

NEW ISSUE

**1996 Census of
Population and Housing**

**Selected Family and
Labour Force
Characteristics for
Statistical Local Areas**

Northern Territory

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Regional Director**

AUSTRALIAN BUREAU OF STATISTICS

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PREFACE

This publication presents a range of family, household and labour force statistics produced from the 1996 Census of Population and Housing for the Northern Territory. Detailed characteristics from the 1996 Census have been released in two stages. The first release, published in July 1996, consisted of demographic, social and housing data (*Census of Population and Housing: Selected Social and Housing Characteristics for Statistical Local Areas* (Cat. nos 2015.0–2015.8)). This publication contains second release data comprising family and labour force characteristics. Similar publications are available for each State and Territory, and nationally.

The data presented in the publications relate to where people were enumerated on census night and therefore data for each geographical area include visitors to that area but exclude those people who were away on census night. They are not to be confused with the official estimated resident population (ERP) figures, which are based on census counts by place of usual residence (UR) and relate to 30 June. ERP figures are derived by including in the census UR counts the following:

- estimates of Australians overseas;
- an adjustment of estimated underenumeration; and
- adjustments for births, deaths and migration, between 30 June and 6 August 1996.

For comparative purposes, this publication includes summary information relating to 1991. This information is presented on 1996 geographic boundaries.

Census data presented in this publication represent only a selection of the full range of statistics that can be derived from the Census. For further information about other census or Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) data refer to the Appendix or the *Directory of Census Statistics, 1996* (Cat. no. 2910.0). Concepts and definitions used in this publication are explained in the Glossary and more detailed information is available in the *Census Dictionary, 1996* (Cat. no. 2901.0).

ABS publications draw extensively on information provided freely by individuals, businesses, governments and other organisations. Their continued cooperation is very much appreciated: without it, the wide range of statistics published by the ABS would not be available. Information received by the ABS is treated in strict confidence as required by the *Census and Statistics Act 1905*.

Z. Abbasi
Regional Director

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS

HOUSEHOLD TYPE

In 1996, there were 57,437 households in occupied private dwellings in the Northern Territory (NT), an increase of 13.6% since 1991 (50,542). Almost two-thirds (64.6%) of these were family households, a further 16.7% were lone person households and 5.0% were group households.

Family households

Between 1991 and 1996 the number of family households in the Territory increased by 10.3%, from 33,659 to 37,127. However, family households decreased by 2.0 percentage points as a proportion of all households.

In 1996 at least three out of every four households in the Statistical Subdivisions (SSDs) of Bathurst-Melville (84.9%), East Arnhem (83.2%) and Palmerston-East Arm (77.8%) were family households.

Lone person households

There was a marked increase (25.0%) between 1991 and 1996 in the number of lone person households in the NT.

Higher proportions of lone person households were recorded in the SSDs of Darwin City (18.7%) and Central NT (18.0%) than for the Territory as a whole (16.7%).

Generally, lone person households were concentrated in the waterfront SLAs of Darwin City, most notably in Coconut Grove (35.0%), City - Inner (32.8%) and The Gardens (32.1%).

Group households

In 1996 there were 2,876 group households in the Territory, compared with 3,279 in 1991, representing a decrease of 12.3%. These households were concentrated in Darwin SLAs within two main areas: inner city suburbs, such as Stuart Park (12.5%) and Larrakeyah (11.9%) and Casuarina/Nightcliff — e.g. Rapid Creek (11.5%) and Brinkin (11.2%).

HOUSEHOLD SIZE

Between 1991 and 1996, the mean (average) household size remained the same (3.2 people per occupied private dwelling). At the SLA level, the findings ranged from 1.9 people per household in both City - Inner and Winnellie to 7.9 people in East Arnhem - Balance. The lower household sizes were in urban areas and the higher sizes were in rural/remote areas. It should be noted that this average excluded visitors to households and included usual residents who were absent on census night.

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS *continued*

HOUSEHOLD INCOME

In the NT the median household income in 1996 was \$850 per week, representing a 20.4% increase over 1991 (\$706). SSDs with the highest medians were East Arnhem (\$1,061) and Darwin City (\$910).

At the SLA level, median household incomes ranged from \$506 per week in Winnellie to \$1,250 in the mining centre of Nhulunbuy. Larrakeyah (\$1,132), Brinkin (\$1,111) and Groote Eylandt (\$1,088) also recorded comparatively high medians.

FAMILY CHARACTERISTICS

In the 1996 Census, 39,929 families were counted in occupied private dwellings in the Territory, an increase of 12.3% over 1991 (35,551). Of these, over half (52.1%) were couples with children, 28.6% were couples without children, and 17.5% were one parent families. The proportion of couple families with children had decreased since 1991 (from 55.9%), but there were increases in couples without children (26.6% in 1991) and one parent families (16.0% in 1991).

COUPLE FAMILIES WITH CHILDREN

Couple families with dependent children

Between 1991 and 1996 the number of couple families with dependent children increased (from 18,161 to 18,765 respectively) but these families decreased as a proportion of all families (from 51.1% to 47.0%). Daly SSD in the north-west (53.3%) recorded the highest percentage. However, the more populous SSDs recorded proportions below the NT average — Darwin City (44.2%) and Central NT (46.5%). These two areas combined accounted for 59.0% of families in the Territory.

The Top End mining SLAs of Nhulunbuy (59.1%), Groote Eylandt (56.0%) and Jabiru (55.5%), and some parts of Darwin Statistical Division (SD) e.g. City - Remainder (62.4%) and Driver (56.0%) shared high proportions of couple families with dependent children.

Couple families with non-dependent children only

In the Territory the proportion of couple families with non-dependent children only, increased slightly from 4.9% in 1991 (1,728 families) to 5.1% in 1996 (2,033 families).

There were high percentages of couple families, with non-dependent children only, in several SLAs within Darwin: Wagaman (10.5%), Wanguri (9.5%), Jingili (8.8%), Alawa and Anula (both 8.7%).

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS *continued*

COUPLE FAMILIES WITHOUT CHILDREN

The number of couple families without children increased by 20.9%, from 9,443 in 1991 to 11,417 in 1996.

SLAs in which these families comprised half or more of all families were all in Darwin City — Lee Point-Leanyer Swamp (68.0%), Winnellie (58.8%), City - Inner (51.4%) and The Gardens (50.0%). These areas also recorded high percentages of people aged 65 years or more and interstate visitors. Indeed, in Lee Point-Leanyer Swamp at the time of the Census, such visitors outnumbered Territorians (632 compared with 185).

ONE PARENT FAMILIES

Between 1991 and 1996 the number of one parent families counted in the NT increased by 22.6%, from 5,686 to 6,971.

In seven SLAs dispersed across the Territory, one parent families accounted for one-quarter or more of all families counted in the Census. They included East Arnhem - Balance (38.5%), Sandover - Balance (26.5%), and Narrows (29.0%) and Moulden (27.5%) in Darwin SD.

LABOUR FORCE CHARACTERISTICS (Persons Aged 15 Years and Over)

LABOUR FORCE

The labour force increased by 7.8% since 1991, from 83,120 to 89,603. This increase reflected an increase in numbers of employed people, partly offset by a decline in the number of unemployed people.

EMPLOYMENT

Between 1991 and 1996 the number of employed people in the Territory grew by 12.7%, from 73,652 to 82,976. Darwin SD accounted for almost half of those employed in both 1996 (49.2%) and 1991 (49.1%).

Full-time employment

The percentage of employed people who worked full-time decreased slightly from 69.7% in 1991 to 68.5% in 1996. Findings for full-time workers ranged from 22.8% of all employed people in Bathurst-Melville SSD to 72.3% in Palmerston-East Arm.

In six SLAs, more than three out of four workers were employed full-time, e.g. Nhulunbuy (76.0%), and Palmerston Balance (79.6%) and City - Remainder (75.7%) within Darwin SD.

Part-time employment

The number of people employed part-time increased markedly (28.9%) between 1991 and 1996, from 18,567 to 23,940. The proportion of all employed people who were part-timers also increased from 25.2% in 1991 to 28.9% in 1996. Furthermore, the proportion of part-time workers increased in every SSD, indicating that the trend toward greater part-time employment occurred right across the Territory.

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS *continued*

Part-time employment *continued*

Apart from Lee Point-Leanyer Swamp (61.4%), SLAs with high proportions of part-time workers tended to be outside the Capital City — Bathurst-Melville (70.9%), West Arnhem (65.2%), East Arnhem - Balance (55.8%) and Sandover - Balance (51.8%).

Occupation

In 1996 the top four employing occupations in the Territory were Professionals (17.1%), Intermediate clerical, sales and service workers (16.1%), Tradespersons and related workers (13.4%), and Associate professionals (12.3%). While there had been proportional increases in Professionals (15.9% in 1991), Intermediate clerical, sales and service workers (11.7% in 1991) and Associate professionals (10.4% in 1991), the percentage employed as Tradespersons and related workers (14.3% in 1991) had declined.

At the SLA level, the Darwin suburbs of Rapid Creek (28.1% of employed people), Tiwi (27.6%), Brinkin (25.8%) and Fannie Bay (24.1%) recorded the highest percentages of people working as Professionals.

The highest percentage of workers employed in the Intermediate clerical, sales and service occupations was recorded in Petermann (21.4%) in the south of the NT, which includes Uluru National Park. Several SLAs in Darwin SD (e.g. Wulagi —20.7%) and Palmerston-East Arm SD (e.g. Driver — 20.5%) were also noted for high proportions.

SLAs with high percentages of Tradespersons and related workers were dispersed throughout the Territory: Winnellie (29.2%), Litchfield - Part A (25.1%), Nhulunbuy (21.0%) and Groote Eylandt (20.1%).

City - Remainder (24.0%), The Gardens (19.8%) and Fannie Bay (16.2%) within Darwin SSD and Daly SLA (15.9%) were notable for high percentages of Associate professionals.

Industry

In 1996 the top four employing industry Divisions in the NT were Government administration and defence (15.1% of employed people), Retail trade (11.0%), Health and community services (11.0%) and Property and business services (7.6%). While there had been a small decline in the percentages employed in Retail trade (11.3% in 1991), the percentages employed in the other three industry Divisions had increased.

The proportion of workers in Government administration and defence varied from 2.1% in South Alligator to 59.7% in City - Remainder. Retail trade varied less widely: from 2.0% in East Arnhem - Balance to 18.6% in Winnellie in Darwin.

In all SSDs, the proportion of workers employed in Health and community services in 1996 was higher than in 1991. At the SLA level, East Arnhem - Balance (43.4%) and West Arnhem (36.4%) had the highest proportions of workers in this Division.

Several urban SLAs were noted for comparatively high proportions of people employed in Property and business services. Fannie Bay (13.7%), Narrows (12.6%) and The Gardens (12.5%) in Darwin, Jabiru (12.1%) and Alice Springs - Larapinta (10.8%) were examples.

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS *continued*

UNEMPLOYMENT

Since 1991, the number of unemployed people in the NT decreased by 42.9%, from 9,468 to 6,627. In that period the unemployment rate also declined from 11.4% to 7.4%. The youth unemployment rate (for people aged between 15 and 24 years) also declined, from 18.5% to 13.1%.

Especially high unemployment rates were recorded in the regional SSDs of Bathurst-Melville (15.1%) and Daly (14.4%), which also recorded high levels of youth unemployment (34.2% and 22.1% respectively).

NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE

Between 1991 and 1996 the proportion of the NT adult population (15 years and over) not in the labour force remained stable (30.3% and 30.4% respectively).

In seven of the NT's SLAs, at least half of all adults were not in the labour force. Except for East Arm (63.7%) and Lee Point-Leanyer Swamp (61.6% — the great majority of the population being counted in caravan parks), these were all regional areas: Tanami, East Arnhem - Balance, Daly, Tennant Creek - Balance and West Arnhem.

POST-SCHOOL QUALIFICATIONS

Since 1991, the proportion of the population aged 15 years and over with Basic vocational or higher level qualifications increased from 26.7% to 28.8%. The findings, by level of attainment, were:

- Bachelor degree or higher — 9.6% (7.2% in 1991);
- Undergraduate or Associate diploma — 5.6% (5.3% in 1991);
- Skilled vocational — 10.8% (10.9% in 1991); and
- Basic vocational — 2.8% (3.2% in 1991).

Of the ten SLAs recording the highest percentages of people with Bachelor degrees or higher, six also recorded high percentages of people with Undergraduate or Associate diplomas. Examples of this were Brinkin (22.4% and 8.0% respectively), nearby Rapid Creek (19.7% and 7.2%), and the mining/tourist town of Jabiru (16.3% and 8.6%).

SLAs, which recorded the highest percentages of people with vocational qualifications were spread throughout the Territory. Nhulunbuy (19.8%), Jabiru (17.4%), Marrara and Litchfield - Parts A and B (each 15.4%) were noted for high levels of people with Skilled vocational qualifications, while The Gardens, City - Remainder (both 4.7%) and Jabiru (4.4%) registered the highest percentages of people with Basic vocational qualifications.

1

HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS

<i>STATISTICAL DIVISION (SD), Statistical Subdivision (SSD), and Statistical Local Area (SLA)</i>	<i>Family</i>	<i>Lone person</i>	<i>Group</i>	<i>Not classifiable (a)</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Mean (average) size(b)</i>	<i>Median income (weekly)</i>
	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>\$</i>
DARWIN (SD)							
Darwin City (SSD)							
Alawa	573	105	57	20	755	2.9	924
Anula	690	67	41	34	832	3.3	1 020
Brinkin	251	54	41	21	367	2.7	1 111
City - Inner	184	174	61	111	530	1.9	802
Coconut Grove	424	295	83	42	844	2.2	613
Fannie Bay	620	328	69	85	1 102	2.3	868
Jingili	506	73	34	15	628	3.2	1 038
Karama	1 252	207	68	84	1 611	3.2	868
Larrakeyah	494	177	103	90	864	2.5	1 132
Leanyer	1 290	216	100	33	1 639	3.0	1 027
Lee Point-Leanyer Swamp	25	13	3	338	379	2.2	642
Ludmilla	421	102	52	33	608	3.0	944
Malak	859	163	48	53	1 123	3.1	831
Marrara	485	146	36	147	814	2.5	936
Millner	621	195	93	47	956	2.7	790
Moil	576	87	39	16	718	3.1	967
Nakara	533	62	32	31	658	3.2	1 075
Narrows	131	61	17	11	220	2.4	595
Nightcliff	793	452	145	81	1 471	2.3	842
Parap	304	184	57	53	598	2.3	744
Rapid Creek	763	259	142	66	1 230	2.5	929
Stuart Park	580	323	139	72	1 114	2.3	901
The Gardens	95	62	23	13	193	2.1	906
Tiwi	637	171	45	78	931	2.9	919
Wagaman	550	83	47	35	715	3.2	860
Wanguri	504	83	32	17	636	3.1	1 035
Winnellie	81	92	14	119	306	1.9	506
Wulagi	708	75	36	33	852	3.1	1 005
City - Remainder	586	66	18	59	729	3.1	939
<i>Total Darwin City (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>15 536</i>	<i>4 375</i>	<i>1 675</i>	<i>1 837</i>	<i>23 423</i>	<i>2.8</i>	<i>910</i>
<i>Total Darwin City (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>15 104</i>	<i>3 722</i>	<i>1 802</i>	<i>1 530</i>	<i>22 158</i>	<i>2.9</i>	<i>761</i>
Palmerston-East Arm (SSD)							
East Arm	16	14	4	10	44	2.2	650
Driver	682	91	28	45	846	3.1	878
Gray	810	257	46	36	1 149	2.8	677
Moulden	898	119	35	38	1 090	3.1	695
Woodroffe	748	124	34	33	939	3.0	837
Palmerston (T) Bal	132	11	5	6	154	3.1	1 072
<i>Total Palmerston-East Arm (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>3 286</i>	<i>616</i>	<i>152</i>	<i>168</i>	<i>4 222</i>	<i>3.0</i>	<i>769</i>
<i>Total Palmerston-East Arm (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>1 979</i>	<i>372</i>	<i>85</i>	<i>175</i>	<i>2 611</i>	<i>3.1</i>	<i>562</i>
TOTAL DARWIN (SD) 1996	18 822	4 991	1 827	2 005	27 645	2.8	885
TOTAL DARWIN (SD) 1991	17 083	4 094	1 887	1 705	24 769	2.9	740

NORTHERN TERRITORY - BAL (SD)

Darwin Rural Areas (SSD)							
Coomalie (CGC)	258	95	19	115	487	2.7	658
Cox-Finiss	113	50	9	120	292	3.0	531
Litchfield (S) - Pt A	162	84	23	202	471	2.5	686
Litchfield (S) - Pt B	2 970	649	158	551	4 328	2.9	847
<i>Total Darwin Rural Areas (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>3 503</i>	<i>878</i>	<i>209</i>	<i>988</i>	<i>5 578</i>	<i>2.9</i>	<i>810</i>
<i>Total Darwin Rural Areas (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>2 605</i>	<i>640</i>	<i>179</i>	<i>488</i>	<i>3 912</i>	<i>2.9</i>	<i>643</i>

(a) Includes 'visitor only' households.

(b) Mean (average) household size is the average number of persons usually resident in a household.

