

# **AUSTRALIAN BUREAU OF STATISTICS**

**CANBERRA** 

# THE LABOUR FORCE **AUSTRALIA**

**OCTOBER 1982** 

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# THE LABOUR FORCE, AUSTRALIA, OCTOBER 1982

## **CONTENTS**

Table		Page
	PART 1. LABOUR FORCE ESTIMATES	
	Explanatory notes	1
• •	Graphs	6
	Labour force status of the civilian population aged 15 and over-	
1.	Australia	10
2.	Seasonally adjusted series	12
3.	Marital status	13
4. :	States and Territories	13
5.	State capital cities	14
6. ,	Australian Capital Territory	14
7.	Aged 15 to 19 (single years), by school attendance	15
8.	Aged 20 to 24 (single years)	15
9.	Birthplace	16
10.	Born outside Australia, by period of arrival	17
11.	Age	18
12.	Participation rates, by age and birthplace	. 18
	Employed persons—	
13.	Full-time and part-time workers, by age	18
14.	Hours worked	19
15.	Employment/population ratios by age and marital status	19
16.	Full-time workers who worked less than 35 hours, by reason	19
17.	Part-time workers, whether preferred to work more hours, by age	20
18.	Part-time workers, whether preferred to work more hours, by hours worked	20
	Unemployed persons—	
19.	States, by age	21
20.	Age and whether looking for full-time or part-time work	22
21.	Birthplace by age	22
22.	Duration of unemployment and age, etc.	23
23.	Industry and occupation of last full-time job and duration of unemployment	24
24.	Aged 15 to 19: duration of unemployment and school attendance	24
25.	Age and active steps taken to find work	25

## **CONTENTS**—continued

Table		Page
	Persons not in the labour force—	
26.	Age and marital status	25
27.	Whether looking for work, etc.	25
	Estimates of labour force status and gross changes (flows) derived from matched records. Not available for October—see paragraph 52, page 5	
	Technical note—	
	Estimation procedure	26
	Reliability of the estimates	26
	Supplementary and special surveys on labour force and related topics	29
	NOTE. Some additional labour force survey data are included in other issues of this publication or are available on request. For details see the Explanatory notes.	
	PART 2. GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT	
	Explanatory notes	30
	Government employees (excluding Agriculture and services to agriculture)—	
28.	Australia	31
29.	States	32
30.	Northern Territory	34
31.	Australian Capital Territory	34
	NOTE. Commonwealth Government employment figures classified by employing body are published for the months of March, June, September and December.	
	PART 3. JOB VACANCIES	

NOTE. Estimates of job vacancies are published only in the February, May, August and November issues of this publication.

#### **PART 1. LABOUR FORCE ESTIMATES**

#### **EXPLANATORY NOTES**

#### Introduction

This part contains estimates of the civilian labour force derived from the labour force survey part of the population survey, which is now conducted monthly. Until February 1978, surveys were conducted in February, May, August and November each year.

- 2. A summary of the survey results is published in advance of this more detailed publication in *The Labour Force, Australia (Preliminary)* (6202.0). Preliminary unemployment estimates are also issued in advance of this publication in *Unemployment, Australia, (Preliminary Estimates)* (6201.0).
- 3. Although emphasis in the population survey is placed on the regular collection of specific data on demographic and labour force characteristics of the population, supplementary and special surveys of particular aspects of the labour force or of other subjects are carried out from time to time. Statistics from these surveys are published and are available on request. A list of survey publications on labour force and related topics is shown later in this publication.

#### The population survey

4. The population survey is based on a multi-stage area sample of private dwellings (about 30,000 houses, flats, etc.) and non-private dwellings (hotels, motels, etc.), and covers about two-thirds of one per cent of the population of Australia. The information is obtained from the occupants of selected dwellings by carefully chosen and specially trained interviewers. The interviews are generally conducted during the two weeks beginning on the Monday between the 6th and 12th of each month. The information obtained relates to the week before the interview (i.e. the survey week). Because of operational problems arising from the Christmas and New Year holidays the December 1978 and 1979 surveys commenced a week earlier than usual (with most interviews being conducted during the second week) and the January 1979 and 1980 surveys commenced a week later than usual.

#### Scope

- 5. The labour force survey includes all persons aged 15 and over except:
  - (a) members of the permanent defence forces;
  - (b) certain diplomatic personnel of overseas governments, customarily excluded from census and estimated populations;
  - (c) overseas residents in Australia; and
  - (d) members of non-Australian defence forces (and their dependants) stationed in Australia.

#### **Definitions**

6. The labour force category to which a person is assigned depends on his actual activity (i.e. whether working, looking for work, etc.) during the survey week. The following definitions, which conform closely to the international standard definitions specified by the International Labour Organisation (ILO), relate only to those persons within the scope of the survey.

- 7. Employed persons comprise all those aged 15 and over who, during the survey week:
  - (a) worked for one hour or more for pay, profit, commission or payment in kind in a job or business, or on a farm (including employees, employers and self-employed persons); or
  - (b) worked for 15 hours or more without pay in a family business or on a farm (i.e. unpaid family helpers); or
  - (c) were employees who had a job but were not at work and were: on paid leave; on leave without pay for less than four weeks up to the end of the survey week; stood down without pay because of bad weather or plant breakdown at their place of employment for less than four weeks up to the end of the survey week; on strike or locked out; on workers' compensation and expected to be returning to their job; or receiving wages or salary while undertaking full-time study; or
  - (d) were employers or self-employed persons who had a job, business or farm, but were not at work.
- 8. The *employment/population ratio* for any group is the number of employed persons expressed as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 and over in the same group.
- 9. Unemployed persons are those aged 15 and over who were not employed during the survey week, and
  - (a) had actively looked for full-time or part-time work at any time in the four weeks up to the end of the survey week and:
    - (i) were available for work in the survey week, or would have been available except for temporary illness (i.e. lasting for less than four weeks to the end of the survey week); or
    - (ii) were waiting to start a new job within four weeks from the end of the survey week and would have started in the survey week if the job had been available then;
- or (b) were waiting to be called back to a full-time or part-time job from which they had been stood down without pay for less than four weeks up to the end of the survey week (including the whole of the survey week) for reasons other than bad weather or plant breakdown.
- 10. Actively looking for work includes writing, telephoning or applying in person to an employer for work; answering a newspaper advertisement for a job; checking factory or Commonwealth Employment Service noticeboards; being registered with the Commonwealth Employment Service; checking or registering with any other employment agency, advertising or tendering for work; and contacting friends or relatives. In November 1981 a number of minor amendments were made to the labour force survey questionnaire. (For details see the information paper Questionnaires Used in the Labour Force Survey, December 1981 (6232.0)). The amendments

included a re-ordering and some re-wording of the categories of steps taken to find work. Consequently, there is a discontinuity in estimates of active steps taken to find work between October and November 1981. The active steps were asked in the order shown in the table in this publication showing unemployed persons classified by active steps taken, and since only one response was recorded for each person asked this particular question, the estimates do not reflect the relative importance of the steps taken to find work.

- 11. Unemployed persons looking for first job are those who had never worked full time for two weeks or more. Prior to November 1977 it comprised persons who had never had a job.
- 12. The *unemployment rate* for any group is the number unemployed expressed as a percentage of the labour force (i.e. employed plus unemployed) in the same group.
- 13. Duration of unemployment is the period from the time the person began looking for work or was laid off to the end of the survey week. Periods of unemployment are recorded in complete weeks and this results in a slight understatement of duration. Average (mean) duration is the duration obtained by dividing the aggregate number of weeks a group has been unemployed by the number of persons in that group. Median duration is the duration which divides unemployed persons into two equal groups, one comprising persons whose duration of unemployment is above the median and the other, persons whose duration is below it. Medians are calculated from group data, linear interpolation being used within the group which contains the median.
- 14. Unemployed persons classified by industry and occupation. Unemployed persons who had worked full time for two weeks or more in the last two years are classified according to the industry and occupation of their most recent full-time job. Unemployment rates by industry and occupation are only available for February, May, August and November (see paragraph 53).
- 15. The *labour force* comprises all persons who, during the survey week, were employed or unemployed, as defined above.
- 16. The labour force participation rate for any group is the labour force expressed as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 and over in the same group. Because it is not practicable to ascertain the birthplace of persons in institutions (who are classified as not in the labour force), labour force participation rates for persons classified by birthplace are calculated by using population estimates which exclude those in institutions.
- 17. Full-time workers are those who usually work 35 hours or more a week and others who, although usually part-time workers, worked 35 hours or more during the survey week. Part-time workers are those who usually work less than 35 hours a week and who did so during the survey week. When recording hours of work, fractions of an hour are disregarded.

