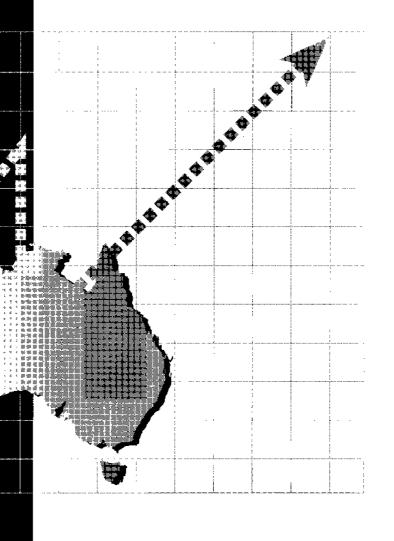
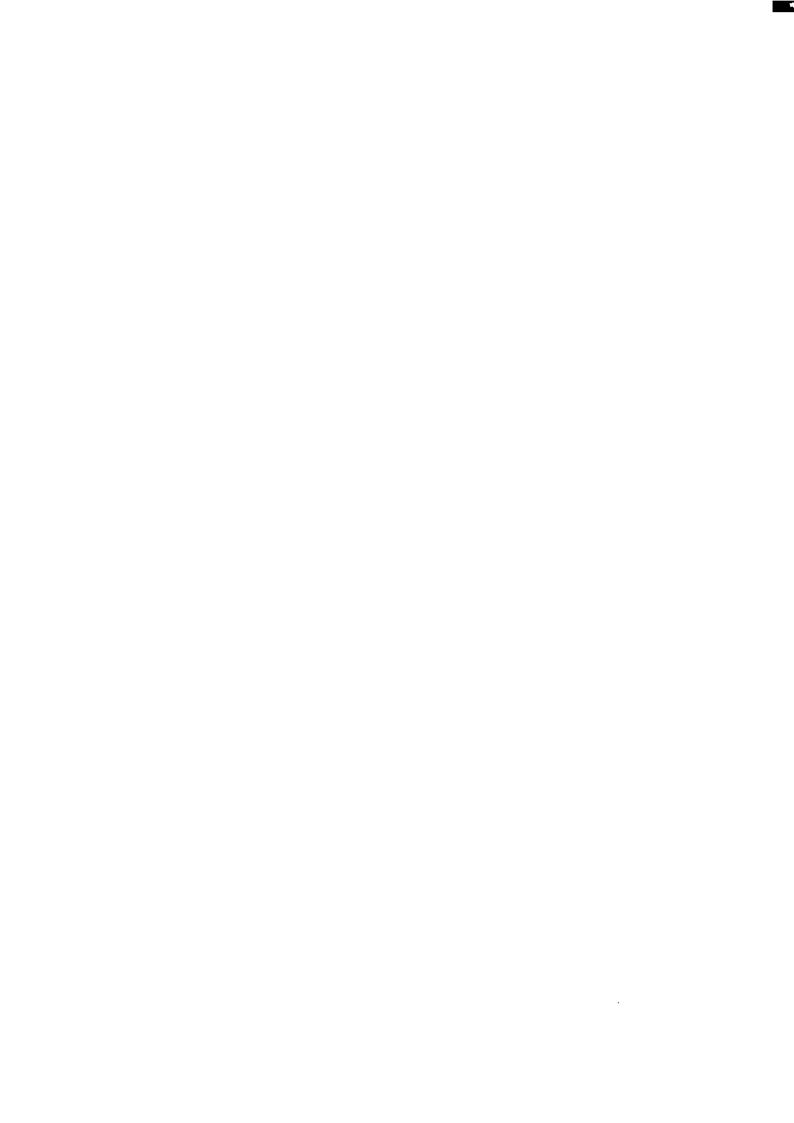


BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE AUSTRALIA







BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE AUSTRALIA 1992-93

IAN CASTLES Australian Statistician © Commonwealth of Australia 1994

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INQUIRIES

- for further information about statistics in this publication and the availability of related unpublished statistics, contact Bernard Williams on Canberra (06) 252 5454 or any ABS State office.
- for information about other ABS statistics and services please contact Information Services on Canberra (06) 252 6627, 252 5402, 252 6007 or any ABS State office.

PREFACE

ABOUT THIS ISSUE

This publication presents statistics on the operation and performance of all employing businesses which earn the majority of their income from trading in goods and services.

This is the third publication of these statistics and the format of this publication varies significantly from previously used formats. Factors which have influenced the change in format include the following. The availability of three years data has necessitated a change in table formats more appropriate to emphasising changes over time. There is increasing user interest in analyses which dissect the data by size of business. The lack of broad user interest in quantile statistics (eg medians and deciles) has led to their exclusion from this publication. They are, however, still available on request.

The basic principles established by the first two publications have, nevertheless, been maintained. These include presenting data in a format which resembles, as closely as is possible, standard business accounting statements and including commentary and charts which should help users gain the fullest possible understanding of the statistics presented.

As usual, comments on the statistics and analyses presented and suggestions for future improvements are always welcome. These should be forwarded to:

The Director, Economy Wide Statistics Section, PO Box 10 Belconnen, ACT 2616.

> IAN CASTLES Australian Statistician

MAIN FEATURES

OVERVIEW

The employing and trading business sector of the Australian economy showed strong signs of recovery between 1991-92 and 1992-93. The following table highlights movements in some of the key indicators of business and economic performance for the years 1990-91 to 1991-92 and 1991-92 to 1992-93.

Percentage change in selected indicators

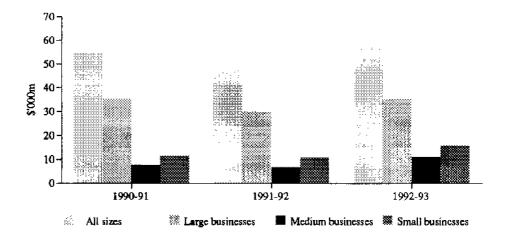
	1990-91 to	1991-92 to
	1991-92	1992-93
	η_{o}	%
Operating profit before tax	-13	31
Operating profit margin	-19	32
Return on assets	-14	26
Industry gross product	0	4
Interest coverage	0	29
Profit share	-8	11

PROFITS

In 1992-93, the level of operating profits of employing and trading businesses was \$65,193 million, up \$15,429 million (31%) on the 1991-92 level. Just over half of this increase (i.e. \$8,538 million) was due to improvements in trading profit (sales up 4%, while cost of sales only rose by 3%). Other factors contributing to the increase in profits between 1991-92 and 1992-93 were significant declines in interest expenses (down 22%), a slight fall in labour costs (down 1%) and reductions in other operating expenses (down 16%).

The following chart shows the relative significance of small, medium and large businesses in terms of their contribution to total profits and the changes which have occurred over the past three years.

CHART 1 - OPERATING PROFIT OF NON-FARM BUSINESSES, BY SIZE, 1990-91 TO 1992-93



In 1990-91, large businesses were responsible for 65 per cent of non-farm profits. In 1992-93, this had fallen to 57 per cent. In the meantime, the proportional contributions by small and medium businesses had grown from 21 per cent and 14 per cent to 25 per cent and 18 per cent, respectively.

In 1992-93, 31 per cent of operating profit was generated by businesses classified to Finance and Insurance. The next most significant industry in terms of profits was Manufacturing with 17 per cent of total operating profit.

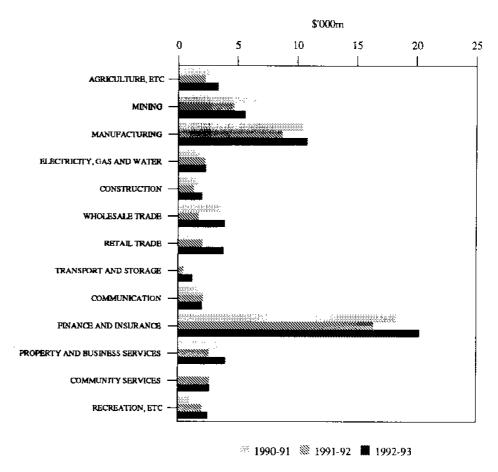


CHART 2 - OPERATING PROFIT, BY INDUSTRY, 1990-91 to 1992-93

All industries experienced growth in profit levels between 1991-92 and 1992-93, with the exception of Communication (down 3%).

PROFITABILITY

It is possible to generate a wide range of business profitability indicators from the financial data supplied to the ABS. This publication includes estimates of operating profit margin, return on assets, return on net worth and return on funds.

The operating profit margin of a business represents that percentage of its sales of goods and services which becomes operating profit after all operating expenses have been deducted. This concept is not applicable to businesses in Finance and Insurance as sales of goods and services represents only a small proportion of their operating revenue. In 1992-93, the average operating profit margin of all businesses in other industries was 6.2 per cent, compared to 4.7 per cent in 1991-92 and 5.8 per cent in 1990-91. The operating profit margin for non-farm large businesses in 1992-93 was 5.8 per cent, 4.5 per cent for medium businesses and 7.1 per cent for small businesses. Put another way, in 1992-93, at least, small businesses generally converted a higher proportion of their sales into profits than did large and medium sized businesses. In 1990-91 and 1991-92, large businesses had the highest profit margins.

As well as varying considerably over time, operating profit margins also vary considerably across industries, as the following chart illustrates.

per cent 10 15 20 25 AGRICULTURE, ETC MINING MANUPACTURING ELECTRICITY, GAS AND WATER CONSTRUCTION WHOLESALE TRADE RETAIL TRADE TRANSPORT AND STORACE COMMUNICATION PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES COMMUNITY SERVICES RECREATION, ETC.

CHART 3 - OPERATING PROFIT MARGIN, BY INDUSTRY, 1990-91 TO 1992-93

1990-91 | 1991-92 | 1992-93

For the three years that data are available, small businesses have consistently had the highest values for most other profitability ratios. In 1992-93, for small businesses, the return on assets was 10.3 per cent (compared to 2.9% for large businesses), return on net worth was 30.4 per cent (compared to 9.4% for large businesses), and return on funds was 40.8 per cent (compared to 19.7% for large businesses). However, this should not be taken as meaning small businesses are generally more profitable than large businesses as the profits of small businesses often include a labour component (ie for services provided by working proprietors not drawing wages). Such a component is not included in the profits of larger businesses.

The return on assets of a business indicates how effectively the business has used its assets to generate profits by expressing profits as a percentage of total assets. In 1992-93, the average return on assets of all businesses was 3.9 per cent, compared to 3.1 per cent in 1991-92 and 3.6 per cent in 1990-91. The industries reporting the highest return on assets in 1992-93 were Mining and Retail Trade (both 9.3%).

The return on net worth of a business is an indicator of percentage return available for distribution to shareholders funds. In 1992-93, the average return on net worth of all businesses was 10.7 per cent, compared to 8.6 per cent in 1991-92 and 10.7 per cent in 1990-91. The industry reporting the highest return on net worth in 1992-93 was Construction (44.2%).

The return on funds of a business indicates how effectively the business has used the funds available to it, both in the form of equity and borrowings. In 1992-93, the average return on funds of all businesses was 19.5 per cent, compared to 20.4 per cent in 1991-92 and 25.8 per cent in 1990-91. The industry reporting the highest return on funds in 1992-93 was Retail Trade (27.7%).

WEALTH, DEBT AND LIQUIDITY

The wealth of a business is usually reflected in its balance sheet. Between 1991-92 and 1992-93, the net worth of employing and trading businesses grew by 5 per cent. The total value of assets grew by 4 per cent and the total value of liabilities grew by 3 per cent during this period.

In 1992-93, large businesses were responsible for just over 73 per cent of the net worth of non-farm businesses. By far the most significant group of businesses in wealth terms was large businesses in Finance and Insurance (34% of net worth).

Between 1991-92 and 1992-93, the net worth of all industries increased except for Mining, Construction, Wholesale Trade, and Recreation, Personal and Other Services.

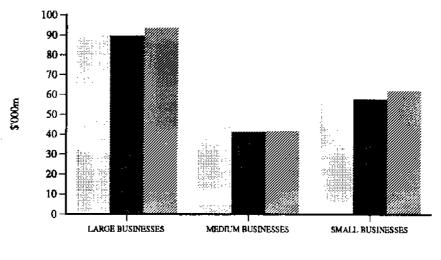
Tables 1 through 4 include a selection of indebtedness and liquidity ratios based on the balance sheet information provided to the ABS. Two of these, long term debt to equity and current ratios, are reliant on an accurate split of current and non-current assets and liabilities. Such splits are not available for Finance and Insurance and therefore it has not been possible to estimate these ratios at the All industries level. They are nonetheless available for each of the other industries and do indicate some of the sigificant changes taking place in the balance sheets of businesses. For example, over the past three years, businesses in Manufacturing, Electricity, Gas and Water, Transport and Storage, and Communication have, on average, reduced their long term debt to equity ratios. At the same time, most non-finance industries have managed to improve their liquidity situation as evidenced by increases in their current ratios.

The link between profits and costs of servicing debt is provided by the interest coverage ratio. This is effectively the number of times over interest expenses can be paid from earnings before interest and tax. Between 1991-92 and 1992-93, declining interest rates and increasing profits combined to improve business' overall ability to service the costs of debt by 29 per cent. That is, the interest coverage ratio rose from 1.7 to 2.2.

PRODUCTION

The following chart shows the contribution by large, medium and small employing businesses to overall industry gross product over the past three years, in current price terms.

CHART 4 - INDUSTRY GROSS PRODUCT OF NON-FARM BUSINESSES, BY SIZE, 1990-91 TO 1992-93



1990-91 1991-92 1992-93

In 1992-93, large businesses accounted for 47 per cent of non-farm industry gross product; medium businesses, 21 per cent and small employing businesses, 31 per cent. All size categories experienced increases in their industry gross product between 1991-92 and 1992-93. The growth rate among small businesses (7%) was by far the highest.

The following chart shows the industry dissection of industry gross product over the past three years. Note that the apparent peculiarity of negative gross product for Finance and Insurance, together with other issues associated with the derivation of industry gross product, are explained in the Special Note beginning on page 58.

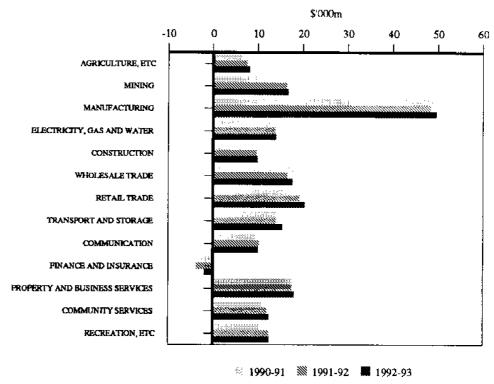


CHART 5 - INDUSTRY GROSS PRODUCT, BY INDUSTRY, 1990-91 to 1992-93

The above chart highlights the continuing significance of Manufacturing in terms of industry gross product. For each of the three years that these data are available, Manufacturing has consistently contributed around 25 per cent of the industry gross product of employing and trading businesses.

Between 1991-92 and 1992-93, industry gross product rose in most industries with a decline occurring only in Communication, and no significant change in the industry gross product of Recreation, Personal and Other Services.

COMPETITION

In terms of market share, large businesses have on average accounted for around 44 per cent of the sales of goods and services by non-farm businesses for the three years 1990-91 to 1992-93.

However, a better indication of the extent of competition in each industry is given by industry concentration statistics which can be made available on request (refer to page 54).



CAUTIONARY NOTE

MANAGEMENT UNIT COUNTS

Movements in the estimated number of management units included in the following tables should not necessarily be taken as an indication of birth and/or death rates of businesses in the population. Over and above the sampling error associated with these estimates, these movements are more affected than are the other estimates presented by things such as internal restructuring of businesses (eg changes in divisionalised structure), mergers, takeovers, changes in the design of the sample and changes in the quality of the ABS' Business Register. They are, nonetheless, suitable for the generation of business averages and comparisons based on the relative number of businesses across industry and size categories.

MEASURES OF PROFIT

The following tables include four different measures of profit, viz:

- TRADING PROFIT, which is close to the traditional concept of 'gross profit', but includes additional income and expenses relating to the provision of services;
- EARNINGS BEFORE INTEREST AND TAX (EBIT), which is as traditionally defined, ie all operating income minus all operating expenses except interest expenses and extraordinary items;
- OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE TAX (OPBT) which is different from the traditional concept of 'net profit before tax' in that extraordinary items have been excluded; and
- GROSS OPERATING SURPLUS (GOS) which is effectively the return to capital component of the value of production.

In analysing profits, users should be fully aware of the different definitions of these items and the uses they might serve, particularly when making comparisons across industries.

LARGE, MEDIUM AND SMALL BUSINESSES

Statistics by size are only presented for non-farm industries. Size dissections for the farm sector have traditionally relied on the value of agricultural operations and not the criteria used here (refer to Technical Notes). Agricultural statistics by size utilising the value of agricultural operations can be obtained by phoning 008 030084.

It should be noted that some of the year-to-year movements in the individual size categories are due to movements of businesses between size categories.

MANUFACTURING ESTIMATES

Statistics presented in respect of Manufacturing for 1992-93 should be considered preliminary as processing of that industry's data is still continuing. Final estimates for this industry will be available later this year. It is anticipated that differences between preliminary and final estimates at the Division level will be minor.

COMPARISONS WITH OTHER STATISTICS

Readers may wish to compare the statistics presented in this publication with other related ABS statistics. Care is needed in making such comparisons and readers wishing to do so should phone or write to the contact officer for advice on using the statistics in this way.

TABLE 1 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY

ALL INDUSTRIES

TIED IN DE							
				LEVELS		MOVEN	MENTS
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
Industry	Management units (a)	No.	502,136	524,252	530,472	4%	1%
Structure	Employment	'000	5,240	5,265	5,190	0%	-1%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	689,683	720,669	746,272	4%	4%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	505,573	536,345	553,410	6%	3%
	Trading profit	\$m	184,110	184,324	192,862	0%	5 %
	plus Interest income	\$m	80,458	68,472	56,579	-15%	-17%
	plus Other operating income	\$m	39,790	38,323	40,909	-4%	7%
ncome Statement	less Labour costs	\$m	130,975	135,794	135,062	4%	-1%
- many reports	less Depreciation	\$m	21,008	23,658	25,118	13%	6%
less Other operating expenses Earnings before interest & tar less Interest expenses Operating profit before tax	less Other operating expenses	\$m	13,713	13,581	11,454	-1%	-16%
	\$m	138,662	118,086	118,716	-15%	1%	
	less Interest expenses	\$m	81,274	68,322	53,523	-16%	-22%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	57,388	49,764	65,193	-13%	31%
	Current assets	\$m	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	л.а.
	Non-current assets	\$m	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Total assets	\$m	1,585,013	1,630,694	1,688,949	3%	4%
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	п.а.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
SHEEL	Non-current liabilities	\$m	n.a.	π.a.	n.a.	п.а.	n.a.
	Total liabilities	\$m	1,047,977	1,050,576	1,080,656	0%	3%
	Net worth	\$m	537,036	580,118	608,293	8%	5 %
Economic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	65,004	60,011	69,475	-8%	16%
/aiues	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	195,979	195,805	204,537	0%	4%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	5.8	4.7	6.2	-19%	32%
	Return on assets	per cent	3.6	3.1	3.9	-19% -14%	32% 26%
	Return on net worth	per cent	10.7	8.6	10.7	-1476 -20%	24%
	Return on funds	per cent	25.8	20.4	19.5	-20% -21%	24% -4%
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times					
Ratios Ratios	Current ratio	times	n.a. n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Interest coverage	times	n.a. 1.7	n.a. 1.7	n.a. 2.2	п.а. 0%	n.a.
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000					29%
Profit share	• • •		25.0	25.8	26.0	3% oa	1%
	Wages share	per cent	33.2	30.6	34,0	-8%	11%
	Sales/management unit	per cent	66.8	69.4	66.0	4%	-5%
	Profit/management unit	\$'000	1,373	1,375	1,407	0%	2%
Averages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	114	95	123	-17%	29%
	Ū	\$'000	3,157	3,111	3,184	-1%	2%
	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	390	373	386	-4%	3%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 1 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY
All Sizes