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HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS *continued*

<i>STATISTICAL DIVISION (SD), Statistical Subdivision (SSD), and Statistical Local Area (SLA)</i>	<i>Family</i>	<i>Lone person</i>	<i>Group</i>	<i>Not classifiable (a)</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Mean (average) size(b)</i>	<i>Median income (weekly)</i>
	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>\$</i>
Bathurst-Melville (SSD)							
Bathurst-Melville	354	38	9	16	417	4.9	566
<i>Total Bathurst-Melville (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>354</i>	<i>38</i>	<i>9</i>	<i>16</i>	<i>417</i>	<i>4.9</i>	<i>566</i>
<i>Total Bathurst-Melville (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>296</i>	<i>37</i>	<i>31</i>	<i>20</i>	<i>384</i>	<i>4.7</i>	<i>486</i>
Alligator (SSD)							
Jabiru (T)	261	117	18	203	599	2.6	1 055
South Alligator	92	69	14	584	759	2.7	610
West Arnhem	489	64	6	25	584	6.6	704
<i>Total Alligator (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>842</i>	<i>250</i>	<i>38</i>	<i>812</i>	<i>1 942</i>	<i>4.6</i>	<i>814</i>
<i>Total Alligator (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>844</i>	<i>188</i>	<i>43</i>	<i>433</i>	<i>1 508</i>	<i>4.7</i>	<i>712</i>
Daly (SSD)							
Daly	440	113	27	174	754	5.1	740
<i>Total Daly (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>440</i>	<i>113</i>	<i>27</i>	<i>174</i>	<i>754</i>	<i>5.1</i>	<i>740</i>
<i>Total Daly (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>474</i>	<i>122</i>	<i>46</i>	<i>150</i>	<i>792</i>	<i>4.7</i>	<i>590</i>
East Arnhem (SSD)							
East Arnhem - Bal	678	41	5	23	747	7.9	738
Groote Eylandt	425	47	3	50	525	4.7	1 088
Nhulunbuy	905	140	15	81	1 141	3.1	1 250
<i>Total East Arnhem (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>2 008</i>	<i>228</i>	<i>23</i>	<i>154</i>	<i>2 413</i>	<i>5.0</i>	<i>1 061</i>
<i>Total East Arnhem (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>1 967</i>	<i>163</i>	<i>107</i>	<i>103</i>	<i>2 340</i>	<i>4.8</i>	<i>967</i>
Lower Top End NT (SSD)							
Elsley - Bal	284	108	14	375	781	3.7	527
Gulf	326	44	10	107	487	6.2	585
Katherine (T)	2 015	478	102	594	3 189	3.0	882
Victoria	348	62	31	209	650	4.9	601
<i>Total Lower Top End NT (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>2 973</i>	<i>692</i>	<i>157</i>	<i>1 285</i>	<i>5 107</i>	<i>3.6</i>	<i>789</i>
<i>Total Lower Top End NT (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>2 722</i>	<i>536</i>	<i>229</i>	<i>1 144</i>	<i>4 631</i>	<i>3.6</i>	<i>620</i>
Barkly (SSD)							
Tableland	147	41	10	146	344	4.3	576
Tennant Creek (T)	661	223	30	227	1 141	3.3	811
Tennant Creek - Bal	283	40	11	91	425	4.7	587
<i>Total Barkly (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>1 091</i>	<i>304</i>	<i>51</i>	<i>464</i>	<i>1 910</i>	<i>3.8</i>	<i>717</i>
<i>Total Barkly (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>1 062</i>	<i>242</i>	<i>103</i>	<i>408</i>	<i>1 815</i>	<i>3.7</i>	<i>591</i>
Central NT (SSD)							
Alice Springs (T) - Charles	1 129	266	77	243	1 715	2.9	893
Alice Springs (T) - Heavitree	433	214	24	362	1 033	2.5	706
Alice Springs (T) - Larapinta	2 088	479	130	118	2 815	2.9	896
Alice Springs (T) - Ross	1 592	494	162	105	2 353	2.8	922
Alice Springs (T) - Stuart	294	190	57	87	628	2.2	678
Petermann	363	308	52	850	1 573	2.6	698
Sandover - Bal	371	63	12	99	545	4.7	526
Tanami	824	91	21	73	1 009	6.1	600
<i>Total Central NT (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>7 094</i>	<i>2 105</i>	<i>535</i>	<i>1 937</i>	<i>11 671</i>	<i>3.2</i>	<i>809</i>
<i>Total Central NT (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>6 606</i>	<i>1 656</i>	<i>654</i>	<i>1 475</i>	<i>10 391</i>	<i>3.3</i>	<i>687</i>
<i>TOTAL NORTHERN TERRITORY - BAL (SD) 1996</i>	<i>18 305</i>	<i>4 608</i>	<i>1 049</i>	<i>5 830</i>	<i>29 792</i>	<i>3.5</i>	<i>813</i>
<i>TOTAL NORTHERN TERRITORY - BAL (SD) 1991</i>	<i>16 576</i>	<i>3 584</i>	<i>1 392</i>	<i>4 221</i>	<i>25 773</i>	<i>3.6</i>	<i>675</i>

(a) Includes visitor only households.

(b) Mean (average) household size is the average number of persons usually resident in a household.

1

HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS *continued*

<i>STATISTICAL DIVISION (SD), Statistical Subdivision (SSD), and Statistical Local Area (SLA)</i>	<i>Family</i>	<i>Lone person</i>	<i>Group</i>	<i>Not classifiable (a)</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Mean (average) size(b)</i>	<i>Median income (weekly)</i>
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	\$
OFF-SHORE AREAS & MIGRATORY (SD)							
Off-Shore Areas & Migratory (SSD)							
Off-Shore Areas & Migratory	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total Off-Shore Areas & Migratory (SSD) 1996	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total Off-Shore Areas & Migratory (SSD) 1991	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TOTAL OFF-SHORE AREAS & MIGRATORY (SD)							
1996	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1991	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TOTAL NORTHERN TERRITORY 1996	37 127	9 599	2 876	7 835	57 437	3.2	850
TOTAL NORTHERN TERRITORY 1991	33 659	7 678	3 279	5 926	50 542	3.2	706

(a) Includes 'visitor only' households.

(b) Mean (average) household size is the average number of persons usually resident in a household.

2 FAMILY TYPE

<i>STATISTICAL DIVISION (SD), Statistical Subdivision (SSD), and Statistical Local Area (SLA)</i>	<i>Couple with dependent children</i>	<i>Couple with non-dependent children only</i>	<i>Couple without children</i>	<i>One parent</i>	<i>Other</i>	<i>Total</i>
DARWIN (SD)						
Darwin City (SSD)						
Alawa	230	51	166	122	14	583
Anula	356	61	157	117	8	699
Brinkin	103	16	101	28	5	253
City - Inner	42	13	95	25	10	185
Coconut Grove	140	15	151	110	18	434
Fannie Bay	221	39	249	105	12	626
Jingili	255	46	127	89	5	522
Karama	661	60	283	253	27	1 284
Larrakeyah	206	22	216	46	10	500
Leanyer	701	58	353	181	20	1 313
Lee Point-Leanyer Swamp	5	—	17	3	—	25
Ludmilla	178	30	139	79	16	442
Malak	436	46	186	199	8	875
Marrara	217	21	211	33	7	489
Millner	218	44	181	165	23	631
Moil	267	38	165	109	9	588
Nakara	258	46	153	85	10	552
Narrows	42	11	35	38	5	131
Nightcliff	280	66	312	122	23	803
Parap	110	18	108	66	5	307
Rapid Creek	270	44	329	105	26	774
Stuart Park	214	43	253	65	18	593
The Gardens	29	3	48	12	4	96
Tiwi	302	43	187	106	12	650
Wagaman	272	59	114	106	11	562
Wanguri	243	49	132	86	4	514
Winnellie	20	5	47	8	—	80
Wulagi	352	51	186	121	8	718
City - Remainder	367	12	183	26	—	588
<i>Total Darwin City (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>6 995</i>	<i>1 010</i>	<i>4 884</i>	<i>2 610</i>	<i>318</i>	<i>15 817</i>
<i>Total Darwin City (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>7 433</i>	<i>871</i>	<i>4 304</i>	<i>2 461</i>	<i>237</i>	<i>15 306</i>
Palmerston-East Arm (SSD)						
East Arm	7	—	7	3	3	20
Driver	387	23	164	105	12	691
Gray	379	33	203	195	8	818
Moulden	409	42	200	252	15	918
Woodroffe	393	17	201	131	11	753
Palmerston (T) Bal	69	9	47	10	3	138
<i>Total Palmerston-East Arm (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>1 644</i>	<i>124</i>	<i>822</i>	<i>696</i>	<i>52</i>	<i>3 338</i>
<i>Total Palmerston-East Arm (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>1 041</i>	<i>76</i>	<i>391</i>	<i>461</i>	<i>26</i>	<i>1 995</i>
<i>TOTAL DARWIN (SD) 1996</i>	<i>8 639</i>	<i>1 134</i>	<i>5 706</i>	<i>3 306</i>	<i>370</i>	<i>19 155</i>
<i>TOTAL DARWIN (SD) 1991</i>	<i>8 474</i>	<i>947</i>	<i>4 695</i>	<i>2 922</i>	<i>263</i>	<i>17 301</i>
NORTHERN TERRITORY - BAL (SD)						
Darwin Rural Areas (SSD)						
Coomalie (CGC)	116	5	90	49	3	263
Cox-Finiss	47	4	55	23	3	132
Litchfield (S) - Pt A	74	12	52	24	4	166
Litchfield (S) - Pt B	1 461	203	1 014	345	17	3 040
<i>Total Darwin Rural Areas (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>1 698</i>	<i>224</i>	<i>1 211</i>	<i>441</i>	<i>27</i>	<i>3 601</i>
<i>Total Darwin Rural Areas (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>1 368</i>	<i>159</i>	<i>835</i>	<i>270</i>	<i>19</i>	<i>2 651</i>
Bathurst-Melville (SSD)						
Bathurst-Melville	222	28	78	99	15	442
<i>Total Bathurst-Melville (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>222</i>	<i>28</i>	<i>78</i>	<i>99</i>	<i>15</i>	<i>442</i>
<i>Total Bathurst-Melville (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>192</i>	<i>12</i>	<i>72</i>	<i>63</i>	<i>13</i>	<i>352</i>

2 FAMILY TYPE *continued*

<i>STATISTICAL DIVISION (SD), Statistical Subdivision (SSD), and Statistical Local Area (SLA)</i>	<i>Couple with dependent children</i>	<i>Couple with non-dependent children only</i>	<i>Couple without children</i>	<i>One parent</i>	<i>Other</i>	<i>Total</i>
Alligator (SSD)						
Jabiru (T)	146	9	88	20	—	263
South Alligator	43	5	36	17	3	104
West Arnhem	411	29	153	163	26	782
<i>Total Alligator (SSD) 1996</i>	600	43	277	200	29	1 149
<i>Total Alligator (SSD) 1991</i>	599	35	234	184	17	1 069
Daly (SSD)						
Daly	308	20	109	133	8	578
<i>Total Daly (SSD) 1996</i>	308	20	109	133	8	578
<i>Total Daly (SSD) 1991</i>	370	20	130	85	7	612
East Arnhem (SSD)						
East Arnhem - Bal	511	34	123	430	19	1 117
Groote Eylandt	314	19	139	86	3	561
Nhulunbuy	541	41	258	66	4	910
<i>Total East Arnhem (SSD) 1996</i>	1 366	94	520	582	26	2 588
<i>Total East Arnhem (SSD) 1991</i>	1 405	89	465	346	21	2 326
Lower Top End NT (SSD)						
Elsey - Bal	159	15	91	68	10	343
Gulf	243	13	90	122	9	477
Katherine (T)	1 061	65	602	318	27	2 073
Victoria	228	12	113	106	15	474
<i>Total Lower Top End NT (SSD) 1996</i>	1 691	105	896	614	61	3 367
<i>Total Lower Top End NT (SSD) 1991</i>	1 594	90	773	462	43	2 962
Barkly (SSD)						
Tableland	91	8	40	36	8	183
Tennant Creek (T)	339	22	229	134	14	738
Tennant Creek - Bal	200	11	67	81	7	366
<i>Total Barkly (SSD) 1996</i>	630	41	336	251	29	1 287
<i>Total Barkly (SSD) 1991</i>	632	45	296	203	20	1 196
Central NT (SSD)						
Alice Springs (T) - Charles	559	62	337	167	30	1 155
Alice Springs (T) - Heavitree	181	28	176	39	15	439
Alice Springs (T) - Larapinta	1 025	96	605	368	26	2 120
Alice Springs (T) - Ross	753	61	527	243	34	1 618
Alice Springs (T) - Stuart	93	12	120	61	12	298
Petermann	162	16	183	60	14	435
Sandover - Bal	230	8	86	122	15	461
Tanami	608	61	250	285	32	1 236
<i>Total Central NT (SSD) 1996</i>	3 611	344	2 284	1 345	178	7 762
<i>Total Central NT (SSD) 1991</i>	3 527	331	1 943	1 151	130	7 082
<i>TOTAL NORTHERN TERRITORY - BAL (SD) 1996</i>	10 126	899	5 711	3 665	373	20 774
<i>TOTAL NORTHERN TERRITORY - BAL (SD) 1991</i>	9 687	781	4 748	2 764	270	18 250
OFF-SHORE AREAS & MIGRATORY (SD)						
Off-Shore Areas & Migratory (SSD)						
Off-Shore Areas & Migratory	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>Total Off-Shore Areas & Migratory (SSD) 1996</i>	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>Total Off-Shore Areas & Migratory (SSD) 1991</i>	—	—	—	—	—	—
TOTAL OFF-SHORE AREAS & MIGRATORY (SD)						
<i>1996</i>	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>1991</i>	—	—	—	—	—	—
TOTAL NORTHERN TERRITORY 1996	18 765	2 033	11 417	6 971	743	39 929
TOTAL NORTHERN TERRITORY 1991	18 161	1 728	9 443	5 686	533	35 551

3

LABOUR FORCE CHARACTERISTICS, Persons Aged 15 Years and Over

STATISTICAL DIVISION (SD), Statistical Subdivision (SSD), and Statistical Local Area (SLA)	LABOUR FORCE STATUS.....					UNEMPLOYMENT RATES.....	
	Employed full-time	Employed part-time(a)	Employed total(b)	Unemployed	Not in the labour force	Aged 15-24 years	Aged 15 years and over
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	%	%
DARWIN (SD)							
Darwin City (SSD)							
Alawa	841	320	1 191	114	441	18.2	8.7
Anula	867	413	1 315	90	489	19.2	6.4
Brinkin	449	213	667	35	225	11.6	5.0
City - Inner	1 019	485	1 525	125	819	14.4	7.6
Coconut Grove	669	292	991	126	582	13.1	11.3
Fannie Bay	1 013	391	1 437	103	614	10.0	6.7
Jingili	712	287	1 023	74	384	15.6	6.7
Karama	1 614	637	2 308	181	961	15.9	7.3
Larrakeyah	1 164	353	1 539	118	467	11.9	7.1
Leanyer	1 925	695	2 675	136	783	11.1	4.8
Lee Point-Leanyer Swamp	74	127	207	46	454	5.9	18.2
Ludmilla	648	249	921	93	386	13.5	9.2
Malak	1 063	477	1 582	152	691	15.7	8.8
Marrara	776	248	1 034	73	419	12.2	6.6
Millner	918	342	1 286	142	557	15.6	9.9
Moil	805	309	1 150	92	433	13.8	7.4
Nakara	764	325	1 115	63	418	8.2	5.3
Narrows	174	73	253	33	130	14.1	11.5
Nightcliff	1 449	509	2 001	159	705	12.2	7.4
Parap	586	239	837	99	429	10.8	10.6
Rapid Creek	1 280	427	1 738	157	624	18.6	8.3
Stuart Park	1 249	367	1 654	127	475	8.0	7.1
The Gardens	278	109	393	16	232	7.3	3.9
Tiwi	976	420	1 420	88	657	11.0	5.8
Wagaman	682	301	1 011	120	487	17.1	10.6
Wanguri	698	284	1 004	69	411	11.0	6.4
Winnellie	226	92	322	55	199	22.2	14.6
Wulagi	943	378	1 354	101	454	13.8	6.9
City - Remainder	1 045	317	1 381	81	440	6.1	5.5
Total Darwin City (SSD) 1996	24 907	9 679	35 334	2 868	14 366	13.3	7.5
Total Darwin City (SSD) 1991	23 650	7 956	33 284	4 501	13 529	19.7	11.9
Palmerston-East Arm (SSD)							
East Arm	53	19	79	8	223	15.0	9.2
Driver	831	319	1 179	85	403	13.5	6.7
Gray	945	339	1 319	156	693	16.2	10.6
Moulden	950	341	1 323	160	673	14.4	10.8
Woodroffe	965	310	1 308	101	482	10.6	7.2
Palmerston (T) Bal	211	52	265	10	96	9.8	3.6
Total Palmerston-East Arm (SSD) 1996	3 955	1 380	5 473	520	2 570	13.6	8.7
Total Palmerston-East Arm (SSD) 1991	1 988	689	2 857	700	1 756	30.6	19.7
TOTAL DARWIN (SD) 1996	28 862	11 059	40 807	3 388	16 936	13.3	7.7
TOTAL DARWIN (SD) 1991	25 638	8 645	36 141	5 201	15 285	20.6	12.6

(a) People who stated they were employed, but worked zero hours in the week prior to census night, have been coded to 'part-time'.

(b) Includes people who did not state the number of hours worked.