- 18. Hours of work. The figures of aggregate hours and of average hours refer to actual hours worked during the survey week, not hours paid for. The figures may be affected by public holidays, leave, absenteeism; temporary absence from work due to sickness, injury, accident and industrial disputes; and stoppages of work due to bad weather, plant breakdown, etc. When hours of work are recorded, fractions of an hour are disregarded and this results in slightly lower figures than would be the case if actual time worked was recorded. Persons stood down for the whole of the survey week without pay because of bad weather or plant breakdown at their place of employment are regarded as employed and therefore are included (working no hours) in the calculation of average hours worked. Persons stood down in the survey week for reasons other than bad weather and plant breakdown and waiting to be called back to their job are regarded as unemployed and are therefore excluded from the calculation.
- 19. Persons attending school comprise those aged 15 to 20 who, during the survey week, were enrolled full time at secondary or high schools. Excluded are persons who were enrolled at universities, colleges of advanced education, technical colleges, other tertiary educational institutions, and coaching and business schools. Persons attending school are classified as in the labour force if they were employed or unemployed as defined above. Because it is not practicable to ascertain from persons in institutions (who are classified as not in the labour force) whether or not they are enrolled at secondary or high schools, such persons are excluded from estimates classified by school attendance.
- 20. Persons not in the labour force are those who, during the survey week, were not in the categories employed or unemployed, as defined above. They include persons who were keeping house (unpaid), attending an educational institution (school, university, etc.), retired, voluntarily inactive, permanently unable to work, inmates of institutions (hospitals, gaols, sanatoria, etc.), trainee teachers, members of contemplative religious orders, and persons whose only activity during the survey week was jury service or unpaid voluntary work for a charitable organisation.

#### Marital status

21. In the labour force survey, persons are classified as married or not married. The former category includes persons who are separated, while the latter category includes persons who, at the time of the survey, had never married, or were widowed, or divorced. However, the marital status to which a person is assigned depends upon the information given by the respondent, and does not necessarily reflect legal status. Prior to October 1982, respondents who stated they were living in a de facto arrangement were asked how they would describe their marital status on a Population Census schedule and the answer was recorded. From October 1982 these respondents were coded as married. This may have resulted in some discontinuity between September and October 1982 in series classified according to marital status.

#### Status of worker

22. The February, May, August and November issues of this publication include a table showing estimates of employed persons, obtained from the labour force survey, classified by status of worker i.e. whether they were employers, self-employed persons, wage and salary earners (employees), or unpaid family helpers (who worked 15 hours or more in the survey week).

#### Classification of industry and occupation

23. Industry is classified according to the Australian Standard Industrial Classification (ASIC) 1978 (1201.0 and 1202.0) and occupation according to the Classification and Classified List of Occupations, Revised June 1976.

#### State capital cities

24. The areas determining the six State capital cities are the Statistical Divisions for those capital cities defined in Census of Population and Housing 1976, Population and Dwellings in Local Government Areas and Urban Centres (Preliminary) (2401.0-2408.0). Capital City Statistical Divisions are predominantly urban in character and the boundaries are delineated to contain the anticipated urban development of the capital cities (and associated urban centres) for a period of at least 20 years.

#### Population benchmarks

25. The population survey estimates are calculated in such a way as to conform to the independently estimated distribution of the population aged 15 and over by age and sex. These independent estimates (benchmarks) are necessarily derived from incomplete information about population changes (deaths, internal and overseas migration) and can differ from estimates of the population subsequently published by the ABS. For estimates of the population and other demographic statistics reference should be made to Australian Demographic Statistics Quarterly (3101.0).

#### Revision of series

- Survey estimates are not revised for the usually small amendments of population benchmarks arising from new data on deaths and overseas and internal migration. Revisions are made, however, after each census and when population estimation bases are reviewed. Survey estimates back to August 1966 have been recalculated to conform to revised population estimates. The estimates take account of results of the 1966, 1971 and 1976 Census of Population and Housing, including estimates of under-enumeration, and incorporate a revised method of measuring overseas migration gain (i.e. by excluding movements of less than one year's duration). For information concerning these population estimates for the period June 1971 to June 1977 see Population and Vital Statistics, Australia, June Quarter 1977 (3212.0).
- 27. The new sample and revised questionnaire. Survey estimates for February 1978 and subsequent months have been obtained by using a new sample and revised questionnaire. The new sample was selected in order to reflect the changes in the distribution of the population shown by the 1976 Population Census results. The questionnaire, which had undergone little change since 1960, except for the inclusion in 1975 of additional questions on job-seeking, was revised to provide more accurate and more detailed information concerning the labour force.

- 28. Details of the changes made to the questionnaire and the reasons for the changes are contained in Information Paper: Questionnaires Used in the Labour Force Survey, March 1978 (6232.0). In November 1981 a number of additional minor amendments were made to the questionnaire (see paragraph 10) and these are outlined in a December 1981 issue of the above information paper, 6232.0.
- 29. Estimates for the period August 1966 to November 1977 have been revised in order to provide a series for earlier periods as comparable as possible with the February 1978 and later estimates. For periods prior to August 1976, detailed revised estimates are available only for August of each year. For February, May and November only broad revised aggregates (as in Table 1) are available. Revised estimates have been published in The Labour Force, Australia, 1978 (6204.0), which also contains information concerning the methods used in the revision.

#### Comparability of series

- 30. When comparing estimates for February 1978 and subsequent months with those for earlier periods, it should be noted that with the introduction of monthly surveys the interviews are now conducted during a two-week period, whereas formerly the period was four weeks. This change of timing may affect the level of the figures for any month, particularly for months during which the labour force status of the population may be changing rapidly.
- 31. Because of the revisions mentioned above, the estimates in this publication are not comparable with those shown in issues before February 1978 or in the publications entitled *The Labour Force*, Australia (6204.0) covering the period 1964 to 1977.
- 32. From September 1979, industry estimates in labour force survey publications have been classified according to the 1978 version of the Australian Standard Industrial Classification (ASIC). The estimates are therefore not strictly comparable with those for periods prior to September 1979, which were classified according to the 1969 version of ASIC.

#### Survey sample

- 33. The populaton survey sample was reselected after the 1971 and 1976 Censuses of Population and Housing to allow data from the latest Census to be used to improve the efficiency of the population survey sample design. The reselection following the 1981 Census has been completed, and a new sample in all States and Territories was introduced for the October 1982 survey. While estimates from two different samples may differ purely due to chance, the old (i.e. pre-October) and new samples are based on almost identical methods of stratification and selection, and there is only a small probability that the published October estimates differ significantly from the estimates that would have been produced if the old sample had been retained.
- 34. In reselecting the survey sample, the sampling fractions for States and Territories were not altered except for Western Australia. Because the population of that State was expected to overtake that of South Australia during the intercensal period, it was decided to

make the sampling fraction for Western Australia 1 in 100, the same as for South Australia, instead of 1 in 90 as previously. This resulted in a slight increase in the standard errors of estimates for Western Australia.

- 35. For information on sample design and selection see the Technical note in *The Labour Force, Australia, 1978* (6204.0).
- 36. Because of the introduction of the new sample of dwellings in October (see paragraph 33), there was not the usually high proportion of dwellings common to each of two consecutive surveys and the standard errors of movements between September and October are therefore higher than normal.

#### Reliability of the estimates

- 37. Estimates in this publication are subject to two sources of error:
  - (a) sampling error: since the estimates are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings they, and the movements derived from them may differ from the figures that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey. More information on this topic is given in the Technical note.
  - (b) non-sampling error: inaccuracies may occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents and interviewers and errors made in the coding and processing of data. These inaccuracies may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or a sample. Every effort is made to reduce the non-sampling error to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient operating procedures.

# Differences between population census and population survey estimates

- 38. The results of the 1976 Census of Population and Housing show that labour force figures derived from the census differ from estimates derived from the population surveys of May and August 1976.
- 39. The labour force definition used in the census is similar to that used in the survey. (See paragraphs 6 to 19.) However, evidence from census post-enumeration surveys indicates that the personal interview approach, as used in the population survey, tends to identify a larger number of persons as being in the labour force than does the filling in of the questions on the census schedule by the householder. In addition, the post-enumeration survey following the 1976 Population Census showed an underenumeration of the population of 2.71 per cent. It has not been possible to adjust the published census labour force figures for any under-enumeration.
- 40. In the 1971 and 1976 Population Censuses the minor occupation group 'Architects, engineers, surveyors, professional' was limited solely to persons holding a university degree. Other persons describing themselves in professional terms but not holding a degree were classified to minor group 'Draftsmen and technicians, n.e.c.'. Information to enable this distinction to be made in the labour force survey is not available.

41. These considerations should be borne in mind if comparisons are made between population census and labour force survey estimates.

#### Seasonal adjustment

- 42. This publication contains seasonally adjusted estimates of labour force series for the latest months. Information about the method of seasonal adjustment used and seasonally adjusted figures for all months since February 1978 for the major labour force series which are published in seasonally adjusted form are contained in an appendix to the February 1982 issue of this publication.
- 43. The seasonal adjustment factors have been calculated on the basis of four years of monthly data. This is a relatively short series of data on which to base the calculation of seasonal factors, particularly when the pattern of movement is varying from year to year. This effect is particularly marked in the unemployment figures. As happens with all seasonally adjusted series, the seasonal factors will be reviewed annually. Each additional year's figures will cause the factors to be revised; it follows that the seasonally adjusted figures in this publication are certain to be revised. When interpreting trends based on seasonally adjusted series, it should always be borne in mind that seasonally adjusted figures by their nature will be revised when later information is used in calculating the seasonal factors.