ALL NON-FARM INDUSTRIES

			LEVELS		MOVEN	<i>MENTS</i>
		1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 ta 1992-93
Management units (a)	No.	393,539	414,305	419,290	<u></u>	1%
Employment	'000	4,912	4,940	4,843	1%	-2%
Sales of goods and services	\$m	669,447	700,442	725,454	5%	4%
less Cost of sales	\$m	491,502	523,496	540,383	7%	3%
Trading profit	\$m	177,945	176,946	185,071	-1%	5 %
plus Interest income	\$m	79,940	68,124	56,304	-15%	-17%
plus Other operating income	\$m	38,923	37,675	40,116	-3%	6%
less Labour costs	\$m	128,596	133,318	132,634	4%	-1%
less Depreciation	\$m	20,916	22,347	23,902	7%	7%
less Other operating expenses	\$m	13,423	13,263	11,130	-1%	-16%
Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	133,873	113,817	113,825	-15%	0%
less Interest expenses	\$ m	79,091	66,356	52,014	-16%	-22%
Operating profit before tax	\$m	54,782	47,461	61,811	-13%	30%
Current assets	\$m	n.a.	п.а.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Non-current assets	\$m	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Total assets	\$m	1,474,986	1,519,289	1,577,493	3%	4%
Current liabilities	\$m	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Non-current liabilities	\$m	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Total liabilities	\$m	1,032,157	1,033,847	1,064,589	0%	3%
Net worth	\$m	442,829	485,442		10%	6%
Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	60,958	54,817	63,681	-10%	16%
Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	189,554			-1%	4%
Operating profit margin	per cent	5.6	4,5	5,9	-20%	31%
Return on assets	per cent	3.7	3.1	3.9		26%
Return on net worth	per cent	12.4	9.8			23%
Return on funds	- i	30.2	23.4			-5%
Long term debt to equity	times	n.a.				n.a.
Current ratio	times					n.a.
Interest coverage						29%
Labour costs/employment						1%
Profit share						11%
Wages share	-					-5%
Sales/management unit						2%
-				1		29%
Assets/management unit						3%
Gross product/management unit	\$'000	482	454	468	-2% -6%	3% 3%
	Employment Sales of goods and services less Cost of sales Trading profit plus Interest income plus Other operating income less Labour costs less Depreciation less Other operating expenses Earnings before interest & tax less Interest expenses Operating profit before tax Current assets Non-current assets Total assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities Not worth Gross Operating Surplus Industry Gross Product (b) Operating profit margin Return on assets Return on net worth Return on funds Long term debt to equity Current ratio Interest coverage Labour costs/employment Profit share Wages share Sales/management unit Assets/management unit	Employment 7000 Sales of goods and services \$m\$ less Cost of sales \$m\$ Trading profit \$m\$ plus Interest income \$m\$ less Labour costs \$m\$ less Depreciation \$m\$ less Other operating expenses \$m\$ less Interest expenses \$m\$ Current assets \$m\$ Current assets \$m\$ Current liabilities \$m\$ Non-current liabilities \$m\$ Non-current liabilities \$m\$ Not worth \$m\$ Gross Operating Surplus \$m\$ Industry Gross Product (b) \$m\$ Operating profit margin per cent Return on net worth per cent Return on funds per cent Long term debt to equity times Labour costs/employment \$1000 Profit share per cent \$1000 Assets/management unit \$1000	Management units (a) No. 393,539 Employment 0000 4,912 Sales of goods and services \$m\$ 669,447 less Cost of sales \$m\$ 491,502 Trading profit \$m\$ 177,945 plus Interest income \$m\$ 79,940 plus Other operating income \$m\$ 38,923 less Labour costs \$m\$ 128,596 less Depreciation \$m\$ 20,916 less Other operating expenses \$m\$ 13,423 Earnings before interest & tax \$m\$ 133,873 less Interest expenses \$m\$ 79,091 Operating profit before tax \$m\$ 54,782 Current assets \$m\$ n.a. Non-current liabilities \$m\$ n.a. Total assets \$m\$ 1,474,986 Current liabilities \$m\$ n.a. Total liabilities \$m\$ 1,032,157 Net worth \$m\$ 60,958 Industry Gross Product (b) \$m\$ 189,554 Operating profit margin per cent \$1.24 Return on net worth per cent \$1.24 Return on funds per cent \$1.24 Return on funds per cent \$1.27 Long term debt to equity times \$1.7 Labour costs/employment \$000 26.2 Profit share per cent \$1.200 Profit share per cent \$1.700 Profit/management unit \$1000 139 Assets/management unit \$1000 139 Assets/management unit \$1000 3,748	Management units (a) No. 393,539 414,305 Employment '000 4,912 4,940 Sales of goods and services Sm 669,447 700,442 less Cost of sales Sm 491,502 523,496 Trading profit \$m 177,945 176,946 plus Interest income Sm 79,940 68,124 plus Other operating income Sm 38,923 37,675 less Labour costs Sm 128,596 133,318 less Depreciation Sm 20,916 22,347 less Other operating expenses Sm 134,823 13,263 Earnings before interest & tax \$m 133,873 113,817 less Interest expenses \$m 79,091 66,356 Operating profit before tax \$m 54,782 47,461 Current assets \$m n.a. n.a. Non-current liabilities \$m n.a. n.a. Total assets \$m n.a. n.a. Current liabil	Management units (a)	Management units (a)

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 1 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY
All Sizes

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING

				LEVELS		MOVEMENTS		
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93	
ndustry	Management units (a)	No.	108,597	109,947	111,182	1%	1%	
Structure	Employment	000	328	325	347	-1%	7%	
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	20,236	20,227	20,818	0%	3%	
	less Cost of sales	\$m	14,071	12,849	13,027	-9%	1%	
	Trading profit	\$m	6,165	7,378	7,791	20%	6%	
	plus Interest income	\$m	518	348	275	-33%	-21%	
	plus Other operating income	\$m	867	648	793	-25%	22%	
ncome Statement	less Labour costs	\$m	2,379	2,476	2,428	4%	-2%	
enscincin.	less Depreciation	\$m	92	1,311	1,216	1325%	-7%	
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	290	318	324	10%	2%	
less Interest expenses	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	4,789	4,269	4,891	-11%	15%	
	less Interest expenses	\$m	2,183	1,966	1,509	-10%	-23%	
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	2,606	2,303	3,382	-12%	47%	
	Current assets	\$m	18,747	17,350	17,166	-7%	-1%	
	Non-current assets	\$m	91,280	94,056	94,289	3%	0%	
	Total assets	\$m	110,027	111,405	111,456	1%	0%	
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	2,897	3,380	7,393	1 7%	119%	
AIIOCI	Non-current liabilities	\$m	12,923	13,349	8,674	3%	-35%	
	Total liabilities	\$m	15,820	16,729	16,067	6%	-4%	
	Net worth	\$m	94,207	94,676	95,389	0%	1%	
Economic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	4,046	5,194	5,794	28%	12%	
/alues	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	6,425	7,670	8,222	19%	7%	
	Operating profit margin	per cent	12.9	11.4	16.2	-12%	42%	
	Return on assets	per cent	2.4	2.1	3.0	-13%	43%	
	Return on net worth	per cent	2.8	2.4	3.5	-14%	46%	
	Return on funds	per cent	4.5	4.0	4,7	-12%	19%	
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	0.1	0.1	0.1	0%	0%	
Ratios	Current ratio	times	6.5	5.1	2.3	-22%	-55%	
	Interest coverage	times	2.2	2.2	3.2	0%	45%	
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	7.2	7.6	7.0	6%	-8%	
	Profit share	per cent	63.0	67.7	70.5	8%	4%	
	Wages share	per cent	37.0	32.3	29.5	-13%	-9%	
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	186	184	187	-1%	2%	
lusiness	Profit/management unit	\$'000	24	21	30	-13%	45%	
Averages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	1,013	1,013	1,002	0%	-1%	
	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	59	70	74	18%	6%	

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 1 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY

MINING							
I				LEVELS		MOVE	MENTS
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
Industry	Management units (a)	No.	1,865	1,758	1,537	-6%	-13%
Structure	Employment	.000	91	88	82	-3%	-7%
	Sales of goods and services	Sm	31,823	31,421	31,457	-1%	0%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	14,383	15,278	14,761	6%	-3%
	Trading profit	\$m	17,440	16,143	16,696	-7 %	3%
	plus Interest income	\$m	515	435	428	-16%	-2%
т	plus Other operating income	\$m	569	275	669	-52%	143%
Income Statement	less Labour costs	\$m	4,595	4,916	4,669	7%	-5%
	less Depreciation	\$m	3,083	3,309	3,399	7%	3%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	2,731	2,509	2,611	-8%	4%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	8,115	6,119	7,114	-25 %	16%
	less Interest expenses	\$m	1,595	1,388	1,445	-13%	4%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	6,520	4,731	5,669	-27%	20%
	Current assets	\$m	11,232	13,174	11,914	17%	-10%
	Non-current assets	\$m	46,445	49,203	48,932	6%	-1%
	Total assets	\$m	57,681	62,380	60,846	8%	-2%
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	11,747	12,135	12,124	3%	0%
Silver	Non-current liabilities	\$m	19,871	19,130	21,046	-4%	10%
	Total liabilities	\$m	31,613	31,262	33,171	-1%	6%
	Net worth	Sm	26,068	31,118	27,675	19%	-11 %
Economic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	13,308	11,601	12,140	-13%	5%
Values	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	17,903	16,517	16,809	-8%	2%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	20.5	15.1	18.0	-26%	19%
	Return on assets	per cent	11.3	7.6	9.3	-33%	22%
	Return on net worth	per cent	25.0	15.2	20.5	-39%	35%
	Return on funds	per cent	17.7	12.2	14.6	-31%	20%
Industry	Long term debt to equity	times	0.8	0.6	0.8	-25%	33%
Ratios	Current ratio	times	1.0	1.1	1.0	10%	-9%
	Interest coverage	times	5.1	4.4	4.9	-14%	11%
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	50.5	55.7	57.2	10%	3%
	Profit share	per cent	74.3	70.2	72.2	-6%	3%
	Wages share	per cent	25.7	29.8	27.8	16%	-7%
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	17,063	17,873	20,466	5%	15%
Business	Profit/management unit	\$'000	3,496	2,691	3,688	-23%	37%
	Assets/management unit						12%
	-						16%
Averages	Assets/management unit Gross product/management unit	\$'000 \$'000	30,928 9, 5 99	35,484 9,395	39,588 10,936	15% -2%	

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.(b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 1 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY

MANUFACTURING

			LEVELS			MOVEMENTS		
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 ta 1992-93	
ndustry	Management units (a)	No.	29,431	29,286	29,270	0%	0%	
Structure	Employment	'000	984	933	902	-5%	-3%	
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	163,480	164,158	168,237	0%	2%	
	less Cost of sales	\$m	114,216	116,910	119,833	2%	3%	
	Trading profit	\$m	49,264	47,248	48,404	-4%	2 %	
	plus Interest income	\$m	1,112	1,036	642	-7%	-38%	
	plus Other operating income	\$m	1,748	2,006	1,886	15%	-6%	
ncome Statement	less Labour costs	\$m	30,409	30,634	30,514	1%	0%	
less Depreciation less Other operating expenses	less Depreciation	\$m	4,354	4,668	4,848	7%	4%	
	\$m	2,059	2,202	1,854	7%	-16%		
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	15,302	12,786	13,716	-16%	7%	
less Interest expenses	less Interest expenses	\$m	4,826	4,020	2,861	-17%	-29%	
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	10,476	8,766	10,855	-16%	24%	
	Current assets	\$m	60,135	57,447	60,285	-4%	5%	
	Non-current assets	\$m	74,995	84,636	83,242	13%	-2%	
	Total assets	\$m	135,126	142,079	143,527	5%	1%	
lalance heet	Current liabilities	\$m	52,114	49,665	51,520	-5%	4%	
	Non-current liabilities	\$m	33,390	32,199	31,745	-4%	-1%	
	Total liabilities	\$m	85,511	81,866	83,259	-4%	2%	
	Net worth	\$m	49,615	60,213	60,268	21%	0%	
conomic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	19,922	17,763	19,157	-11%	8%	
alues	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	50,331	48,397	49,671	-4%	3%	
·	Operating profit margin	per cent	6.4	5.3	6.5	-17%	23%	
	Return on assets	per cent	7.8	6.2	7.6	-21%	23%	
	Return on net worth	per cent	21.1	14.6	18.0	-31%	23%	
	Return on funds	per cent	18.4	13.8	14.9	-25%	8%	
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	0.7	0.5	0.5	-29%	0%	
atios	Current ratio	times	1.2	1.2	1.2	0%	0%	
	Interest coverage	times	3.2	3.2	4.8	0%	50%	
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	30.9	32.8	33.8	6%	3%	
	Profit share	per cent	39.6	36.7	38.6	-7%	5%	
	Wages share	per cent	60.4	63.3	61.4	5%	-3%	
	Sales/management unit	\$,000	5,555	5,605	5,748	1%	3%	
Business Averages	Profit/management unit	\$'000	356	299	371	-16%	24%	
	Assets/management unit	\$'000	4,591	4,851	4,904	-10 <i>k</i> 6%	1%	
	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	1,710	1,653	1,697	-3%	3%	

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 1 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY
All Sizes

ELECTRICITY, GAS AND WATER

				LEVELS			MOVEMENTS		
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 te 1992-93		
Industry	Management units (a)	No.	686	683	623	0%	-9%		
Structure	Employment	'000	108	98	91	-9%	-8%		
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	22,725	23,784	24,645	5%	4%		
	less Cost of sales	\$m	11,562	11,618	12,198	0%	5%		
	Trading profit	\$m	11,163	12,166	12,447	9%	2 %		
	plus Interest income	\$m	572	473	318	-17%	-33%		
	plus Other operating income	\$m	861	692	851	-20%	23%		
ncome Statement	less Labour costs	\$m	4,038	3,983	3,953	-1%	-1%		
less Depreciation less Other operating expenses Earnings before interest & tax less Interest expenses Operating profit before tax	less Depreciation	\$m	2,140	2,639	3,190	23%	21%		
	\$m	131	136	146	4%	7%			
	\$m	6,287	6,573	6,327	5%	-4%			
	less Interest expenses	\$m	4,501	4,260	3,944	-5%	-7%		
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	1,786	2,313	2,383	30%	3%		
	Current assets	\$m	6,382	6,613	6,541	4%	-1%		
	Non-current assets	\$m	66,263	79,418	85,079	20%	7%		
	Total assets	\$m	72,645	86,031	91,619	18%	6%		
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	7,573	8,646	9,148	14%	6%		
mee:	Non-current liabilities	\$m	35,460	33,843	33,147	-5%	-2%		
	Total liabilities	\$m	43,035	42,489	42,293	-1 <i>%</i>	0%		
	Net worth	\$m	29,610	43,542	49,326	47%	13%		
Economic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	8,746	9,952	10,234	14%	3%		
√alues	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	12,784	13,935	14,187	9%	2%		
	Operating profit margin	per cent	7.9	9.7	9.7	23%	0%		
	Return on assets	per cent	2.5	2.7	2.6	8%	-4%		
	Return on net worth	per cent	6.0	5.3	4.8	-12%	-9%		
	Return on funds	per cent	9.7	8.5	7.7	-12%	-10%		
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	1.2	0.8	0.7	-33%	-13%		
Ratios	Current ratio	times	0.8	0.8	0.7	0%	-13%		
	Interest coverage	times	1.4	1.5	1.6	7%	7%		
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	37.5	40.6	43.6	8%	7%		
	Profit share	per cent	68.4	71.4	72.1	4%	1%		
	Wages share	per cent	31.6	28,6	27.9	-10%	-3%		
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	33,127	34,823	39,559	5%	14%		
Business	Profit/management unit	\$'000	2,603	3,387	3,825	30%	13%		
Susiness Averages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	105,897	125,960	147,061	19%	17%		
	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	18,636	20,403	22,772	9%	12%		

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 1 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY

CONSTRUCTION

CONSTRU							
				LEVELS		MOVEN	MENTS
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
Industry	Management units (a)	No.	46,244	49,862	50,695	8%	2%
Structure	Employment	'000	261	245	242	-6%	-1%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	37,902	36,713	40,878	-3%	11%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	28,551	27,698	31,711	-3%	14%
	Trading profit	\$m	9,351	9,015	9,167	-4%	2%
	plus Interest income	\$m	220	278	291	26%	5%
	plus Other operating income	\$m	840	796	940	-5%	18%
ncome Statement	less Labour costs	\$m	7,226	7,205	6,622	0%	-8%
less Depreciation	\$m	533	591	558	11%	-6%	
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	294	310	388	5%	25%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	2,358	1,983	2,830	-16%	43%
	less Interest expenses	\$m	683	645	755	-6%	17%
Operating profit t	Operating profit before tax	\$m	1,675	1,338	2,075	-20%	55%
	Current assets	\$m	10,124	10,585	11,519	5%	9%
	Non-current assets	\$m	7,463	8,889	12,320	19%	39%
_	Total assets	\$m	17,588	19,473	23,840	11%	22%
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	9,083	9,130	9,723	1%	6%
JICC.	Non-current liabilities	\$m	3,960	5,513	9,420	39%	71% *
	Total liabilities	\$ m	13,044	14,644	19,144	12%	31%
	Net worth	\$m	4,544	4,829	4,696	6%	-3%
Economic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	3,177	2,618	3,370	-18%	29%
Values	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	10,403	9,823	9,992	-6%	2%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	4.4	3.6	5.1	-18%	42%
	Return on assets	per cent ·	9.5	6.9	8.7	-27%	26%
	Return on net worth	per cent	36.9	27.7	44.2	-25%	60%
	Return on funds	per cent	27.7	19.2	20.0	-31%	5%
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	0.9	1.1	2.0	22%	82%
Ratios	Current ratio	times	1.1	1.2	1.2	9%	0%
	Interest coverage	times	3.5	3.1	3.7	-11%	19%
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	27.7	29.4	27.3	6%	-7%
	Profit share	per cent	30.5	26.7	33.7	-13%	27%
	Wages share	per cent	69,5	73.3	66.3	6%	-10%
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	820	736	806	-10%	10%
Business	Profit/management unit	\$'000	36	27	41	-26%	53%
Averages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	380	391	470	3%	20%
	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	225	197	197	-12%	20 % 0%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 1 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY
All Sizes

WHOLESALE TRADE

				LEVELS		MOVEN	MENTS
		!		DZ T DELD			
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
Industry	Management units (a)	No.	34,229	33,602	33,742	-2%	0%
Structure	Employment	'000	380	379	352	0%_	-7%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	133,432	148,676	150,088	11%	1%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	115,034	132,510	132,688	15%	0%
	Trading profit	\$m	18,398	16,166	17,400	-12%	8%
	plus Interest income	Sm	818	1,035	664	27%	-36%
_	plus Other operating income	\$m	1,449	1,637	1,701	13%	4% *
Income Statement	less Labour costs	\$m	11,643	11,600	11,104	0%	-4%
Summine in	less Depreciation	\$m	1,369	1,361	1,429	-1%	5%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	1,158	902	851	-22%	-6%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	6,495	4,975	6,381	-23%	28%
	less Interest expenses	\$m ;	2,922	3,222	2,418	10%	-25%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	3,573	1,753	3,963	-51%	126%
	Current assets	\$m	50,299	52,044	48,595	3%	-7%
	Non-current assets	\$m	34,509	32,663	34,084	-5%	4% *
	Total assets	\$m	84,808	84,707	82,679	0%	-2%
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	44,984	40,784	39,038	-9%	-4%
Sheet	Non-current liabilities	\$m	11,598	16,592	17,504	43%	5%
	Total liabilities	\$m	56,581	57,377	56,543	1%	-1%
	Net worth	\$m	28,227	27,330	26,136	-3%	-4% *
Economic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	7,305	5,080	6,703	-30%	32%
Values	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	18,948	16,680	17,807	-12%	7%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	2,7	1.2	2.6	-56%	117%
	Return on assets	per cent	4.2	2.1	4.8	-50%	129%
	Return on net worth	per cent	12.7	6.4	15.2	-50%	138%
	Return on funds	per cent	16.3	11.3	14.6	-31%	29%
Índustry	Long term debt to equity	times	0.4	0.6	0.7	50%	17%
Ratios	Current ratio	times	1.1	1.3	1.2	18%	-8%
	Interest coverage	times	2.2	1,5	2.6	-32%	73%
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	30.6	30.6	31.6	0%	3%
	Profit share	per cent	38.6	30.5	37.6	-21%	24%
	Wages share	per cent	61.4	69.5	62.4	13%	-10%
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	3,898	4,425	4,448	14%	1%
Business	Profit/management unit	\$'000	104	52	117	-50%	125%
Business Averages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	2,478	2,521	2,450	2%	-3%
	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	554	496	528	-10%	6%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 1 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY

RETAIL TRADE

						
			LEVELS	;	MOVEN	<i>AENTS</i>
		1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
Management units (a)	No.	82,125	85,289	84,866	4%	0%
Employment	'000'	847	866	881	2%	2%
Sales of goods and services	\$m	123,808	133,915	144,404	8%	8%
less Cost of sales	\$m	103,739	114,626	123,973	10%	8%
Trading profit	\$m	20,069	19,289	20,431	-4%	6%
plus Interest income	\$m	1,040	951	458	-9%	-52%
plus Other operating income	\$m	1,088	1,061	1,187	-2%	12%
less Labour costs	Sm	14,014	14,541	14,358	4%	-1%
less Depreciation	\$m	1,266	1,304	1,225	3%	-6%
less Other operating expenses Earnings before interest & tax	\$m :	1,219	642	558	-47%	-13%
	\$m	5,698	4,814	5,935	-16%	23 %
less Interest expenses	\$m	2,771	2,724	2,080	-2%	-24%
Operating profit before tax	\$m	2,927	2,090	3,855	-29%	84%
Current assets	\$m	23,630	22,499	22,592	-5%	0%
Non-current assets		20,675	23,256	19,074	12%	-18%
Total assets	\$m	44,305	45,754	41,666	3%	-9%
Current liabilities	\$m	22,762	26,057	20,237	14%	-22%
Non-current liabilities				9,206	6%	-8%
Total liabilities					12%	-18%
Net worth						26%
Gross Operating Surplus	•	•			-23%	27%
Industry Gross Product (b)				ļ	-4%	6%
Operating profit margin			<u> </u>		-33%	69%
Return on assets	-			1		102%
Return on net worth	•					46%
Return on funds	•					13%
Long term debt to equity	-			i		-20%
Current ratio						22%
Interest coverage						61%
Labour costs/employment					1%	-3%
Profit share				1		20%
Wages share	•			i		-7%
	_					8%
		·				85%
						-8%
-						-6 <i>%</i>
	Employment Sales of goods and services less Cost of sales Trading profit plus Interest income plus Other operating income less Labour costs less Depreciation less Other operating expenses Earnings before interest & tax less Interest expenses Operating profit before tax Current assets Non-current assets Total assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities Non-current liabilities Notal liabilities Net worth Gross Operating Surplus Industry Gross Product (b) Operating profit margin Return on assets Return on net worth Return on funds Long term debt to equity Current ratio Interest coverage Labour costs/employment Profit share	Employment '000 Sales of goods and services \$m less Cost of sales \$m Trading profit \$m plus Interest income \$m plus Other operating income \$m less Labour costs \$m less Depreciation \$m less Other operating expenses \$m Earnings before interest & tax \$m less Interest expenses \$m Current assets \$m Non-current assets \$m Total assets \$m Current liabilities \$m Non-current liabilities \$m Non-current liabilities \$m Total liabilities \$m Operating profit margin per cent Return on assets per cent Return on net worth per cent Return on funds per cent Return on funds per cent Return on funds per cent Long term debt to equity times Labour costs/employment \$000 Profit share per cent Sales/management unit \$000 Assets/management unit \$000 Profit/management unit \$000 Assets/management unit \$000 Profit/management unit \$000 Profit/management unit \$000	Management units (a) No. 82,125 Employment '000 847 Sales of goods and services \$m 123,808 less Cost of sales \$m 103,739 Trading profit \$m 20,069 plus Interest income \$m 1,040 plus Other operating income \$m 1,088 less Labour costs \$m 14,014 less Depreciation \$m 1,266 less Other operating expenses \$m 1,219 Earnings before interest & tax \$m 5,698 less Interest expenses \$m 2,771 Operating profit before tax \$m 2,927 Current assets \$m 23,630 Non-current assets \$m 23,630 Non-current liabilities \$m 20,675 Total assets \$m 22,762 Non-current liabilities \$m 32,233 Net worth \$m 12,072 Gross Operating Surplus \$m 6,288 Industry	Management units (a) No. 82,125 85,289 Employment '000 847 866 Sales of goods and services Sm 123,808 133,915 less Cost of sales Sm 103,739 114,626 Trading profit \$m 20,069 19,289 plus Interest income Sm 1,040 951 plus Other operating income Sm 1,040 951 less Labour costs Sm 14,014 14,541 less Depreciation Sm 1,266 1,304 less Other operating expenses Sm 1,219 642 Earnings before interest & tax Sm 5,698 4,814 less Interest expenses Sm 2,771 2,724 Operating profit before tax Sm 2,927 2,090 Current assets Sm 2,3630 22,499 Non-current liabilities Sm 20,675 23,256 Total assets Sm 32,233 36,076 Net worth Sm	Management units (a) No. 82,125 85,289 84,866 Employment '000 847 866 881 Sales of goods and services Sm 123,808 133,915 144,040 less Cost of sales Sm 103,739 114,626 123,973 Trading profit \$m 20,069 19,289 20,431 plus Interest income Sm 1,040 951 458 plus Other operating income Sm 1,088 1,061 1,187 less Labour costs Sm 1,266 1,304 1,225 less Obereciation Sm 1,266 1,304 1,225 less Other operating expenses Sm 1,219 642 558 Earnings before interest & tax \$m 5,698 4,814 5,935 less Interest expenses Sm 2,771 2,724 2,080 Operating profit before tax Sm 29,27 2,090 3,855 Current assets Sm 20,675 23,256	Management units (a)

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.(b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 1 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY
All Sizes

TRANSPORT AND STORAGE

				LEVELS		MOVEN	IENTS
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 ta 1992-93
Industry	Management units (a)	No.	17,378	17,842	19,526	3%	9%
Structure	Employment	000	323	295	294	-9%	0%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	33,162	32,470	35,943	-2%	11%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	20,656	20,507	22,986	-1%	12%
	Trading profit	\$m	12,506	11,963	12,957	-4%	8%
	plus Interest income	\$m	551	346	339	-37%	-2%
	plus Other operating income	\$m	2,864	2,376	2,661	-17%	12%
ncome Statement	less Labour costs	\$m	11,067	10,406	10,488	-6%	1%
Macmon	less Depreciation	\$m	1,892	1,816	2,377	-4%	31%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	304	305	350	0%	15%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	2,658	2,158	2,742	-19%	27 %
	less Interest expenses	\$m	2,075	1,664	1,471	-20%	-12%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	583	494	1,271	-15%	1.57%
	Current assets	\$m	8,812	8,894	9,983	1%	12%
	Non-current assets	\$m	33,575	35,081	41,500	4%	18%
	Total assets	\$m	42,387	43,977	51,482	4%	17%
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	12,266	11,140	12,888	-9%	16%
meet	Non-current liabilities	\$m	21,312	22,265	20,758	4%	-7%
	Total liabilities	\$m	33,579	33,402	33,646	-1%	1%
	Net worth	\$m	8,808	10,575	17,836	20%	69%
Conomic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	3,412	3,769	5,043	10%	34%
Values	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	14,479	14,175	15,531	-2%	10%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	1.8	1.5	3.5	-17%	133%
	Return on assets	per cent	1.4	1.1	2.5	-21%	127%
	Return on net worth	per cent	6.6	4.7	7.1	-29%	51%
	Return on funds	per cent	8.8	6.6	7.1	-26%	8%
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	2.4	2.1	1.2	-13%	-43%
Ratios	Current ratio	times	0.7	0.8	0.8	14%	0%
	Interest coverage	times	1.3	1.3	1.9	0%	46%
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	34.3	35.3	35.7	3%	1%
	Profit share	per cent	23.6	26.6	32.5	13%	22%
	Wages share	per cent	76.4	73.4	67.5	4%	-8%
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	1,908	1,820	1,841	-5%	1%
Business	Profit/management unit	\$'000	34	28	65	-17%	135%
Averages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	2,439	2,465	2,637	1%	7%
	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	833	794	795	-5%	0%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 1 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY All Sizes

COMMUNICATION

COMMON	ICATION						
				LEVELS		MOVEN	<i>MENTS</i>
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
Industry	Management units (a)	No.	138	158	172	14%	9%
Structure	Employment	'000	123	120	115	-2%	-4%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	13,190	14,745	14,913	12%	1%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	3,970	4,528	5,028	14%	11%
	Trading profit	\$m	9,220	10,217	9,885	11%	-3%
	plus Interest income	\$m	272	210	111	-23%	-47%
	plus Other operating income	\$m	-21	82	369	490%	350%
ncome tatement	less Labour costs	\$m	4,121	4,862	5,109	18%	5%
· mangion and the	less Depreciation	\$m	1,876	2,180	2,169	16%	-1%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	82	39	73	-52%	87%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	3,392	3,428	3,014	1%	-12%
	less Interest expenses	\$m	1,266	1,257	912	-1%	-27%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	2,126	2,171	2,102	2%	-3 %
	Current assets	\$m	4,452	4,825	5,907	8%	22%
	Non-current assets	\$m	22,345	21,230	21,805	-5%	3%
	Total assets	\$m	26,797	26,055	27,712	-3%	6%
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	5,605	5,497	7,058	-2%	28%
moci	Non-current liabilities	\$m	9,274	9,869	7,531	6%	-24%
	Total liabilities	\$m	14,878	15,366	14,588	3%	-5%
	Net worth	\$m	11,919	10,689	13,124	-10%	23%
Economic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	5,416	5,558	5,064	3%	-9%
/alues	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	9,537	10,420	10,173	9%	-2%
** *** ****	Operating profit margin	per cent	16.1	14.7	14.1	-9%	-4%
	Return on assets	per cent	7.9	8.3	7.6	5%	-8%
	Return on net worth	per cent	17.8	20.3	16.0	14%	-21%
	Return on funds	per cent	16.0	16.7	14.6	4%	-12%
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	0.8	0.9	0.6	12%	-33%
latios -	Current ratio	times	0.8	0.9	0.8	12%	-11%
	Interest coverage	times	2.7	2.7	3.3	0%	22%
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	33.6	40.6	44.3	21%	9%
	Profit share	per cent	56.8	53.3	49.8	-6%	-7%
	Wages share	per cent	43.2	46.7	50.2	8%	8%
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	95,580	93,323	86,703	-2%	-7%
Business	Profit/management unit	\$'000	15,406	13,741	12,221	-11%	-11%
Averages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	194,181	164,905	161,116	-15%	-2%
	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	69,109	65,949	59,145	-5%	-10%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.(b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 1 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY
All Sizes

FINANCE AND INSURANCE

				LEVELS		MOVEN	<i>MENTS</i>
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
Industry	Management units (a)	No.	19,307	19,622	19,283		-2%
Structure	Employment	000	325	315	295	-3%	-7%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	16,674	18,000	16,868	8%	-6%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	20,777	21,699	18,776	4%	-13%
	Trading profit	\$m	-4,103	-3,699	-1,908	10%	48%
	plus Interest income	\$m	68,288	58,073	48,225	-15%	-17%
	plus Other operating income	\$m	17,224	16,449	16,095	-4%	-2%
ncome Statement	less Labour costs	\$m	9,936	10,633	10,386	7%	-2%
· ····································	less Depreciation	\$m	1,530	1,452	1,440	-5%	-1%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	4,065	5,007	2,720	23%	-46%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	65,878	53,731	47,866	-18%	-11%
	less Interest expenses	\$m	47,495	37,299	27,580	-21%	-26%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	18,383	16,432	20,286	-11%	23%
	Current assets	\$m	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Non-current assets	\$m	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Total assets	\$m	768,348	794,903	827,487	3%	4%
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n,a.
ilkai	Non-current liabilities	\$m	n.a.	n,a,	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Total liabilities	\$m	596,949	596,571	618,334	0%	4%
	Net worth	\$m	171,399	198,332	209,153	16%	5%
conomic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	-13,940	-14,274	-12,269	-2%	14%
alues /	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	-4,004	-3,641	-1,883	9%	48%
	Operating profit margin	per cent				• •	•••
	Return on assets	per cent	2.4	2.1	2.5	-13%	19%
	Return on net worth	per cent	10.7	8.3	9.7	-22%	17%
	Return on funds	per cent	38.4	27.1	22.9	-30%	-16%
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
latios	Current ratio	times	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Interest coverage	times	1.4	1.4	1.7	0%	21%
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	30.6	33.7	35.2	10%	4%
	Profit share	per cent					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	Wages share	per cent					
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	864	917	875	6%	 -5%
usiness	Profit/management unit	\$'000	952	837	1,052	-12%	26%
Averages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	39,796	40,511	42,913	2%	20 % 6%
	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	-207	-186	-98	11%	47%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 1 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY

PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES

		1		LEVELS		MOVEN	<i>MENTS</i>
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
industry	Management units (a)	No.	70,512	75,686	80,200	7%	6%
Structure	Employment	'000'	451	499	487	11%	-2%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	46,439	43,465	40,705	-6%	-6%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	29,902	26,137	22,616	-13%	-13%
	Trading profit	\$m	16,537	17,328	18,089	5%	4%
	plus Interest income	\$m	5,643	4,328	3,668	-23%	-15%
	plus Other operating income	\$m	4,881	3,566	4,259	-27%	19%
icome tatement	less Labour costs	\$m	12,602	13,310	13,508	6%	1%
mar IIIVIII	less Depreciation	\$m	1,290	1,145	1,232	-11%	8%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	773	563	858	-27%	52%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	12,396	10,204	10,418	-18%	2 %
	less Interest expenses	\$m	8,680	7,602	6,377	-12%	-16%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	3,716	2,602	4,041	-30%	55%
	Current assets	\$m	52,756	48,450	48,406	-8%	0%
	Non-current assets	\$m	111,824	96,503	106,570	-14%	10%
	Total assets	\$m	164,580	144,953	154,975	-12%	7%
alance neet	Current liabilities	\$m	50,817	43,994	44,195	-13%	0%
II.	Non-current liabilities	\$m	41,620	44,329	52,441	7%	18%
	Total liabilities	\$m	92,437	88,323	96,634	-4%	9%
	Net worth	\$ma	72,143	56,630	58,341	-22%	3 %
conomic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	4,918	4,364	4,739	-11%	9%
alues	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	17,520	17,674	18,247	1%	3%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	8.0	6.0	9.9	-25%	65%
	Return on assets	per cent	2.3	1.8	2.6	-22%	44%
	Return on net worth	per cent	5.2	4.6	6.9	-12%	50%
	Return on funds	per cent	10.9	10.1	9.4	-7%	-7%
dustry	Long term debt to equity	times	0.6	0.8	0.9	33%	12%
atios	Current ratio	times	1.0	1.1	1.1	10%	0%
	Interest coverage	times	1.4	1.3	1.6	-7%	23%
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	27.9	26.7	27.7	-4%	4%
	Profit share	per cent	28.1	24.7	26.0	-12%	5%
	Wages share	per cent	71.9	75.3	74.0	5%	-2%
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	659	574	508	-13%	-12%
usiness	Profit/management unit	\$'000	53	34	50	-35%	47%
verages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	2,334	1,915	1,932	-18%	1%
	Gross product/management unit	\$,000	248	234	228	-6%	-3%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 1 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY
All Sizes

COMMUNITY SERVICES

				LEVELS		MOVEN	MENTS
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 ta 1992-93
Industry	Management units (a)	No.	45,450	48,940	49,374	8%	1%
Structure	Employment	'000'	5 51	581	594	5%	2%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	18,063	19,801	20,435	10%	3%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	9 ,9 72	11,087	11,396	11%	3%
	Trading profit	\$m	8,091	8,714	9,039	8%	4%
	plus Interest income	\$m	515	633	701	23%	11%
	plus Other operating income	\$m	6,720	8,183	8,714	22%	6%
ncome Statement	less Labour costs	\$m	11,825	13,117	14,011	11%	7%
neadine in	less Depreciation	\$m	683	794	842	16%	6%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	251	271	262	8%	-3%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	2,567	3,348	3,339	30%	0%
	less Interest expenses	\$m	658	677	614	3%	-9%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	1,909	2,671	2,725	40%	2%
	Current assets	\$m	6,605	7,884	9,190	19%	17%
	Non-current assets	\$m	19,812	23,461	25,490	18%	9%
	Total assets	\$m	26,417	31,346	34,684	19%	11%
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	5,651	6,547	6,635	16%	1%
Jilocc	Non-current liabilities	\$m	5,017	5,714	6,404	14%	12%
	Total liabilities	\$m	10,666	12,260	13,042	15%	6%
	Net worth	\$m	15,751	19,086	21,642	21%	13%
Economic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	-963	-989	-1,378	-3%	-39%
/alues	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	10,862	12,128	12,633	12%	4%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	10.6	13.5	13.3	27%	-1%
	Return on assets	per cent	7.2	8.5	7.9	18%	-7%
	Return on net worth	per cent	12.1	14.0	12.6	16%	-10%
	Return on funds	per cent	12.4	13.5	11.9	9%	-12%
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	0.3	0.3	0.3	0%	0%
Ratios	Current ratio	times	1.2	1.2	1.4	0%	17%
	Interest coverage	times	3.9	4.9	5.4	26%	10%
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	21.4	22.6	23.6	6%	4%
	Profit share	per cent	••	••			
	Wages share	per cent	••				
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	397	405	414	2%	2%
Business	Profit/management unit	\$'000	42	55	55	30%	1%
Averages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	581	640	702	10%	10%
	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	239	248	256	4%	3%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 1 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY

RECREATION, PERSONAL AND OTHER SERVICES

				LEVELS		MOVE	<i>IENTS</i>
	·		1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 ta 1992-93
Industry	Management units (a)	No.	46,174	51,577	50,002	12%	-3%
Structure	Employment	'000	470	521	508	11%	-2%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	28,749	33,294	36,881	16%	11%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	18,740	20,898	24,417	12%	17%
	Trading profit	\$m	10,009	12,396	12,464	24%	1%
	plus Interest income	\$m	394	326	459	-17%	41%
	plus Other operating income	\$m	700	552	784	-21%	42%
ncome Statement	less Labour costs	\$m	7,120	8,111	7,912	14%	-2%
, and it follows	less Depreciation	\$m	900	1,088	1,193	21%	10%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	356	377	459	6%	22%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	2,727	3,698	4,143	36%	12%
	less Interest expenses	\$m	1,619	1,598	1,557	-1%	-3%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	1,108	2,100	2,586	90%	23%
_	Current assets	\$m	8,922	7,768	8,561	-13%	10%
	Non-current assets	\$m	25,382	29,864	28,416	18%	-5%
	Total assets	\$m	34,304	37,631	36,976	10%	-2%
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	10,329	8,985	10,315	-13%	15%
JIICCI	Non-current liabilities	\$m	11,301	15,228	14,176	35%	-7%
	Total liabilities	\$m	21,631	24,211	24,492	12%	1%
	Net worth	\$m	12,673	13,420	12,484	6%	-7%
Economic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	3,369	4,517	4,705	34%	4%
Values	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	10,489	12,628	12,617	20%	0%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	3.9	6.3	7.0	62%	11%
	Return on assets	per cent	3.2	5.6	7.0	75%	25%
	Return on net worth	per cent	8.7	15.6	20.7	79%	33%
	Return on funds	per cent	11.4	12.9	15.5	13%	20%
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	0.9	1.1	1.1	22%	0%
Ratios	Current ratio	times	0.9	0.9	0.8	0%	-11%
	Interest coverage	times	1.7	2.3	2.7	35%	17%
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	15.2	15.6	15.6	3%	0%
	Profit share	per cent	32.1	35.8	37.3	11%	4%
	Wages share	per cent	67.9	64.2	62.7	-5%	-2%
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	623	646	738	4%	14%
Business	Profit/management unit	\$'000	24	41	52	70%	27%
Averages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	743	730	739	-2%	1%
	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	227	245	252	-2 <i>%</i> 8%	3%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

 $[\]boldsymbol{*}$ Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

 ${\bf TABLE~2-BUSINESS~OPERATIONS~AND~INDUSTRY~PERFORMANCE,~AUSTRALIA,~BY~INDUSTRY~}$

Large Businesses

ALL NON-FARM INDUSTRIES

				LEVELS		MOVEN	<i>IENTS</i>
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
Industry	Management units (a)	No.	4,201	4,214	4,165	0%	-1%
Structure	Employment	'000'	1,860	1,844	1,818	-1%	-1%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	294,665	305,223	317,641	4%	4%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	210,610	222,302	231,825	6%	4%
	Trading profit	\$m	84,055	82,921	85,816	-1 %	3%
	plus Interest income	\$m	63,006	53,893	47,948	-14%	-11%
	plus Other operating income	\$m	27,237	26,977	27,314	-1%	1%
ncome Statement	less Labour costs	\$m	59,249	62,583	63,434	6%	1%
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	less Depreciation	\$m	13,387	15,167	16,396	13%	8%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	8,536	8,959	7,202	5%	-20%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	93,126	77,082	74,046	-17%	-4 %
	less Interest expenses	\$m	57,425	47,113	38,908	-18%	-17%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	35,701	29,969	35,138	-16%	17%
	Current assets	\$m	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Non-current assets	\$m	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Total assets	\$m	1,055,345	1,122,137	1,201,621	6%	7%
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n. a .	п.а.
Alcot	Non-current liabilities	\$m	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Total liabilities	\$m	743,444	772,607	826,263	4%	7%
	Net worth	Sm	311,901	349,530	375,358	12%	7%
Economic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	30,759	27,000	29,820	-12%	10%
/alues	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	90,008	89,583	93,254	0%	4%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	6.8	5.3	5.8	-22%	9%
	Return on assets	per cent	3.4	2.7	2.9	-21%	7%
	Return on net worth	per cent	11.4	8.6	9.4	-25%	9%
	Return on funds	per cent	29.9	22.1	19.7	-26%	-11%
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
latios	Current ratio	times	n.a.	п.а,	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Interest coverage	times	1.6	1.6	1.9	0%	19%
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	31.9	33.9	34.9	6%	3%
	Profit share	per cent	34.2	30.1	32.0	-12%	6%
	Wages share	per cent	65.8	69.9	68.0	6%	-3%
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	70,142	72,431	76,264	3%	5%
Business	Profit/management unit	\$'000	8,498	7,112	8,436	-16%	19%
Averages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	251,213	266,288	288,504	6%	8%
	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	21,425	21,258	22,390	-1%	5 <i>%</i>