STATISTICAL DIVISION (SD), Statistical Subdivision (SSD), and Statistical Local Area (SLA)	LABOUR FORCE STATUS.....					UNEMPLOYMENT RATES.....	
	Employed full-time	Employed part-time(a)	Employed total(b)	Unemployed	Not in the labour force	Aged 15-24 years	Aged 15 years and over
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	%	%
NORTHERN TERRITORY - BAL (SD)							
Darwin Rural Areas (SSD)							
Coomalie (CGC)	357	141	512	67	369	9.5	11.6
Cox-Finiss	131	64	208	46	297	29.0	18.1
Litchfield (S) - Pt A	383	156	545	82	340	18.4	13.1
Litchfield (S) - Pt B	3 994	1 492	5 634	516	2 566	17.5	8.4
Total Darwin Rural Areas (SSD) 1996	4 865	1 853	6 899	711	3 572	17.5	9.3
Total Darwin Rural Areas (SSD) 1991	3 486	1 170	4 961	728	2 437	21.4	12.8
Bathurst-Melville (SSD)							
Bathurst-Melville	149	464	654	116	579	34.2	15.1
Total Bathurst-Melville (SSD) 1996	149	464	654	116	579	34.2	15.1
Total Bathurst-Melville (SSD) 1991	190	287	518	26	608	4.8	4.8
Alligator (SSD)							
Jabiru (T)	627	222	881	15	293	1.3	1.7
South Alligator	301	148	471	30	358	7.6	6.0
West Arnhem	320	655	1 004	158	1 257	17.1	13.6
Total Alligator (SSD) 1996	1 248	1 025	2 356	203	1 908	11.7	7.9
Total Alligator (SSD) 1991	1 367	650	2 135	130	2 462	11.9	5.7
Daly (SSD)							
Daly	608	195	847	143	1 273	22.1	14.4
Total Daly (SSD) 1996	608	195	847	143	1 273	22.1	14.4
Total Daly (SSD) 1991	837	200	1 083	361	866	33.9	25.0
East Arnhem (SSD)							
East Arnhem - Bal	503	789	1 413	82	1 966	7.5	5.5
Groote Eylandt	544	205	771	23	711	7.2	2.9
Nhulunbuy	1 592	458	2 095	73	430	9.3	3.4
Total East Arnhem (SSD) 1996	2 639	1 452	4 279	178	3 107	8.1	4.0
Total East Arnhem (SSD) 1991	2 615	1 063	3 860	213	2 895	13.2	5.2
Lower Top End NT (SSD)							
Elsley - Bal	577	356	963	123	658	18.1	11.3
Gulf	540	352	972	45	822	8.2	4.4
Katherine (T)	3 390	1 078	4 586	352	2 113	14.0	7.1
Victoria	510	473	1 011	80	746	12.5	7.3
Total Lower Top End NT (SSD) 1996	5 017	2 259	7 532	600	4 339	13.2	7.4
Total Lower Top End NT (SSD) 1991	4 640	1 953	6 945	778	3 575	13.1	10.1
Barkly (SSD)							
Tableland	366	134	510	33	412	3.4	6.1
Tennant Creek (T)	998	385	1 434	168	899	20.7	10.5
Tennant Creek - Bal	270	255	539	24	647	4.2	4.3
Total Barkly (SSD) 1996	1 634	774	2 483	225	1 958	12.0	8.3
Total Barkly (SSD) 1991	1 690	576	2 363	370	1 798	19.7	13.5

(a) People who stated they were employed, but worked zero hours in the week prior to census night, have been coded to 'part-time'.

(b) Includes people who did not state the number of hours worked.

3

LABOUR FORCE CHARACTERISTICS, Persons Aged 15 Years and Over *continued*

STATISTICAL DIVISION (SD), Statistical Subdivision (SSD), and Statistical Local Area (SLA)	LABOUR FORCE STATUS.....					UNEMPLOYMENT RATES.....	
	Employed full-time	Employed part-time(a)	Employed total(b)	Unemployed	Not in the labour force	Aged 15-24 years	Aged 15 years and over
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	%	%
Central NT (SSD)							
Alice Springs (T) - Charles	1 744	613	2 415	137	1 054	11.9	5.4
Alice Springs (T) - Heavitree	762	403	1 189	72	880	14.7	5.7
Alice Springs (T) - Larapinta	3 024	1 074	4 175	217	1 258	10.7	4.9
Alice Springs (T) - Ross	2 686	943	3 693	157	1 017	9.1	4.1
Alice Springs (T) - Stuart	919	355	1 307	76	773	8.6	5.5
Petermann	1 208	526	1 783	48	914	3.8	2.6
Sandover - Bal	325	371	716	99	802	10.6	12.1
Tanami	835	543	1 501	247	2 519	23.7	14.1
<i>Total Central NT (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>11 503</i>	<i>4 828</i>	<i>16 779</i>	<i>1 053</i>	<i>9 217</i>	<i>11.0</i>	<i>5.9</i>
<i>Total Central NT (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>10 291</i>	<i>3 957</i>	<i>14 945</i>	<i>1 646</i>	<i>8 307</i>	<i>16.8</i>	<i>9.9</i>
<i>TOTAL NORTHERN TERRITORY - BAL (SD) 1996</i>	<i>27 663</i>	<i>12 850</i>	<i>41 829</i>	<i>3 229</i>	<i>25 953</i>	<i>12.9</i>	<i>7.2</i>
<i>TOTAL NORTHERN TERRITORY - BAL (SD) 1991</i>	<i>25 116</i>	<i>9 856</i>	<i>36 810</i>	<i>4 252</i>	<i>22 948</i>	<i>16.7</i>	<i>10.4</i>
OFF-SHORE AREAS & MIGRATORY (SD)							
Off-Shore Areas & Migratory (SSD)							
Off-Shore Areas & Migratory	307	31	340	10	60	10.4	2.9
<i>Total Off-Shore Areas & Migratory (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>307</i>	<i>31</i>	<i>340</i>	<i>10</i>	<i>60</i>	<i>10.4</i>	<i>2.9</i>
<i>Total Off-Shore Areas & Migratory (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>603</i>	<i>66</i>	<i>701</i>	<i>15</i>	<i>143</i>	<i>—</i>	<i>2.1</i>
<i>TOTAL OFF-SHORE AREAS & MIGRATORY (SD) 1996</i>	<i>307</i>	<i>31</i>	<i>340</i>	<i>10</i>	<i>60</i>	<i>10.4</i>	<i>2.9</i>
<i>TOTAL OFF-SHORE AREAS & MIGRATORY (SD) 1991</i>	<i>603</i>	<i>66</i>	<i>701</i>	<i>15</i>	<i>143</i>	<i>—</i>	<i>2.1</i>
TOTAL NORTHERN TERRITORY 1996	56 832	23 940	82 976	6 627	42 949	13.1	7.4
TOTAL NORTHERN TERRITORY 1991	51 357	18 567	73 652	9 468	38 376	18.5	11.4

(a) People who stated they were employed, but worked zero hours in the week prior to census night, have been coded to 'part-time'.

(b) Includes people who did not state the number of hours worked.

4

OCCUPATION OF EMPLOYED PERSONS (AGED 15 YEARS AND OVER)

<i>STATISTICAL DIVISION (SD), Statistical Subdivision (SSD) and Statistical Local Area (SLA)</i>	<i>Professionals</i>	<i>Intermediate clerical, sales and service workers</i>	<i>Tradespersons and related workers</i>	<i>Associate professionals</i>	<i>Other(a)</i>	<i>Total</i>
DARWIN (SD)						
Darwin City (SSD)						
Alawa	187	216	173	141	474	1 191
Anula	266	232	155	182	480	1 315
Brinkin	172	107	46	86	256	667
City - Inner	331	257	151	202	584	1 525
Coconut Grove	165	187	122	127	390	991
Fannie Bay	346	222	134	233	502	1 437
Jingili	209	157	133	133	391	1 023
Karama	289	434	350	306	929	2 308
Larrakeyah	283	292	174	228	562	1 539
Leanyer	513	513	311	397	941	2 675
Lee Point-Leanyer Swamp	42	32	39	16	78	207
Ludmilla	172	166	113	133	337	921
Malak	257	293	199	215	618	1 582
Marrara	166	182	158	159	369	1 034
Millner	231	244	196	167	448	1 286
Moil	185	198	190	145	432	1 150
Nakara	253	204	121	157	380	1 115
Narrows	49	51	40	20	93	253
Nightcliff	463	314	234	245	745	2 001
Parap	178	146	80	122	311	837
Rapid Creek	488	291	209	190	560	1 738
Stuart Park	365	291	206	243	549	1 654
The Gardens	85	48	33	78	149	393
Tiwi	392	247	155	152	474	1 420
Wagaman	164	172	151	109	415	1 011
Wanguri	214	189	115	136	350	1 004
Winnellie	20	35	94	24	149	322
Wulagi	243	280	171	196	464	1 354
City - Remainder	177	254	239	332	379	1 381
<i>Total Darwin City (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>6 905</i>	<i>6 254</i>	<i>4 492</i>	<i>4 874</i>	<i>12 809</i>	<i>35 334</i>
<i>Total Darwin City (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>6 017</i>	<i>4 376</i>	<i>4 422</i>	<i>3 459</i>	<i>15 010</i>	<i>33 284</i>
Palmerston-East Arm (SSD)						
East Arm	4	5	15	4	51	79
Driver	163	242	174	141	459	1 179
Gray	167	252	238	149	513	1 319
Moulden	137	262	212	136	576	1 323
Woodroffe	136	243	240	159	530	1 308
Palmerston (T) Bal	32	52	45	37	99	265
<i>Total Palmerston-East Arm (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>639</i>	<i>1 056</i>	<i>924</i>	<i>626</i>	<i>2 228</i>	<i>5 473</i>
<i>Total Palmerston-East Arm (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>274</i>	<i>432</i>	<i>439</i>	<i>278</i>	<i>1 434</i>	<i>2 857</i>
<i>TOTAL DARWIN (SD) 1996</i>	<i>7 544</i>	<i>7 310</i>	<i>5 416</i>	<i>5 500</i>	<i>15 037</i>	<i>40 807</i>
<i>TOTAL DARWIN (SD) 1991</i>	<i>6 291</i>	<i>4 808</i>	<i>4 861</i>	<i>3 737</i>	<i>16 444</i>	<i>36 141</i>
NORTHERN TERRITORY - BAL (SD)						
Darwin Rural Areas (SSD)						
Coomalie (CGC)	112	55	69	48	228	512
Cox-Finiss	25	29	21	28	105	208
Litchfield (S) - Pt A	59	65	137	80	204	545
Litchfield (S) - Pt B	735	892	973	643	2 391	5 634
<i>Total Darwin Rural Areas (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>931</i>	<i>1 041</i>	<i>1 200</i>	<i>799</i>	<i>2 928</i>	<i>6 899</i>
<i>Total Darwin Rural Areas (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>647</i>	<i>506</i>	<i>785</i>	<i>455</i>	<i>2 568</i>	<i>4 961</i>
Bathurst-Melville (SSD)						
Bathurst-Melville	87	81	36	51	399	654
<i>Total Bathurst-Melville (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>87</i>	<i>81</i>	<i>36</i>	<i>51</i>	<i>399</i>	<i>654</i>
<i>Total Bathurst-Melville (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>79</i>	<i>38</i>	<i>83</i>	<i>46</i>	<i>272</i>	<i>518</i>

(a) Includes 'inadequately described' and 'not stated'.

4

OCCUPATION OF EMPLOYED PERSONS (AGED 15 YEARS AND OVER) *continued*

<i>STATISTICAL DIVISION (SD), Statistical Subdivision (SSD) and Statistical Local Area (SLA)</i>	<i>Professionals</i>	<i>Intermediate clerical, sales and service workers</i>	<i>Tradespersons and related workers</i>	<i>Associate professionals</i>	<i>Other(a)</i>	<i>Total</i>
Alligator (SSD)						
Jabiru (T)	168	148	127	125	313	881
South Alligator	111	88	28	66	178	471
West Arnhem	214	117	56	57	560	1 004
<i>Total Alligator (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>493</i>	<i>353</i>	<i>211</i>	<i>248</i>	<i>1 051</i>	<i>2 356</i>
<i>Total Alligator (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>373</i>	<i>206</i>	<i>306</i>	<i>290</i>	<i>960</i>	<i>2 135</i>
Daly (SSD)						
Daly	130	64	113	135	405	847
<i>Total Daly (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>130</i>	<i>64</i>	<i>113</i>	<i>135</i>	<i>405</i>	<i>847</i>
<i>Total Daly (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>144</i>	<i>63</i>	<i>204</i>	<i>92</i>	<i>580</i>	<i>1 083</i>
East Arnhem (SSD)						
East Arnhem - Bal	143	94	45	45	1 086	1 413
Groote Eylandt	101	83	155	73	359	771
Nhulunbuy	358	256	440	221	820	2 095
<i>Total East Arnhem (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>602</i>	<i>433</i>	<i>640</i>	<i>339</i>	<i>2 265</i>	<i>4 279</i>
<i>Total East Arnhem (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>555</i>	<i>272</i>	<i>728</i>	<i>311</i>	<i>1 994</i>	<i>3 860</i>
Lower Top End NT (SSD)						
Elsey - Bal	102	97	123	79	562	963
Gulf	87	43	57	53	732	972
Katherine (T)	743	762	791	608	1 682	4 586
Victoria	112	99	118	44	638	1 011
<i>Total Lower Top End NT (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>1 044</i>	<i>1 001</i>	<i>1 089</i>	<i>784</i>	<i>3 614</i>	<i>7 532</i>
<i>Total Lower Top End NT (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>805</i>	<i>683</i>	<i>1 064</i>	<i>778</i>	<i>3 615</i>	<i>6 945</i>
Barkly (SSD)						
Tableland	41	25	82	29	333	510
Tennant Creek (T)	239	216	172	195	612	1 434
Tennant Creek - Bal	68	35	51	39	346	539
<i>Total Barkly (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>348</i>	<i>276</i>	<i>305</i>	<i>263</i>	<i>1 291</i>	<i>2 483</i>
<i>Total Barkly (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>310</i>	<i>227</i>	<i>360</i>	<i>214</i>	<i>1 252</i>	<i>2 363</i>
Central NT (SSD)						
Alice Springs (T) - Charles	389	390	374	313	949	2 415
Alice Springs (T) - Heavitree	177	200	181	120	511	1 189
Alice Springs (T) - Larapinta	780	777	511	520	1 587	4 175
Alice Springs (T) - Ross	777	616	420	504	1 376	3 693
Alice Springs (T) - Stuart	290	233	156	167	461	1 307
Petermann	228	382	204	211	758	1 783
Sandover - Bal	96	64	46	58	452	716
Tanami	238	104	161	150	848	1 501
<i>Total Central NT (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>2 975</i>	<i>2 766</i>	<i>2 053</i>	<i>2 043</i>	<i>6 942</i>	<i>16 779</i>
<i>Total Central NT (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>2 289</i>	<i>1 811</i>	<i>1 946</i>	<i>1 703</i>	<i>7 196</i>	<i>14 945</i>
<i>TOTAL NORTHERN TERRITORY - BAL (SD) 1996</i>	<i>6 610</i>	<i>6 015</i>	<i>5 647</i>	<i>4 662</i>	<i>18 895</i>	<i>41 829</i>
<i>TOTAL NORTHERN TERRITORY - BAL (SD) 1991</i>	<i>5 202</i>	<i>3 806</i>	<i>5 476</i>	<i>3 889</i>	<i>18 437</i>	<i>36 810</i>
OFF-SHORE AREAS & MIGRATORY (SD)						
Off-Shore Areas & Migratory (SSD)						
Off-Shore Areas & Migratory	73	16	86	48	117	340
<i>Total Off-Shore Areas & Migratory (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>73</i>	<i>16</i>	<i>86</i>	<i>48</i>	<i>117</i>	<i>340</i>
<i>Total Off-Shore Areas & Migratory (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>190</i>	<i>17</i>	<i>171</i>	<i>35</i>	<i>288</i>	<i>701</i>
<i>TOTAL OFF-SHORE AREAS & MIGRATORY (SD) 1996</i>	<i>73</i>	<i>16</i>	<i>86</i>	<i>48</i>	<i>117</i>	<i>340</i>
<i>TOTAL OFF-SHORE AREAS & MIGRATORY (SD) 1991</i>	<i>190</i>	<i>17</i>	<i>171</i>	<i>35</i>	<i>288</i>	<i>701</i>
TOTAL NORTHERN TERRITORY 1996	14 227	13 341	11 149	10 210	34 049	82 976
TOTAL NORTHERN TERRITORY 1991	11 683	8 631	10 508	7 661	35 169	73 652

(a) Includes 'inadequately described' and 'not stated'.