#### **Gross flows**

- 44. In order to minimise respondent burden and at the same time maintain continuity within the population survey sample, one eighth of the dwellings in the sample (except the large non-private dwellings) are replaced after each survey. Adoption of this rotation procedure, whereby about seven eighths of the sample remains unchanged from one month to the next, enables more reliable measurements of changes in the labour force characteristics of the population to be made than would be possible if a new sample were introduced each month.
- 45. Because a high proportion of private dwellings selected in one survey remains in the sample for the following survey, it is possible to match the characteristics of most of the persons in those dwellings from one month to the next, to record any changes that occur, and hence to produce estimates of *flows* between the different categories of the population and labour force.
- 46. The procedures used to select persons in non-private dwellings preclude the possibility of matching any of them who may be included in successive surveys. For this and other reasons, including the mobility of the population and non-response in either or both surveys, about 10 per cent of persons in those dwellings which are included in the sample in successive months cannot be matched. Those who can be matched represent about 80 per cent of all persons in the survey.
- 47. Changes in the characteristics of this latter group are shown in the gross flows table. About one half of the remaining (unmatched) 20 per cent of persons in the survey are likely to have characteristics similar to those in the matched group, but the characteristics of the other half are likely to be somewhat different.

- 48. Gross flow estimates relate only to those persons in private dwellings for whom information was obtained in successive surveys. The expansion factors used in calculating the estimates were those applying to the second of each pair of months.
- 49. Although it is not possible to provide gross flow estimates for all persons in the survey it is considered that the estimates derived from matched records will be a useful guide to the magnitude of the movements between categories which underlie the changes in monthly levels, when comparing flows for different periods. However, it is important to take into account the population represented by the matched sample, as shown in the last line of the table.
- 50. While every effort is made to reduce non-sampling errors to a minimum, any such errors affecting labour force status will tend to accumulate in the gross flow statistics rather than to cancel out. The estimates are also subject to sampling variability, as explained in the Technical note. For these reasons the estimates of flows should be used with caution. The standard errors may be obtained from Table A of the Technical note.
- 51. Estimates of total flows into or out of the employed category may be less than the sum of the estimates for employed full time and employed part time as the estimates for the latter two categories include movements between these two categories.
- 52. As the October 1982 labour force estimates are based on an entirely new survey sample (see paragraphs 33 to 36), statistics of gross flows between September and October 1982 are not available.

#### Additional data

53. Estimates for employed persons classified by industry, occupation and status of worker are available each February, May, August and November, and the following tables are published in issues of this publication for those months.

Employed persons—
Industry and occupation—
Full-time and part-time workers
Status of worker
Age and birthplace
Hours worked
Industry by occupation
Industry subdivisions
Major and minor occupation groups

Prior to August 1982 statistics of employed persons by industry and occupation were not published in the same detail each quarter but were included on a rotational basis. For details see the July 1982 issue of this publication.

54. The availability of these extra tables also enables publication of unemployment rates for persons classified by industry and occupation for these same months. Other unpublished data from labour force surveys may be available on request.

#### Related publications

55. Users may also wish to refer to the following publications which relate to the labour force and are available on request:

Unemployment, Australia (Preliminary Estimates) (6201.0)—issued monthly

The Labour Force, Australia (Preliminary) (6202.0)—issued monthly

The Labour Force, Australia, 1980 (6204.0)

Unemployment, Underemployment and Related Statistics, Australia, February 1978 to February 1980 (6236.0) The Labour Force, New South Wales (6201.1)—issued quarterly

The Labour Force, Victoria (6201.2)—issued monthly The Labour Force, Queensland (6201.3)—issued quarterly

The Labour Force, South Australia (6201.4)—issued quarterly

Civilian Employees, Australia (6213.0)—latest issue: April 1980

Job Vacancies, Australia (6231.0)—issued quarterly

Information Paper: Questionnaires used in the Labour Force Survey, December 1981 (6232.0)

Information Paper: Review of ABS Employment Statistics (6239.0)

Overtime, Australia (6330.0)-issued monthly

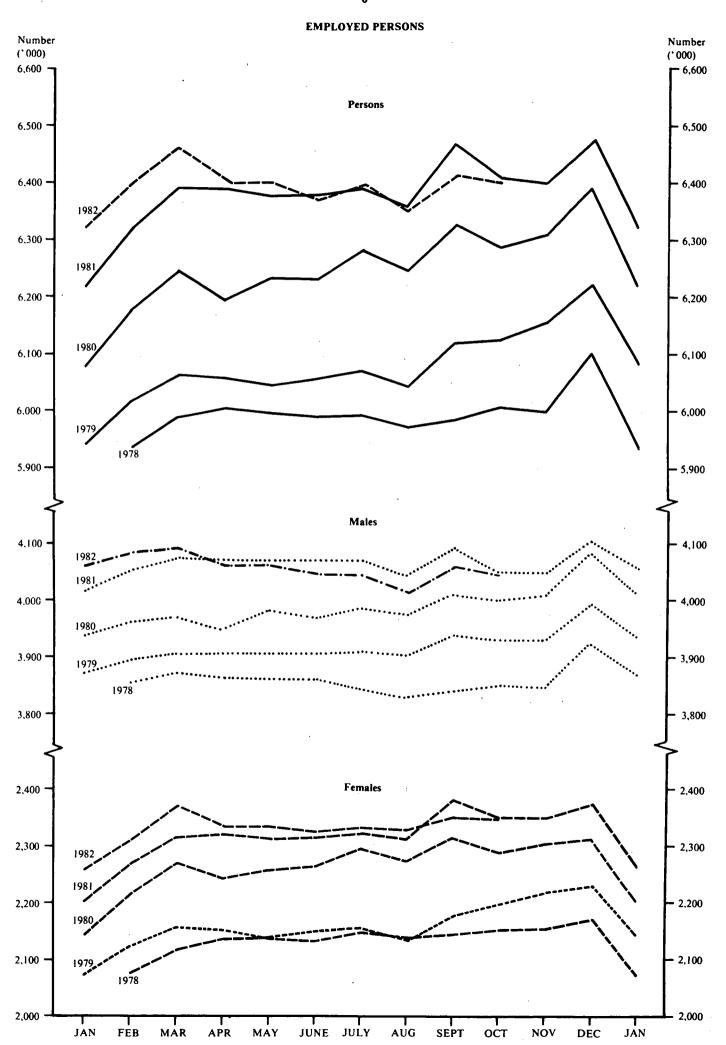
Supplementary and special survey publications on labour force and related topics are listed after the Technical note.

56. Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the Catalogue of Publications, Australia (1101.0). The ABS also issues, on Tuesdays and Fridays, a Publications Advice (1105.0) which lists publications to be released in the next few days. The Catalogue and Publications Advice are available from any ABS office.

### Symbols and other usages

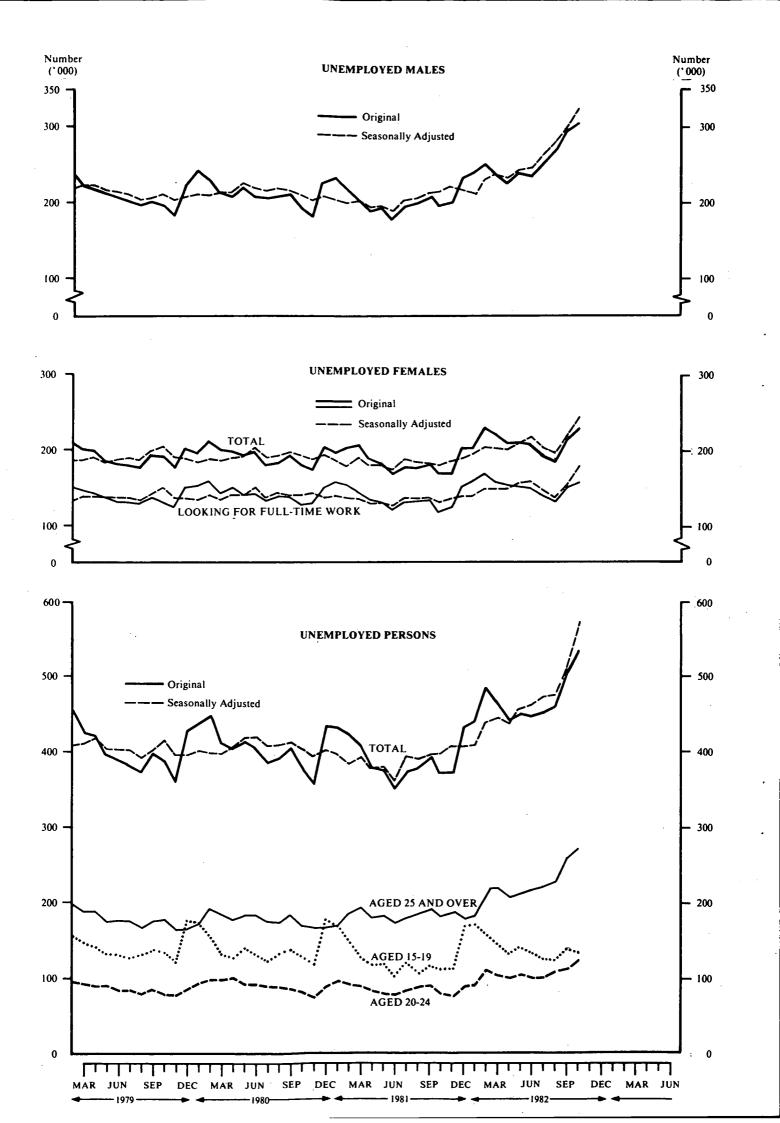
- \* subject to sampling variability too high for most practical uses. See paragraph 6 of the Technical note
- n.a. not available
  - .. not applicable
- n.e.c. not elsewhere classified
  - nil or rounded to zero
  - r revised since previous issue
- 57. Figures have been rounded and discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

