.46	9. 87	† 24.55	†36.87	1.26	† 26.21	

* Not available. . . † Exclusive of New South Wales.

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