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INDUSTRY OF EMPLOYED PERSONS (AGED 15 YEARS AND OVER)

<i>STATISTICAL DIVISION (SD), Statistical Subdivision (SSD) and Statistical Local Area (SLA)</i>	<i>Government administration and defence(a)</i>	<i>Retail trade</i>	<i>Health and community services</i>	<i>Property and business services</i>	<i>Other(b)</i>	<i>Total</i>
DARWIN (SD)						
Darwin City (SSD)						
Alawa	117	191	141	103	639	1 191
Anula	233	168	135	105	674	1 315
Brinkin	76	114	75	61	341	667
City - Inner	179	128	97	177	944	1 525
Coconut Grove	100	122	104	105	560	991
Fannie Bay	190	150	115	197	785	1 437
Jingili	132	129	102	85	575	1 023
Karama	247	339	175	178	1 369	2 308
Larrakeyah	341	129	97	190	782	1 539
Leanyer	369	350	331	254	1 371	2 675
Lee Point-Leanyer Swamp	14	23	21	13	136	207
Ludmilla	124	97	115	90	495	921
Malak	197	227	150	155	853	1 582
Marrara	150	128	63	104	589	1 034
Millner	156	173	108	104	745	1 286
Moil	146	159	102	87	656	1 150
Nakara	153	157	130	89	586	1 115
Narrows	38	28	21	32	134	253
Nightcliff	214	228	190	227	1 142	2 001
Parap	126	109	55	95	452	837
Rapid Creek	198	183	179	169	1 009	1 738
Stuart Park	203	208	109	191	943	1 654
The Gardens	42	33	26	49	243	393
Tiwi	171	173	327	104	645	1 420
Wagaman	114	153	108	100	536	1 011
Wanguri	115	157	113	94	525	1 004
Winnellie	11	60	21	26	204	322
Wulagi	253	165	138	116	682	1 354
City - Remainder	825	79	80	46	351	1 381
<i>Total Darwin City (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>5 234</i>	<i>4 360</i>	<i>3 428</i>	<i>3 346</i>	<i>18 966</i>	<i>35 334</i>
<i>Total Darwin City (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>5 227</i>	<i>4 218</i>	<i>2 674</i>	<i>2 357</i>	<i>18 808</i>	<i>33 284</i>
Palmerston-East Arm (SSD)						
East Arm	3	6	3	7	60	79
Driver	154	192	71	96	666	1 179
Gray	169	204	92	83	771	1 319
Moulden	137	211	104	111	760	1 323
Woodroffe	128	169	101	104	806	1 308
Palmerston (T) Bal	26	40	14	18	167	265
<i>Total Palmerston-East Arm (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>617</i>	<i>822</i>	<i>385</i>	<i>419</i>	<i>3 230</i>	<i>5 473</i>
<i>Total Palmerston-East Arm (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>326</i>	<i>408</i>	<i>189</i>	<i>190</i>	<i>1 744</i>	<i>2 857</i>
<i>TOTAL DARWIN (SD) 1996</i>	<i>5 851</i>	<i>5 182</i>	<i>3 813</i>	<i>3 765</i>	<i>22 196</i>	<i>40 807</i>
<i>TOTAL DARWIN (SD) 1991</i>	<i>5 553</i>	<i>4 626</i>	<i>2 863</i>	<i>2 547</i>	<i>20 552</i>	<i>36 141</i>
NORTHERN TERRITORY - BAL (SD)						
Darwin Rural Areas (SSD)						
Coomalie (CGC)	27	39	33	15	398	512
Cox-Finiss	25	21	11	15	136	208
Litchfield (S) - Pt A	102	60	23	38	322	545
Litchfield (S) - Pt B	525	580	422	425	3 682	5 634
<i>Total Darwin Rural Areas (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>679</i>	<i>700</i>	<i>489</i>	<i>493</i>	<i>4 538</i>	<i>6 899</i>
<i>Total Darwin Rural Areas (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>433</i>	<i>500</i>	<i>294</i>	<i>295</i>	<i>3 439</i>	<i>4 961</i>
Bathurst-Melville (SSD)						
Bathurst-Melville	382	26	70	7	169	654
<i>Total Bathurst-Melville (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>382</i>	<i>26</i>	<i>70</i>	<i>7</i>	<i>169</i>	<i>654</i>
<i>Total Bathurst-Melville (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>80</i>	<i>29</i>	<i>27</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>379</i>	<i>518</i>

(a) Note that this heading refers to the industry of employment. Total public sector employment in the NT at 6 August 1996 was 27,903 people.

(b) Includes 'inadequately described' and 'not stated'.

<i>STATISTICAL DIVISION (SD), Statistical Subdivision (SSD) and Statistical Local Area (SLA)</i>	<i>Government administration and defence(a)</i>	<i>Retail trade</i>	<i>Health and community services</i>	<i>Property and business services</i>	<i>Other(b)</i>	<i>Total</i>
Alligator (SSD)						
Jabiru (T)	42	60	36	107	636	881
South Alligator	10	21	41	25	374	471
West Arnhem	347	46	365	10	236	1 004
<i>Total Alligator (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>399</i>	<i>127</i>	<i>442</i>	<i>142</i>	<i>1 246</i>	<i>2 356</i>
<i>Total Alligator (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>104</i>	<i>138</i>	<i>105</i>	<i>116</i>	<i>1 672</i>	<i>2 135</i>
Daly (SSD)						
Daly	150	25	95	32	545	847
<i>Total Daly (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>150</i>	<i>25</i>	<i>95</i>	<i>32</i>	<i>545</i>	<i>847</i>
<i>Total Daly (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>75</i>	<i>50</i>	<i>99</i>	<i>58</i>	<i>801</i>	<i>1 083</i>
East Arnhem (SSD)						
East Arnhem - Bal	497	28	613	26	249	1 413
Groote Eylandt	123	28	28	23	569	771
Nhulunbuy	105	198	212	94	1 486	2 095
<i>Total East Arnhem (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>725</i>	<i>254</i>	<i>853</i>	<i>143</i>	<i>2 304</i>	<i>4 279</i>
<i>Total East Arnhem (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>182</i>	<i>298</i>	<i>239</i>	<i>193</i>	<i>2 948</i>	<i>3 860</i>
Lower Top End NT (SSD)						
Elsey - Bal	217	53	85	26	582	963
Gulf	290	28	216	32	406	972
Katherine (T)	1 006	523	490	255	2 312	4 586
Victoria	351	26	110	21	503	1 011
<i>Total Lower Top End NT (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>1 864</i>	<i>630</i>	<i>901</i>	<i>334</i>	<i>3 803</i>	<i>7 532</i>
<i>Total Lower Top End NT (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>1 482</i>	<i>566</i>	<i>564</i>	<i>270</i>	<i>4 063</i>	<i>6 945</i>
Barkly (SSD)						
Tableland	69	17	30	13	381	510
Tennant Creek (T)	156	127	296	68	787	1 434
Tennant Creek - Bal	185	17	59	10	268	539
<i>Total Barkly (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>410</i>	<i>161</i>	<i>385</i>	<i>91</i>	<i>1 436</i>	<i>2 483</i>
<i>Total Barkly (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>157</i>	<i>221</i>	<i>236</i>	<i>108</i>	<i>1 641</i>	<i>2 363</i>
Central NT (SSD)						
Alice Springs (T) - Charles	181	389	269	184	1 392	2 415
Alice Springs (T) - Heavitree	76	186	133	85	709	1 189
Alice Springs (T) - Larapinta	345	618	557	449	2 206	4 175
Alice Springs (T) - Ross	330	516	445	378	2 024	3 693
Alice Springs (T) - Stuart	90	121	237	86	773	1 307
Petermann	284	143	101	88	1 167	1 783
Sandover - Bal	199	23	139	10	345	716
Tanami	389	51	203	44	814	1 501
<i>Total Central NT (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>1 894</i>	<i>2 047</i>	<i>2 084</i>	<i>1 324</i>	<i>9 430</i>	<i>16 779</i>
<i>Total Central NT (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>1 068</i>	<i>1 915</i>	<i>1 426</i>	<i>1 062</i>	<i>9 474</i>	<i>14 945</i>
<i>TOTAL NORTHERN TERRITORY - BAL (SD) 1996</i>	<i>6 503</i>	<i>3 970</i>	<i>5 319</i>	<i>2 566</i>	<i>23 471</i>	<i>41 829</i>
<i>TOTAL NORTHERN TERRITORY - BAL (SD) 1991</i>	<i>3 581</i>	<i>3 717</i>	<i>2 990</i>	<i>2 105</i>	<i>24 417</i>	<i>36 810</i>
OFF-SHORE AREAS & MIGRATORY (SD)						
Off-Shore Areas & Migratory (SSD)						
Off-Shore Areas & Migratory	150	6	3	11	170	340
<i>Total Off-Shore Areas & Migratory (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>150</i>	<i>6</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>11</i>	<i>170</i>	<i>340</i>
<i>Total Off-Shore Areas & Migratory (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>123</i>	<i>—</i>	<i>5</i>	<i>8</i>	<i>563</i>	<i>699</i>
<i>TOTAL OFF-SHORE AREAS & MIGRATORY (SD) 1996</i>	<i>150</i>	<i>6</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>11</i>	<i>170</i>	<i>340</i>
<i>TOTAL OFF-SHORE AREAS & MIGRATORY (SD) 1991</i>	<i>123</i>	<i>—</i>	<i>5</i>	<i>8</i>	<i>563</i>	<i>699</i>
TOTAL NORTHERN TERRITORY 1996	12 504	9 158	9 135	6 342	45 837	82 976
TOTAL NORTHERN TERRITORY 1991	9 257	8 343	5 858	4 660	45 532	73 652

(a) Note that this heading refers to the industry of employment. Total public sector employment in the NT at 6 August 1996 was 27,903 people.

(b) Includes 'inadequately described' and 'not stated'.

STATISTICAL DIVISION (SD), Statistical Subdivision (SSD) and Statistical Local Area (SLA)	POST-SCHOOL QUALIFICATION.....				POPULATION
	Bachelor degree or higher	Undergrad. or Assoc. diploma	Skilled vocational	Basic vocational	Aged 15 years and over
DARWIN (SD)					
Darwin City (SSD)					
Alawa	210	116	193	61	1 781
Anula	252	138	185	71	1 953
Brinkin	217	77	75	34	967
City - Inner	387	195	288	83	3 242
Coconut Grove	168	94	203	54	1 753
Fannie Bay	427	173	244	59	2 292
Jingili	193	95	196	37	1 529
Karama	285	215	434	119	3 631
Larrakeyah	381	168	274	78	2 534
Leanyer	521	268	458	129	3 664
Lee Point-Leanyer Swamp	40	52	125	21	737
Ludmilla	194	88	158	40	1 460
Malak	228	170	262	67	2 523
Marrara	150	112	244	61	1 584
Millner	239	119	237	68	2 071
Moil	177	111	181	48	1 715
Nakara	259	109	155	60	1 649
Narrows	48	20	47	9	430
Nightcliff	508	227	352	96	2 978
Parap	220	77	135	42	1 441
Rapid Creek	517	188	261	89	2 622
Stuart Park	404	132	264	79	2 361
The Gardens	92	44	77	32	680
Tiwi	356	172	222	77	2 256
Wagaman	165	107	171	49	1 715
Wanguri	218	106	137	61	1 523
Winnellie	18	28	83	17	608
Wulagi	218	125	240	80	1 970
City - Remainder	148	148	283	92	1 966
<i>Total Darwin City (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>7 240</i>	<i>3 674</i>	<i>6 184</i>	<i>1 813</i>	<i>55 635</i>
<i>Total Darwin City (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>5 102</i>	<i>3 297</i>	<i>6 070</i>	<i>1 868</i>	<i>52 858</i>
Palmerston-East Arm (SSD)					
East Arm	5	7	30	3	350
Driver	136	100	213	67	1 766
Gray	138	104	319	78	2 262
Moulden	104	95	279	84	2 258
Woodroffe	112	99	299	72	1 967
Palmerston (T) Bal	28	25	58	11	381
<i>Total Palmerston-East Arm (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>523</i>	<i>430</i>	<i>1 198</i>	<i>315</i>	<i>8 984</i>
<i>Total Palmerston-East Arm (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>192</i>	<i>179</i>	<i>621</i>	<i>208</i>	<i>5 492</i>
<i>TOTAL DARWIN (SD) 1996</i>	<i>7 763</i>	<i>4 104</i>	<i>7 382</i>	<i>2 128</i>	<i>64 619</i>
<i>TOTAL DARWIN (SD) 1991</i>	<i>5 294</i>	<i>3 476</i>	<i>6 691</i>	<i>2 076</i>	<i>58 350</i>
NORTHERN TERRITORY - BAL (SD)					
Darwin Rural Areas (SSD)					
Coomalie (CGC)	105	65	107	16	1 011
Cox-Finiss	42	25	65	9	617
Litchfield (S) - Pt A	68	51	159	31	1 034
Litchfield (S) - Pt B	616	495	1 444	285	9 396
<i>Total Darwin Rural Areas (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>831</i>	<i>636</i>	<i>1 775</i>	<i>341</i>	<i>12 058</i>
<i>Total Darwin Rural Areas (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>475</i>	<i>481</i>	<i>1 170</i>	<i>256</i>	<i>8 482</i>
Bathurst-Melville (SSD)					
Bathurst-Melville	43	18	21	7	1 399
<i>Total Bathurst-Melville (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>43</i>	<i>18</i>	<i>21</i>	<i>7</i>	<i>1 399</i>
<i>Total Bathurst-Melville (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>23</i>	<i>29</i>	<i>26</i>	<i>10</i>	<i>1 224</i>

STATISTICAL DIVISION (SD), Statistical Subdivision (SSD) and Statistical Local Area (SLA)	POST-SCHOOL QUALIFICATION.....				POPULATION
	Bachelor degree or higher	Undergrad. or Assoc. diploma	Skilled vocational	Basic vocational	Aged 15 years and over
Alligator (SSD)					
Jabiru (T)	200	106	214	54	1 229
South Alligator	143	77	113	29	1 043
West Arnhem	68	50	48	23	2 478
<i>Total Alligator (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>411</i>	<i>233</i>	<i>375</i>	<i>106</i>	<i>4 750</i>
<i>Total Alligator (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>380</i>	<i>211</i>	<i>367</i>	<i>107</i>	<i>4 879</i>
Daly (SSD)					
Daly	117	61	188	38	2 473
<i>Total Daly (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>117</i>	<i>61</i>	<i>188</i>	<i>38</i>	<i>2 473</i>
<i>Total Daly (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>87</i>	<i>79</i>	<i>205</i>	<i>43</i>	<i>2 400</i>
East Arnhem (SSD)					
East Arnhem - Bal	72	53	36	15	3 711
Groote Eylandt	78	49	213	24	1 723
Nhulunbuy	302	171	529	97	2 666
<i>Total East Arnhem (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>452</i>	<i>273</i>	<i>778</i>	<i>136</i>	<i>8 100</i>
<i>Total East Arnhem (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>366</i>	<i>291</i>	<i>868</i>	<i>202</i>	<i>7 522</i>
Lower Top End NT (SSD)					
Elsey - Bal	99	81	203	34	2 127
Gulf	64	54	112	15	1 907
Katherine (T)	639	479	1 006	270	7 680
Victoria	80	62	83	30	1 865
<i>Total Lower Top End NT (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>882</i>	<i>676</i>	<i>1 404</i>	<i>349</i>	<i>13 579</i>
<i>Total Lower Top End NT (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>568</i>	<i>541</i>	<i>1 301</i>	<i>336</i>	<i>12 015</i>
Barkly (SSD)					
Tableland	44	64	62	23	989
Tennant Creek (T)	202	124	254	64	2 723
Tennant Creek - Bal	48	28	74	21	1 270
<i>Total Barkly (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>294</i>	<i>216</i>	<i>390</i>	<i>108</i>	<i>4 982</i>
<i>Total Barkly (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>205</i>	<i>213</i>	<i>403</i>	<i>110</i>	<i>4 818</i>
Central NT (SSD)					
Alice Springs (T) - Charles	336	201	530	110	3 843
Alice Springs (T) - Heavitree	194	157	303	58	2 223
Alice Springs (T) - Larapinta	632	386	719	200	5 871
Alice Springs (T) - Ross	750	382	549	170	5 105
Alice Springs (T) - Stuart	303	142	251	79	2 446
Petermann	261	205	263	100	3 139
Sandover - Bal	63	53	67	18	1 663
Tanami	201	95	182	23	4 571
<i>Total Central NT (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>2 740</i>	<i>1 621</i>	<i>2 864</i>	<i>758</i>	<i>28 861</i>
<i>Total Central NT (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>1 740</i>	<i>1 390</i>	<i>2 604</i>	<i>847</i>	<i>25 891</i>
<i>TOTAL NORTHERN TERRITORY - BAL (SD) 1996</i>	<i>5 770</i>	<i>3 734</i>	<i>7 795</i>	<i>1 843</i>	<i>76 202</i>
<i>TOTAL NORTHERN TERRITORY - BAL (SD) 1991</i>	<i>3 844</i>	<i>3 235</i>	<i>6 944</i>	<i>1 911</i>	<i>67 231</i>
OFF-SHORE AREAS & MIGRATORY (SD)					
Off-Shore Areas & Migratory (SSD)					
Off-Shore Areas & Migratory	57	55	95	16	417
<i>Total Off-Shore Areas & Migratory (SSD) 1996</i>	<i>57</i>	<i>55</i>	<i>95</i>	<i>16</i>	<i>417</i>
<i>Total Off-Shore Areas & Migratory (SSD) 1991</i>	<i>40</i>	<i>60</i>	<i>163</i>	<i>113</i>	<i>1 132</i>
<i>TOTAL OFF-SHORE AREAS & MIGRATORY (SD) 1996</i>	<i>57</i>	<i>55</i>	<i>95</i>	<i>16</i>	<i>417</i>
<i>TOTAL OFF-SHORE AREAS & MIGRATORY (SD) 1991</i>	<i>40</i>	<i>60</i>	<i>163</i>	<i>113</i>	<i>1 132</i>
TOTAL NORTHERN TERRITORY 1996	13 590	7 893	15 272	3 987	141 238
TOTAL NORTHERN TERRITORY 1991	9 178	6 771	13 798	4 100	126 713

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STATISTICAL LOCAL AREAS, Ranked by Couple Families with Dependent Children

Rank	Statistical Local Area	%	no.	Rank	Statistical Local Area	%	no.
1	City - Remainder	62.4	367	41	South Alligator	41.3	43
2	Nhulunbuy	59.5	541	42	Alice Springs (T) - Heavitree	41.2	181
3	Driver	56.0	387	43	Larrakeyah	41.2	206
4	Groote Eylandt	56.0	314	44	Brinkin	40.7	103
5	Jabiru (T)	55.5	146	45	Ludmilla	40.3	178
6	Tennant Creek - Bal	54.6	200	46	Alawa	39.5	230
7	Leanyer	53.4	701	47	Petermann	37.2	162
8	Daly	53.3	308	48	Stuart Park	36.1	214
9	West Arnhem	52.6	411	49	Parap	35.8	110
10	Woodroffe	52.2	393	50	Cox-Finiss	35.6	47
11	Karama	51.5	661	51	Fannie Bay	35.3	221
12	Katherine (T)	51.2	1 061	52	East Arm	35.0	7
13	Gulf	50.9	243	53	Rapid Creek	34.9	270
14	Anula	50.9	356	54	Nightcliff	34.9	280
15	Bathurst-Melville	50.2	222	55	Millner	34.5	218
16	Palmerston (T) Bal	50.0	69	56	Coconut Grove	32.3	140
17	Sandover - Bal	49.9	230	57	Narrows	32.1	42
18	Malak	49.8	436	58	Alice Springs (T) - Stuart	31.2	93
19	Tableland	49.7	91	59	The Gardens	30.2	29
20	Tanami	49.2	608	60	Winnellie	25.0	20
21	Wulagi	49.0	352	61	City - Inner	22.7	42
22	Jingili	48.9	255	62	Lee Point-Leanyer Swamp	20.0	5
23	Wagaman	48.4	272				
24	Alice Springs (T) - Charles	48.4	559				
25	Alice Springs (T) - Larapinta	48.3	1 025				
26	Victoria	48.1	228				
27	Litchfield (S) - Pt B	48.1	1 461				
28	Wanguri	47.3	243				
29	Nakara	46.7	258				
30	Alice Springs (T) - Ross	46.5	753				
31	Tiwi	46.5	302				
32	Elsey - Bal	46.4	159				
33	Gray	46.3	379				
34	Tennant Creek (T)	45.9	339				
35	East Arnhem - Bal	45.7	511				
36	Moil	45.4	267				
37	Litchfield (S) - Pt A	44.6	74				
38	Moulden	44.6	409				
39	Marrara	44.4	217				
40	Coomalie (CGC)	44.1	116				