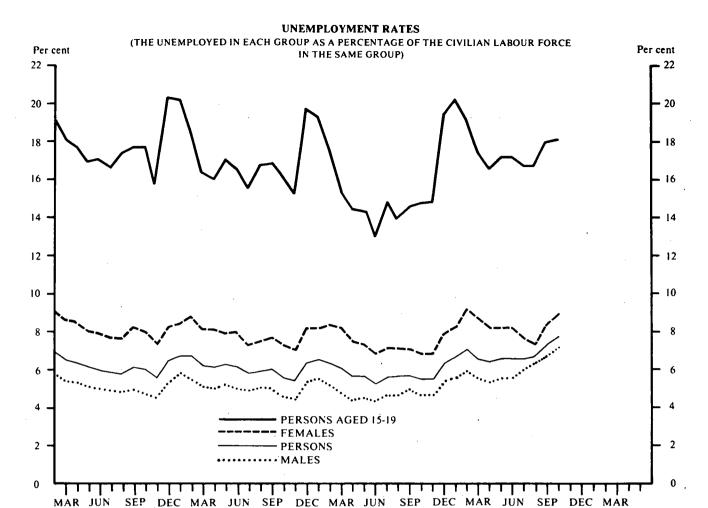
R. J. CAMERON
Australian Statistician



#### **EMPLOYED PERSONS**







<del>--- 1980 --</del>

<del>-</del> 1982 -

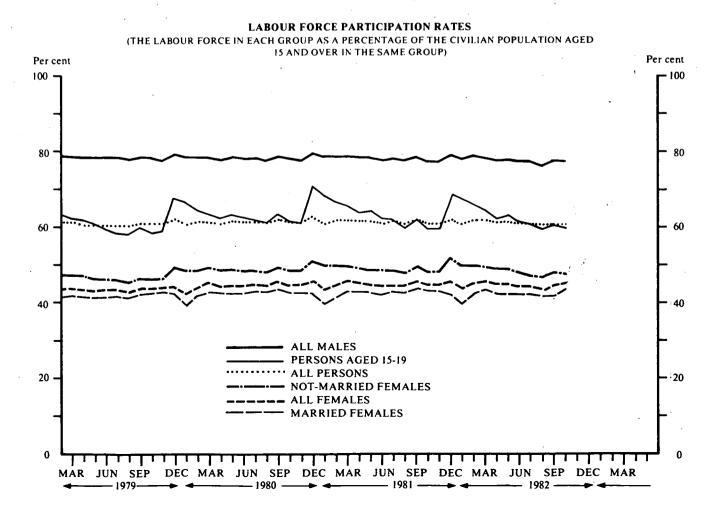


TABLE 1. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER(a)

		•		Uner	nployed						
•			Looki full-tim								
	Empl	oyed	Aged 15-19 looking		Looking			Master	Civilian popula- tion	Un-	D
Month	Full-time workers	Total	for	Total	for part-time work	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	aged 15 and over	employ- ment rate	Partici- pation rate
·		<del></del>		-	- ' <i>000</i>					— ре	er cent —
	<u></u>	. <u>.</u> .		MAI	LES						
1981											
September	3,869.2	4,088.0	15.1	194.2	15.3	209.5	4,297.5	1,188.9	5,486.3	4.9	78.3
October	3,829.5	4,049.7	18.0	185.4	14.3	199.7	4,249.4	1,243.7	5,493.1	4.7	77.4
November	3,831.5	4,043.1	18.5	185.6	14.8	200.4	4,243.5	1,263.2	5,506.7	4.7	77.1
December	3,896.6	4,101.7	36.6	206.1	26.5	232.6	4,334.4	1,181.9	5,516.3	5.4	78.6
1982											
January .	3,863.5	4,061.0	33.9	221.0	17.6	238.6	4,299.6	1,225.6	5,525.2	5.5	77.8
February	3,885.6	4,083.0	30.7	236.3	15.5	251.7	4,334.7	1,200.7	5,535.4	5.8	78.3
March	3,880.4	4,091.8	23.2	216.1	22.0	238.1	4,329.9	1,215.6	5,545.4	5.5	78.1
April	3,826.5	4,062.7	15.9	210.2	16.9	227.2	4,289.9	1,265.2	5,555.0	5.3	77.2
May	3,836.5	4,066.9	18.5	219.8	20.0	239.8	4,306.8	1,256.7	5,563.4	5.6	77.4
June	3,821.6	4.054.6	14.8	215.8	23.7	239.5	4,294.1	1,278.8	5,572.9	5.6	77.1
July	3,829.2	4,054.4	16.0	233.1	20.2	253.3	4,307.8	1,276.5	5,584.3	5.9	77.1
August	3,775.5	4,016.4	17.3	249.9	21.2	271.0	4,287.5	1,308.0	5,595.5	6.3	76.6
September	3,822.6	4,059.2	20.7	271.6	22.2	293.7	4,352.9	1,253.6	5,606.5	6.7	77.6
October	3,792.5	4,047.3	19.1	286.6	20.6	307.3	4,354.6	1,263.7	5,618.2	7.1	77.5
Standard error of—											
October 1982 estimates September 1982 to October	13.7	14.0	1.9	5.9	2.0	6.0	14.2	9.8		0.1	0.3
1982 movements	19.0	19.4	2.8	8.2	2.9	8.5	19.9	13.8		0.2	0.4
<del></del>	· ·		MA	RRIED	FEMALES						
1981—							-				
September	807.8	1,453.1	•	43.8	29.5	73.4	1,526.4	1,995.3	3,521.8	4.8	43.3
October	802.8	1,440.2	*	39.6	32.8	72.3	1,512.6	2,002.3	3,514.8	4.8	43.0
November	796.0	1,437.5		43.2	30.2	73.4	1,510.9	2,022.8	3,533.6	4.9	42.8
December	804.4	1,411.2	*	42.8	28.0	70.7	1,482.0	2,047.8	3,529.8	4.8	42.0
1982—											
January	789.3	1,340.4	*	38.7	24.2	62.9	1,403.3	2,137.7	3,541.0	4.5	39.6
February	789.4	1,391.5	*	51.3	. 40.2	91.4	1,483.0	2,051.0	3,533.9	6.2	42.0
March	805.6	1,450.6	•	52.2	36.5	88.7	1,539.3	2,014.6	3,553.9	5.8	43.3
April	809.2	1,426.1	•	48.9	31.3	80.2	1,506.3	2,051.0	3,557.3	5.3	42.3
May	804.2	1,432.1	•	47.3	36.6	83.9	1,515.9	2,055.2	3,571.2	5.5	42.4
June Tarka	798.9	1,425.7		49.7	34.9	84.6	1,510.3	2,059.0	3,569.3	5.6	42.3
July	792.5	1,430.7	•	45.6	35.4	1.18	1,511.8	2,056.0	3,567.8	5.4	42.4
August September	783.5	1,429.4	•	42.1	34.9	76.9	1,506.3	2,072.4	3,578.7	5.1	42.1
September October	800.2	1,442.6	•	50.0	39.4	89.5	1,532.1	2,049.3	3,581.3	5.8	42.8
OCTOBET	810.2	1,482.6	•	52.6	47.2	99.8	1,582.4	2,052.4	3,634.8	6.3	43.5
Standard error of—											
October 1982 estimates September 1982 to October	8.5	10.3	• •	3.0	2.9	3.9	10.5	11.4		0.2	0.3
1982 movements	11.9	14.4		4.3	4.1	5.5	14.7	16.1		0.3	0.4

For footnote see end of table.