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Reware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 2 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY

Large Businesses

MINING

MINING	·		•		İ		
				LEVELS		MOVEN	<i>MENTS</i>
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
ndustry	Management units (a)	No.	113	118	117	4%	-1%
Structure	Employment	'000	62	63	61	3%	-4%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	22,034	23,011	23,942	4%	4%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	9,803	11,119	11,194	13%	1%
	Trading profit	\$m	12,231	11,892	12,748	-3 %	7 %
	plus Interest income	\$m	417	314	329	-25%	5%
	plus Other operating income	\$m	483	135	339	-72%	151%
ncome tatement	less Labour costs	\$m	3,306	3,806	3,783	15%	-1%
ialemen	less Depreciation	\$m	2,142	2,519	2,562	18%	2%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	2,424	2,237	2,322	-8%	4%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	5,259	3,779	4,749	-28%	26%
	less Interest expenses	\$m	1,097	1,019	1,095	-7%	7%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	4,162	2,760	3,654	-34%	32%
	Current assets	\$m	8,028	8,389	8,960	4%	7%
	Non-current assets	\$m	34,423	36,626	36,216	6%	-1%
	Total assets	\$m	42,452	45,015	45,176	6%	0%
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	8,944	8,964	9,189	0%	3%
meet	Non-current liabilities	\$m	12,985	13,737	13,283	6%	-3%
	Total liabilities	\$m	21,928	22,700	22,471	4%	-1%
	Net worth	\$m	20,524	22,315	22,705	9%	2 %
Economic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	9,244	8,421	9,042	-9%	7%
/alues	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	12,550	12,227	12,825	-3%	5%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	18.9	12.0	15.3	-37%	28%
	Return on assets	per cent	9.8	6.1	8.1	-38%	33%
	Return on net worth	per cent	20.3	12.4	16.1	-39%	30%
	Return on funds	per cent	15.7	10.5	13.2	-33%	26%
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	0.6	0.6	0.6	0%	0%
Ratios	Current ratio	times	0.9	0.9	1.0	0%	11%
	Interest coverage	times	4.8	3.7	4.3	-23%	16%
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	53.7	60.3	62.4	12%	3%
	Profit share	per cent	73.7	68.9	70.5	-6%	2%
	Wages share	per cent	26.3	31.1	29.5	18%	-5%
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	194,991	195,008	204,632	0%	5%
Business	Profit/management unit	\$.000	36,832	23,390	31,231	-36%	34%
Averages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	375,681	381,483	386,120	2%	1%
	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	111,062	103,619	109,615	-7%	6%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 2-BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRYLarge Businesses

MANUFACTURING

				LEVELS		MOVEN	<i>MENTS</i>
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
ndustry	Management units (a)	No.	915	911	881	0%	-3%
Structure	Employment	'000	468	458	448	-2%	-2%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	96,501	100,638	104,492	4%	4%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	68,681	72,706	76,197	6%	5%
	Trading profit	\$m	27,820	27,932	28,295	0%	1%
	plus Interest income	\$m	611	700	442	15%	-37%
	plus Other operating income	\$m	1,239	1,589	1,341	28%	-16%
ncome tatement	less Labour costs	\$m	16,676	17,302	17,306	4%	0%
	less Depreciation	\$m	2,903	3,261	3,466	12%	6%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	991	1,038	984	5%	-5%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	9,100	8,620	8,322	-5%	-3%
	less Interest expenses	\$m	2,820	2,551	1,784	-10%	-30%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	6,280	6,069	6,538	-3%	8%
	Current assets	\$m	36,146	35,448	38,137	-2%	8%
	Non-current assets	\$m	54,918	67,069	63,866	22%	-5%
	Total assets	\$m	91,061	102,516	102,004	13%	0%
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	32,896	32,149	35,065	-2%	9%
nicci	Non-current liabilities	\$m	22,664	23,802	22,103	5%	-7%
	Total liabilities	\$m	55,565	55,950	57,165	1%	2%
	Net worth	\$m	35,496	46,566	44,839	31%	-4%
Conomic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	11,708	11,508	11,818	-2%	3%
/alues	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	28,384	28,810	29,124	2%	1%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	6.5	6.0	6.3	-8%	5%
	Return on assets	per cent	6.9	5.9	6.4	-14%	8%
	Return on net worth	per cent	17.7	13.0	14,6	-27%	12%
	Return on funds	per cent	15.6	12.2	12.4	-22%	1%
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	0.6	0.5	0.5	-17%	0%
latios	Current ratio	times	1.1	1.1	1.1	0%	0%
	Interest coverage	times	3.2	3,4	4.7	6%	38%
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	35.6	37.8	38.7	6%	2%
	Profit share	per cent	41.2	39.9	40.6	-3%	2%
	Wages share	per cent	58.8	60.1	59.4	2%	-1%
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	105,466	110,470	118,606	5%	7%
Business	Profit/management unit	\$'000	6,863	6,662	7,421	-3%	11%
Averages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	99,520	112,531	115,782	13%	3%
	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	31,021	31,625	33,058	2%	5%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.(b) For a dissection of items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 2-BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY

Large Businesses

CONSTRUCTION

CONSTRU	CHON						
				LEVELS		MOVEN	<i>MENTS</i>
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
ndustry	Management units (a)	No.	84	79	79	-6%	0%
Structure	Employment	000	44	38	37	-13%	-4%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	10,042	9,207	9,047	-8%	-2%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	8,129	7,632	7,447	-6%	-2%
	Trading profit	\$m	1,913	1,575	1,600	-18%	2 %
	plus Interest income	\$m	61	64	28	5%	-56%
	plus Other operating income	\$m	684	625	684	-9%	9%
ncome itatement	less Labour costs	\$m	1,835	1,773	1,768	-3%	0%
HAIGHEIL	less Depreciation	\$m	161	175	184	9%	5%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	45	41	36	-9%	-12%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	617	275	324	-55%	18%
	less Interest expenses	\$m	84	80	90	-5%	13%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	533_	195	234	-63%	20%
	Current assets	\$m	2,820	2,446	2,733	-13%	12%
	Non-current assets	\$m	2,641	2,690	3,493	2%	30%
	Total assets	\$m	5,461	5,135	6,226 .	-6%	21%
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	2,608	2,354	2,285	-10%	-3%
nicet	Non-current liabilities	\$m	1,407	1,729	2,848	23%	65%
	Total liabilities	\$m	4,015	4,083	5,133	2%	26%
	Net worth	\$m	1,446	1,052	1,093	27%	4%
Conomic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	730	368	475	-50%	29%
/alues	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	2,565	2,141	2,243	-17%	5%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	5.3	2.1	2.6	-60%	24%
	Return on assets	per cent	9.8	3.8	3.8	-61%	0%
	Return on net worth	per cent	36.9	18.5	21.4	-50%	16%
	Return on funds	per cent	21.6	9.9	8.2	-54%	-17%
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	1.0	1.6	2.6	60%	62%
Ratios	Current ratio	times	1.1	1.0	1.2	-9%	20%
	Interest coverage	times	7.3	3.4	3.6	-53%	6%
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	41.8	46.5	48.2	11%	4%
	Profit share	per cent	28.5	17.2	21.2	-40%	23%
	Wages share	per cent	71.5	82.8	78.8	16%	-5%
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	119,548	116,544	114,519	-3%	-2%
Business	Profit/management unit	\$.000	6,345	2,468	2,962	-61%	20%
Averages	Assets/management unit	\$.000	65,012	65,000	78,810	0%	21%
	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	30,536	27,101	28,392	-11%	5%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 2 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY Large Businesses

WHOLESALE TRADE

				LEVELS		MOVEN	AENTS.
				LEVELS			
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
Industry	Management units (a)	No.	271	278	247	3%	-11%
Structure	Employment	'000	94	90	84	-4%	-7%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	48,821	50,122	49,847	3%	-1%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	41,949	45,158	44,067	8%	-2%
	Trading profit	\$m	6,872	4,964	5,780	-28%	16%
	plus Interest income	\$m	442	539	305	22%	-43%
	plus Other operating income	\$m	348	394	654	13%	66%
ncome Statement	less Labour costs	\$m	3,544	3,403	3,491	-4%	3%
statement	less Depreciation	\$m	608	655	701	8%	7%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	367	393	411	7%	5%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$ca	3,143	1,446	2,136	-54%	48%
	less Interest expenses	\$m	934	936	862	0%	-8%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	2,209	510	1,274	-77 <i>%</i>	150%
w	Current assets	\$m	16,018	18,251	17,674	14%	-3%
	Non-current assets	\$m .	10,804	10,670	10,033	-1%	-6%
	Total assets	\$m	26,822	28,921	27,707	8%	-4%
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	13,264	14,851	12,808	12%	-14%
meet	Non-current liabilities	\$m	3,759	4,807	5,243	28%	9%
	Total liabilities	\$m	17,023	19,658	18,052	15%	-8%
	Net worth	\$m	9,799	9,263	9,655	-5%	4%
Economic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	3,406	1,634	2,649	-52%	62%
√alues	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	6,950	5,037	6,140	-28%	22%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	4.5	1.0	2.6	-78%	160%
	Return on assets	per cent	8.2	1.8	4.6	-78%	156%
	Return on net worth	per cent	22.5	5.5	13.2	-76%	140%
	Return on funds	per cent	23.2	10.3	14.3	-56%	40%
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	0.4	0.5	0.5	25%	0%
Ratios	Current ratio	times	1.2	1.2	1.4	0%	17%
	Interest coverage	times	3,4	1.5	2.5	-56%	67%
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	37.6	37,7	41.6	0%	10%
	Profit share	per cent	49.0	32.4	43.1	-34%	33%
	Wages share	per cent	51.0	67.6	56.9	32%	-16%
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	180,151	180,295	201,810	0%	12%
Business	Profit/management unit	\$'000	8,151	1,835	5,158	-77%	181%
Averages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	98,974	104,032	112,174	-1776	161%
-	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	25,646	18,119	24,858	-29%	37%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.(b) For a dissection of items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 2 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY

Large Businesses

RETAIL TRADE

				····			
				LEVELS		MOVE	MENTS
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
ndustry	Management units (a)	No.	128	129	141	1%	9%
Structure	Employment	'000	299	303	313	1%	3%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	37,539	39,675	43,605	6%	10%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	30,982	33,792	37,335	9%	10%
	Trading profit	\$m	6,557	5,883	6,270	-10%	7%
	plus Interest income	\$m	620	787	367	27%	-53%
	plus Other operating income	\$m	635	666	863	5%	30%
ncome tatement	less Labour costs	\$m	4,654	4,694	5,031	1%	7%
uncincin.	less Depreciation	\$m	495	540	547	9%	1%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	828	106	130	-87%	23%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	1,835	1,996	1,792	9 %	-10%
	less Interest expenses	\$m	1,222	1,375	768	13%	-44%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	613	621	1,024	1 %	65%
	Current assets	\$m	7,224	6,639	6,596	-8%	-1%
	Non-current assets	\$m	9,341	10,169	6,343	9%	-38%
	Total assets	\$m	16,565	16,808	12,939	1%	-23%
alance heet	Current liabilities	\$m	9,944	11,478	6,980	15%	-39%
IRACI	Non-current liabilities	\$m	2,117	1,339	1,417	-37%	6%
	Total liabilities	\$m	12,061	12,816	8,397	6%	-34%
	Net worth	\$m	4,504	3,992	4,542	-11%	14%
conomic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	2,084	1,195	1,308	-43%	9%
'alues	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	6,738	5,889	6,339	-13%	8%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	1.6	1,6	2.3	0%	44%
	Return on assets	per cent	3.7	3.7	7.9	0%	114%
	Return on net worth	per cent	13.6	15.6	22.5	15%	44%
	Return on funds	per cent	27.7	37.4	30.1	35%	-20%
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	0.5	0.3	0.3	-40%	0%
atios	Current ratio	times	0.7	0.6	0.9	-14%	50%
	Interest coverage	times	1.5	1.5	2.3	0%	53%
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	15.5	15.5	16.1	0%	4%
	Profit share	per cent	30.9	20.3	20.6	-34%	2%
	Wages share	per cent	69.1	79.7	79.4	15%	0%
_	Sales/management unit	\$'000	293,273	307,558	309,255	5%	1%
usiness	Profit/management unit	\$'000	4,789	4,814	7,262	1%	51%
verages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	129,414	130,295	91,766	1%	-30%
	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	52,641	45,651	44,957	-13%	-2%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 2 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY

Large Businesses

TRANSPORT AND STORAGE

							•	
		ļ		LEVELS			MOVEMENTS	
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93	
Industry Structure Income Statement	Management units (a)	No.	142	132	124	-7%	-6%	
	Employment	'000	180	170	159	-6%	-7%	
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	17,987	18,595	19,449	3%	5%	
	less Cost of sales	\$m	10,768	11,519	12,937	7%	12%	
	Trading profit	\$m	7,219	7,076	6,512	-2%	-8%	
	plus Interest income	\$m	400	230	248	-42%	8%	
	plus Other operating income	\$m	2,354	2,123	2,425	-10%	14%	
	less Labour costs	\$m	7,131	7,161	6,928	0%	-3%	
	less Depreciation	\$m	1,258	1,270	1,552	1%	22%	
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	85	121	149	42%	23%	
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	1,499	877	556	-41 %	-37%	
	less Interest expenses	\$m	1,340	1,218	971	-9%	-20%	
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	159	-341	-415	-314%	-22%	
	Current assets	\$m	4,899	5,569	6,132	14%	10%	
	Non-current assets	\$m	25,450	28,016	32,163	10%	15%	
Balance Sheet	Total assets	\$m	30,349	33,585	38,293	11%	14%	
	Current liabilities	\$m	6,645	7,084	8,531	7%	20%	
	Non-current liabilities	\$m	16,641	19,003	16,333	1 4%	-14%	
	Total liabilities	\$m	23,287	26,085	24,864	12%	-5%	
	Net worth	\$m	7,062	7,500	13,429	6%	79%	
Economic Values	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	1,820	1,951	1,987	7%	2%	
	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	8,951	9,112	8,915	2%	-2%	
	Operating profit margin	per cent	0.9	-1.8	-2.1	-300%	-17%	
	Return on assets	per cent	0.5	-1.0	-1.1	-300%	-10%	
	Return on net worth	per cent	2.3	-4.5	-3.1	-296%	31%	
Industry Ratios	Return on funds	per cent	6.3	3.3	1.9	-48%	-44%	
	Long term debt to equity	times	2.4	2.5	1.2	4%	-52%	
	Current ratio	times	0,7	0.8	0.7	14%	-13%	
	Interest coverage	times	1.1	0.7	0.6	-36%	-14%	
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	39.7	42.2	43.7	-30 % 6%	-14 % 4%	
	Profit share	per cent	20.3	21.4	22.3	5%	4% 4%	
	Wages share	per cent	20.3 79.7	78.6	77.7	-1%	4% -1%	
Business Averages	Sales/management unit	\$'000	126,669	140,871	156,847	-1% 11%		
	Profit/management unit	\$'000					11%	
	Assets/management unit		1,120	-2,583 254,432	-3,347	-331%	-30%	
	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	213,725	254,432	308,815	19%	21%	
	Cross brothert management min	\$'000	63,035	69,030	71,895	10%	4%	

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 2 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY

Large Businesses

FINANCE AND INSURANCE

			LEVELS			MOVEMENTS	
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
industry	Management units (a)	No.	497	477	492	-4%	3%
Structure	Employment	'000	235	222	204	-6%	-8%
Income Statement	Sales of goods and services	\$m	9,681	9,486	9,862	-2%	4%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	14,366	14,584	14,130	2%	-3%
	Trading profit	\$m	-4,685	-5,098	-4,268	-9 %	16%
	plus Interest income	\$m	54,973	46,521	42,069	-15%	-10%
	plus Other operating income	\$m	15,528	15,404	14,049	-1%	-9%
	less Labour costs	\$m	7,358	7,942	7,431	8%	-6%
	less Depreciation	\$m	1,138	1,144	1,147	1%	0%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	3,306	4,563	2,486	38%	-46%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	54,014	43,178	40,786	-20 %	-6%
	less Interest expenses	\$m	37,727	28,903	23,615	-23%	-18%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	16,287	14,275	17,171	-12%	20%
	Current assets	\$m	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Balance Sheet	Non-current assets	\$m	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Total assets	\$m	629,383	668,369	723,565	6%	8%
	Current liabilities	\$m	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Non-current liabilities	\$m	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Total liabilities	\$m	489,469	510,668	556,327	4%	9%
	Net worth	\$m	139,914	157,701	167,238	13%	6%
Economic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	-11,989	-13,013	-11,686	-9%	10%
⁷ alues	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	-4,631	-5,071	-4,255	-10%	16%
	Operating profit margin	per cent					* *
	Return on assets	per cent	2.6	2.1	2.4	-19%	14%
	Return on net worth	per cent	11.6	9.1	10.3	-22%	13%
	Return on funds	per cent	38.6	27.4	24.4	-29%	-11%
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	n.a.	п.а.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Ratios	Current ratio	times	п.а.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Interest coverage	times	1.4	1.5	1.7	7%	13%
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	31.3	35.8	36.4	14%	2%
	Profit share	per cent					
	Wages share	per cent		••			
Business Averages	Sales/management unit.	\$'000	19,479	19,887	20,045	2%	1%
	Profit/management unit	\$'000	32,771	29,927	34,900	-9%	17%
	Assets/management unit	\$'000	1,266,364	1,401,193	1,470,661	11%	5%
	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	-9,318	-10,631	-8,648	-14%	19%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 2 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY

Large Businesses

PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES

				LEVELS		MOVEN	MENTS
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 ta 1992-93
ndustry	Management units (a)	No.	380	389	378	2%	-3%
Structure	Employment	'000	85	84	91	-1%	8%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	10,802	8,834	9,610	-18%	9%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	7,553	5,937	6,805	-21%	15%
	Trading profit	\$m	3,249	2,897	2,805	-11%	-3%
	plus Interest income	\$m	4,511	3,834	3,316	-15%	-14%
	plus Other operating income	\$m	3,688	2,932	3,130	-20%	7%
ncome Statement	less Labour costs	\$m	3,105	3,004	3,377	-3%	12%
	less Depreciation	\$m	557	526	552	-6%	5%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	207	141	264	-32%	87%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	7,579	5,992	5,058	-21%	-16%
	less Interest expenses	\$m	6,314	5,224	4,413	-17%	-16%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	1,265	768	645	-39 %	-16 %
	Current assets	\$m	34,468	30,604	33,962	-11%	11%
	Non-current assets	\$m	72,231	67,564	79,299	-6%	17%
	Total assets	\$m	106,699	98,168	113,261	-8%	15%
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	33,259	28,213	30,658	-15%	9%
, incor	Non-current liabilities	\$m	24,905	27,295	37,740	10%	38%
	Total liabilities	\$m	58,164	55,508	68,398	-5%	23%
	Net worth	\$m	48,535	42,660	44,863	-12%	5 %
conomic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	450	91	-476	-80%	-623%
/alucs	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	3,555	3,095	2,901	-13%	-6%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	11.7	8.7	6.7	-26%	-23%
	Return on assets	per cent	1.2	0.8	0.6	-33%	-25%
	Return on net worth	per cent	2.6	1.8	1.4	-31%	-22%
	Return on funds	per cent	10.3	8.6	6.1	-17%	-29%
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	0.5	0.6	0,8	20%	33%
latios	Current ratio	times	1.0	1.1	1.1	10%	0%
	Interest coverage	times	1.2	1.1	1.1	-8%	0%
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	36.5	35.8	37.1	-2%	4%
	Profit share	per cent	12.7	2.9	-16.4	-77%	-658%
	Wages share	per cent	87.3	97.1	116.4	11%	20%
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	28,426	22,710	25,423	-20%	12%
Business	Profit/management unit	\$'000	3,329	1,974	1,706	-41%	-14%
Averages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	280,787	252,360	299,632	-10%	19%
	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	9,355	7,956	7,675	-15%	-4%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 2-BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY

Large Businesses

COMMUNITY SERVICES

				LEVELS	İ	MOVE	<i>MENTS</i>
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
ndustry	Management units (a)	No.	1,512	1,541	1,551	2%	1%
Structure	Employment	'000	103	131	145	28%	10%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	2,652	3,764	4,274	42%	14%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	1,369	2,056	2,355	50%	15%
	Trading profit	\$m	1,283	1,708	1,919	33%	12%
	plus Interest income	\$m	124	173	205	40%	18%
	plus Other operating income	\$m	1,669	2,342	2,661	40%	14%
ncome Statement	less Labour costs	\$m	2,530	3,469	3,989	37%	15%
reaction	less Depreciation	\$m	138	228	260	65%	14%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	35	45	59	29%	31%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	373	481	477	29 %	-1 %
	less Interest expenses	\$m	120	162	157	35%	-3%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	253	319	320	26%	0%
	Current assets	\$m	1,264	1,913	2,111	51%	10%
	Non-current assets	\$m	3,624	6,393	7,418	76%	16%
	Total assets	\$m	4,888	8,306	9,530	70%	15%
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	1,138	1,914	2,005	68%	5%
· ROOL	Non-current liabilities	\$m	835	1,774	2,054	112%	16%
	Total liabilities	\$m	1,975	3,688	4,059	87%	10%
	Net worth	\$m	2,913	4,618	5,471	59%	18%
Conomic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	-749	-985	-868	-32%	12%
/alues	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	1,781	2,484	3,121	39%	26%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	9.5	8.5	7.5	-11%	-12%
	Return on assets	per cent	5.2	3.8	3.4	-27%	-11%
	Return on net worth	per cent	8.7	6.9	5.8	-21%	-16%
	Return on funds	per cent	10.0	7.5	6.3	-24%	-16%
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	0.3	0.4	0.4	33%	0%
Ratios	Current ratio	times	1.1	1.0	1.1	-9%	10%
	Interest coverage	times	3.1	3.0	3.0	-3%	0%
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	24.6	26.4	27.5	7%	4%
	Profit share	per cent		•••		••	
	Wages share	per cent			-,	•••	•••
	Sales/management unit	\$1000	1,754	2,443	2,756	39%	13%
lusiness	Profit/management unit	\$'000	167	207	206	24%	0%
verages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	3,233	5,390	6,144	67%	14%
	Gross product/management unit	\$1000	1,178	1,612	2,012	37%	25%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 2-BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY

Large Businesses

RECREATION, PERSONAL AND OTHER SERVICES

				LEVELS		MOVEN	<i>MENTS</i>
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
ndustry	Management units (a)	No.	121	121	118	0%	2%
Structure	Employment	'000	78	81	84	4%	4%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	5,443	6,664	6,913	22%	4%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	3,476	3,904	4,117	12%	5%
	Trading profit	\$m	1,967	2,760	2,796	40%	1%
	plus Interest income	\$m	95	125	267	32%	114%
	plus Other operating income	\$m	232	153	153	-34%	0%
ncome tatement	less Labour costs	\$m	1,410	1,652	1,704	17%	3%
WWW.	less Depreciation	\$m	238	285	386	20%	35%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	48	114	157	138%	38%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	598	987	969	65%	-2%
	less Interest expenses	\$m	398	436	569	10%	31%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	200	551	400	176%	-27%
	Current assets	\$m	2,325	1,923	2,266	-17%	18%
	Non-current assets	\$m	7,133	8,648	9,648	21%	12%
	Total assets	\$m	9,460	10,571	11,914	12%	13%
lalance heet	Current liabilities	\$m	2,540	2,082	2,995	-18%	44%
11001	Non-current liabilities	\$m	3,226	4,471	4,988	39%	12%
	Total liabilities	\$m	5,766	6,553	7,984	14%	22%
	Net worth	\$m	3,694	4,018	3,930	9%	-2%
conomic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	635	1,145	1,101	80%	-4%
alues	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	2,045	2,797	2,805	37%	0%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	3.7	8.3	5.8	124%	-30%
	Return on assets	per cent	2.1	5.2	3.4	148%	-35%
	Return on net worth	per cent	5.4	13,7	10.2	154%	-26%
	Return on funds	per cent	8.6	11.6	10.9	35%	-7%
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	0.9	1.1	1.3	22%	18%
atios	Current ratio	times	0.9	0.9	0.8	0%	-11%
	Interest coverage	times	1.5	2.3	1.7	53%	-26%
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	18.2	20.4	20.2	12%	-1%
	Profit share	per cent	31.1	40.9	39.3	32%	-4%
	Wages share	per cent	68.9	59.1	60.7	-14%	3%
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	44,983	55,074	58,585	22%	6%
usiness	Profit/management unit	\$'000	1,653	4,554	3,390	176%	-26%
verages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	78,182	87,364	100,966	12%	16%
	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	16,901	23,116	23,771	37%	3%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 3 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY

ALL NON-FARM INDUSTRIES

				LEVELS		MOVEN	MENTS
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
Industry	Management units (a)	No.	19,053	20,488	18,444	8%	-10%
Structure	Employment	'000	1,186	1,139	1,072	-4%	-6%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	182,525	191,101	191,695	5%	0%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	142,734	153,306	152,780	7%	0%
	Trading profit	\$m	39, 79 1	37,795	38,915	-5%	3%
	plus Interest income	\$m	13,730	11,229	6,328	-18%	-44%
	plus Other operating income	\$m	7,478	7,273	8,309	-3%	14%
ncome Statement	less Labour costs	\$m	31,601	30,734	29,222	-3%	-5%
	less Depreciation	\$m	4,155	3,831	4,003	-8%	4%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	2,586	1,864	1,672	-28%	-10%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	22,657	19,868	18,655	-12%	-6%
	less Interest expenses	\$m	14,914	13,130	7,703	-12%	-41%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	7,743	6,738	10,952	-13%	63%
	Current assets	\$m	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n,a,
	Non-current assets	\$m	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	п.а.	n.a.
	Total assets	\$m	291,402	249,632	223,661	-14%	-10%
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	n.a.	п.а.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Non-current liabilities	\$m	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Total liabilities	\$m	196,698	161,577	137,890	-18%	-15%
	Net worth	\$m	94,704	88,055	85,771	-7%	-3%
Economic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	11,970	10,275	12,178	-14%	19%
Values	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	43,571	41,009	41,400	-6%	1%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	3.5	2.8	4.5	-20%	61%
	Return on assets	per cent	2.7	2.7	4.9	0%	81%
	Return on net worth	per cent	8.2	7.7	12.8	-6%	66%
	Return on funds	per cent	23.9	22.6	21.7	-6%	4%
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	п.а.	n.a.
Ratios	Current ratio	times	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	п.а.	n.a.
	Interest coverage	times	1.5	1.5	2.4	0%	60%
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	26.6	27.0	27.3	2%	1%
	Profit share	per cent	27.5	25.1	29.4	-9%	17%
	Wages share	per cent	72.5	74.9	70.6	3%	-6%
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	9,580	9,327	10,393	-3%	11%
usiness	Profit/management unit	\$'000	406	329	594	-19%	81%
verages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	15,294	12,184	12,126	-19%	0%
	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	2,287	2,002	2,245	-12%	12%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 3 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY

MANUFACTURING

MANUFAC	TURING		<u></u>				
				LEVELS	!	MOVE	MENTS
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
ndustry	Management units (a)	No.	836	905	809	8%	-11%
Structure	Employment	'000	157	145	131	-8%	-10%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	26,239	25,454	25,468	-3%	0%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	18,463	18,289	18,298	-1%	0%
	Trading profit	\$m	7,776	7,165	7,170	-8%	0%
	plus Interest income	\$m	233	140	88	-40%	-37%
	plus Other operating income	\$m	209	213	229	2%	8%
ncome Statement	less Labour costs	\$m	4,901	4,868	4,438	-1%	-9%
rate III CIII	less Depreciation	\$m	676	676	620	0%	-8%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	378	488	328	29%	-33%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	2,263	1,486	2,101	-34%	41%
	less Interest expenses	\$m	905	651	423	-28%	-35%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m.	1,358	835	1,678	-39 %	101%
	Current assets	\$m	10,740	9,915	9,853	-8%	-1%
	Non-current assets	\$m	10,425	8,986	8,843	-14%	-2%
	Total assets	Sm	21,165	18,900	18,695	-11%	-1%
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	8,103	7,473	6,926	-8%	-7%
SHEEL	Non-current liabilities	Sm	5,563	4,044	4,300	-27%	6%
	Total liabilities	Sm	13,668	11,518	11,225	-16%	-3%
	Net worth	\$m	7,497	7,382	7,470	-2%	1%
Economic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	3,035	2,441	2,907	-20%	19%
Values	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	7,936	7,309	7,345	-8%	0%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	5.2	3.3	6.6	-37%	100%
	Return on assets	per cent	6.4	4.4	9.0	-31%	105%
	Return on net worth	per cent	18.1	11.3	22.5	-38%	99%
	Return on funds	per cent	17.3	13.0	17.9	-25%	37%
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	0.7	0.5	0.6	-29%	20%
Ratios	Current ratio	times	1.3	1.3	1.4	0%	8%
	Interest coverage	times	2.5	2.3	5.0	-8%	117%
	Labour costs/employment	\$,000	31.3	33.7	34.0	8%	1%
	Profit share	per cent	38.2	33.4	39.6	-13%	19%
	Wages share	per cent	61.8	66,6	60.4	8%	-9%
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	31,386	28,126	31,481	-10%	12%
Business	Profit/management unit	\$'000	1,624	923	2,074	-43%	125%
Averages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	25,317	20,884	23,109	-18%	11%
_	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	9,493	8,076	9,079	-15%	12%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 3 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY **Medium Businesses**

CONSTRUCTION

				LEVELS		MOVEA	MENTS
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
Industry	Management units (a)	No.	1,457	1,547	1,195	6%	-23%
Structure	Employment	000	54	48	40	-11%	-16%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	11,565	10,683	9,041	-8%	-15%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	8,810	8,154	7,103	-7%	-13%
	Trading profit	\$m	2,755	2,529	1,938	-8%	-23%
	plus Interest income	\$m	90	156	202	73%	29% *
	plus Other operating income	\$m	56	77	64	38%	-17% *
ncome Statement	less Labour costs	\$m	2,078	1,958	1,484	-6%	-24%
Jaconton	less Depreciation	\$m	135	143	147	6%	3%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	70	63	78	-10%	24%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	618	598	495	-3%	-17%
	less Interest expenses	\$m	172	263	272	53%	3% 3
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	446	335	223	-25%	-33%
	Current assets	\$m	3,265	3,310	3,000	1%	-9%
	Non-current assets	\$m	2,062	3,366	4,882	63%	45% 3
	Total assets	\$m	5,327	6,676	7,883	25%	18%
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	2,660	2,594	2,919	-2%	13%
ilicei	Non-current liabilities	\$m	1,120	2,166	3,397	93%	57%
	Total liabilities	\$m	3,780	4,760	6,316	26%	33%
	Net worth	Sm	1,547	1,916	1,567	24%	-18%
conomic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	729	603	572	-17%	-5%
/alues	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	2,807	2,561	2,056	-9%	-20%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	3.9	3.1	2.5	-21%	-19%
	Return on assets	per cent	8.4	5.0	2.8	-40%	-44%
	Return on net worth	per cent	28.8	17.5	14.2	-39%	-19%
	Return on funds	per cent	23.2	14.6	10.0	-37%	-32%
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	0.7	1.1	2.2	57%	100%
latios	Current ratio	times	1.2	1.3	1.0	8%	-23%
	Interest coverage	times	3.6	2.3	1.8	-36%	-22%
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	38.6	40.9	36.8	6%	-10%
	Profit share	per cent	26.0	23.5	27.8	-9%	18%
	Wages share	per cent	74.0	76.5	72.2	3%	-6%
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	7,938	6,906	7,566	-13%	10%
usiness	Profit/management unit	\$'000	306	217	187	-13 % -29%	-14%
verages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	3,656	4,315	6,597	-29% 18%	-14 <i>7</i> 6 53%
_	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	1,927	1,655	1,721	-14%	33% 4%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.(b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 3-BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY

WHOLESALE TRADE

WITOLESA	ALE TRADE						
				LEVEL S	:	MOVEN	<i>MENTS</i>
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
Industry	Management units (a)	No.	2,170	2,291	2,034	6%	-11%
Structure	Employment	'0000'	123	117	97	-5%	-17%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	47,466	59,382	60,366	25%	2%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	41,851	54,140	55,045	29%	2%
	Trading profit	\$m	5,615	5,242	5,321	-7%	2%
	plus Interest income	\$m	191	330	273	73%	-17 % *
-	plus Other operating income	\$m	734	1,015	845	38%	-17 % *
Income Statement	less Labour costs	\$m	4,257	4,044	3,475	-5%	-14%
Smorton	less Depreciation	\$m	446	416	375	-7%	-10%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	518	245	189	-53%	-23%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	1,319	1,882	2,400	43%	28% *
	less Interest expenses	\$m	1,177	1,548	1,040	32%	-33% *
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	142	334	1,360	135%	307% *
	Current assets	\$m	19,969	20,657	16,450	3%	-20%
	Non-current assets	\$m	16,475	16,103	15,603	-2%	-3% *
	Total assets	\$m	36,445	36,759	32,054	1%	-13% *
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	19,505	14,973	12,738	-23%	-15%
Sheet	Non-current liabilities	\$m	4,242	6,663	7,544	57%	13% *
	Total liabilities	\$m	23,747	21,636	20,282	-9%	-6%
	Net worth	\$m	12,698	15,123	11,772	19%	-22 % *
Economic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	1,742	1,618	1,854	-7%	15% *
Values	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	5,999	5,662	5,329	-6%	-6%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	0.3	0.6	2.3	100%	283% *
	Return on assets	per cent	0.4	0.9	4.2	125%	367% *
	Return on net worth	per cent	1.1	2.2	11.6	100%	427% *
	Return on funds	per cent	7.8	8.6	12.4	11%	44% *
Industry	Long term debt to equity	times	0.3	0.4	0.6	33%	50% *
Ratios	Current ratio	times	1.0	1.4	1.3	40%	-7% *
	Interest coverage	times	1.1	1.2	2.3	9%	92% *
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	34.6	34.6	35.8	0%	3%
	Profit share	per cent	29.0	28.6	34.8	-2%	22%
	Wages share	per cent	71.0	71.4	65.2	1%	-9%
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	21,874	25,920	29,678	18%	15%
Business	Profit/management unit	\$'000	65	146	669	123%	359%
Averages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	16,795	16,045	15,759	-4%	-2%
	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	2,765	2,471	2,620	-11%	6%
	L	y UUU	2,703	۷,۳/1	2,020	-1170	0.70

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 3 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY

RETAIL TRADE

KEIAIL II	A Table 20 Barrier Stayle						
				LEVELS		MOVE	MENTS
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
Industry	Management units (a)	No.	3,135	3,317	3,160	6%	-5%
Structure	Employment	000	165	156	171	-5%	9%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	38,307	40,517	45,229	6%	12%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	34,298	36,160	40,143	5%	11%
	Trading profit	\$m	4,009	4,357	5,086	9%	17%
	plus Interest income	\$m	248	63	48	-75%	-24% *
	plus Other operating income	\$m	237	259	253	9%	-2% *
Income Staternent	less Labour costs	\$m	3,519	3,258	3,557	-7%	9%
out in the	less Depreciation	\$m	297	232	296	-22%	28%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	108	157	115	45%	-27%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	570	1,032	1,419	81%	38% *
	less Interest expenses	\$m	665	480	475	-28%	-1%
	Operating profit before tax	\$era	-95	552	944	681%	71% *
	Current assets	\$m	7,869	6,796	7,331	-14%	8%
	Non-current assets	\$m	4,408	4,227	4,693	-4%	11%
	Total assets	\$m	12,277	11,023	12,024	-10%	9%
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	6,632	5,705	5,943	-14%	4%
Sileet	Non-current liabilities	\$m	3,001	2,513	2,622	-16%	4%
	Total liabilities	\$m	9,633	8,217	8,565	-15%	4%
	Net worth	\$m	2,644	2,806	3,459	6%	23 %
Economic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	523	1,107	1,540	112%	39% *
Values	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	4,042	4,365	5,097	8%	17%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	-0.2	1.4	2.1	800%	50% *
	Return on assets	per cent	-0.8	5.0	7.9	725%	58% *
	Return on net worth	per cent	-3.6	19.7	27.3	647%	39% *
	Return on funds	per cent	10.1	19.4	23.3	92%	20% *
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	1.1	0.9	0.8	-18%	-11%
Ratios	Current ratio	times	1.2	1.2	1.2	0%	0%
	Interest coverage	times	0.9	2.2	3.0	144%	36% *
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	21.3	20.9	20.8	-2%	0%
	Profit share	per cent	12.9	25.4	30.2	-2% 96%	19%
	Wages share	per cent	87.1	74.6	69.8	-14%	19% -7%
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	12,219	12,215	14,313		
Business	Profit/management unit	\$'000				0% 649%	17%
Averages	Assets/management unit	i	-30 2.016	166	299	649%	80%
J	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	3,916	3,323	3,805	-15%	15%
	Orosa province/management unit	\$'000	1,289	1,316	1,613	2%	23%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 3 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY

TRANSPORT AND STORAGE

				# 1041F1# O		1202177	4 France
				LEVELS		MOVEN	MENTS
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
ndustry	Management units (a)	No.	911	988	935	8%	-5%
Structure	Employment	'000'	56	51	53	-10%	5%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	6,822	6,878	7,846	1%	14%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	4,291	4,235	4,438	-1%	5%
	Trading profit	\$m	2,531	2,643	3,408	4%	29%
	plus Interest income	\$m	53	53	49	0%	-8%
	plus Other operating income	\$m	354	157	171	-56%	9%
ncome Statement	less Labour costs	\$m	1,708	1,621	1,788	-5%	10%
, inchient	less Depreciation	\$m	370	335	441	-9%	32%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	82	76	74	-7%	-3%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	778	821	1,325	6%	61%
	less Interest expenses	\$m	411	257	255	-37%	-1%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	367	564	1,070	54%	90%
	Current assets	\$m	1,605	1,686	1,677	5%	-1%
	Non-current assets	\$m	4,017	4,010	4,849	0%	21%
	Total assets	\$m	5,622	5,696	6,528	1%	15%
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	2,097	1,931	1,932	-8%	0%
SHOOL SHOOL	Non-current liabilities	\$m	2,247	1,816	2,211	-19%	22%
	Total liabilities	\$m	4,345	3,747	4,143	-14%	11%
	Net worth	\$m	1,277	1,949	2,385	53%	22%
Economic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	1,043	1,132	1,765	9%	56%
Values	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	2,751	2,753	3,553	0%	29%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	5.4	8.2	13.6	52%	66%
	Return on assets	per cent	6.5	9.9	16.4	52%	66%
	Return on net worth	per cent	28.7	28,9	44.9	1%	55%
	Return on funds	per cent	22.1	21.8	28.8	-1%	32%
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	1.8	0.9	0.9	-50%	0%
Ratios	Current ratio	times	0.8	0.9	0.9	12%	0%
	Interest coverage	times	1.9	3.2	5.2	68%	62%
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	30.4	32.0	33.5	5%	5%
	Profit share	per cent	37.9	41.1	49.7	8%	21%
	Wages share	per cent	62.1	58.9	50.3	-5%	-15%
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	7,488	6,962	8,391	-7%	21%
Business	Profit/management unit	\$'000	403	571	1,144	42%	100%
Averages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	6,171	5,765	6,982	-7%	21%
-	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	3,020	2,786	3,800	-8%	36%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 3 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY **Medium Businesses**