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STATISTICAL LOCAL AREAS, Ranked by Median Weekly Household Income

Rank	Statistical Local Area	\$	Rank	Statistical Local Area	\$
1	Nhulunbuy	1 250	41	West Arnhem	704
2	Larrakeyah	1 132	42	Petermann	698
3	Brinkin	1 111	43	Moulden	695
4	Groote Eylandt	1 088	44	Litchfield (S) - Pt A	686
5	Nakara	1 075	45	Alice Springs (T) - Stuart	678
6	Palmerston (T) Bal	1 072	46	Gray	677
7	Jabiru (T)	1 055	47	Coomalie (CGC)	658
8	Jingli	1 038	48	East Arm	650
9	Wanguri	1 035	49	Lee Point-Leanyer Swamp	642
10	Leanyer	1 027	50	Coconut Grove	613
11	Anula	1 020	51	South Alligator	610
12	Wulagi	1 005	52	Victoria	601
13	Moil	967	53	Tanami	600
14	Ludmilla	944	54	Narrows	595
15	City - Remainder	939	55	Tennant Creek - Bal	587
16	Marrara	936	56	Gulf	585
17	Rapid Creek	929	57	Tableland	576
18	Alawa	924	58	Bathurst-Melville	566
19	Alice Springs (T) - Ross	922	59	Cox-Finiss	531
20	Tiwi	919	60	Elsey - Bal	527
21	The Gardens	906	61	Sandover - Bal	526
22	Stuart Park	901	62	Winnellie	506
23	Alice Springs (T) - Larapinta	896			
24	Alice Springs (T) - Charles	893			
25	Katherine (T)	882			
26	Driver	878			
27	Fannie Bay	868			
28	Karama	868			
29	Wagaman	860			
30	Litchfield (S) - Pt B	847			
31	Nightcliff	842			
32	Woodroffe	837			
33	Malak	831			
34	Tennant Creek (T)	811			
35	City - Inner	802			
36	Millner	790			
37	Parap	744			
38	Daly	740			
39	East Arnhem - Bal	738			
40	Alice Springs (T) - Heavitree	706			

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STATISTICAL LOCAL AREAS, Ranked by Proportion of Employed Persons Working Full-Time

Rank	Statistical Local Area	%	Rank	Statistical Local Area	%
1	Palmerston (T) Bal	80.2	41	Nakara	68.5
2	Nhulunbuy	76.0	42	Petermann	67.8
3	City - Remainder	75.7	43	Coconut Grove	67.5
4	Larrakeyah	75.6	44	Wagaman	67.5
5	Stuart Park	75.5	45	Brinkin	67.3
6	Marrara	75.0	46	Malak	67.2
7	Katherine (T)	73.9	47	East Arm	67.1
8	Woodroffe	73.8	48	City - Inner	66.8
9	Rapid Creek	73.6	49	Anula	65.9
10	Alice Springs (T) - Ross	72.7	50	Alice Springs (T) - Heavitree	64.1
11	Alice Springs (T) - Larapinta	72.4	51	South Alligator	63.9
12	Nightcliff	72.4	52	Cox-Finiss	63.0
13	Alice Springs (T) - Charles	72.2	53	Elsley - Bal	59.9
14	Leanyer	72.0	54	Tanami	55.6
15	Moulden	71.8	55	Gulf	55.6
16	Daly	71.8	56	Victoria	50.4
17	Tableland	71.8	57	Tennant Creek - Bal	50.1
18	Gray	71.6	58	Sandover - Bal	45.4
19	Millner	71.4	59	Lee Point-Leanyer Swamp	35.7
20	Jabiru (T)	71.2	60	East Arnhem - Bal	35.6
21	Litchfield (S) - Pt B	70.9	61	West Arnhem	31.9
22	The Gardens	70.7	62	Bathurst-Melville	22.8
23	Alawa	70.6			
24	Groote Eylandt	70.6			
25	Fannie Bay	70.5			
26	Driver	70.5			
27	Ludmilla	70.4			
28	Alice Springs (T) - Stuart	70.3			
29	Litchfield (S) - Pt A	70.3			
30	Winnellie	70.2			
31	Parap	70.0			
32	Moil	70.0			
33	Karama	69.9			
34	Coomalie (CGC)	69.7			
35	Wulagi	69.6			
36	Jingili	69.6			
37	Tennant Creek (T)	69.6			
38	Wanguri	69.5			
39	Narrows	68.8			
40	Tiwi	68.7			

Rank	Statistical Local Area	Unemployment rate %	Unemployed no.	Rank	Statistical Local Area	Unemployment rate %	Unemployed no.
1	Lee Point-Leanyer Swamp	18.2	46	41	Anula	6.4	90
2	Cox-Finniss	18.1	46	42	Tableland	6.1	33
3	Bathurst-Melville	15.1	116	43	South Alligator	6.0	30
4	Winnellie	14.6	55	44	Tiwi	5.8	88
5	Daly	14.4	143	45	Alice Springs (T) - Heavitree	5.7	72
6	Tanami	14.1	247	46	City - Remainder	5.5	81
7	West Arnhem	13.6	158	47	Alice Springs (T) - Stuart	5.5	76
8	Litchfield (S) - Pt A	13.1	82	48	East Arnhem - Bal	5.5	82
9	Sandover - Bal	12.1	99	49	Alice Springs (T) - Charles	5.4	137
10	Coomalie (CGC)	11.6	67	50	Nakara	5.3	63
11	Narrows	11.5	33	51	Brinkin	5.0	35
12	Elsy - Bal	11.3	123	52	Alice Springs (T) - Larapinta	4.9	217
13	Coconut Grove	11.3	126	53	Leanyer	4.8	136
14	Moulden	10.8	160	54	Gulf	4.4	45
15	Wagaman	10.6	120	55	Tennant Creek - Bal	4.3	24
16	Parap	10.6	99	56	Alice Springs (T) - Ross	4.1	157
17	Gray	10.6	156	57	The Gardens	3.9	16
18	Tennant Creek (T)	10.5	168	58	Palmerston (T) Bal	3.6	10
19	Millner	9.9	142	59	Nhulunbuy	3.4	73
20	East Arm	9.2	8	60	Groote Eylandt	2.9	23
21	Ludmilla	9.2	93	61	Petermann	2.6	48
22	Malak	8.8	152	62	Jabiru (T)	1.7	15
23	Alawa	8.7	114				
24	Litchfield (S) - Pt B	8.4	516				
25	Rapid Creek	8.3	157				
26	City - Inner	7.6	125				
27	Moil	7.4	92				
28	Nightcliff	7.4	159				
29	Victoria	7.3	80				
30	Karama	7.3	181				
31	Woodroffe	7.2	101				
32	Stuart Park	7.1	127				
33	Katherine (T)	7.1	352				
34	Larrakeyah	7.1	118				
35	Wulagi	6.9	101				
36	Jingili	6.7	74				
37	Driver	6.7	85				
38	Fannie Bay	6.7	103				
39	Marrara	6.6	73				
40	Wanguri	6.4	69				

(a) The number of unemployed persons expressed as a percentage of the labour force.

BASIC COMMUNITY PROFILE

The key characteristics from the Census are summarised in a set of 32 standard tables which make up the Basic Community Profile (BCP). The first 16 tables (B01 – B16), which provided a range of social, demographic and housing characteristics, were published in *Census of Population and Housing: Selected Social and Housing Characteristics for Statistical Local Areas* (Cat. nos. 2015.0–8).

In the following pages, the BCP is completed by the inclusion of BCP tables B17 – B32, which provide family, household and labour force characteristics from the Census. Similar BCP tables are available for other geographic areas, including Local Government Areas, Postal Areas and Collection Districts.

For further information about the Community Profile Series, please refer to the Appendix — Census Products and Services.

QUALIFICATION (HIGHEST) FIELD, By Qualification (Highest) Level

	Higher degree	Post-graduate diploma	Bachelor degree	Under-graduate diploma	Associate diploma	Skilled vocational	Basic vocational	Inadequately described	Not stated	Total
MALES										
Business and administration	136	116	655	237	367	151	277	98	183	2 220
Health	172	39	427	169	88	23	59	42	70	1 089
Education	125	322	529	302	106	—	9	15	46	1 454
Society and culture	218	132	1 092	136	143	65	98	64	171	2 119
Natural and physical sciences	238	70	815	61	162	39	123	31	95	1 634
Engineering	106	22	710	238	730	8 593	307	91	604	11 401
Architecture and building	3	10	128	36	111	2 744	129	28	201	3 390
Agriculture and related fields	38	13	108	119	98	189	163	31	95	854
Miscellaneous fields	—	3	12	293	35	1 183	274	57	272	2 129
Inadequately described	6	3	72	9	31	87	27	30	51	316
Not stated	13	3	20	—	27	422	12	—	8 354	8 851
<i>Total</i>	<i>1 055</i>	<i>733</i>	<i>4 568</i>	<i>1 600</i>	<i>1 898</i>	<i>13 496</i>	<i>1 478</i>	<i>487</i>	<i>10 142</i>	<i>35 457</i>
FEMALES										
Business and administration	57	100	617	266	516	192	1 234	220	808	4 010
Health	123	106	1 335	1 339	92	14	640	161	365	4 175
Education	161	729	1 315	841	294	—	4	34	150	3 528
Society and culture	188	204	1 365	201	421	164	177	68	197	2 985
Natural and physical sciences	74	37	505	37	94	27	142	9	95	1 020
Engineering	10	4	48	28	42	271	60	3	62	528
Architecture and building	3	—	48	16	16	36	4	—	10	133
Agriculture and related fields	4	5	38	21	47	49	53	3	17	237
Miscellaneous fields	—	—	5	39	16	932	159	74	132	1 357
Inadequately described	6	5	105	14	31	13	23	10	25	232
Not stated	6	—	32	5	17	78	13	4	6 478	6 633
<i>Total</i>	<i>632</i>	<i>1 190</i>	<i>5 413</i>	<i>2 807</i>	<i>1 586</i>	<i>1 776</i>	<i>2 509</i>	<i>586</i>	<i>8 339</i>	<i>24 838</i>

QUALIFICATION (HIGHEST) FIELD, By Qualification (Highest) Level *continued*

	<i>Higher degree</i>	<i>Post-graduate diploma</i>	<i>Bachelor degree</i>	<i>Under-graduate diploma</i>	<i>Associate diploma</i>	<i>Skilled vocational</i>	<i>Basic vocational</i>	<i>Inadequately described</i>	<i>Not stated</i>	<i>Total</i>
PERSONS										
Business and administration	193	216	1 272	503	883	343	1 511	318	991	6 230
Health	295	145	1 762	1 508	180	37	699	203	435	5 264
Education	286	1 051	1 844	1 143	400	—	13	49	196	4 982
Society and culture	406	336	2 457	337	564	229	275	132	368	5 104
Natural and physical sciences	312	107	1 320	98	256	66	265	40	190	2 654
Engineering	116	26	758	266	772	8 864	367	94	666	11 929
Architecture and building	6	10	176	52	127	2 780	133	28	211	3 523
Agriculture and related fields	42	18	146	140	145	238	216	34	112	1 091
Miscellaneous fields	—	3	17	332	51	2 115	433	131	404	3 486
Inadequately described	12	8	177	23	62	100	50	40	76	548
Not stated	19	3	52	5	44	500	25	4	14 832	15 484
Total	1 687	1 923	9 981	4 407	3 484	15 272	3 987	1 073	18 481	60 295

AGE, By Labour Force Status (Full-Time/Part-Time)

Age group (years)	EMPLOYED.....				UNEMPLOYED.....							
	Full-time(a)	Part-time	Not stated(b)	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	Total unemployed	Total labour force	Not in labour force	Not stated(c)	Overseas visitor	Total
MALES												
15-19	76 555	1 295	133	2 791	395	142	537	3 328	3 139	549	175	7 191
20-24	4 059	1 291	193	5 543	654	109	763	6 306	1 580	764	444	9 094
25-34	10 653	2 419	293	13 365	961	106	1 067	14 432	2 379	1 509	821	19 141
35-44	9 899	2 058	249	12 206	725	76	801	13 007	1 778	1 115	467	16 367
45-54	7 365	1 664	205	9 234	452	60	512	9 746	1 858	803	406	12 813
55-64	2 390	870	114	3 374	203	43	246	3 620	2 682	480	225	7 007
65-69	157	155	20	332	5	6	11	343	2 051	—	88	2 482
70-74	40	46	5	91	4	3	7	98	1 193	—	41	1 332
75 and over	21	29	5	55	3	3	6	61	1 036	—	31	1 128
Total	35 947	9 827	1 217	46 991	3 402	548	3 950	50 941	17 696	5 220	2 698	76 555
FEMALES												
15-19	747	1 487	111	2 345	324	166	490	2 835	3 208	427	303	6 773
20-24	2 896	1 702	107	4 705	383	149	532	5 237	2 403	529	506	8 675
25-34	6 354	4 030	266	10 650	547	227	774	11 424	5 246	992	757	18 419
35-44	5 757	3 696	234	9 687	308	193	501	10 188	3 508	828	372	14 896
45-54	4 173	2 323	181	6 677	227	81	308	6 985	2 938	523	360	10 806
55-64	890	746	67	1 703	41	24	65	1 768	3 680	168	222	5 838
65-69	49	77	11	137	—	3	3	140	1 706	—	81	1 927
70-74	11	30	3	44	—	—	—	44	1 198	—	67	1 309
75 and over	8	22	7	37	—	—	—	37	1 366	—	49	1 452
Total	20 885	14 113	987	35 985	1 830	843	2 673	38 658	25 253	3 467	2 717	70 095

(a) Full-time is defined as having worked 35 hours or more in the main job held in the week prior to census night.

(b) Comprises employed persons who did not state their hours worked.

(c) Comprises persons who did not state their labour force status.

AGE, By Labour Force Status (Full-Time/Part-Time) *continued*

Age group (years)	EMPLOYED.....				UNEMPLOYED.....			Total labour force	Not in labour force	Not stated(c)	Overseas visitor	Total
	Full-time(a)	Part-time	Not stated(b)	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	Total unemployed					
PERSONS												
15-19	2 110	2 782	244	5 136	719	308	1 027	6 163	6 347	976	478	13 964
20-24	6 955	2 993	300	10 248	1 037	258	1 295	11 543	3 983	1 293	950	17 769
25-34	17 007	6 449	559	24 015	1 508	333	1 841	25 856	7 625	2 501	1 578	37 560
35-44	15 656	5 754	483	21 893	1 033	269	1 302	23 195	5 286	1 943	839	31 263
45-54	11 538	3 987	386	15 911	679	141	820	16 731	4 796	1 326	766	23 619
55-64	3 280	1 616	181	5 077	244	67	311	5 388	6 362	648	447	12 845
65-69	206	232	31	469	5	9	14	483	3 757	—	169	4 409
70-74	51	76	8	135	4	3	7	142	2 391	—	108	2 641
75 and over	29	51	12	92	3	3	6	98	2 402	—	80	2 580
Total	56 832	23 940	2 204	82 976	5 232	1 391	6 623	89 599	42 949	8 687	5 415	146 650

- (a) Full-time is defined as having worked 35 hours or more in the main job held in the week prior to census night.
- (b) Comprises employed persons who did not state their hours worked.
- (c) Comprises persons who did not state their labour force status.