TABLE 1. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER(a)—continued

				Unen	nployed						
			Looki full-tim	~ .		,					
	Empl	oyed	Aged 15-19		Looking		•	87 ?	Civilian popula- tion	Un-	
Month	Full-time workers	Total	looking for first job	Total	for part-time work	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	15 and	employ- ment rate	Partici- pation rate
				_	- '000 —					— ре	er cens
,				ALL FEI	MALES						
1981—						_					
September	1,539.6	2,378.1	21.2	133.9	47.7	181.6	2,559.7	3,063.6	5,623.3	7.1	45.5
October	1,524.3	2,356.8	19.5	118.7	52.0	170.6	2,527.4	3,102.6	5,630.0	6.8	44.9
November	1,513.4	2,356.4	19.6	125.1	46.4	171.5	2,527.9	3,115.3	5,643.2	6.8	44.8
December	1,562.9	2,370.9	38.1	152.6	48.1	200.7	2,571.6	3,080.9	5,652.5	7.8	45.5
1982—											
January	1,535.9	2,260.3	39.0	156.0	45.1	201.0	2,461.4	3,200.5	5,661.9	8.2	43.5
February	1,524.5	2,314.5	35.2	170.3	62.4	232.7	2,547.2	3,123.5	5,670.7	9.1	44.9
March	1,524.2	2,369.3	28.8	158.2	63.4	221.6	2,590.9	3,089.4	5,680.3	8.6	45.6
April	1,519.0	2,333.5	25.6	153.1	55.9	209.0	2,542.5	3,148.2	5,690.8	8.2	44.7
May	1,520.3	2,337.9	23.4	152.8	57.2	210.0	2,547.9	3,152.0	5,699.9	8.2	44.7
June	1,509.4	2,324.1	22.1	150.8	57.5	208.3	2,532.4	3,177.1	5,709.5	8.2	44.4
July	1,507.3	2,337.5	19.0	142.9	54.0	196.9	2,534.4	3,186.4	5,720.8	7.8	44.3
August	1,487.8	2,331.1	17.7	135.6	51.9	187.5	2,518.6	3,213.3	5,731.9	7.4	43.9
September	1,514.3	2,355.0	16.4	149.1	63.1	212.1	2,567.1	3,175.7	5,742.9	8.3	44.7
October	1,490.5	2,352.8	18.7	158.4	71.2	229.6	2,582.4	3,171.8	5,754.2	8.9	44.9
Standard error of—											
October 1982 estimates September 1982 to October	10.3	11.9	1.9	4.7	3.4	5.4	12.2	13.0		0.2	0.2
1982 movements	14.5	16.6	2.7	6.5	4.7	7.5	17.0	18.0	• •	0.3	0.3
				PERS	ONS						
1981—											<del></del>
September	5,408.8	6,466.1	36.3	328.1	63.0	391.1	6,857.2	4,252.5	11,109.6	5.7	61.7
October	5,353.8	6,406.5	37.4	304.1	66.3	370.4	6,776.9	4,346.3	11,123.1	5.5	60.9
November	5,344.8	6,399.5	38.1	310.7	61.2	371.9	6,771.4	4,378.5	11,149.9	5.5	60.7
December	5,459.5	6,472.6	74.8	358.7	74.6	433.3	6,905.9	4,262.8	11,168.7	6.3	61.8
1982—											
January	5,399.4	6,321.3	72.8	377.0	62.6	439.6	6,761.0	4,426.1	11,187.1	6.5	60.4
February	5,410.1	6,397.5	65.9	406.6	77.8	484.4	6,881.9	4,324.1	11,206.0	7.0	61.4
March	5,404.6	6,461.1	52.0	374.3	85.4	459.7	6,920.8	4,305.0	11,225.8	6.6	61.7
April	5,345.4	6,396.2	41.6	363.3	72.8	436.2	6,832.4	4,413.4	11,245.8	6.4	60.8
May	5,356.8	6,404.8	41.9	372.6	77.3	449.9	6,854.7	4,408.7	11,263.3	6.6	60.9
June	5,331.0	6,378.7	37.0	366.6	81.2	447.8	6,826.5	4,455.9	11,282.4	6.6	60.5
July	5,336.5	6,391.9	35.0	376.1	74.2	450.3	6,842.2	4,463.0	11,305.2	6.6	60.5
August	5,263.3	6,347.6	34.9	385.4	73.1	458.5	6,806.0	4,521.3	11,327.4	6.7	60.1
September	5,336.8	6,414.2	37.1	420.6	85.2	505.9	6,920.0	4,429.3	11,349.3	7.3	61.0
October	5,283.0	6,400.1	37.8	445.1	91.8	536.8	6,937.0	4,435.5	11,372.5	7.7	61.0
Standard error of—											
October 1982 estimates	15.0	15.9	2.6	6.9	3.8	7.3	16.2	14.3		0.1	0.1
September 1982 to October				-					••	0.1	0.1
1982 movements	21.3	22.7	3.6	9.6	5.3	10.2	23.3	19.7		0.1	0.1

<sup>(</sup>a) For information on standard errors see Technical note.

TABLE 2. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES(a)

		<del></del>		nployed	<del></del>			
		Looki full-tim	ng for ne work					
	Employed	Aged 15-19 looking for first job	Total — '000—	Looking for part- time work	Total	Labour force	Unemploy- ment rate	Partici- pation rate
				ALES			—per ce	nt—
1981—	40042				<del></del>			
September October November December	4,084.2 4,062.5 4,061.3 4,053.5	17.3 20.1 21.6 21.6	196.3 199.0 202.7 196.3	15.8 15.1 18.4 18.8	212.1 214.1 221.1 215.1	4,295.4 4,275.2 4,282.1 4,267.2	4.9 5.0 5.1 5.0	78.2 77.8 77.7 77.4
1982— January February March April May June July August September	4,074.3 4,078.0 4,077.0 4,055.0 4,065.8 4,059.6 4,060.6 4,041.3 4,055.2	21.0 23.2 24.3 19.0 23.7 20.5 23.5 22.9 23.7	191.3 214.5 215.6 214.7 224.6 221.8 241.0 256.2 274.4	17.8 14.9 20.7 17.3 18.2 27.0 21.7 23.8 22.9	209.1 229.4 236.3 232.0 242.8 248.8 262.7 280.0 297.3	4,283.1 4,307.2 4,317.3 4,287.9 4,311.2 4,308.4 4,321.6 4,319.1 4,350.6	4.9 5.3 5.5 5.4 5.6 5.8 6.1 6.5 6.8	77.5 77.8 77.9 77.2 77.5 77.3 77.4 77.2 77.5
October	4,060.3	21.3	307.1	21.8	328.9	4,381.1	7.5	77.9
			MARRIEI	FEMALES			<del></del>	
September October November December	1,440.2 1,423.5 1,414.0 1,403.3		41.3 42.1 44.2 49.1	29.1 31.0 31.9 30.6	70.4 73.1 76.1 79.7	1,507.2 1,497.0 1,491.9 1,485.6	4.7 4.9 5.1 5.4	42.6 42.3 42.2 42.1
1982— January February March April May June July August September October	1,415.3 1,411.4 1,440.4 1,421.0 1,428.7 1,427.5 1,416.4 1,426.3 1,429.4 1,465.4		42.2 45.5 46.8 46.3 47.4 52.9 45.8 42.1 47.1 56.1	32.1 34.5 32.4 28.9 35.2 33.0 39.0 37.7 38.8 44.4	74.3 80.0 79.2 75.2 82.6 85.9 84.8 79.8 85.9 100.5	1,491.0 1,491.8 1,518.4 1,497.2 1,512.7 1,507.6 1,501.9 1,505.4 1,512.4 1,565.9	5.0 5.4 5.2 5.0 5.5 5.7 5.6 5.3 5.7 6.4	42.3 42.3 42.8 42.1 42.4 42.3 42.0 42.1 42.1 42.8
			ALL FI	EMALES				<del></del>
1981— September October November December	2,355.3 2,342.1 2,337.8 2,344.9	25.8 24.8 26.5 26.2	138.5 134.9 137.9 141.5	46.7 48.5 49.2 50.2	185.2 183.4 187.1 191.7	2,536.8 2,533.4 2,527.7 2,531.7	7.3 7.2 7.4 7.5	45.1 44.9 44.8 44.8
1982— January February March April May June July August September October	2,345.1 2,335.8 2,354.2 2,320.4 2,340.1 2,325.3 2,325.9 2,344.2 2,332.2 2,337.8	25.1 28.4 27.7 26.6 24.8 26.2 24.0 21.6 19.9 23.8	141.4 151.8 150.1 149.4 153.1 160.4 149.4 139.0 152.2 179.0	55.4 55.0 55.6 52.4 56.8 56.3 58.1 58.2 61.8 66.2	196.8 206.8 205.7 201.8 209.9 216.7 207.5 197.2 214.0 245.2	2,537.0 2,544.9 2,553.9 2,522.7 2,552.2 2,541.1 2,536.1 2,545.0 2,544.0 2,588.3	7.7 8.1 8.0 8.2 8.5 8.2 7.7 8.4 9.5	44.8 44.9 45.0 44.4 44.8 44.5 44.3 44.3
·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PERS	SONS				
1981— September October November December	6,439.1 6,404.0 6,403.3 6,402.9	43.1 44.9 48.2 48.0	334.4 333.8 341.8 337.6	61.2 63.2 65.6 68.3	395.6 397.0 407.4 405.9	6,834.0 6,811.8 6,809.2 6,802.5	5.8 5.8 6.0 6.0	61.5 61.2 61.1 60.9
1982— January January February March April May June July August September October	6,417.8 6,412.8 6,427.0 6,375.7 6,402.6 6,384.9 6,389.0 6,385.4 6,387.2 6,397.4	46.3 51.2 51.1 45.3 48.3 47.0 48.1 44.1 44.1	335.3 365.6 364.8 365.5 379.6 378.0 390.1 392.2 426.6 486.6	73.2 73.0 77.2 70.1 74.5 82.5 80.7 82.2 82.7 87.4	408.5 438.6 442.0 435.6 454.1 460.5 470.8 474.4 509.3 574.0	6,819.0 6,853.3 6,867.3 6,811.3 6,857.8 6,845.3 6,859.3 6,867.0 6,896.4 6,972.7	6.0 6.4 6.4 6.6 6.7 6.9 6.9 7.4 8.2	61.0 61.2 61.2 60.6 60.9 60.7 60.7 60.6 60.7 61.3