FINANCE AND INSURANCE

FINANCE	AND INSURANCE						
				LEVELS		MOVEN	MENTS
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
Industry	Management units (a)	No.	542	646	573	19%	-11%
Structure	Employment	'000'	49	46	38	-6%	-18%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	2,462	4,124	3,283	68%	-20%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	2,874	3,891	2,492	35%	-36%
	Trading profit	\$m	-412	233	791	157%	239%
	plus Interest income	\$m	11,720	9,701	5,020	-1 7%	-48%
_	plus Other operating income	\$m	1,466	800	1,759	-45%	120% *
Income Statement	less Labour costs	\$m	1,609	1,595	1,510	-1%	-5%
Statement	less Depreciation	\$m	348	230	207	-34%	-10%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	645	238	153	-63%	-36%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	10,172	8,671	5,700	.15%	-34% *
	less Interest expenses	\$m	8,789	7,214	3,270	-18%	-55% *
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	1,383	1,457	2,430	5%	67% *
	Current assets	\$m	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n,a.
	Non-current assets	\$m	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Total assets	\$m	126,361	101,082	79,713	-20%	-21% *
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	п.а.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Sheet	Non-current liabilities	\$m	п.а.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Total liabilities	\$m	97,471	71,944	50,248	-26%	-30% *
	Net worth	\$m	28,890	29,138	29,465	1%	1% *
Economic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	-2,001	-1,332	-708	33%	47% *
Values	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	-392	263	802	167%	205% *
	Operating profit margin						20376
	Return on assets	per cent	1.1	1.4	3.0	27%	114% *
	Return on net worth	per cent per cent	4.8	5.0	8.2 ;	4%	64% *
	Return on funds	per cent	35.2	29.8	19.3	-15%	-35% *
Industry	Long term debt to equity	times	n.a.				
Ratios	Current ratio	times	n,a.	п.а.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Interest coverage	times	1.2	п.а. 1.2	n.a.	n.a.	n.a. 42% *
	Labour costs/employment				1.7	0%	
	Profit share	\$'000	32.8	34.4	39.8	5%	16% *
	Wages share	per cent	••		• •		
	Sales/management unit	per cent					++
n ·	Profit/management unit	\$'000	4,542	6,384	5,729	41%	-10%
Business Averages	<u>-</u>	\$'000	2,552	2,255	4,241	-12%	88% *
: IT MAGNO	Assets/management unit	\$'000	233,138	156,474	139,115	-33%	-11% *
	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	-723	407	1,400	156%	244% *

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.(b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 3 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY

PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES

				LEVELS	į	MOVEN	<i>MENTS</i>
		ļ	1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
industry	Management units (a)	No.	2,797	3,289	2,911	18%	-11%
Structure	Employment	000'	142	134	120	-5%	-11%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	21,014	17,345	12,256	-17%	-29%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	15,230	11,659	7,117	-23%	-39%
	Trading profit	\$m	5,784	5,686	5,139	-2 %	-10%
	plus Interest income	\$m	686	255	194	-63%	-24%
	plus Other operating income	\$m	519	413	592	-20%	43%
ncome Statement	less Labour costs	\$m	4,026	3,989	3,636	-1%	-9%
aucinem	less Depreciation	\$m	399	271	249	-32%	-8%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	341	203	324	-40%	60%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	2,223	1,891	1,716	-15%	-9 %
	less Interest expenses	\$m	1,120	1,302	806	16%	-38%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	1,103	589	910	-47 %	54%
	Current assets	\$m	10,191	8,534	7,012	-16%	-18%
	Non-current assets	\$m	28,379	17,547	14,915	-38%	-15%
	Total assets	\$m	38,570	26,081	21,926	-32%	-16%
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	8,641	8,044	4,897	-7%	-39%
ince	Non-current liabilities	\$m	10,338	9,327	8,841	-10%	-5%
	Total liabilities	\$m	18,979	17,371	13,737	-8%	-21%
	Net worth	\$m	19,591	8,710	8,189	-56%	-6%
conomic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	2,202	1,831	1,543	-17%	-16%
Values -	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	6,228	5,820	5,179	-7%	-11%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	5.2	3.4	7.4	-35%	118%
	Return on assets	per cent	2.9	2.3	4.2	-21%	83%
	Return on net worth	per cent	5.6	6.8	11.1	21%	63%
	Return on funds	per cent	7.4	10.5	10.1	41%	-4%
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	0.5	1.1	1.1	120%	0%
Ratios	Current ratio	times	1.2	1.1	1.4	-8%	27%
	Interest coverage	times	2.0	1.5	2.1	-25%	40%
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	28.4	29.7	30.4	5%	2%
	Profit share	per cent	35.4	31.5	29.8	-11%	-5%
	Wages share	per cent	64.6	68.5	70.2	6%	2%
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	7,513	5,274	4,210	-30%	-20%
Business	Profit/management unit	\$'000	394	179	313	-55%	75%
Averages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	13,790	7,930	7,532	-42%	-5%
-	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	2,227	1,770	1,779	-21%	1%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 3 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY

COMMUNITY SERVICES

				LEVELS		MOVEN	MENTS
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
Industry	Management units (a)	No.	3,054	3,078	2,903	1%	-6%
Structure	Employment	'000	233	234	225	0%	-4%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	6,522	6,387	6,830	-2%	7%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	3,830	4,134	4,116	8%	0%
	Trading profit	\$m	2,692	2,253	2,714	-16%	20%
	plus Interest income	\$m	230	308	264	34%	-14%
	plus Other operating income	\$m	3,305	3,866	3,720	1 7%	-4%
ncome tatement	less Labour costs	\$m	5,096	5,081	5,180	0%	2%
www.	less Depreciation	\$m	311	342	390	10%	14%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	73	93	90	27%	-3%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	747	911	1,038	22%	14%
	less Interest expenses	\$m	303	290	218	-4%	-25%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	444	621	820	40%	32%
	Current assets	\$m	2,651	3,082	3,239	16%	5%
•	Non-current assets	\$m	10,007	9,762	10,994	-2%	13%
	Total assets	\$m	12,658	12,845	14,235	1%	11%
alance heet	Current liabilities	\$m	2,513	2,565	2,464	2%	-4%
neet	Non-current liabilities	\$m	2,805	2,786	3,099	-1%	11%
	Total liabilities	\$m	5,316	5,350	5,564	1%	4%
	Net worth	\$m	7,342	7,495	8,671	2%	16%
conomic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	-695	-864	-779	-24%	10%
alues	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	4,401	4,217	4,401	-4%	4%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	6.8	9.7	12.0	43%	24%
	Return on assets	per cent	3.5	4.8	5.8	37%	21%
	Return on net worth	per cent	6.0	8.3	9.5	38%	14%
	Return on funds	per cent	7.4	8.9	8.8	20%	0%
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	0.4	0.4	0.4	0%	0%
atios	Current ratio	times	1.1	1.2	1.3	9%	8%
	Interest coverage	times	2.5	3.1	4.8	24%	55%
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	21.9	21.7	23.0	-1%	55 % 6%
	Profit share	per cent			}		G 70
	Wages share	per cent	4.1	* *	• •	• •	
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	2,136	2,075	2,353	-3%	13%
usiness	Profit/management unit	\$'000	145	202	2,533	39%	40%
verages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	4,145	4,173	4,904	1%	18%
•	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	4,143 1,441	1,370	1,516	-5%	18% 1 1 %

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 3 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY

RECREATION, PERSONAL AND OTHER SERVICES

				-	ER / ICES	ON, PERSONAL AND OTHER S	RECREAT
OVEMENTS	MOVEN		LEVELS				
	1990-91 10 1991-92	1992-93	1991-92	1990-91			
0% -10%	10%	3,662	4,090	3,733	No.	Management units (a)	Industry
5% -5%	5%	174	183	175	'000	Employment	Structure
5% 15%	6%	14,715	12,760	11,984	\$m	Sales of goods and services	
1% 21%	1%	9,972	8,222	8,131	\$m	less Cost of sales	
3% 5 <i>%</i>	18%	4,743	4,538	3,853	\$m	Trading profit	
1% 1%	-31%	99	98	143	\$m	plus Interest income	
5% 54%	5%	364	237	226	\$m	plus Other operating income	
7% -2%	7%	3,146	3,223	3,022	\$m	less Labour costs	Income Statement
2% 11%	12%	482	433	387	\$m	less Depreciation	Julionion
5% 26%	26%	146	116	92	\$m	less Other operating expenses	
30 %	53%	1,432	1,101	721	\$m	Earnings before interest & tax	
0% -15%	-10%	553	648	718	\$m	less Interest expenses	
94%	15000%	879	453	3	\$m	Operating profit before tax	
35%	-20%	3,716	2,750	3,442	\$m	Current assets	
2% 0%	-2%	11,289	11,343	11,579	\$m	Non-current assets	
6% 6%	-6%	15,004	14,092	15,020	\$m	Total assets	
3% 25%	-28%	4,584	3,660	5,089	\$m	Current liabilities	Balance Sheet
0% -3%	10%	5,030	5,201	4,718	\$m	Non-current liabilities	SHEEL
0% 9%	-10%	9,613	8,859	9,807	\$m	Total liabilities	
3%	0%	5,391	5,233	5,213	\$m	Net worth	
2% 14%	32%	1,651	1,449	1,100	\$m	Gross Operating Surplus	Economic
3% 3%	13%	4,797	4,672	4,122	\$m	Industry Gross Product (b)	Values
67%		6.0	3.6	0.0	per cent	Operating profit margin	
84%	Ептог	5.9	3.2	0.0	per cent	Return on assets	
0% 87%	8600%	16.3	8.7	0.1	per cent	Return on net worth	
	45%	13.7	10.6	7.3	per cent	Return on funds	
	11%	ĺ			•	Long term debt to equity	Industry
	14%	i i				Current ratio	
	70%					Interest coverage	
	2%					Labour costs/employment	
	16%					Profit share	
	-6%	i i			•		
	-3%			· - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · 		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	13682%	i					Rusiness
	-14%	Į.				-	
	3%					-	-
	11 14 70 2 16 -6 -3 13682	13.7 0.9 0.8 2.6 18.1 34.4 65.6 4,018 240 4,097 1,310	10.6 1.0 0.8 1.7 17.6 31.0 69.0 3,120 111 3,445 1,142	7.3 0.9 0.7 1.0 17.3 26.7 73.3 3,210 1 4,024 1,104	times times times \$'000 per cent per cent \$'000 \$'000 \$'000	Long term debt to equity Current ratio Interest coverage Labour costs/employment	Industry Ratios Business Averages

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 4 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY

Small Businesses

ALL NON-FARM INDUSTRIES

				LEVELS	!	MOVEN	<i>1ENTS</i>
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
Industry	Management units (a)	No.	370,285	389,603	396,681	5%	2%
Structure	Employment	0000	1,866	1,956	1,953	5%	0%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	19 2,2 57	204,118	216,118	6%	6%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	138,158	147,888	155,778	7%	5%
	Trading profit	\$m	54,099	56,230	60,340	4 %	7%
	plus Interest income	\$m	3,204	3,002	2,028	-6%	-32%
	plus Other operating income	\$m	4,208	3,425	4,493	-19%	31%
ncome Statement	less Labour costs	\$m	37,746	40,001	39,978	6%	0%
ouncil to the	less Depreciation	\$m	3,374	3,349	3,503	-1%	5%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	2,301	2,440	2,256	6%	-8%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	18,090	16,867	21,124	-7 %	25%
	less Interest expenses	\$m	6,752	6,113	5,403	-9%	-12%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	11,338	10,754	15,721	-5%	46%
	Current assets	\$m	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
•	Non-current assets	\$m	п.а.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Total assets	\$m	128,239	147,520	152,211	15%	3%
lalance heet	Current liabilities	\$m	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
IRCL	Non-current liabilities	\$m	n.a.	п.а.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Total liabilities	\$m	92,015	99,663	100,436	8%	1%
	Net worth	\$m	36,224	47,857	51,775	32%	8%
conomic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	18,229	17,542	21,683	-4%	24%
alues	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	55,975	57,543	61,661	3%	7%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	5.7	5.0	7.1	-12%	42%
	Return on assets	per cent	8.8	7.3	10.3	-17%	41%
	Return on net worth	per cent	31.3	22.5	30.4	-28%	35%
	Return on funds	per cent	49.9	35.2	40.8	-29%	16%
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	п.а.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	п.а.
latios	Current ratio	times	п.а.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	п.а.
	Interest coverage	times	2.7	2.8	3.9	4%	39%
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	20.2	20.5	20.5	1%	0%
	Profit share	per cent	32.6	30.5	35.2	-6%	15%
	Wages share	per cent	67.4	69.5	64.8	3%	-7%
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	519	524	545	1%	4%
usiness	Profit/management unit	\$'000	31	28	40	-10%	44%
verages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	346	379	384	9%	1%
_	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	151	148	155	-2%	1 % 5%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 4 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY

Small Businesses

MANUFACTURING

				LEVELS		MOVEN	<i>IENTS</i>
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
Industry	Management units (a)	No.	27,680	27,470	27,580	-1%	0%
Structure	Employment	'000	359	331	324	-8%	-2%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	40,740	38,066	38,277	-7%	1%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	27,072	25,915	25,338	-4%	-2%
	Trading profit	\$m	13,668	12,151	12,939	-11 %	6 %
	plus Interest income	\$m	268	196	112	-27%	-43%
	plus Other operating income	\$m	300	204	316	-32%	55%
ncome Statement	less Labour costs	\$m	8,832	8,464	8,770	-4%	4%
, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	less Depreciation	\$m	775	731	762	-6%	4%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	690	676	542	-2%	-20%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	3,939	2,680	3,293	-32%	23%
	less Interest expenses	\$m	1,101	818	654	-26%	-20%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	2,838	1,862	2,639	-34%	42%
·	Current assets	\$m	13,249	12,084	12,295	-9%	2%
	Non-current assets	\$m	9,652	8,581	10,533	-11%	23%
	Total assets	\$m	22,900	20,663	22,828	-10%	10%
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	11,115	10,043	9,529	-10%	-5%
moci	Non-current liabilities	\$m	5,163	4,353	5,342	-16%	23%
	Total liabilities	\$m	16,278	14,398	14,869	-12%	3%
	Net worth	\$m	6,622	6,265	7,959	-5%	27%
Conomic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	5,179	3,814	4,432	-26%	16%
Values	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	14,011	12,278	13,202	-12%	8%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	7.0	4.9	6.9	-30%	41%
	Return on assets	per cent	12.4	9.0	11.6	-27%	29%
	Return on net worth	per cent	42.9	29.7	33.2	-31%	12%
	Return on funds	per cent	33.4	25.2	24.8	-24%	-2%
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	0.8	0.7	0.7	-13%	0%
Ratios	Current ratio	times	1.2	1.2	1.3	0%	8%
	Interest coverage	times	3.6	3.3	5.0	-8%	52%
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	24.6	25.6	27.1	4%	6%
	Profit share	per cent	37.0	31.1	33.6	-16%	8%
	Wages share	per cent	63.0	68.9	66.4	9%	-4%
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	1,472	1,386	1,388	-6%	0%
Business	Profit/management unit	\$'000	103	68	96	-34%	41%
Averages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	827	752	828	-9%	10%
	Gross product/management unit	\$.000	506	447	479	-12%	7%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

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TABLE 4 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY

Small Businesses

CONSTRUCTION

				LEVELS		MOVEN	MENTS
		•	1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
Industry	Management units (a)	No.	44,703	48,236	49,421	8%	2%
Structure	Employment	000	163	159	165	-2%	4%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	16,295	16,823	22,790	3%	35%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	11,612	11,912	17,161	3%	44%
	Trading profit	\$m	4,683	4,911	5,629	5%	15%
	plus Interest income	\$m	69	58	61	-16%	5%
	plus Other operating income	\$m	100	94	192	-6%	104%
ncome Statement	less Labour costs	\$m	3,313	3,474	3,370	5%	-3%
	less Depreciation	\$m	237	273	227	15%	-17%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	179	206	274	15%	33%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	1,123	1,110	2,011	-1%	81 %
	less Interest expenses	\$m	427	302	393	-29%	30%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	696	808	1,618	16%	100%
	Current assets	\$m	4,039	4,829	5,786	20%	20%
•	Non-current assets	\$m	2,760	2,833	3,945	3%	39%
	Total assets	\$m	6,800	7,662	9,731	13%	27%
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	3,815	4,182	4,519	10%	8%
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Non-current liabilities	\$m	1,433	1,618	3,175	13%	96%
	Total liabilities	\$m	5,249	5,801	7,695	11%	33%
	Net worth	Sm	1,551	1,861	2,036	20%	9%
Conomic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	1,718	1,647	2,323	-4%	41%
Values	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	5,031	5,121	5,693	2%	11%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	4.3	4.8	7.1	12%	48%
	Return on assets	per cent	10.2	10.5	16.6	3%	58%
	Return on net worth	per cent	44.9	43.4	79.5	-3%	83%
	Return on funds	per cent	37.6	31.9	38.6	-15%	21%
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	0.9	0.9	1.6	0%	78%
latios	Current ratio	times	1.1	1.2	1.3	9%	8%
	Interest coverage	times	2.6	3.7	5.1	42%	38%
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	20.3	21.8	20.4	7%	-6%
	Profit share	per cent	34.1	32.2	40.8	-6%	27%
	Wages share	per cent	65.9	67.8	59.2	3%	-13%
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	365	349	461	-4%	32%
lusiness	Profit/management unit	\$'000	16	17	33	-4 <i>70</i> 8%	95%
Averages	Assets/management unit	\$.000	152	159	197	4%	93% 24%
	Gross product/management unit	ψ 0000	1.72	1.27	17/	476	24%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 4 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY

Small Businesses

WHOLESALE TRADE

				LEVELS		MOVE	MENTS
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
Industry	Management units (a)	No.	31,788	31,033	31,461	-2%	1%
Structure	Employment	'000'	163	172	171	5%	-1%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	37,145	39,172	39,875	5%	2%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	31,234	33,212	33,576	6%	1%
	Trading profit	\$m	5,911	5,960	6,299	1 %	6 %
	plus Interest income	\$m	185	166	86	-10%	-48% *
	plus Other operating income	\$m	367	228	202	-38%	-11%
Income Statement	less Labour costs	\$m	3,842	4,153	4,138	8%	0%
	less Depreciation	\$m	315	290	353	-8%	22%
•	less Other operating expenses	\$m	273	264	251	-3%	-5%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	2,033	1,647	1,845	-19%	12% *
	less Interest expenses	\$m	811	738	516	-9%	-30%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	1,222	909	1,329	-26%	46% *
	Current assets	\$m	14,312	13,136	14,471	-8%	10%
	Non-current assets	\$m_	7,230	5,890	8,448	-19%	43%
	Total assets	\$m	21,541	19,027	22,918	-12%	20%
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	12,215	10,960	13,492	-10%	23%
JIKAC.	Non-current liabilities	\$m	3,597	5,122	4,717	42%	-8%
	Total liabilities	\$m	15,811	16,083	18,209	2%	13%
	Net worth	\$m	5,730	2,944	4,709	-49 %	60% *
Economic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	2,157	1,828	2,200	-15%	20% *
Values	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	5,999	5,981	6,338	0%	6%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	3.3	2.3	3.3	-30%	43% *
	Return on assets	per cent	5.7	4.8	5.8	-16%	21% *
	Return on net worth	per cent	21.3	30.9	28.2	45%	-9% *
	Return on funds	per cent	21.8	20.4	19.6	-6%	-4% *
Industry	Long term debt to equity	times	0.6	1.7	1.0	183%	-41% *
Ratios	Current ratio	times	1.2	1.2	1.1	0%	-8%
	Interest coverage	times	2.5	2.2	3.6	-12%	64% *
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	23.6	24.2	24.3	3%	0%
	Profit share	per cent	36.0	30.6	34.7	-15%	14%
	Wages share	per cent	64.0	69.4	65.3	8%	-6%
•	Sales/management unit	\$'000	1,169	1,262	1,267	8%	0%
Business	Profit/management unit	\$'000	38	29	42	-24%	44% *
Averages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	678	613	728	-10%	19%
-	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	189	193	201	2%	5%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 4 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY

Small Businesses

RETAIL TRADE

				LEVELS		MOVE	<i>MENTS</i>
		:	1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 ta 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
Industry	Management units (a)	No.	78,862	81,843	81,565	4%	0%
Structure	Employment	'000'	382	407	397	6%	-2%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	47,962	53,723	55,570	12%	3%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	38,459	44,674	46,495	16%	4%
	Trading profit	\$m	9,503	9,049	9,075	-5 %	0 %
	plus Interest income	\$m	172	101	43	-41%	-57%
	plus Other operating income	\$m	216	136	71	-37%	-48%
Income Statement	less Labour costs	\$m	5,841	6,589	5,770	13%	-12%
	less Depreciation	\$m	474	532	382	12%	-28%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	283	379	313	34%	-17%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	3,293	1,786	2,724	-46%	53%
	less Interest expenses	\$m	884	869	837	-2%	-4%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	2,409	917	1,887	-62%	106%
	Current assets	\$m	8,537	9,064	8,665	6%	-4%
	Non-current assets	\$m	6,926	8,860	8,038	28%	-9%
	Total assets	\$m	15,463	17,923	16,703	16%	-7%
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	6,186	8,874	7,314	43%	-18%
J.11001	Non-current liabilities	\$m	4,353	6,170	5,167	42%	-16%
	Total liabilities	\$m	10,539	15,043	12,481	43%	-17%
	Net worth	\$m	4,924	2,880	4,222	-42%	47%
Economic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	3,681	2,556	3,325	-31%	30%
Values	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	9,522	9,145	9,095	-4%	-1%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	5.0	1.7	3.4	-66%	100%
	Return on assets	per cent	15.6	5.1	11.3	-67%	122%
	Return on net worth	per cent	48.9	31.8	44.7	-35%	41%
	Return on funds	per cent	35.5	19.7	29.0	-44%	47%
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	0.9	2.1	1.2	133%	-43%
Ratios	Current ratio	times	1.4	1.0	1.2	-29%	20%
	Interest coverage	times	3.7	2.1	3.3	-43%	57%
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	15.3	16.2	14.5	6%	-10%
	Profit share	per cent	38.7	27.9	36.6	-28%	31%
	Wages share	per cent	61.3	72.1	63.4	17%	-12%
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	608	656	681	8%	4%
Business	Profit/management unit	\$'000	31	11	23	-63%	106%
verages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	196	219	205	12%	-6%
	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	121	112	112	-7%	0%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

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TABLE 4 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY

Small Businesses

TRANSPORT AND STORAGE

				LEVELS		MOVE	MENTS
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
Industry	Management units (a)	No.	16,325	16,722	18,467	2%	10%
Structure	Employment	'000	87	75	82	-14%_	10%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	8,353	6,997	8,648	-16%	24%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	5,597	4,753	5,611	-15%	18%
	Trading profit	\$m	2,756	2,244	3,037	-19%	35%
	plus Interest income	\$m	98	63	42	-36%	-33%
-	plus Other operating income	\$m	156	96	65	-38%	-32%
Income Statement	less Labour costs	\$m	2,228	1,624	1,772	-27%	9%
	less Depreciation	\$m	264	211	384	-20%	82%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	137	108	127	-21%	18%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	381	460	861	21 %	87%
	less Interest expenses	\$m	324	189	245	-42%	30%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	57	271	616	375%	127%
	Current assets	\$m	2,308	1,639	2,174	-29%	33%
	Non-current assets	\$m	4,108	3,055	4,488	-26%	47%
	Total assets	\$m	6,416	4,696	6,661	-27%	42%
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	3,524	2,125	2,425	-40%	14%
, incor	Non-current liabilities	\$m	2,424	1,446	2,214	-40%	53%
	Total liabilities	\$m	5,947	3,570	4,639	-40%	30%
	Net worth	\$m	469	1,126	2,022	140%	80%
conomic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	549	686	1,291	25%	88%
/alues	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	2,777	2,310	3,063	-17%	33%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	0.7	3.9	7.1	457%	82%
	Return on assets	per cent	0.9	5.8	9.2	544%	59%
	Return on net worth	per cent	12.2	24.1	30.5	98%	27%
	Return on funds	per cent	13.2	17.9	20.3	36%	14%
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	5.2	1.3	1.1	-75%	-15%
Ratios	Current ratio	times	0.7	0.8	0.9	14%	12%
	Interest coverage	times	1.2	2.4	3.5	100%	46%
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	25.6	21.7	21.6	-15%	0%
	Profit share	per cent	19.8	29.7	42.1	50%	42%
	Wages share	per cent	80,2	70.3	57.9	-12%	-18%
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	512	418	468	-18%	12%
Business	Profit/management unit	\$'000	3	16	33	364%	106%
Averages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	393	281	361	-29%	28%
	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	170	138	166	-19%	20%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 4 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY

Small Businesses

FINANCE AND INSURANCE

		•		LEVELS	!	MOVE	MENTS
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
Inclustry	Management units (a)	No.	18,268	18,499	18,218	1%	-2%
Structure	Employment	000	41	47	53	16%	11%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	4,531	4,390	3,723	-3%	-15%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	3,537	3,224	2,154	-9%	-33%
	Trading profit	\$m	9 94	1,166	1,569	17%	35 %
	plus Interest income	\$m	1,595	1,851	1,136	16%	-39%
	plus Other operating income	\$m	230	245	287	7%	17%
Income Statement	less Labour costs	\$m	969	1,096	1,445	13%	32%
	less Depreciation	\$m	44	78	86	77%	10%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	114	206	81	81%	-61%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	1,692	1,882	1,380	11%	-27 %
	less Interest expenses	\$m	97 9	1,182	695	21%	-41%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	713	700	685	-2%	-2%
	Current assets	\$m	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
•	Non-current assets	\$m	п.а.	n.a.	n.a.	п.а.	n,a.
	Total assets	\$m	12,604	25,452	24,209	102%	-5%
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	n.a.	n,a,	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
neet	Non-current liabilities	\$m	п.а.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	п.а,
	Total liabilities	\$m	10,009	13,959	11,759	39%	-16%
	Net worth	Sm	2,595	11,493	12,450	343%	8%
Conomic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	50	71	125	42%	76%
Values	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	1,019	1,167	1,570	15%	35%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	-,,,,,	.,			
	Return on assets	per cent	5.7	2.8	2.8	-51%	0%
	Return on net worth	per cent	27.5	6.1	5.5	-78%	-10%
	Return on funds	per cent	65.2	16.4	11.1	-75%	-32%
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	п.а.	n.a.	п.а.	n.a.	n.a.
Ratios	Current ratio	times	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Interest coverage	times	1.7	1.6	2.0	-6%	25%
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	23.8	23.1	27.4	-3%	19%
	Profit share	per cent	4.9	6.1	8.0	-3% 24%	31%
	Wages share	-	95.1	93.9	92.0	-1%	-2%
	Sales/management unit	per cent \$'000	248		204	-1% -4%	-2% -14%
imana	Profit/management unit			237			
Business Averages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	39	38	38	-3%	-1%
	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	690	1,376	1,329	99%	-3%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 4 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY

Small Businesses

PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES

				LEVELS		MOVE	MENTS
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
Industry	Management units (a)	Ňo.	67,335	72,008	76,911	7%	7%
Structure	Employment	'000'	224	281	277	25%	-1%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	14,623	17,286	18,839	18%	9%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	7,119	8,541	8,694	20%	2%
	Trading profit	\$m	7,504	8,745	10,145	17%	16%
	plus Interest income	\$m	446	239	158	-46%	-34% *
	plus Other operating income	\$m	674	221	537	-67%	143%
Income Statement	less Labour costs	\$m	5,471	6,317	6,495	15%	3%
Julionich	less Depreciation	\$m	334	348	431	4%	24%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	225	219	270	-3%	23%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m.	2,594	2,321	3,644	-11%	57%
	less Interest expenses	\$m	1,246	1,076	1,158	-14%	8%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	1,348	1,245	2,486	-8%	100%
	Current assets	\$m	8,097	9,312	7,432	15%	-20%
	Non-current assets	\$m	11,214	11,392	12,356	2%	8%
	Total assets	\$m	19,311	20,704	19,788	7%	-4%
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	8,917	7,737	8,640	-13%	12%
Jilou	Non-current liabilities	\$m	6,377	7,707	5,860	21%	-24%
	Total liabilities	\$m	15,294	15,444	14,499	1%	-6%
	Net worth	\$m.	4,017	5,260	5,289	31%	1%
Economic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	2,266	2,442	3,672	8%	50%
Values	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	7,737	8,759	10,167	13%	16%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	9.2	7.2	13.2	-22%	83%
	Return on assets	per cent	7.0	6.0	12.6	-14%	110%
	Return on net worth	per cent	33.6	23.7	47.0	-29%	98%
	Return on funds	per cent	25.0	17.9	32.7	-28%	83%
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	1.6	1.5	1.1	-6%	-27%
Ratios	Current ratio	times	0.9	1.2	0.9	33%	-25%
	Interest coverage	times	2.1	2.2	3.1	5%	41%
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	24.4	22.5	23.5	-8%	4%
	Profit share	per cent	29.3	27.9	36.1	-5%	30%
	Wages share	per cent	70.7	72.1	63.9	2%	-11%
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	217	240	245	11%	2%
Business	Profit/management unit	\$'000	20	17	32	-14%	87%
Averages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	287	288	257	0%	-11%
	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	115	122	132	6%	9%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 4 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY **Small Businesses**

COMMUNITY SERVICES

				LEVELS		MOVE	<i>MENTS</i>
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
Industry	Management units (a)	No.	40,884	44,321	44,920	8%	1%
Structure	Employment	'000	216	215	224	0%	4%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	8,889	9,650	9,331	9%	-3%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	4,773	4,897	4,925	3%	1%
	Trading profit	\$m	4,116	4,753	4,406	15%	-7%
	plus Interest income	\$m	161	152	232	-6%	53%
	plus Other operating income	\$m	1,746	1,975	2,333	13%	18%
ncome Statement	less Labour costs	\$m	4,199	4,567	4,842	9%	6%
	less Depreciation	\$m	234	224	192	-4%	-14%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	143	133	113	-7%	-15%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	1,447	1,956	1,824	35%	-7%
	less Interest expenses	\$m	235	225	239	-4%	6%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	1,212	1,731	1,585	43%	-8%
	Current assets	\$m	2,690	2,889	3,840	7%	33%
	Non-current assets	\$m	6,181	7,306	7,078	18%	-3%
	Total assets	\$m	8,871	10,195	10,919	15%	7%
Balance Theet	Current liabilities	\$m	2,000	2,068	2,166	3%	5%
illoct	Non-current liabilities	\$m	1,377	1,154	1,251	-16%	8%
	Total liabilities	\$m	3,375	3,222	3,419	-5%	6%
	Net worth	\$m	5,496	6,973	7,500	27%	8%
сопотіс	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	481	860	269	79%	-69%
/alues	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	4,680	5,427	5,111	16%	-6%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	13.6	17.9	17.0	32%	-5%
	Return on assets	per cent	13.7	17.0	14.5	24%	-15%
	Return on net worth	per cent	22.1	24.8	21.1	12%	-15%
	Return on funds	per cent	21.1	24.1	20.8	14%	-13%
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	0.3	0.2	0.2	-33%	0%
latios	Current ratio	times	1.3	1.4	1.8	8%	29%
	Interest coverage	times	6.2	8.7	7.6	40%	-13%
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	19.5	21.2	21.6	9%	2%
	Profit share	per cent	10.3	15.8	5.3	54%	-67%
	Wages share	per cent	89.7	84.2	94.7	-6%	13%
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	217	218	208	0%	-5%
lusiness	Profit/management unit	\$'000	30	39	35	32%	-10%
verages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	217	230	243	6%	-10%
	Gross product/management unit	\$,000	114	122	114	7%	-7%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.(b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

TABLE 4 - BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE, AUSTRALIA, BY INDUSTRY

Small Businesses

RECREATION, PERSONAL AND OTHER SERVICES

				LEVELS		MOVEN	MENTS
			1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1990-91 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1992-93
Industry	Management units (a)	No.	42,320	47,366	46,222	12%	-2%
Structure	Employment	'000	217	257	250	18%	-3%
	Sales of goods and services	\$m	11,322	13,870	15,253	23%	10%
	less Cost of sales	\$m	7,133	8,772	10,328	23%	18%
	Trading profit	\$m	4,189	5,098	4,925	22%	-3%
	plus Interest income	\$m	156	103	93	-34%	-10% *
	plus Other operating income	\$m	242	162	267	-33%	65%
income Statement	less Labour costs	\$m	2,688	3,236	3,062	20%	-5%
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	less Depreciation	\$m	275	370	325	35%	-12%
	less Other operating expenses	\$m	216	147	156	-32%	6%
	Earnings before interest & tax	\$m	1,408	1,610	1,742	14%	8%
	less Interest expenses	\$m	503	514	435	2%	-15%
	Operating profit before tax	\$m	905	1,096	1,307	21%	19% '
	Current assets	\$m	3,155	3,095	2,579	-2%	-17%
	Non-current assets	\$m	6,670	9,873	7,479	48%	-24%
	Total assets	\$m	9,824	12,968	10,058	32%	-22%
Balance Sheet	Current liabilities	\$m	2,700	3,243	2,736	20%	-16%
HEAL	Non-current liabilities	\$m	3,357	5,556	4,158	66%	-25%
	Total liabilities	\$m	6,058	8,799	6,895	45%	-22%
	Net worth	\$m	3,766	4,169	3,163	11%	-24%
Economic	Gross Operating Surplus	\$m	1,634	1,923	1,953	18%	2%
Values	Industry Gross Product (b)	\$m	4,322	5,159	5,015	19%	-3%
	Operating profit margin	per cent	8.0	7.9	8.6	-1%	9%
	Return on assets	per cent	9.2	8.5	13.0	-8%	53%
	Return on net worth	per cent	24.0	26.3	41.3	10%	57% ⁻
	Return on funds	per cent	19.8	16.6	23.8	-16%	44%
ndustry	Long term debt to equity	times	0.9	1.3	1.3	44%	0%
Ratios	Current ratio	times	1.2	1.0	0.9	-17%	-10%
	Interest coverage	times	2.8	3.1	4.0	11%	29%
	Labour costs/employment	\$'000	12.4	12.6	12.3	2%	-2%
	Profit share	per cent	37.8	37.3	38.9	-1%	4%
	Wages share	per cent	62.2	62.7	61.1	1%	-3%
	Sales/management unit	\$'000	268	293	330	9%	13%
Business	Profit/management unit	\$'000	21	23	28	8%	22%
Averages	Assets/management unit	\$'000	232	274	218	18%	-21%
	Gross product/management unit	\$'000	102	109	108	7%	0%

⁽a) These counts should be used with caution. See page 7.

⁽b) For a dissection of the items used to derive industry gross product, see Table 5.

^{*} Beware of high sampling errors associated with estimates in this row.

SPECIAL DATA SERVICES

The Economic Activity Survey, together with the related collections listed on page 55, allows for a wider range of data to be made available than is contained in this publication. Two examples of standard products that can be made available on request are Industry Summaries and Industry Concentration Statistics.

INDUSTRY SUMMARIES

These are one-page summaries, similar in format to Tables 1 to 4 of this publication, but at finer levels of industry classification. These summaries are available for most ASIC Subdivisions.

INDUSTRY CONCENTRATION STATISTICS

These tables show the proportions of sales, employment, and wages and salaries that are concentrated among the 20 largest enterprise groups operating in each industry. The 'largest 20' are further sub-divided by groups of four, viz first four groups, second four groups, and so on.

NON-STANDARD PRODUCTS

Other statistical products can be tailored to satisfy the specific requirements of clients. For example, many other ratios apart from those included in this publication can be generated. Some examples are liquidity, debt coverage, stocks turnover and assets turnover ratios.

It is also possible to prepare a report which compares performance indicators of an individual business (supplied by the client) with performance indicators of a group of similar businesses (in terms of industry and size characteristics).

For further information on unpublished statistics that can be made available, contact Bernard Williams by phone (06) 252 5454 or fax (06) 253 1497

TECHNICAL NOTES

SURVEY DESIGN AND METHODOLOGY The estimates in this publication have been derived from the Economic Activity Survey (EAS). For industries covered by detailed industry-specific collections, EAS questions were incorporated into existing questionnaires. See section below on Other Economic Collections.

The population frame for these statistics consisted of all business units in the Australian economy except for:

- Agricultural businesses with an estimated value of agricultural operations less than \$20,000;
- Manufacturing businesses with fewer than 4 employees;
- non-employing businesses classified to all other industries; and
- businesses classified to the General Government sector (note government-owned Public Trading Enterprises are included).

STATISTICAL UNIT

The business unit about which information is collected and published for the EAS is termed the management unit. The management unit is the highest-level accounting unit within a business, having regard for industry homogeneity, for which accounts are maintained; in nearly all cases it coincides with the legal entity owning the business (ie, company, partnership, trust, sole operator, etc). In the case of large diversified businesses, however, there may be more than one management unit, each coinciding with a 'Division' or 'line of businesses'. A division or line of business is recognised where separate and comprehensive accounts are compiled for it.

The ABS Business Register provided the population frame from which management units were selected for inclusion in the EAS. For more information about the Business Register, refer to Information Paper, ABS Business Register - Recent Developments, 1991 (8130.0).

Approximately 15,000 management units were selected using stratified random sampling techniques. All management units of large business groups were automatically selected in the sample.

REFERENCE PERIOD

The statistical results presented in this bulletin are based on details of profit and loss statements and balance sheets collected from selected businesses mainly by mail out questionnaires. For 1992-93, businesses were asked to provide data in respect of the year ending June 1993. In a minority of cases, where businesses did not account on a June-year basis, details were reported in respect of the accounting year which ended between October 1992 and September 1993.

OTHER ECONOMIC COLLECTIONS

Some of the industry-specific collections used to compile these statistics can provide fine level breakdowns of the data (eg by State). For example, the annual Mining Census was used to derive estimates for part of the Mining Division and the annual Agricultural Finance Survey was used to derive estimates for part of the Agriculture Division. For more information on these surveys refer to the following ABS publications:

Agricultural Industries, Financial Statistics, Australia, 1992-93 (7507.0)

Mining Industry, Australia, 1992-93 (8402.0)

Manufacturing Industry, Australia, 1992-93 (8221.0)

Electricity and Gas Operations, Australia, 1992-93 (8208 0)

CLASSIFICATION BY INDUSTRY

This publication presents statistics classified by industry. Each business unit is classified to a single industry. The industry allocated is based on an estimate of the primary activity of the management unit irrespective of whether a range of activities or a single activity is undertaken by the unit. For example, a management unit which derives most of its income from construction activities would have all operations included in the aggregates and ratios for the Construction industry division, even if significant secondary activities (eg quarrying) were undertaken. This is different from the approach that might be taken to the collection of statistics on an activity basis.

The 1983 edition of the Australian Standard Industrial Classification (ASIC) (1201.0, 1202.0) has been used to classify management units included in the Economic Activity Survey. Statistics in this publication are presented at broad levels of classification, generally equating to ASIC Division level. Exceptions are Wholesale and Retail Trade (split into Subdivisions) and Finance, Property and Business Services (split into Finance and Insurance, and Property and Business Services). The term "industry" is used throughout this publication to refer to these broad levels of classification.

Statistics classified by the new Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC) (1292.0) will be made available following release of the results in respect of 1993-94.

CLASSIFICATION BY SIZE

This publication also presents statistics classified by size of the business. The three size categories adopted are defined as follows.

Large businesses include all management units which are part of a group of related businesses which employs over 500 persons or has income of more than \$250m or has assets worth more than \$1,000m. A group is defined in accordance with Australian companies legislation, that is, as comprising all businesses under common ownership and control. Individual management units in this category may be below the cut-offs referred to above; it is the employment/income/assets of the group as a whole which determines their classification as "large".

Small businesses are those management units which are not part of large business groups and employ:

- less than 20 persons for non-manufacturing industries; or
- less than 100 persons for manufacturing industries.

Medium businesses are those management units which are neither classifiable to large business groups nor to small businesses, according to the above criteria.

Non-standard size groupings either based on different sizes and/or sizing criteria such as, for example, income groupings, can be made available on request.

RELIABILITY OF ESTIMATES

Since the estimates in this publication are based on information obtained from a sample drawn from units in the surveyed population, the estimates are subject to sampling variability; that is, they may differ from the figures that would have been produced if all units had been included in the survey. One measure of the likely difference is given by the standard error, which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of units was included. The relative standard error is a useful measure in that it provides an immediate indication of the percentage errors likely to have occurred due to sampling, and thus avoids the need to refer also to the size of the estimate. Where the relative standard error of an estimate included in this publication exceeds 25%, it has been annotated with an '*' as a warning to users. Where an estimate has a sampling variability of greater than 50%, it has been replaced by an 'n.p.'.

The imprecision due to sampling, which is measured by the standard error, is not the only type of inaccuracy to which estimates are subject. Other inaccuracies, referred to collectively as non-sampling error, may occur because of, for example, inadequacies in available sources from which the coverage list was compiled and imperfections in reporting by respondents. Every effort has been made to reduce non-sampling error to a minimum by the use of respondent-friendly collection forms design, efficient operating procedures and systems used to compile the statistics.

LIMITATIONS OF RATIO ANALYSIS

Over and above these considerations, one should be aware that the assessment of business or industry performance based on ratios may be misleading for other reasons.

There may be circumstances peculiar to the businesses in question which should be taken into account. For example, is it undertaking a program of expansion, contraction, diversification or amalgamation during the period under review? Analysis of movements in performance indicators of business and industry over a number of years would appear to be one way of overcoming these problems.