INDUSTRY, Employed Persons

	15-19 YEARS		20-24 YEARS.		25-34 YEARS.		35-54 YEARS.		55 YEARS AND OVER.....		TOTAL.....		
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Persons
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	157	49	250	88	381	149	604	299	325	137	1 717	722	2 439
Mining	46	17	234	86	842	178	1 213	140	138	10	2 473	431	2 904
Manufacturing	158	28	324	111	742	284	1 282	381	249	53	2 755	857	3 612
Electricity, gas and water supply	6	4	23	16	101	28	264	39	48	4	442	91	533
Construction	240	32	656	58	1 619	220	2 513	386	392	32	5 420	728	6 148
Wholesale trade	103	34	308	115	683	260	975	375	190	52	2 259	836	3 095
Retail trade	855	952	729	697	1 139	1 135	1 533	1 652	255	211	4 511	4 647	9 158
Accommodation, cafes and restaurants	144	248	451	678	656	859	771	1 053	145	88	2 167	2 926	5 093
Transport and storage	65	31	235	172	849	435	1 478	457	294	46	2 921	1 141	4 062
Communication services	10	13	54	42	203	118	522	238	63	22	852	433	1 285
Finance and insurance	16	42	53	186	201	413	284	360	51	25	605	1 026	1 631
Property and business services	105	104	308	336	1 028	911	1 865	1 208	325	152	3 631	2 711	6 342
Government administration and defence	382	261	912	663	2 361	1 580	3 345	2 338	442	220	7 442	5 062	12 504
Education	55	48	97	306	412	1 023	1 152	2 632	203	247	1 919	4 256	6 175
Health and community services	189	192	351	635	796	1 839	1 295	3 197	262	379	2 893	6 242	9 135
Cultural and recreational services	73	69	173	189	393	418	587	457	74	47	1 300	1 180	2 480
Personal and other services	38	108	143	211	507	471	982	591	157	70	1 827	1 451	3 278
Non-classifiable economic units	32	17	73	26	146	73	286	138	77	33	614	287	901
Not stated	117	96	169	90	306	256	489	423	162	93	1 243	958	2 201
Total	2 791	2 345	5 543	4 705	13 365	10 650	21 440	16 364	3 852	1 921	46 991	35 985	82 976

OCCUPATION, Employed Persons

	15-19 YEARS		20-24 YEARS.		25-34 YEARS.		35-54 YEARS.		55 YEARS AND OVER.....		TOTAL.....		
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Persons
Managers and administrators	25	17	156	82	907	417	3 089	1 212	667	201	4 844	1 929	6 773
Professionals	52	63	467	667	1 932	2 374	3 678	3 992	634	368	6 763	7 464	14 227
Associate professionals	99	85	536	429	1 755	1 326	3 119	2 147	490	224	5 999	4 211	10 210
Tradespersons and related workers	596	91	1 518	216	3 350	332	3 982	411	589	64	10 035	1 114	11 149
Advanced clerical and service workers	3	62	36	281	77	854	161	1 240	39	160	316	2 597	2 913
Intermediate clerical, sales and service workers	192	578	610	1 693	1 231	2 860	1 749	3 778	283	367	4 065	9 276	13 341
Intermediate production and transport workers	361	63	604	107	1 487	195	2 452	239	422	25	5 326	629	5 955
Elementary clerical, sales and service workers	390	940	319	660	553	1 046	729	1 383	160	179	2 151	4 208	6 359
Labourers and related workers	948	351	1 112	466	1 648	915	1 756	1 472	360	218	5 824	3 422	9 246
Inadequately described	31	22	68	38	200	107	324	139	60	24	683	330	1 013
Not stated	94	73	117	66	225	224	401	351	148	91	985	805	1 790
Total	2 791	2 345	5 543	4 705	13 365	10 650	21 440	16 364	3 852	1 921	46 991	35 985	82 976

METHOD OF TRAVEL TO WORK(a), Employed Persons Counted at Home on Census Night

	<i>Males</i>	<i>Females</i>	<i>Persons</i>
One method only			
Train	26	16	42
Bus	1 817	982	2 799
Ferry/tram	35	11	46
Taxi	268	209	477
Car, as driver	23 556	17 309	40 865
Car, as passenger	3 783	3 662	7 445
Motor bike/motor scooter	907	133	1 040
Bicycle	1 777	859	2 636
Other	1 304	229	1 533
Walked only	5 115	4 254	9 369
<i>Total</i>	38 588	27 664	66 252
Two methods			
Train and other	22	12	34
Bus and other (excluding tram)	130	146	276
Other two methods	498	257	755
<i>Total</i>	650	415	1 065
Three methods			
Train and other	12	8	20
Bus and other (excluding tram)	36	15	51
Other three methods	44	31	75
<i>Total</i>	92	54	146
Worked at home	1 422	1 689	3 111
Did not go to work	5 299	5 353	10 652
Not stated(a)	940	810	1 750
Total	46 991	35 985	82 976

(a) Includes cases where method of travel to work could not be determined.

FAMILY TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP IN HOUSEHOLD, All Persons Present on Census Night

Family type and relationship in household	AGE GROUP (YEARS)									Total
	0-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75 and over	
Couple family with children										
Husband, wife or partner	—	—	2 595	12 238	15 164	7 734	1 823	440	89	40 083
Child under 15	12 337	22 153	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	34 490
Dependent student (15-24)	—	—	3 997	—	—	—	—	—	—	3 997
Non-dependent child	—	—	4 184	1 046	138	29	—	3	—	5 400
Total children	12 337	22 153	8 181	1 046	138	29	—	3	—	43 887
Other related individual	—	—	1 260	632	343	243	268	184	170	3 100
Total	12 337	22 153	12 036	13 916	15 645	8 006	2 091	627	259	87 070
Couple family without children										
Husband, wife or partner	—	—	2 694	6 106	3 365	5 140	2 982	1 271	338	21 896
Other related individual	—	—	228	155	66	41	47	50	67	654
Total	—	—	2 922	6 261	3 431	5 181	3 029	1 321	405	22 550
One parent family										
Lone parent	—	—	882	1 772	2 055	1 297	570	273	121	6 970
Child under 15	2 933	6 383	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9 316
Dependent student (15-24)	—	—	1 010	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 010
Non-dependent child	—	—	1 688	708	236	91	34	7	—	2 764
Total children	2 933	6 383	2 698	708	236	91	34	7	—	13 090
Other related individual	—	—	724	402	210	167	169	91	79	1 842
Total	2 933	6 383	4 304	2 882	2 501	1 555	773	371	200	21 902
Other family										
Unrelated individual living in family household	—	—	961	766	344	200	88	43	21	2 423
Group household member	—	—	2 257	2 421	1 042	616	245	118	42	6 741
Lone person	—	—	1 051	2 239	1 984	1 902	1 235	785	403	9 599
Visitor (from within Australia)	706	1 315	2 429	2 677	2 057	2 496	3 140	2 304	593	17 717
Not applicable(a)	724	1 575	3 615	4 390	3 217	2 734	1 696	1 142	551	19 644
Overseas visitor	61	260	1 380	1 544	835	761	445	277	80	5 643
Total	16 761	31 686	31 733	37 560	31 263	23 619	12 844	7 055	2 579	195 100

(a) Comprises persons in 'non-classifiable households', 'non-private dwellings' and 'migratory or off-shore collection districts'.

HOUSEHOLD TYPE, By Weekly Household Income

Household type	Negative/ nil income	\$1– \$119	\$120– \$299	\$300– \$499	\$500– \$699	700– \$999	\$1 000– \$1 499	\$1 500– \$1 999	\$2 000 or more	Partial income stated(a)	All incomes not stated(b)	Total
Family households												
One family household	116	75	1 797	3 343	3 863	6 019	7 648	3 599	2 542	5 083	850	34 935
Two family household	3	—	17	91	292	342	314	97	83	294	48	1 581
Three family household	3	—	—	6	32	111	193	83	41	126	13	608
<i>Total</i>	<i>122</i>	<i>75</i>	<i>1 814</i>	<i>3 440</i>	<i>4 187</i>	<i>6 472</i>	<i>8 155</i>	<i>3 779</i>	<i>2 666</i>	<i>5 503</i>	<i>911</i>	<i>37 124</i>
Non-family households												
Lone person household	140	150	2 397	1 845	1 963	1 561	703	95	193	59	493	9 599
Group household	22	6	61	225	307	505	733	358	230	364	63	2 874
<i>Total</i>	<i>162</i>	<i>156</i>	<i>2 458</i>	<i>2 070</i>	<i>2 270</i>	<i>2 066</i>	<i>1 436</i>	<i>453</i>	<i>423</i>	<i>423</i>	<i>556</i>	<i>12 473</i>
Not classifiable												
Visitors only	208	134	800	1 098	796	713	587	188	227	145	969	5 865
Total	492	365	5 072	6 608	7 253	9 251	10 178	4 420	3 316	6 071	2 436	55 462

(a) Comprises households where at least one, but not all, member(s) aged 15 years and over did not state an income and/or at least one spouse, child or co-tenant was temporarily absent.

(b) Comprises households where no members present stated an income.

FAMILY TYPE, By Weekly Family Income

Family type	Negative/ nil income	\$1- \$119	\$120- \$299	\$300- \$499	\$500- \$699	\$700- \$999	\$1 000- \$1 499	\$1 500- \$1 999	\$2 000 or more	Partial income stated(a)	All incomes not stated(b)	Total
Couple family												
With children under 15												
And non-dependent children	5	3	17	115	166	179	178	119	59	304	36	1 181
Without non-dependent children	41	24	703	1 807	1 755	2 932	3 088	1 016	704	1 573	306	13 949
With dependent students (15-24)												
And non-dependent children	—	—	—	10	22	46	110	120	64	201	13	586
Without non-dependent children	3	3	10	32	63	125	224	129	86	286	14	975
With children under 15 and dependent students (15-24)												
And non-dependent children	—	—	4	18	30	51	66	45	25	151	4	394
Without non-dependent children	—	3	15	83	130	202	372	177	110	559	28	1 679
With non-dependent children	—	—	14	89	159	244	424	314	261	468	58	2 031
Total	49	33	763	2 154	2 325	3 779	4 462	1 920	1 309	3 542	459	20 795
Couple family without children	78	29	882	1 230	1 059	1 945	2 886	1 180	604	1 222	302	11 417
One parent family												
With children under 15												
And non-dependent children	—	7	53	100	103	98	58	13	4	113	31	580
Without non-dependent children	66	110	1 544	979	543	349	107	7	29	197	210	4 141
With dependent students (15-24)												
And non-dependent children	—	—	3	12	13	20	15	7	3	51	3	127
Without non-dependent children	3	3	29	63	59	75	26	—	6	61	4	329
With children under 15 and dependent students (15-24)												
And non-dependent children	—	—	—	15	20	16	11	3	—	34	3	102
Without non-dependent children	4	3	39	93	77	47	15	—	6	102	9	395
With non-dependent children	5	—	100	216	219	250	183	40	23	202	55	1 293
Total	78	123	1 768	1 478	1 034	855	415	70	71	760	315	6 967
Other family	4	3	75	151	138	156	101	26	14	43	31	742
Total	209	188	3 488	5 013	4 556	6 735	7 864	3 196	1 998	5 567	1 107	39 921

(a) Comprises families where at least one, but not all, member(s) aged 15 years and over did not state an income and/or at least one spouse or child was temporarily absent.

(b) Comprises families where no members present stated an income.

HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND FAMILY TYPE, By Tenure Type and Landlord Type

Household type and family type	RENTED.....									Total
	Fully owned	Being purchased	Being purchased under a rent/buy scheme	State or Territory Housing Authority	Other(a)	Not stated(b)	Total rented	Other(c)	Not stated(d)	
One family household										
Couple family										
With children under 15										
And non-dependent children	129	227	5	127	247	3	377	49	71	858
Without non-dependent children	1 419	4 248	59	1 622	4 082	21	5 725	585	446	12 482
With dependent students (15–24)										
And non-dependent children	181	217	4	77	60	3	140	13	8	563
Without non-dependent children	284	371	7	83	150	—	233	31	15	941
With children under 15 and dependent students (15–24)										
And non-dependent children	69	94	3	47	91	3	141	13	22	342
Without non-dependent children	326	646	11	204	301	—	505	63	35	1 586
With non-dependent children	555	630	19	234	259	3	496	57	54	1 811
Total	2 963	6 433	108	2 394	5 190	33	7 617	811	651	18 583
Couple family without children	2 299	2 915	47	845	3 498	14	4 357	466	340	10 424
Total	5 262	9 348	155	3 239	8 688	47	11 974	1 277	991	29 007
One parent family										
With children under 15										
And non-dependent children	27	38	3	133	89	4	226	16	39	349
Without non-dependent children	178	495	16	1 124	894	13	2 031	91	173	2 984
With dependent students (15–24)										
And non-dependent children	27	28	3	40	18	—	58	—	3	119
Without non-dependent children	56	103	3	77	63	—	140	6	—	308
With children under 15 and dependent students (15–24)										
And non-dependent children	9	13	—	31	13	—	44	—	8	74
Without non-dependent children	36	100	3	138	65	—	203	7	8	357
With non-dependent children	237	238	11	300	165	3	468	22	68	1 044
Total	570	1 015	39	1 843	1 307	20	3 170	142	299	5 235
Other family	69	93	—	97	322	5	424	37	77	700
Total	5 901	10 456	194	5 179	10 317	72	15 568	1 456	1 367	34 942

(a) Includes 'private landlord not in same household', 'real estate agent' and 'community or cooperative housing group'.

(b) Comprises cases where landlord type was not stated.

(c) Includes 'being occupied rent free' and 'being occupied under a life tenure scheme'.

(d) Comprises cases where tenure type was not stated.

HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND FAMILY TYPE, By Tenure Type and Landlord Type *continued*

Household type and family type	RENTED.....									
	Fully owned	Being purchased	Being purchased under a rent/buy scheme	State or Territory Housing Authority	Other(a)	Not stated(b)	Total rented	Other(c)	Not stated(d)	Total
Two family household(e)	158	133	3	192	697	5	894	142	253	1 583
Three family household(e)	23	3	—	43	321	3	367	93	125	611
Lone person household	1 586	1 495	52	1 687	3 485	38	5 210	552	704	9 599
Group household	256	457	16	152	1 785	14	1 951	102	92	2 874
Total	7 924	12 544	265	7 253	16 605	132	23 990	2 345	2 541	49 609

(a) Includes 'private landlord not in same household', 'real estate agent' and 'community or cooperative housing group'.

(b) Comprises cases where landlord type was not stated.

(c) Includes 'being occupied rent free' and 'being occupied under a life tenure scheme'.

(d) Comprises cases where tenure type was not stated.

(e) In dwellings where there is more than one family, all those families will be counted separately under the tenure type for that dwelling.

HOUSEHOLD TYPE, By Family Type—By Number of Persons (Usually Resident(a))

NUMBER OF PERSONS USUALLY RESIDENT.....

Household type	1	2	3	4	5	6 or more	Total
Family households							
One family							
Couple family with children	—	—	5 524	7 163	3 663	2 226	18 576
Couple family without children	—	9 555	675	143	33	18	10 424
One parent family	—	1 975	1 753	810	380	316	5 234
Other family	—	423	165	70	21	21	700
Total	—	11 953	8 117	8 186	4 097	2 581	34 934
Two families	—	—	—	159	241	1 183	1 583
Three families	—	—	—	—	—	609	609
Total	—	11 953	8 117	8 345	4 338	4 373	37 126
Non-family households							
Lone person household	9 599	—	—	—	—	—	9 599
Group household	—	2 013	606	185	41	29	2 874
Total	9 599	2 013	606	185	41	29	12 473
Total	9 599	13 966	8 723	8 530	4 379	4 402	49 599

(a) Includes partners, children and co-tenants (in group households) who were temporarily absent on census night. A maximum of three temporary absentees can be counted in each household.

DWELLING STRUCTURE, By Household Type and Family Type

Dwelling structure	ONE FAMILY HOUSEHOLD.....										Total
	Couple family with children	Couple family without children	One parent family	Other family	Total	Multi-family h'hold	Lone person h'hold	Group h'hold	Visitors only	Other not classifiable (a)	
Separate house	16 022	6 527	3 661	394	26 604	1 754	3 075	1 342	673	717	34 165
Semi-detached, row or terrace house, townhouse etc. with											
1 storey	477	806	263	44	1 590	12	1 261	276	118	77	3 334
2 or more storeys	227	433	266	27	953	5	468	146	61	70	1 703
<i>Total</i>	704	1 239	529	71	2 543	17	1 729	422	179	147	5 037
Flat, unit or apartment											
In a 1 or 2 storey block	542	1 119	464	89	2 214	19	2 366	563	290	286	5 738
In a 3 storey block	105	315	96	33	549	4	523	190	59	75	1 400
In a 4 or more storey block	70	175	85	20	350	3	258	74	40	59	784
Attached to a house	15	36	16	—	67	—	110	21	7	6	211
<i>Total</i>	732	1 645	661	142	3 180	26	3 257	848	396	426	8 133
Other dwelling											
Caravan, cabin, houseboat	249	508	96	17	870	—	826	120	3 057	300	5 173
Improvised home, tent, sleepers out	384	194	144	51	773	278	246	49	1 153	77	2 576
House or flat attached to a shop, office etc.	48	59	19	—	126	—	97	23	22	8	276
<i>Total</i>	681	761	259	68	1 769	278	1 169	192	4 232	385	8 025
Not stated	437	252	124	25	838	114	369	70	385	295	2 071
Total	18 576	10 424	5 234	700	34 934	2 189	9 599	2 874	5 865	1 970	57 431

(a) Includes those households which were temporarily unoccupied at the time of the Census, but the collector had ascertained that it was normally occupied, or the household contained only persons under 15 years of age.

DWELLING STRUCTURE, By Number Of Persons (Usually Resident(a))

Dwelling structure(b)	NUMBER OF PERSONS USUALLY RESIDENT.....							Total
	1	2	3	4	5	6 or more	Visitor only household	
Separate house	3 076	7 954	6 686	7 475	3 914	3 670	673	33 448
Semi-detached, row or terrace house, townhouse etc. with								
1 storey	1 261	1 175	417	194	67	25	118	3 257
2 or more storeys	468	721	228	122	18	15	61	1 633
Total	1 729	1 896	645	316	85	40	179	4 890
Flat, unit or apartment								
In a 1 or 2 storey block	2 366	1 891	583	220	70	32	290	5 452
In a 3 storey block	523	524	151	51	16	—	59	1 324
In a 4 or more storey block	258	287	99	33	7	—	40	724
Attached to a house	110	62	17	4	4	—	7	204
Total	3 257	2 764	850	308	97	32	396	7 704
Other dwelling								
Caravan, cabin, houseboat	826	669	157	109	39	18	3 057	4 875
Improvised home, tent, sleepers out	246	263	160	136	118	423	1 153	2 499
House or flat attached to a shop, office, etc.	97	87	29	21	10	4	22	270
Total	1 169	1 019	346	266	167	445	4 232	7 644
Not stated	369	333	196	165	116	212	385	1 776
Total	9 600	13 966	8 723	8 530	4 379	4 399	5 865	55 462

(a) Includes partners, children and co-tenants (in group households) who were temporarily absent on census night. A maximum of three temporary absentees can be counted in each household.