TABLE 3. LABOUR FORCE STATUS AND MARITAL STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER, OCTOBER 1982

				Unemployed				Civilian		
	Empl	oyed	Looking	Looking				Civilian population		
	Full-time workers	Total	for full-time work	for part-time work	Total	· Labour force		aged 15 and over	Unemploy- ment rate	Partici- pation rate
				00	0 —				— p	er cent —
Males—			-						:	
Married Not married	2,697.8	2,818.9	118.6 168.0	17.0	121.3	2,940.2	703.1	3,643.3	4.1	80.7
Not married	1,094.7	1,228.4	108.0	17.9	186.0	1,414.4	560.6	1,974.9	13.1	71.6
Total	3,792.5	4,047.3	286.6	20.6	307.3	4,354.6	1,263.7	5,618.2	7.1	77.5
Females-										
Married	810.2	1,482.6	52.6	47.2	99.8	1,582.4	2,052.4	3,634.8	6.3	43.5
Not married	680.4	870.2	105.8	24.0	129.8	1,000.1	1,119.4	2,119.5	13.0	47.2
Total	1,490.5	2,352.8	158.4	71.2	229.6	2,582.4	3,171.8	5,754.2	8.9	44.9
Persons	5,283.0	6,400.1	445.1	91.8	536.8	6,937.0	4,435.5	11,372.5	7.7	61.0

TABLE 4. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER, STATES AND TERRITORIES, OCTOBER 1982

				Unemployed						
State or	Empl Full-time	<del></del>	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	and	ment	Partici- pation
Territory	workers	Total	over	rate	rate					
				00	<u> </u>				— p	er cent —
				MALE	s					
N.S.W.	1,316.9	1,408.1	110.4	8.3	118.7	1,526.7	445.8	1,972.6	7.8	77.4
Vic.	1,003.5	1,071.8	61.8	4.8	66.7	1,138.5	336.1	1,474.5	5.9	77.2
Qld	608.8	648.5	39.5	•	42.1	690.5	201.6	892.1	6.1	77.4
S.A.	331.2	354.5	28.0	2.5	30.5	385.0	114.7	499.7	7.9	77.0
W.A.	340.7	362.3	28.0	•	29.5	391.9	103.5	495.3	7.5	79.1
Tas.	99.2	104.0	13.6	•	14.0	118.0	39.4	157.3	11.9	75.0
N.T.	36.9	38.9	1.8	•	1.9	40.9	6.7	47.6	4.7	85.9
A.C.T.	55.3	59.2	3.6	•	4.0	63.1	16.0	79.1	6.3	79.8
Australia	3,792.5	4,047.3	286.6	20.6	307.3	4,354.6	1,263.7	5,618.2	7.1	77.5
				FEMAL	ES					
N.S.W.	521.7	802.4	57.6	20.9	78.5	880.9	1,149.1	2,029.9	8.9	43.4
Vic.	415.4	638.4	40.2	22.4	62.6	701.0	822.9	1,524.0	8.9	46.0
Qld	226.4	359.6	22.5	10.3	32.8	392.3	514.2	906.6	8.4	43.3
S.A.	120.5	210.3	15.9	5.7	. 21.6	231.9	280.4	512.3	9.3	45.3
W.A.	124.6	212.8	13.7	7.4	21.1	233.9	256.7	490.6	9.0	47.7
Tas.	36.2	60.5	5.0	2.3	7.3	67.8	96.4	164.2	10.8	41.3
N.T.	18.4	25.6	•	•	2.0	27.6	15.3	42.9	7.2	64.4
A.C.T.	27.3	43.2	2.5	•	3.8	47.0	36.7	83.7	8.0	56.2
Australia	1,490.5	2,352.8	158.4	71.2	229.6	2,582.4	3,171.8	5,754.2	8.9	44.9
				PERSON	18					
N.S.W.	1,838.6	2,210.5	167.9	29.2	197.1	2,407.6	1,594.9	4,002.5	8.2	60.2
Vic.	1,418.9	1,710.2	102.0	27.3	129.3	1,839.5	1,159.0	2,998.5	7.0	61.3
Qld	835.2	1,008.0	62.0	12.8	74.8	1,082.9	715.9	1,798.7	6.9	60.2
S.A.	451.8	564.9	43.9	8.2	52.0	616.9	395.1	1,012.0	. 8.4	61.0
W.A.	465.3	575.1	41.7	9.0	50.7	625.8	360.2	985.9	8.1	63.5
Tas.	135.5	164.5	18.6	2.6	21.3	185.7	135.8	321.6	11.5	57.8
N.T.	55.3	64.6	2.9	•	3.9	68.5	21.9	90.4	5.7	75.7
A.C.T.	82.5	102.4	6.0	•	7.7	110.2	52.7	162.8	7.0	67.7
Australia	5,283.0	6,400.1	445.1	91.8	536.8	6,937.0	4,435.5	11,372.5	7.7	61.0

TABLE 5. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER, STATE CAPITAL CITIES, OCTOBER 1982

			•	Unemployed	_					
	Empl	oyed	Looking for	Looking for	<del></del>		Not in	Civilian population aged 15	Unemploy-	Partici-
Capital city	Full-time workers	Total	full-time work	part-time work	. Total	Labour force	labour force	and over	ment rate	pation rate
·				— ' <i>0</i> 6	00 —				— р	er cent —
				MALE	s					
Sydney	839.4	899.7	61.4	6.1	67.5	967.2	271.7	1,238.9	7.0	78.1
Melbourne	720.0	765.6	42.7	•	46.6	812.3	238.3	1,050.5	5.7	77.3
Brisbane	268.8	289.7	17.4	•	19.1	308.8	91.9	400.7	6.2	77.1
Adelaide	230.5	247.2	22.2	*	24.2	271.5	86.6	358.1	8.9	75.8
Perth	231.3	247.6	21.3	•	22.5	270.1	75.3	345.4	8.3	78.2
Hobart	39.1	40.8	5.5	•	5.7	46.5	17.2	63.7	12.2	73.0
Total	2,329.1	2,490.7	170.5	15.1	185.6	2,676.3	780.9	3,457.2	6.9	77.4
				FEMAL	ES					
Sydney	376.8	550.9	33.5	13.7	47.2	598.1	711.0	1,309.1	7.9	45.7
Melbourne	324.1	476.3	29.5	16.0	45.5	521.8	578.4	1,100.1	8.7	47.4
Brisbane	120.0	181.3	9.2	5.4	14.6	195.9	234.0	429.9	7.5	45.6
Adelaide	93.9	159.4	12.5	4.1	16.6	176.0	203.6	379.6	9.4	46.4
Perth	98.1	161.3	10.0	5.5	15.5	176.9	189.1	366.0	8.8	48.3
Hobart	17.3	27.2	2.2	• .	3.4	30.6	37.8	68.3	11.0	44.8
Total	1,030.1	1,556.4	97.0	45.8	142.8	1,699.2	1,953.8	3,653.1	8.4	46.5
				PERSO	NS					
Sydney	1,216.2	1,450.6	94.9	19.8	114.7	1,565.2	982.7	2,548.0	7.3	61.4
Melbourne	1,044.1	1,242.0	72.2	19.9	92.1	1,334.0	816.7	2,150.7	6.9	62.0
Brisbane	388.8	471.0	26.7	7.0	33.7	504.7	325.9	830.6	6.7	60.8
Adelaide	324.4	406.6	34.7	6.1	40.9	447.5	290.2	737.7	9.1	60.7
Perth	329.4	408.9	31.3	6.7	38.0	447.0	264.4	711.3	8.5	62.8
Hobart	56.3	68.1	7.7	•	9.0	77. 1	54.9	132.0	11.7	58.4
Total	3,359.1	4,047.2	267.5	60.9	328.3	4,375.5	2,734.8	7,110.3	7.5	61.5

TABLE 6. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY, OCTOBER 1982

		_			Pe	ersons	
		Fema	les	Aged	Aged	Aged 25	
	Males	Married	Total	15-19	20-24	and over	Total
			_	· 000 —			
Employed	59.2	27.2	43.2	8.3	14.0	80.2	102.4
Full-time workers	55.3	15.4	27.3	3.6	12.9	66.0	82.5
Part-time workers	3.9	11.7	16.0	4.6	*	14.2	19.9
Unemployed	4.0	*	3.8	•	*	5.0	7.7
Looking for full-time work	3.6	•	2.5	•	*	4.2	6.0
Looking for part-time work	*	•	. •	•	•	•	*
Labour force	63.1	29.0	47.0	9.9	15.1	<i>85.2</i>	110.2
Not in the labour force	16.0	25.2	36.7	10.5	3.5	38.6	52.7
Aged 15-19 attending school(a)	4.8	•	•	8.8	· · ·	• •	8.8
Civilian population	79.1	54.1	83.7	20.4	18.6	123.8	162.8
	•		—р	er cent—			
Unemployment rate	6.3	•	8.0	•	•	5.9	7.0
Persons looking for full-time work	6.0		8.3			5.9	6.8
Participation rate	79.8	53.5	56.2	48.5	81.0	68.8	67.7
Employment/population ratio	74.8	50.3	51.7	40.4	75.4	64.7	62.9
			—n	umber—			
Average weekly hours worked by employed							
persons	35.6	26.1	27.1	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	32.0
Average duration of unemployment (weeks)	43.7	•	30.4	•	•	43.4	37.2

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes persons in institutions. See Explanatory notes, paragraph 19.