Differences in accounting policy and practices across businesses and industries also lead to some inconsistencies in the data input to these statistics. While much of the accounting process is subject to standards, there is still a great deal of flexibility left to managers and accountants in the accounting policy and practices they adopt. For example, acceptable methods of asset valuation include historical cost, replacement cost and current market value. The timing of asset revaluations also varies considerably across businesses. The way profit is measured is affected by management policy on such things as depreciation rates, bad debt provisions and write off and goodwill write off. The varying degree to which businesses decide to consolidate their accounts may also affect the quality of the ratios calculated. In general, the effect of consolidation is to "net out" some of the transactions between related business units and this may distort some ratios.

Those ratios compiled from a combination of flow and level items need to be treated with additional caution. The information contained in balance sheets indicates the level of assets and liabilities at a point in time. Information contained in profit and loss statements only summarises some of the flows (or transactions) which have taken place during the past financial year. It is therefore quite feasible that ratios which include both level and flow items in their derivation may give a misleading indication of actual performance.

The above limitations are not meant to imply that analysis based on ratios should be avoided. It is important, however, that they be borne in mind in interpreting the ratio data in this bulletin.

SPECIAL NOTE - Relationship with National Accounts Estimates

Both the Economic Activity Survey (EAS) and the national accounts attempt to measure overall economic activity, although the EAS is substantially narrower in scope and coverage. Differences also occur in the industry dissection of the two sets of statistics because they rely on different units frameworks.

The prime purpose of the EAS is to derive a set of economic measures based on information available from the standard financial accounts of trading businesses. The commentary included in this publication illustrates how this information can be used to derive a range of business and industry performance measures similar to those used by financial analysts. Ultimately, EAS data are expected to be used in the compilation of national accounts aggregates, especially those relating to measures of production. While this is an important objective of the EAS, it cannot be realised until EAS data have been compiled for a number of years.

In the past, the ABS economic censuses collected information to derive establishment value added and adjusted value added to approximate a measure of gross product for selected industries. The EAS allows the derivation of a measure similar to adjusted value added termed industry gross product (IGP). The main difference between this measure and adjusted value added is that insurance premiums (other than workers compensation premiums) are deducted in arriving at adjusted value added; no such adjustment is made in calculating IGP. The derivation of IGP for all industries included in the EAS is shown in Table 5.

Despite the close conceptual affinity between the EAS and national accounts definitions of industry gross product, there are substantial coverage, conceptual and methodological differences which make precise comparisons between the two series somewhat difficult. The more important of these are summarised in Table 6 and are described below.

DIFFERENCES IN COVERAGE

This category contains by far the biggest reasons for differences between estimates of IGP and GDP. The EAS does not cover business units classified to the general government sector, non-farm businesses without employees and households contributing to GDP through their ownership of dwellings.

DIFFERENCES IN CONCEPT

The application of the standard formula for IGP is known to result in an understatement of the gross product for businesses which do not charge directly or do not charge full commercial value for the services they provide to their clients. These include financial intermediaries, insurance and superannuation businesses and non-profit organisations.

In the case of financial intermediaries, GDP estimates include an imputed bank service charge based primarily on the difference between interest received and interest paid. A large proportion of this imputed service charge is attributable to businesses operating in other industries but in line with international recommendations in the 1968 System of National Accounts, it has not been allocated by industry in the Australian system of national accounts. Instead it has been charged to the 'nominal industry'.

For insurance and superannuation businesses, estimates of GDP include an imputed insurance service charge which has not been included in estimates of IGP.

In the Australian national accounts, the gross product of non-profit organisations is measured in the same way as for the general government sector, ie wages, salaries and supplements plus depreciation. The estimates given in Table 6 against this item are the differences resulting from application of this formula to non-profit organisations included in the EAS compared to the standard formula for IGP. Non-profit organisations are only statistically significant in Wholesale and Retail Trade, Community Services and Recreation, Personal and Other Services.

DIFFERENCES IN METHODOLOGY

For Agriculture, the national accounts estimates use the value of agricultural commodities produced (obtained from the annual Census of Agricultural Commodities) to measure gross output. This measure of gross output is valued on an accruals basis as far as possible. Gross product is obtained by deducting an estimate of intermediate inputs used within Agriculture from this estimate of gross output. The IGP estimate for Agriculture is based on the results of the annual Agricultural Finance Survey, a source which is cash rather than accruals based. However, the units from which data are obtained for this survey are more consistent with those in other industries covered by the EAS than those used in the annual Census of Agricultural Commodities.

Other differences between the national accounts and the EAS estimates are due to the following adjustments being made in the national accounts but not in the IGP estimate:

- the stock valuation adjustment;
- · workers' compensation claims; and
- third party insurance transfers.

OTHER DIFFERENCES

At present, the gross operating surplus component of industry estimates of GDP is derived mainly from data made available by the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Adjustments are made for individual industries to take account of the estimated understatement of income by businesses. No such adjustments are made in deriving IGP using EAS data.

The statistical unit used to compile EAS statistics across all industries is the management unit. The gross operating surplus component of GDP is compiled from legal entity records, while the wages, salaries and supplements component is compiled from enterprise/State records used in the Survey of Employment and Earnings. All three of these units can be quite different for many businesses. As a result, estimates classified by industry from EAS can be different from those in the national accounts, but there should be no impact at the total level from this source.

Apart from the effect that different levels of statistical unit can have on the industry classification of data, there are significant differences in the industry classifications and procedures used by the ATO and the ABS. The application by the ABS of the Australian Standard Industrial Classification to its business register, on an objective basis wherever possible, is considered to provide a better breakdown by industry than that used in classifying ATO data.

More information on how the national accounts are compiled is contained in the ABS publication, Australian National Accounts: Concepts, Sources and Methods (5216.0).

Table 5 - DERIVATION OF INDUSTRY GROSS PRODUCT, BY INDUSTRY, 1990-91 to 1992-93 \$million

		Agriculture, forestry,		Ā	Electricity,		Wholesale			Finance, property and	Public administ-	·	Recreation, personal Ownership	Ownership		
		fishing and hunting	Mining	Manu- facturing	gas and	Cons-	and retail trade a	Transport	Commun- ication		ration and Community defence services	Community	and other	of	Nominal	All
	1990-91	20,236	31,822	163,481	22,725	37,901	257,242	33,161	13,190	63,114	4:	18,064	28,749	D.0	9.6	689,685
Sales of goods and Services	1991-92	20,228	31,421	164,159	23,784	36,713	282,589	32,471	14,745	61,464	4 .0	19,800	33,294	п. В	9 .0	720,668
	1992-93	20,818	31,457	168,237	24,64	40,878	294,490	35,943	14,913	57,572	4.0	20,436	36,881	D.8	n.a.	746,269
	1990-91	256	35	345	221	029	443	1,817	0	173	g. C	2,530	131	D.B.	n.a	6,621
plus Government subsidies	1991-92	288	92	390	155	21.1	322	1,868	0	219	9 .0	3,286	102	n.a	n.a.	7,233
	1992-93	302	10	477	129	650	414	1,934	***	156	1 :10	3,576	128	J.A.	n.a.	7,777
	1990-91	n.a	426	724	1,398	382	340	156	318	911	n.a.	242	350	1.4	n.a.	5,247
plus Capital work done for own use	1991-92	п.а.	352	760	1,615	231	304	343	202	186	4	131	130	4	n;	4,254
	1992-93	1.B	104	709	1,610	176	96	640	285	27	n.a.	17	56	1.1	11.8.	3,690
	1990-91	20,492	32,283	164,550	24,34	38,953	258,025	35,134	13,508	64,198	17	20,836	29,230	Tu	D.A.	701,553
Turnover	1991-92	20,516	31,799	165,309	25,554	37,521	283,215	34,682	14,87	61,869		23,217	33,526	n.a.	Ž	732,155
	1992-93	21,120	31,571	169,423	26,383	41,704	295,000	38,517	15,199	57,755	1.E	24,029	37,035	1.1.	ij	757,736
	1990-91	12,839	3,156	23,647	1,045	2,056	34,571	189	226	5,136	₩.O	n.a.	603	1.1	#.¤.	83,768
plus Closing stocks	1991-92	13,241	3,208	22,628	1,019	2,118	30,911	217	455	4,423	e ë	D.A.	709	4 .E	й.я.	78,929
	1992-93	13,428	3,274	22,317	925	2,201	33,246	431	388	3,898	n.a.	n.a.	1,073	n.a.	13.8	81,181
	16-0661	13,778	2,987	23,597	3,096	2,089	34,463	201	621	5,871	n.a.	р.а.	542	1.a.	ri.ii	85,245
less Opening stocks	1991-92	13,043	3,086	22,857	1,043	2,0 <u>5</u>	30,848	151	523	4,802	n.a	D.B.	959	n.a.	Д.Я.	79,063
	1992-93	13,147	3,297	21,944	1,042	1,980	31,745	468	428	3,982	n.a.	D.B.	1,110	n.a.	1.3.	79,143
	16-06-1	19,553	32,452	164,600	24,293	38,920	258,133	35,122	13,413	63,463	ë: -	20,836	29,291	13.4.	2	700,076
Gross output	1991-92	20,714	31,921	165,080	25,530	37,585	283,278	34,748	14,879	61,490	ë: 11:8	23,217	33,579	1.8	4.0	732,021
	1992-93	21,401	31,548	169,796	26,266	41,925	296,501	38,480	15,159	119715	e C	24,029	36,998	3,5	n.1.	759,774
	1990-91	5,272	4,923	85,130	8,259	18,456	187,073	л.а.	n.a.	D.A.	D.B	D.A	5,795	n.8.	D.8	314,908
less Purchases	1991-92	5,493	4,952	85,408	8,161	19,743	214,755	η.a.	Д-Д	D.8	n.a	B .F	7,057	п.а.	ŋ. <u>8</u> .	345,569
	1992-93	6,255	4,352	89,268	8,827	18,438	224,855	n.a.	4:11	n.a	n.a.	ก.ล.	10,688	n.a.	J.8.	362,683
	1990-91	7,856	9,628	29,137	3,251	10,060	31,809	20,643	3,875	49,947	e;	9,972	13,005	n.a.	n.a.	189,183
less Selected expenses	1991-92	7,551	10,450	31,275	3,434	8,018	32,443	20,573	4,461	47,456	æ. T	11,090	13,895	9.0	D.8.	190,646
	1992-93	7,054	10,386	30,857	3,252	13,494	33,307	22,951	4,987	41,307	n, i	11,396	13,692	n.a	n.a.	192,683
	1996-91	6,425	17,901	50,333	12,783	10,404	39,251	14,479	9,538	13,516	Z, C	10,864	10,491	D,8	D.9.	195,985
Industry Gross product	1991-92	7,670	16,519	48,397	13,935	9,824	36,080	14,175	10,418	14,034	n.a.	12,127	12,627	D.8.	n.a.	195,806
	1992-93	8,222	16,810	49,671	14,187	9,993	38,339	15,529	10,172	16,364	n.a.	12,633	12,618	D.2	n.a	204,538

Table 6 - COMPARISON OF INDUSTRY GROSS PRODUCT WITH GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (GDP), BY INDUSTRY, 1990-91 TO 1992-93
Smillion

											Finance,						
			Agriculture,		-	1	•	371 7 1.			property	Public	¥	Recreation,			
			fishing and		Маки-	electricity, gas and	Cons-	n notesate and retail	Transport	Commun	Dusiness	аатицкі ration and Соттыпіў	Community	personai and other	Ownership	Nominal	All
			husting	Mining	facturing	water	truction	Ġ	and storage	ication	services	defence	services		of dwellings	industry	industries
		16-0661	6,425	17,901	50,333	12,783	10,404	39,251	14,479	9,538	13,516	1	10,864		1.4.	n.a.	195,985
Industry Gross Product	ICP	1991-92	7,670	16,519	48,397	13,935	9,874	36,080	14,175	10,418	14,034	 	12,127	12,627	į	e -10	195,806
		1992-93	8,222	16,810	49,671	14,187	9,993	38,339	15,529	10,172	16,364	4	12,633	12,618	ų.	9.0	204,538
		1990-91	381	29	487	853	5,244	32	006	æ	912	14,360	28,372	870	89		52,560
	General government	1991-92	374	21	335	880	5440	36	8340	198	719	15,660	30,446	126	19		55,933
	ı	1992-93	333	19	351	820	404	83	<u>8</u>	2	702	16.251	31,950	69	F		57.752
		16-0661	919	59	910	0	690'6	4,501	3,753	10	4,135		1,225	2,233			26,125
	Non-employers	1991-92	536	3	2	~	25.23	4,726	3,841	11	4,342		1,286	2,345			27.431
		1992-93	557	3	3 8	•	526,6	4,915	4,098	11	4,515		1,338	2,438			28.528
Differences in coverage		16-0661													33,172		33,172
	Ownership of dwellings	1991-92													34389		34.389
•	•	1992-93													35.271		35.271
		16-0661	168	90	1.097	853	14.333	4.527	4.653	12	5.047	14.360	20.507	3 103	31 235		111 857
•	Total	1991-92	016	8	926	022	14.983	4.762	4.77)	202	5,061	15,660	31,732	3.272	24 456		17.751
		1992-93	968	8	1.017	200	15.329	4 944	4.938	8	5.217	16.251	33.288	Ē	35 742		121 552
		1000101				į			22.4		11 262		1	ì	L	.0 530	- 3
	Immuted bank service charge [1991-92	6 1991-97									13.151					11.148	1 2
		1992-93									15.495					11,11	7 203
		10001					-				5 6.44					1	133
	Imputed insurance service	1001.00									5 5						5 6
	charge	1007-03									200,0						2,083
Differences in concept		100001						600			ţ		į	909			
	· · ·	1001.00						308					1.751	8			14/10
	avon-pront organisations	76-1661						910					3,372	1,720			5,702
		1992-93						2					4,037	2,100			6,861
		16-0661	0	0	0	0	0	Š	0	0	16,906	0	1,731	1,508	0	-9,539	11.14
	104a	1991-92	0	0	0	0	0	610	Ç	0	18,234	0	3,372	1,720	0	-11,14	12,792
		1992-93	0	0	0	0	0	427	0	0:	21,289	0	4,037	2,100	0	-13,292	14,858
Differences in waterband.		1990-91	2,947	19	820	130	827	3	734	223	363	333	703	156	0	0	7,339
lo popular	Total	1991-92	2,807	258	1,314	148	839	538	807	236	395	377	801	192	0	0	8,712
à		1992-93	3,332	4	1,087	150	863	-63	814	246	403	391	828	181	0	0	8,248
		16-0661	10,263	18,008	52,250	13,766	25,564	44,370	19,866	9,834	35,832	14,693	42,895	15,258	33,235	-9.539	326,295
IGP Adjusted	Total	1991-92	11,387	16,860	50,687	14,963	25,646	41,990	19,753	10,863	37,724	16,037	48,032	17,811	34,456	-1,14	335,063
		1992-93	12,444	16,939	51,775	15,157	26,185	43,914	21,281	10,508	43,273	16,642	50,786	18,240	35,342	13.292	349.196
		16-0661	1,102	-842	-1,555	-1,560	2390	2,996	-1,888	\$	8,718	-333	2,136	4 .	£9-	0	10,064
Other differences	Total	76-1661	-85	-392	<u>4</u>	-1,975	1,128	6,028	492	-827	8,723	.377	587	-2,070	-67	0	9.729
		1992-93	-173	261	2,242	-1,475	1,237	5,596	-1,350	-173	6,887	-391	121	1.809	-71	0	10,001
		1990-91	11,365	17,166	50,695	12,206	27,954	47,366	17,978	9,228	44,550	14,360	45,031	14,827	33,172	625'6-	336,359
Gross Domestic Product	GDP	1991-92	11,302	16,468	50.133	12,988	26.774	48.018	19,261	10.036	46,447	15,660	48,619	15,741	34,389	-11,144	344,792
		1992-93	12,271	17,200	54.017	13.682	27,422	49,510	19,931	10,335	50,160	16.251	50,907	16,431	35,271	-13,292	360.096

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

ANA Australian National Accounts

ABS Australian Bureau of Statistics

ASIC Australian Standard Industrial Classification

Capital work done for own use

Work done by employees or proprietors of the business for its own use or for rental or lease

purposes.

Cost of sales The sum of purchases, selected expenses and opening stocks minus closing stocks.

Current assets The book value of current assets as at the end of the financial year. This includes cash on

hand, stocks, trade debtors and other accounts receivable.

Current liabilities The book value of current liabilities as at the end of the financial year. This includes

provisions for taxation, leave, claims, trade creditors and other accounts payable, and bank

overdraft.

Current ratio The number of times current assets exceed current liabilities, i.e. current assets/current

liabilities. This liquidity measure indicates ability to meet immediate financial obligations

from current assets.

Depreciation Includes depreciation allowed on buildings and other fixed tangible assets.

EBIT Earnings before interest and tax

Employment Includes working proprietors, working partners, permanent, part-time, temporary and

casual employees, and managerial and executive employees working for a business during the last pay period in June each year. Employees absent on paid or prepaid leave are

included.

GOS Gross Operating Surplus; industry gross product less labour costs.

IGP Industry Gross Product; a measure of the unduplicated gross product of a business derived

as follows:

IGP = Sales of goods and services

+ Government subsidies

+ Capital work done for own use

Closing stocks

- Opening stocks

Purchases and selected expenses

Interest coverage The number of times over that businesses can meet their interest expenses from their

earnings before interest, i.e. EBIT/interest expenses.

Includes interest paid on loans from banks, finance companies, insurance companies and

related companies.

Includes interest received from bank accounts, loans and finance leases and earnings on

discounted bills.

Labour costs Wages and salaries plus superannuation plus workers' compensation.

Long term debt to Non-cur equity

Non-current liabilities/net worth.

Net worth Total assets minus total liabilities and is equal to the interests of shareholders or other

owners in the assets of the business.

Non-current assets The book value of non-current assets as at the end of the financial year. Includes plant and

machinery needed for normal operations, capitalised interest, property and goodwill.

Non-current liabilities The book value of non-current liabilities as at the end of the financial year. Includes bank

loans, debentures and unsecured notes.

Management unit See under Statistical Unit in Technical Notes

OPBT Operating profit before tax; a measure of profit before extraordinary items are brought into

account and prior to the deduction of income tax and appropriations to owners (e.g.

dividends paid).

Operating profit margin

The percentage of sales of goods and services available as operating profit, i.e. OPBT*100/sales of goods and services. This ratio is not applicable to Finance and Insurance

Other operating expenses

All operating expenses except for purchases, selected expenses (included in cost of sales), labour costs, depreciation and interest expenses. Includes insurance, royalty payments and bad debts written off.

Other operating income

Includes government subsidies, royalty income, dividends received, net profit (or loss) on the sale of fixed tangible assets and net profit (or loss) on foreign exchange transactions. It excludes extraordinary profits or losses such as those associated with the sale of a segment of the business or goodwill revaluations.

Profit share That proportion of production which is attributable to capital input, i.e. Gross operating

surplus*100/industry gross product.

Purchases Includes purchases of materials, components, containers, packaging, fuels, electricity and

water, and purchases of goods for resale.

Return on assets Operating profit before tax as a percentage of the total book value of assets, i.e. OPBT/total

assets. This ratio indicates the efficiency with which assets are employed to generate

profits.

Return on funds The percentage of total funds that this year's earnings before interest and tax represents, i.e.

EBIT*100/(net worth + non-current liabilities).

Return on net worth Operating profit before tax as a percentage of shareholders' funds, i.e. OPBT*100/net

worth.

Sales of goods and services

Includes sales of goods whether or not manufactured by the business, sales or transfers to related businesses, all repair and service income and fees, income from rent, leasing and hiring, contract, subcontract and commission revenue and management fees.

Selected expenses Includes payments made for services provided by other businesses (including self-employed

persons) such as rent, leasing and hiring of plant, motor vehicles, land and buildings; outward freight and cartage; office supplies and services; telephone and postage; advertising, accounting and legal services; repairs and maintenance; work performed on a contract, sub-contract or commission basis; and charges by governments such as rates,

motor vehicle registration, payroll tax and fringe benefits tax.

Stocks The value of all stocks of finished goods, work-in-progress, raw materials, fuels, containers,

etc.

Trading profit A measure of profit directly attributable to trading in goods and services. It is derived by

deducting the cost of sales from sales of goods and services.

Turnover The sum of sales of goods and services, government subsidies and capital work done for

own use.

Wages share That proportion of production which is attributable to labour input, i.e. Labour costs*100/

industry gross product.

SYMBOLS AND OTHER USAGES

The following symbols, where shown in columns of figures or elsewhere in tables, mean:

- .. not applicable
- n.a. not available
- * subject to sampling variability too high for practical purposes (i.e. relative standard error greater than 25%)
- n.p. not available for separate publication due to unusually high sampling variability (ie greater than 50%) or confidentiality reasons, but included in totals where applicable

Where figures have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between the sum of component items and the total.



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