(b) Excludes non-classifiable households.

HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND FAMILY TYPE, By Number of Motor Vehicles

NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES.....

Household type and family type	0	1	2	3	4 or more	Not stated	Total
Family households							
One family household							
Couple family with children	1 358	6 227	7 379	2 173	756	683	18 576
Couple family without children	694	4 002	4 302	830	235	361	10 424
One parent family	1 215	2 526	885	234	65	309	5 234
Other family	230	183	148	70	17	53	701
<i>Total</i>	3 497	12 938	12 714	3 307	1 073	1 406	34 935
Two family household	684	403	216	123	70	87	1 583
Three family household	326	183	40	17	6	37	609
<i>Total</i>	4 507	13 524	12 970	3 447	1 149	1 530	37 127
Non-family households							
Lone person household	2 504	5 139	888	157	76	835	9 599
Group household	331	978	941	330	125	169	2 874
<i>Total</i>	2 835	6 117	1 829	487	201	1 004	12 473
Not classifiable							
Visitors only	915	3 073	499	96	74	1 208	5 865
Other not classifiable(a)	35	20	10	3	—	1 902	1 970
<i>Total</i>	950	3 093	509	99	74	3 110	7 835
Total	8 292	22 734	15 308	4 033	1 424	5 644	57 435

(a) Includes those households which were temporarily unoccupied at the time of the Census, but the collector had ascertained that it was normally occupied, or the household contained only persons under 15 years of age, or households which could not be classified elsewhere in this classification because there was insufficient information on the census form.

WEEKLY HOUSEHOLD INCOME, By Monthly Housing Loan Repayment

MONTHLY HOUSING LOAN REPAYMENT.....

<i>Weekly household income</i>	<i>\$1- \$199</i>	<i>\$200- \$399</i>	<i>\$400- \$599</i>	<i>\$600- \$799</i>	<i>\$800- \$999</i>	<i>\$1 000- \$1 199</i>	<i>\$1 200- \$1 399</i>	<i>\$1 400- \$1 499</i>	<i>\$1 500 or more</i>	<i>Not stated</i>	<i>Total</i>
Negative/nil	3	3	7	4	—	6	3	—	—	11	37
\$1-\$159	5	7	9	8	6	3	—	—	3	14	55
\$160-\$199	7	17	10	7	6	3	3	—	3	16	72
\$200-\$299	10	34	41	24	15	7	4	—	4	22	161
\$300-\$399	7	43	61	44	22	16	3	3	8	34	241
\$400-\$499	20	50	95	91	68	31	14	—	10	21	400
\$500-\$599	23	49	148	164	110	49	24	3	26	46	642
\$600-\$699	17	57	161	168	144	103	39	6	33	36	764
\$700-\$799	19	61	137	181	167	109	47	5	25	39	790
\$800-\$999	19	127	261	350	368	257	138	13	109	55	1 697
\$1 000-\$1 199	35	80	225	268	315	321	174	32	113	53	1 616
\$1 200-\$1 499	42	99	197	272	344	321	211	51	188	57	1 782
\$1 500-\$1 999	29	100	194	245	290	290	229	60	270	62	1 769
\$2 000 or more	36	61	112	139	131	185	149	56	309	40	1 218
Partial income stated(a)	34	121	234	246	258	239	176	42	173	115	1 638
All incomes not stated(b)	—	6	18	19	14	5	5	—	6	64	137
Total	306	915	1 910	2 230	2 258	1 945	1 219	271	1 280	685	13 019

(a) Comprises households where at least one, but not all, member(s) aged 15 years and over did not state an income and/or at least one spouse, child or co-tenant was temporarily absent.

(b) Comprises households where no members present stated an income.

WEEKLY HOUSEHOLD INCOME, By Weekly Rent

WEEKLY RENT.....													
<i>Weekly household income</i>	\$0-\$99	\$100-\$199	\$200-\$299	\$300-\$399	\$400-\$499	\$500-\$599	\$600-\$699	\$700-\$799	\$800-\$899	\$900-\$999	\$1 000 or more	<i>Not stated</i>	<i>Total</i>
Negative income	15	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	27
Nil income	73	28	11	3	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	17	135
\$1-\$39	9	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	19
\$40-\$79	25	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	35
\$80-\$119	65	20	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	97
\$120-\$159	345	76	9	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	25	458
\$160-\$199	945	121	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	36	1 113
\$200-\$299	951	304	53	7	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	47	1 365
\$300-\$399	1 058	468	115	10	5	—	—	—	—	—	3	53	1 712
\$400-\$499	926	760	146	15	7	3	—	—	—	3	4	64	1 928
\$500-\$599	906	834	177	15	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	69	2 006
\$600-\$699	834	869	204	21	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	86	2 020
\$700-\$799	689	698	237	19	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	57	1 700
\$800-\$999	1 236	1 289	443	45	15	3	—	—	—	—	4	100	3 135
\$1 000-\$1 199	1 038	915	454	74	9	6	—	3	—	—	5	111	2 615
\$1 200-\$1 499	887	695	473	84	14	5	—	—	—	—	—	77	2 235
\$1 500-\$1 999	692	462	419	83	18	7	—	3	—	—	3	60	1 747
\$2 000 or more	545	247	262	129	37	14	3	—	3	—	5	68	1 313
Partial income stated(a)	1 380	908	455	96	19	7	—	—	—	—	3	168	3 036
All incomes not stated(b)	362	164	56	10	4	—	—	6	3	4	12	192	813
Total	12 981	8 880	3 531	614	142	45	6	12	6	7	39	1 246	27 509

(a) Comprises households where at least one, but not all, member(s) aged 15 years and over did not state an income and/or at least one spouse, child or co-tenant was temporarily absent.
 (b) Comprises households where no members present stated an income.

SELECTED MEDIANS

Median age	29 years
Median weekly individual income	\$300-\$399
Median weekly household income	\$700-\$999
Average household size	3.1

EXPLANATORY NOTES

SCOPE AND COVERAGE

1 The 1996 Census of Population and Housing was held on 6 August 1996. The first census was held in 1911 and since 1961 a census has been taken every five years, a frequency which is specified in the *Census and Statistics Act 1905*. The objective of the Census is to measure accurately the number and key characteristics of people in Australia on census night, and the dwellings in which they live.

2 The Census aims to count every person who spends census night in Australia. This includes Australian residents in Antarctica and people in the Territories of Jervis Bay, Cocos (Keeling) Islands and Christmas Island. The other Australian External Territories, Norfolk Island and minor islands such as Heard and McDonald Islands, are outside the scope of the Australian Census. The only people who spend census night in Australia but are excluded from the Census are foreign diplomats and their families.

3 The Census includes people on vessels in or between Australian ports, on board long-distance trains, buses or aircraft and on oil or gas rigs off the Australian coast. People entering Australia before midnight on census night are counted while people leaving an Australian port for an overseas destination before midnight on census night are not. Visitors to Australia are included regardless of how long they have been in the country or how long they plan to stay. However, for people who intend to be in Australia less than six months only basic demographic data are available. The Census includes people camping out and the homeless.

4 All private dwellings, except diplomatic dwellings, are included in the Census, whether occupied or unoccupied. Caravans in caravan parks, manufactured homes in manufactured home estates and self-care units in accommodation for the retired or aged are counted only if occupied. Occupied non-private dwellings, such as hospitals, prisons, hotels, etc. are also included.

5 Details about the 1996 Census content, collection operations, confidentiality and privacy protection, processing and evaluation activities are contained in *1996 Census – Nature and Content* (Cat. no. 2008.0).

STATISTICAL LOCAL AREA BOUNDARIES

6 The boundaries of SLAs are revised from time to time to accord with changes to Local Government Area (LGA) boundaries and to meet needs for small area information. The boundaries shown in this publication are those applying at the time of the 1996 Census. Further information on geographic classifications is contained in *Statistical Geography: Volume 1 – Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC), July 1996* (Cat. no. 1216.0).

7 Where necessary 1991 statistics in this publication have been recalculated to conform with the 1996 boundaries.

BASIC COMMUNITY PROFILE TABLES B17 TO B32

8 Tables numbered B17 to B32 contained in this publication are from *Census of Population and Housing: Community Profiles, Australia, 1996* (Cat. no. 2020.0). These tables are available in hardcopy or electronic format for all standard census geographic areas. For more information about the Community Profiles please refer to the Appendix.

EXPLANATORY NOTES *continued*

ABS POPULATION ESTIMATES

9 This publication contains population counts based on where people were counted on census night, which may not have been where they usually lived. The Census can provide person counts based on place of usual residence at the geographic level of SLA.

10 Official ABS population estimates (estimated resident population) are also separately available from the ABS. The estimates are based on census counts which have been adjusted to:

- include people who were in Australia on census night but were missed in the Census;
- include Australian residents who were temporarily overseas on census night (these people were not within scope of the Census); and
- exclude overseas visitors counted in the Census who were not usual residents of Australia.

11 The adjusted census count is updated quarterly using demographic statistics. These are statistics on births, deaths, and overseas and internal migration.

12 ABS population estimates are published in *Australian Demographic Statistics* (Cat. no. 3101.0), produced quarterly, and in *Population by Age and Sex, Australian States and Territories* (Cat. no. 3201.0), produced annually.

13 The ABS also provides projections (based on different assumptions as to future fertility, mortality and migration) of the resident population of Australia, States and Territories. These projections are published biennially in *Population Projections* (Cat. no. 3222.0).

DATA LIMITATIONS

14 Census data are subject to a number of inaccuracies resulting from errors by respondents or mistakes in collection or processing. Whilst many of these are corrected by careful processing procedures, some still remain. The effect of the remaining errors is generally slight, although it may be more important for small groups in the population. The main kinds of error to keep in mind are:

- *Partial non-response*: In some cases where an answer is not provided to a question an answer is imputed (often from other information on the form). In other cases a 'Not stated' code is allocated.
- *Processing error*: While such errors can occur in any processing system, quality management is used continuously to improve the quality of processed data, and to identify and correct data of unacceptable quality.
- *Random adjustment*: Table cells containing small values are randomly adjusted or suppressed to avoid releasing information about particular individuals, families or households. The effects of these adjustments are statistically insignificant.
- *Respondent error*: Because processing procedures cannot detect or repair all errors made by people in completing the forms, some remain in final data.
- *Undercount*: Although the Census aims to count each person, there are some people who are missed and others are counted more than once. The data in this publication are not adjusted for the net undercount.

15 Further information on data quality is provided progressively in *Census Update* and in *1996 Census Data Quality Working Papers*.

EXPLANATORY NOTES *continued*

OVERSEAS VISITORS

16 Census data for overseas visitors (who intended to be in Australia for less than six months) are restricted to age, sex and marital status. In this publication overseas visitors do not contribute to any tables, with the exception of B22.

LABOUR FORCE STATISTICS

17 The labour force statistics collected from the Census are valuable in providing data for small groups of the population. They are not to be confused with the statistics from the monthly Labour Force Survey, which are only available at State, Territory and capital city level.

18 Census figures differ from the survey figures because of differences in scope, questionnaire design and collection procedures. For more information refer to Census Working Paper 94/1: *1991 Census Data Quality — Labour Force Statistics*.

19 Official monthly labour force statistics are published in *Labour Force, Australia* (Cat. no. 6203.0), produced monthly.

CALCULATION OF PROPORTIONS

20 When calculating the proportion of the population with a particular characteristic, 'Not stated' responses are included in the denominator. For example, in the Summary of Findings, the proportion of family households was calculated by dividing the number of households which stated a form of family relationship by the total number of households (including those which did not report any relationship details) and expressing the result as a percentage.

CALCULATION OF MEDIANS

21 A median is a measure of central tendency. It is a mid-value which divides a population distribution into two, with half the observations falling below it and half above. Unlike averages (means), medians are not usually skewed by extreme observations.

22 There are several issues to be aware of:

- The categories 'Partial income stated', 'All incomes not stated', 'Overseas visitor', and 'Not applicable' are not included in the calculation of median household income.
- If a median falls into a category that has a text only label then the median is set to 0. This is only relevant to the calculation of median household income, as the income classification includes categories 'Nil income' and 'Negative income'.
- If the median is calculated on a classification containing an open-ended range and the median falls within that range, the median is set to the number in the label. For example, in the calculation of median household income, if the median falls in the last range \$2,000 or more, \$2,000 is allocated as the median.

UNADJUSTED DOLLARS

23 The 1991 Census dollar values for median household income have not been adjusted into 1996 dollars.

EXPLANATORY NOTES *continued*

SYMBOLS AND OTHER USAGES

24 The following abbreviations and symbols are used in this publication:

Spatial units

CD	Census Collection District
CGC	Community Government Council
LGA	Local Government Area
SD	Statistical Division
SIA	Statistical Local Area
SSD	Statistical Subdivision

LGA type

(S)	Shire
(T)	Town

Miscellaneous

ABS	Australian Bureau of Statistics
ASGC	Australian Standard Geographical Classification
Bal	Balance
ERP	estimated resident population
NT	Northern Territory
Pt	Part
UR	usual residence
—	nil or rounded to zero

APPENDIX CENSUS PRODUCTS AND SERVICES

There is a wide range of products and services developed from the 1996 Census of Population and Housing, details of which are listed in brief below. For more detailed information on the 1996 Census range of products and services, please refer to the *Directory of Census Statistics, 1996* (Cat. no. 2910.0), or call our Client Services Officers in your State or Territory (refer to the telephone numbers listed on the back page of this publication). Information is also available on the Internet, at <http://www.abs.gov.au>

CENSUS REFERENCE PRODUCTS

Census Dictionary

The *Census Dictionary, 1996* (Cat. no. 2901.0) is a comprehensive reference guide to the concepts and terms used in the 1996 Census of Population and Housing. It includes a complete listing of the 1996 Census classifications and a glossary of census terms.

How Australia Takes a Census

How Australia Takes a Census, 1996 (Cat. no. 2903.0) provides information about the history of the Census, the planning process and the way in which the Census is conducted.

Geographic classifications and codes

Statistical Geography: Volume 1 – Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC), July 1996 (Cat. no. 1216.0) provides information about the names and codes of the geographic areas used in the 1996 Census.

1996 Census Statistical Local Area maps

These reference maps show the SLAs from the 1996 Census. Each map shows the boundary of an SLA and the Collection District (CD) boundaries contained within.

Digital Boundaries

All of the census boundaries are available electronically in industry formats through a range of secondary providers.

CENSUS DATA PRODUCTS

Estimated Resident Population (ERP)

The ERP is the official population figure and is based on adjusting the results of the Census to provide more accurately the numbers of people usually living in an area.

The publication series *Population by Age and Sex* (Cat. nos 3235.1–8) contains ERP data, based on 1996 Census figures.

Selected characteristics

This series of publications contains data and commentary on various characteristics from the 1996 Census at selected geographic levels. There are three sets of publications in the series:

- *Census of Population and Housing: Selected Social and Housing Characteristics for Statistical Local Areas, 1996* (Cat. nos 2015.0–8);
- *Census of Population and Housing: Selected Characteristics for Urban Centres and Localities, 1996* (Cat. nos 2016.0–7); and
- *Census of Population and Housing: Selected Family and Labour Force Characteristics for Statistical Local Areas, 1996* (Cat. nos 2017.0–8).

Community Profile Series

The *Census of Population and Housing: Community Profiles, Australia, 1996* (Cat. no. 2020.0) provides detailed and comprehensive census characteristics of people, families and dwellings for small areas. This series is available for all standard census geographic areas, and is available in hardcopy and electronic formats.

The series comprises six community profiles:

- *Basic Community Profile (BCP)* contains 32 tables of detailed data covering dwelling, household and family topics. This profile is available for all standard census geographic areas, Commonwealth and State Electoral Divisions, Postal Areas, and Suburbs, for the States, Territories and Australia.
- *Time Series Community Profile* contains 21 tables of variables from the BCP comparing data from the 1986, 1991 and 1996 Censuses where the classifications are comparable.
- *Usual Residents Profile* contains 25 tables based on the usual residents of SLAs. This is the only community profile based on place of usual residence.
- *Expanded Community Profile* contains 41 tables available for SLAs and larger areas, comprising more detailed versions of some of the basic profile tables, plus new tables.
- *Working Population Profile* contains 17 tables of labour force and related characteristics of people who work and are counted in SLAs within the journey to work study areas — usually capital cities.
- *Indigenous Profile (IP)* is available in two formats. The *Summary Indigenous Profile* contains selected characteristics of Indigenous people in three tables which are available at the Indigenous Location level. The *Detailed Indigenous Profile* provides 26 tables available for Indigenous Areas, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Commission Regions, States and Territories.

CDATA96

Census of Population and Housing: CDATA96 (Cat. nos 2019.0–8) is a CD-ROM product which provides a large volume of tabulated census data, digital boundaries and base map data. It includes software capable of producing tables, maps and graphs of the data.

KEYDATA

Census of Population and Housing: CENSUS KEYDATA, Australia, 1996 (Cat. no. 2023.0.30.001) is a CD-ROM product which provides access to 1996 Census Community Profiles, Classification counts data and Digital Boundaries, using a specially encrypted CD-ROM.

SEIFA

Census of Population and Housing: Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA), August 1996 (Cat. no. 2033.0) are lifestyle groupings of Australia's communities. They provide information and rankings for a wide range of geographic areas based on five indexes which group Australians according to their social and economic conditions.

Classification counts

Census of Population and Housing: Classification Counts, Australia, 1996 (Cat. no. 2022.0) provides frequency counts for 1996 Census variables in complete classificatory detail, for every State and capital city.

Census Household Sample File

The *Census of Population and Housing: Household Sample File, 1996* (Cat. no. 2037.0) is a CD-ROM product which will provide a comprehensive unit record database of census characteristics, containing a sample of private households and associated persons, and persons in non-private dwellings.