TABLE 7. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 TO 19: SCHOOL ATTENDANCE, OCTOBER 1982(a)

				Unemployed	<del>- ,</del>					
	Emplo Full-time workers	yed Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	Total	Labour force		Civilian population aged 15-19	Unemploy- ment rate	Partici pation rate
				<b>-</b> · 00	o —	•	•	· ·		er cent -
			TON	ATTENDIN	G SCHOO	L				· ·
Males	260.6	284.3	51.2	•	53.2	337.5	37.4	374.8	15:8	90.0
Females	193.4	230.5	48.7	•	51.9	282.4	66.6	349.0	18.4	80.9
Persons	454.0	514.8	99.9	5.2	105.1	619.9	104.0	723.9	17.0	85.6
Left school-										
Before 1981	301.4	332.8	59.5	•	62.6	395.4	56.4	451.9	15.8	87.5
1981	128.8	153.4	30.5	•	31.9	185.3	41.0	226.3	17.2	81.9
1982 to survey date	23.8	28.6	10.0	•	10.6	39.2	6.5	45.7	27.0	85.7
Age—										
15	11.2	13.1	4.8		5.0	18.1	4.7	22.8	27.8	79.5
16	51.9	59.8	14.1	•	14.6	74.3	7.4	81.8	19.6	90.9
17	94.0	107.4	24.0	) (	25.2	132.6	14.8	147.4	19.0	89.9
18	136.2	152.2	29.1	<b>}</b> 4.5 {	30.6	182.9	34.0	216.9	16.7	84.3
19	160.7	182.3	27.9	J	29.7	212.0	43.0	255.1	14.0	83.1
		-	A	TTENDING S	CHOOL					
Males	•	46.4	6.9	10.2	17.1	63.5	205.9	269.4	26.9	23.6
Females	•	57.0	•	10.5	14.7	71.6	197.9	269.6	20.5	26.6
Persons	•	103.4	11.1	20.7	31.8	135.1	403.8	539.0	23.5	25.1
Age—								•		
15	•	36.8	)	<b>12.6</b>	16.1	52.9	175.7	228.6	30.4	23.1
16	•	36.6	7.4	1 4.5	8.4	45.0	122.5	167.5	18.7	26.9
17	•	20.5	•	•	6.4	26.9	72.9	99.8	23.9	27.0
18 and 19	•	9.5	•	_	•	10.3	32.8	43.1	•	23.9
				TOTAL						
Males	263.0	330.7	58.1	12.1	70.2	401.0	243.3	644.2	17.5	62.2
Females	194.4	287.4	52.9	13.8	66.6	354.1	264.6	618.6	18.8	57.2
Persons	457.4	618.2	111.0	25.8	136.9	755.0	507.8	1,262.9	18.1	59.6
Age—										
15	13.0	49.9	8.3	12.8	21.1	71.0	180.3	251.4	29.7	28.3
16	52.9	96.4	18.1	4.9	23.0	119.4	129.9	249.3	19.3	47.9
17	94.2	127.9	27.4	} 6.0 {	31.6	159.5	87.8	247.2	19.8	64.5
18	136.6	160.9	29.3	J 0.0 1	31.1	192.0	61.7	253.8	16.2	75.7
19	160.7	183.1	28.0	• •	30.0	213.2	48.1	261.2	14.1	81.6

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes persons in institutions. See Explanatory notes, paragraph 19.

TABLE 8. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 20 TO 24, OCTOBER 1982

	,			Unemploye	d					
	Emplo	yed	Looking	Looking			••			_
	Full-time workers	Total	for full-time work	for part-time work	Total	Labour force		population aged 20-24	Unemploy- ment rate	Partici- pation rate
					000 —				— p	er cent —
Males	493.9	530.9	68.8	•	71.9	602.7	59.6	662.4	11.9	91.0
Females	339.8	405.1	43.0	10.7	53.7	458.8	187.7	646.5	11.7	71.0
Persons	833.7	936.0	111.8	13.7	125.6	1,061.6	247.3	1,308.9	11.8	81.1
Age— 20 21 22 23 24										
20	163.0	185.6	28.4	•	30.6	216.2	49.4	265.6	14.1	81.4
21	166.9	189.2	25.4	4.7	30.1	219.2	47.0	266.2	13.7	82.3
22	166.6	185.6	22.8	) ···	24.9	210.5	51.7	262.2	11.8	80.3
23	173.5	192.6	19.5	6.9	₹ 21.3	214.0	45.6	259.6	10.0	82.4
24	163.8	183.0	15.7	] "	18.7	201.7	53.6	255.3	9.3	79.0

TABLE 9. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, BY BIRTHPLACE, OCTOBER 1982

	Employ	ved	Unemploye	d	•		
	Full-time workers	Total	Looking for full-time work	Total	Labour force	Unemployment rate	Participation rate(a)
			000—				– per ceni –
			MALES				
Born in Australia	2,754.0	2,948.8	201.6	217.5	3,166.3	6.9	78.4
Born outside Australia	1,038.5	1,098.5	85.0	89.7	1,188.2	7.6	. 79.5
Africa	32.5 27.5	34.8	:	•	36.6 32.0	:	82.9
America	27.5 120.6	31.0 1 <b>29</b> .1	19.0	20.0	149.1	13.4	84.2 79.9
Asia Lebanon	15.3	16.0	5.2	5.6	21.6	26.1	82.2
Europe	795.4	837.1	57.7	61.0	898.1	6.8	78.8
Germany, Fed. Rep.	45.4	46.8	•	•	49.2	•	88.3
Greece	49.8	51.7	6.1	6.3	58.1	10.9	82.5
Italy	109.2	114.5	•	4.7	119.2	3.9	.77.9
Malta	26.8	27.3		•	28.6 45.6	ž	90.4
Netherlands	41.1 19.4	43.0 21.1	•	•	23.5	•	82.3 65.5
Poland U.K. and Ireland	376.0	397.6	27.6	29.7	427.3	7.0	78.0
Yugoslavia	54.2	56.3	5.7	6.0	62.3	9.6	78.4
Oceania	62.5	66.6	5.5	5.9	72.5	8.2	84.1
New Zealand	54.4	57.4	5.0	5.4	62.8	8.7	88.0
			MARRIED FEMALE	S			
Born in Australia	545.4	1.054.3	26.1	57.1	1,111.4	5.1	42.6
Born in Australia Born outside Australia	343.4 264.7	428.3	26.6	42.7	471.0	9.1	46.4
Africa	8.5	12.6	•	•	13.4	•	45.1
America	8.3	13.9	•	•	14.5	•	56.4
Asia	36.1	48.4	6.2	8.6	57.0	15.0	43.5
Lebanon	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Europe	196.1	329.0	17.7	29.5	358.5	8.2	46.1
Germany, Fed. Rep.	10.7	19.2			21.1 32.2		49.1 53.5
Greece	21.2 24.4	29.1 38.9		•	41.7	•	39.8 39.8
Italy Malta	24.4	6.5	•	•	7.5	•	34.7
Netherlands	6.8	16.3	•	•	17.0	•	45.9
Poland	4.7	7.6	•	•	8.6	•	41.0
U.K. and Ireland	89.4	159.9	8.9	14.7	174.6	8.4	47.3
Yugoslavia	17.4	22.9	•	•	24.9	•	48.6
Oceania New Zealand	15.6 13.1	24.5 20.2	•	•	27.7 22.2		54.7 54.4
New Zealand	15.1		ALL FEMALES	<del>i</del>			
					1 020 2		45.0
Born in Australia	1,107.2	1,778.1	109.6	161.0	1,939.2 643.3	8.3 10.7	45.8 46.0
Born outside Australia	383.3 14.2	574.7 18.7	48.8	68.6	20.6	£U. 7	40.0 47.6
Africa America	15.3	22.0	•	•	23.9	•	61.7
Asia	50.7	66.0	10.4	13.0	79.0	16.4	43.6
Lebanon	•	•	•	•	5.8	•	24.4
Europe	270.5	422.2	30.9	45.0	467.2	9.6	44.6
Germany, Fed. Rep.	14.3	24.7	•		27.4	•	48.5
Greece	24.7	32.8	•		36.0 47.7	•	49.4 38.0
Italy	28.4	44.0 7.6	•	•	8.9	•	34.8
Malta Netherlands	8.3	18.9	•	•	20.0	•	43.6
Poland	7.0	10.3	•	•	11.5	•	36.3
U.K. and Ireland	139.5	221.2	16.5	23.7	244.9	9.7	46.2
Yugoslavia	21.0	27.5	•		- 31.3	•	47.8
Oceania	32.6	45.9	4.7	6.7 <b>4.</b> 7	52.6 42.1	12.8 11.0	59.1 59.9
New Zealand	26.7	37.5		4./	42.1	11.0	39.9
			PERSONS			<del>-</del> .	
Born in Australia	3,861.2	4,726.9	311.2	378.6 158.3	5,105.5 1,831.5	7.4 8.6	61.7 63.3
Born outside Australia	1,421.8	1,673.2 53.5	133.9	138.3	57.2	8.0 #	65.4
Africa America	46.7 42.9	52.9	•	•	55.9	•	72.8
Asia	171.3	195.1	29.4	33.0	228.1	14.5	62.0
Lebanon	18.1	19.9	6.7	7.6	27.4	27.7	54.6
Europe	1,065.9	1,259.2	88.7	106.1	1,365.3	7.8	62.4
Germany, Fed. Rep.	59.7	71.5	•	5.1	76.6	6.6	68.3
Greece	74.5	84.5	7.9	9.6	94.1	10.2	. 65.7
Italy .	137.6	158.5	6.8	8.3	166.8 37.5	5.0	59.9 65.6
Malta Natharlanda	31.2	35.0			37.3 65.5	•	63.0 64.8
Netherlands Polond	49.4 26.4	61.8 31.3	•	•	35.0	•	51.8
Poland U.K. and Ireland	26.4 515.5	31.3 618.8	44.1	53.4	672.2	7.9	62.3
Yugoslavia	75.1	83.9	9.1	9.7	93.6	10.4	64.5
Oceania	95.0	112.4	10.2	12.6	125.0	10.1	71.4
	81.1	94.8	8.5	10.1	104.9	9.6	74.1