Social Atlas Series

The *Social Atlas, 1996* (Cat. nos 2030.1–8) publications feature colour maps of the key social, demographic and economic characteristics of each capital city.

Australia in Profile — A Regional Analysis

Census of Population and Housing: Australia in Profile — A Regional Analysis, 1996 (Cat. no. 2032.0) provides commentary and data on a number of key social indicators from the 1996 Census, with the focus on regional distributions and comparisons.

CONSULTANCY SERVICES

The following census specific services are available:

Thematic Profile Service

The *Thematic Profiles Service* provides profiles on request, covering the themes of the Family, Young People, Older People and Ethnicity, on a variety of media.

Customised Profile Service

The *Customised Profiles Service* provides community profile data tailored to your needs, on a variety of media.

Customised Tables Service

The *Customised Tables (Matrix) Service* provides detailed cross-classified tables tailored to your needs, on a variety of media.

Customised Geographic Data Reports Service

The *Customised Geographic Data Reports Service* provides tabular geographic data which relate specifically to the census geographic areas and their characteristics (e.g. area).

Customised Mapping Service

Through the *Customised Mapping Service* you are able to purchase both Customised Thematic Maps and Customised Reference Maps on request.

GLOSSARY

General descriptions of terms and concepts used in this publication are provided below. Tables are also footnoted where applicable for additional clarity. Detailed definitions of classifications and concepts are available in the *Census Dictionary, 1996* (Cat. no. 2901.0).

Couple family This is a family based on two persons who are in a registered or de facto marriage and who are usually resident in the same household. The family may include any number of dependants, non-dependants and/or other related individuals. As it is not necessary for a parent-child relationship to be formed, a couple family can consist of a couple without children.

Dependent child A dependent child is an individual who is either a child aged less than 15 years or a dependent student. To be regarded as a child the individual can have no partner or child of his/her own usually resident in the same household.

A dependent child must be attached to a nominal parent with whom he/she usually resides. This parent must be over 15 years of age.

Dependent student A dependent student is defined as a natural, adopted, step or foster child who is 15–24 years of age and who attends an educational institution as a full-time student, and who has no partner or child of his/her own usually resident in the same household.

Boarders and lodgers living with a family are automatically excluded from all family coding once they are 15 years or older unless some familial relationship is also present. The family relationship then takes precedence over the fact they are boarders or lodgers.

Dwelling A dwelling is a building or structure in which people live. This can be a building, such as a house; part of a building, such as a flat; or it can be a caravan or tent, humpy or park bench. Houses under construction, derelict houses, vacant tents, or converted garages are not counted in the Census.

There are private and non-private dwellings.

A *private dwelling* is normally a house, flat, part of a house, or even a room; but can also be a house attached to, or rooms above, shops or offices; an occupied caravan or unit in a caravan park or craft in a marina; an occupied dwelling in a Manufactured Home Estate; an occupied self-care unit in Accommodation for the Retired or Aged; a houseboat; or tent if it is standing on its own block of land.

An occupied caravan situated on a residential allotment is also classed as a private dwelling. Private dwellings can be either occupied or unoccupied.

Non-private dwellings are those dwellings not included above, which provide a communal or transitory type of accommodation. These dwellings include hotels, motels, guest houses, prisons, religious and charitable institutions, defence establishments, hospitals and other communal dwellings. Only occupied non-private dwellings are included in the Census.

Family A family is defined by the ABS as two or more persons, one of whom is at least 15 years of age, who are related by blood, marriage (registered or de facto), adoption, step or fostering, and who are usually resident in the same household.

Non-related persons living in the same household are not counted as family members (unless under 15 years of age).

Geographic areas The tables in this publication are at the levels of Statistical Local Area, Statistical Subdivision and Statistical Division, as defined by the 1996 Census edition of the Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC).

Statistical Local Area (SLA): These areas consist of one or more whole census Collection Districts (CDs) and cover, in aggregate, the whole of Australia without gaps or overlaps.

SLAs correspond in many cases to Local Government Areas (LGAs). The main exceptions are:

- where the boundaries of one or more Statistical Subdivisions (SSDs) cut across an LGA, the LGA is split into two or more parts, each of which forms a separate SLA;
- where a particular LGA is substantially different from other LGAs in terms of size and economic significance, or in terms of user needs for statistics, the LGA may be split into two or more SLAs. For example, the City of Brisbane covers a large area and is split into 163 SLAs while most LGAs in Victoria are split into two or more SLAs following the recent restructuring of local government in that State;
- where an area is unincorporated (i.e. not part of an LGA) an SLA is created.

Local Government Area (LGA): LGAs are spatial units which represent the whole undivided geographic area of responsibility of either:

- an incorporated local government council; or
- an incorporated community government council (CGC) where the CGC is of sufficient size and statistical significance.

LGAs cover only part of Australia. The major areas not covered by LGAs are the large northern parts of South Australia, most of the Northern Territory, and all of the Australian Capital Territory and Other Territories. For the 1996 Census, LGA boundaries are as defined on 5 August 1995 and included in the 1996 Edition of the ASGC (effective 1 July 1996).

Statistical Subdivision (SSD): These areas consist of one or more SLAs and cover, in aggregate, the whole of Australia without gaps or overlaps.

Statistical Division (SD): These areas consist of one or more SSDs and cover, in aggregate, the whole of Australia without gaps or overlaps. They do not cross State or Territory boundaries. However, the three Territories of Jarvis Bay, Christmas Island and Cocos (Keeling) Islands together form the single SD of Other Territories. Capital city SDs are predominantly urban in character and the boundaries are delineated to contain the anticipated urban development of the capital cities (and associated urban centres) for a period of at least 20 years.

SDs outside the capital city are designed to be relatively homogeneous regions characterised by identifiable social and economic links between the inhabitants and the economic units in the region, under the unifying influence of one or more major towns or cities.

State/Territory: States and Territories consist of one or more SDs and are the largest type of spatial unit in the ASGC. The six Australian States and five Territories which are part of geographic Australia and included in the 1996 ASGC are New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland, South Australia, Western Australia, Tasmania, Northern Territory, the Australian Capital Territory, Jarvis Bay Territory and the external Territories of Christmas Island and Cocos (Keeling) Islands.

Geographic areas *continued* In the ASGC, the Territories of Jervis Bay, Christmas Island and Cocos (Keeling) Islands are combined to form Other Territories.

Codes for States and Territories are as follows:

- 1 – New South Wales
- 2 – Victoria
- 3 – Queensland
- 4 – South Australia
- 5 – Western Australia
- 6 – Tasmania
- 7 – Northern Territory
- 8 – Australian Capital Territory
- 9 – Other Territories

More information about definitions, and lists of codes and names of the geographic areas can be found in *Statistical Geography: Volume 1 – Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC), July 1996* (Cat. no. 1216.0), effective date 1 July 1996.

Household A household is a group of people who usually reside in the same private dwelling. In this publication, households are classified to three main types:

Family household — a household consisting of two or more persons, one of whom is at least 15 years of age, who are related by blood, marriage (registered or de facto), adoption, step or fostering, and who are usually resident in the same household.

A household can contain one or more families. Thus the number of families living in occupied private dwellings may be more than the number of family households.

Lone person household — a person who makes provision for his/her own food and other essentials in living, without combining with any other person to form part of a multi-person household. He/she may live in a dwelling on his/her own or share a dwelling with another individual or family.

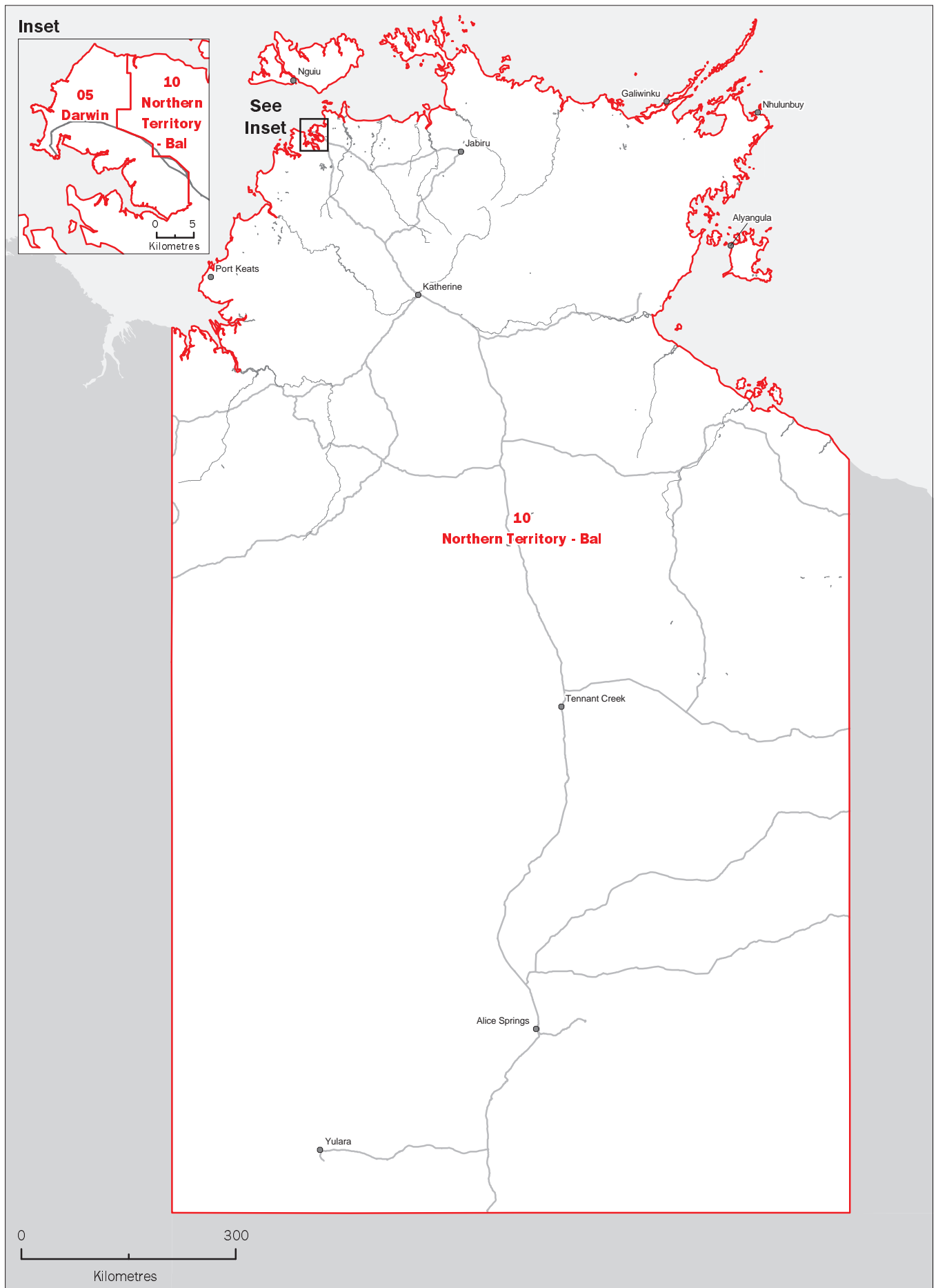
Group household — a household consisting of two or more unrelated people where all persons are aged 15 years or over. There are no reported couple relationships, parent-child relationships or other blood relationships in these households.

Household income Household income is the sum of the personal incomes of each resident aged 15 years or more present in the household. Persons who were temporarily absent on census night, or had nil or negative income, or did not state their income, do not contribute to household income.

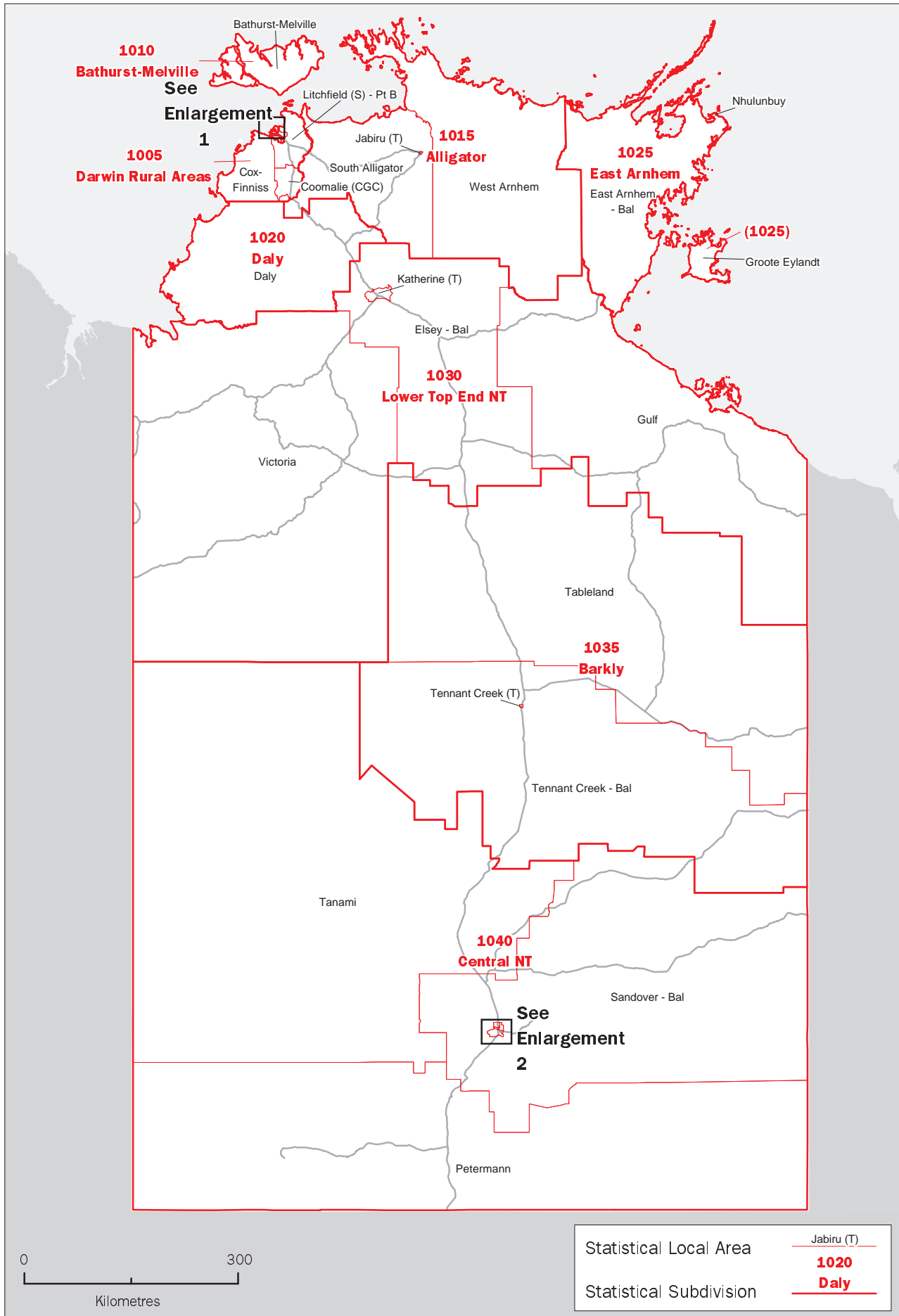
Although visitors' incomes are excluded in the calculation of household income, household income is still calculated for households that comprise only visitors, in order to collect data on household incomes in holiday resorts.

Household size Mean (average) household size is the average number of persons usually resident in a private dwelling. Therefore, the number of usual residents in a household excludes visitors on census night, and includes people usually present but temporarily absent.

Income	People aged 15 years or more were asked to state their usual gross weekly income, which is the income before tax, superannuation, health insurance, or other deductions are made. Gross income includes family allowance, family allowance supplement, pensions, unemployment benefits, student allowances, maintenance (child support), superannuation, wages, overtime, dividends, rents received, interest received, business or farm income (less operation expenses) and worker's compensation received.
Industry (of employment)	This variable describes the industries in which employed people (aged 15 years and over) work, and is coded to the <i>Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC), 1993</i> (Cat. no. 1292.0). The 1991 data have been adjusted to conform with the categories used in 1996.
Labour force	The labour force is made up of employed and unemployed people aged 15 years and over.
Labour force status	Labour force status identifies whether a person aged 15 years or over is employed, unemployed or not in the labour force. <i>Employed</i> — includes those people who, during the week prior to census night, worked for payment or profit; who had a job from which they were on leave or otherwise temporarily absent; were on strike or stood down temporarily; or worked as unpaid helpers in a family business. <i>Unemployed</i> — includes people who, during the week prior to census night, did not have a job but were actively looking for work (either full-time or part-time) and were available to start work. <i>Not in the labour force</i> — includes people aged 15 years or more who were not employed or unemployed as defined above. This category includes people who were retired, pensioners and people engaged in home duties.
Occupation (of main job)	This variable describes the main job held by employed people (aged 15 years and over) during the week prior to census night, and is coded using the <i>ASCO — Australian Standard Classification of Occupations, Second Edition, 1996</i> (Cat. no. 1220.0). The 1991 data have been adjusted to conform with the categories used in 1996.
One parent family	A one parent family consists of a lone parent with at least one child (regardless of age) who is usually resident in the household. The family may also include any number of other related individuals.
Post-school qualifications	In all censuses since 1966, people aged 15 years and over have been asked to describe their post-school qualifications. In 1996, these responses were coded according to the <i>ABS Classification of Qualifications (ABSCQ), 1993</i> (Cat. no. 1262.0).
Student	A student is an individual who attends a secondary or tertiary educational institution on a full/part-time basis.
Unemployment rate	The unemployment rate is the number of unemployed people expressed as a percentage of the labour force.



STATISTICAL SUBDIVISIONS AND STATISTICAL LOCAL AREAS



ENLARGEMENT 1, Statistical Subdivisions and Statistical Local Areas