<sup>(</sup>a) See the definition of the labour force participation rate in the Explanatory notes.

TABLE 10. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE BORN OUTSIDE AUSTRALIA: PERIOD OF ARRIVAL IN AUSTRALIA, OCTOBER 1982

				F	rope	Ocea			Ta	tal	
				<u></u>	<del></del>				Fema	ales	
Period of arrival	Africa	America	Asia	U.K. and Ireland	Other countries	New Zealand	Total	Males	Married	Total	Persons
				EMPLOY	ED ('000)						
Before 1966	17.2	8.5	41.6	280.4	429.3	11.9	17.6	538.1	209.6	256.6	794.7
1966-1970	13.4	10.5	35.2	168.0	109.0	11.3	-13.8	228.5	83.4	121.3	349.9
1971-1975	6.7	20.1	44.6	95.6	60.3	11.3	15.3	152.4	65.5	90.3	242.7
1976-1980	11.4	8.9	59.8	46.7	28.4	39.2	43.4	121.1	53.2	77.6	198.7
1981 to survey date	4.7	4.8 -	13.9	28.2	13.4	21.1	22.3	58.4	16.7	28.9	87.3
				UNEMPLO	YED ('000	)					
Before 1966	)		٠ +	18.6	25.9	•	•	30.1	.13.9	19.8	49.8
1966-1970			6.0	18.5	11.3	•	•	21.4	9.6	16.2	37.7
1971-1975	} •	•	₹ 5.3	7.8	7.2	•	•	12.3	6.6	11.5	23.8
1976-1980			8.9	•	•	•	•	11.8	4.7	8.7	20.6
1981 to survey date	}		6 9.3	5.0	5.4	4.7	5.1	14.1	7.9	12.3	26.4
				LABOUR F	ORCE (* 000	0)					
Before 1966	18.2	8.5	45.1	299.0	455.2	12.3	18.6	568.2	223.5	276.4	844.5
1966-1970	13.8	11.0	41.2	186.4	120.3	12.0	14.9	250.0	93.0	137.6	387.5
1971-1975	7.4	21.5	49.9	103.3	67.6	12.2	16.8	164.7	72.1	101.8	266.5
1976-1980	12.0	9.5	68.8	50.2	31.3	42.7	47.5	132.9	57.8	86.3	219.2
1981 to survey date	5.8	5.3	23.2	33.2	18.8	25.7	27.4	72.5	24.6	41.2	113.7
			UNEM	IPLOYMEN	IT RATE (p	er cent)				-	
Before 1966	)		٠ +	6.2	5.7	•	•	5.3	6.2	7.1	5.9
1966-1970			14.5	9.9	9.4	•	•	8.6	10.3	11.8	9.7
1971-1975	} •	•	10.6	7.5	10.7	•	•	7.5	9.2	11.3	8.9
1976-1980			13.0	•	•	•	•	8.9	8.0	10.1	9.4
1981 to survey date	J		40.1	15.1	28.5	18.1	18.6	19.4	32.2	29.9	23.2
			PARTI	CIPATION	RATE (per	cent)(a)		·			<del> </del>
Before 1966	58.4	59.3	61.3	52.0	60.3	47.0	51.5	73.4	42.1	38.8	56.9
1966-1970	67.4	83.0	69.3	75.0	68.8	72.0	71.8	87.4	52.1	54.8	72.1
1971-1975	66.7	75.3	68.2	74.7	66.7	75.7	72.5	87.5	52.2	54.3	71.0
1976-1980	73.9	69.1	59.7	70.7	63.7	81.2	78.7	83.4	51.2	51.9	67.3
1981 to survey date	68.2	78.5	49.8	73.3	66.3	85.5	78.2	82.7	46.0	49.7	66.7

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes persons in institutions. See Explanatory notes, paragraph 16.

TABLE 11. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, BY AGE, OCTOBER 1982

		^	lumber (* 00	0)		Participation rate (per cent)					
	-	Females									
Age group Male	Males	Married	Not married	Total	Persons	Males	Married	Not married	Total	Persons	
15-64	4,285.3	1,570.9	991.4	2,562.3	6,847.6	85.9	47.7	62.2	52.4	69.3	
15-19	401.0	14.5	339.5	354.1	755.0	61.9	47.1	57.7	57.2	59.6	
20-24	602.7	160.4	298.4	458.8	1,061.6	91.0	56.6	82.2	71.0	81.1	
25-34	1,155.8	490.4	173.2	663.6	1,819.4	95.8	49.7	75.8	54.6	75.1	
35-44	956.1	491.7	75.2	566.9	1,523.0	95.2	58.1	65.8	59.0	77.5	
45-54	717.1	307.8	60.5	368.2	1,085.3	91.7	49.1	51.7	49.5	71.1	
55-59	299.3	80.4	30.5	110.9	410.2	79.3	28.2	34.9	29.8	54.7	
60-64	153.3	25.7	14.1	39.7	193.0	49.4	11.0	14.6	12.0	30.1	
65 and over	69.2	11.5	8.6	20.1	89.4	11.0	3.4	1.6	2.3	6.0	
Total	4,354.6	1,582.4	1,000.1	2,582.4	6,937.0	77.5	43.5	47.2	44.9	61.0	

TABLE 12. LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATES(a), BY AGE AND BIRTHPLACE, OCTOBER 1982 (per cent)

		Born in Australia						Born outside Australia					
		Females					Females						
Age group M	Males	Married	Not married	Total	Persons	Males	Married	Not married	Total	Persons			
15-64	86.2	46.9	63.4	52.8	69.4	87.6	49.9	60.3	52.3	70.8			
15-19	64.0	46.6	59.1	58.6	61.3	59.8	•	54.2	53.7	56.8			
20-24	92.5	57.5	82.7	71.9	82.3	87.1	52.6	81.0	67.1	77.1			
25-34	96.7	48.9	76.0	54.4	75.5	95.3	52.1	79.0	55.9	75.4			
35-44	95.8	57.5	64.7	58.4	77.1	95.0	59.5	72.0	60.7	79.0			
45-54	92.8	48.1	53.8	49.0	70.5	91.2	51.6	47.9	51.1	73.3			
55-59	79.2	26.1	36.1	28.6	53.2	82.1	33.2	33.6	33.3	59.6			
60-64	46.1	10.0	15.2	11.5	27.6	59.1	13.7		13.9	38.0			
65 and over	12.6	3.4	2.1	2.7	6.9	9.7	•	•	13.5	5.8			
Total	78.4	42.6	50.9	45.8	61.7	79.5	46.4	44.7	46.0	63.3			

(a) Excludes persons in institutions. See Explanatory notes, paragraph 16.

TABLE 13. EMPLOYED PERSONS : FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME WORKERS, BY AGE, OCTOBER 1982 (\* 000)

				Age	group				
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-59	60-64	65 and over	Total
				MALES					
Full-time workers Part-time workers	263.0 67.8	493.9 36.9	1,036.1 39.9	888.2 30.9	667.6 23.4	272.5 13.1	128.7 17.0	42.6 25.9	3,792.5 254.8
Total	330.7	530.9	1,076.0	919.1	690.9	285.6	145.7	68.5	4,047.3
			MAI	RRIED FEM.	ALES				<del></del>
Full-time workers Part-time workers	8.3	113.6 29.0	244.7 208.4	224.8 237.8	157.3 140.8	43.7 34.0	13.4 11.8	* 7.0	810.2 672.4
Total	12.1	142.7	453.1	462.5	298.0	77.7	25.2	11.3	1,482.6
			A	LL FEMALI	ES		-		
Full-time workers Part-time workers	194.4 93.0	339.8 65.4	380.6 230.0	278.5 252.4	199.2 153.7	65.8 41.0	23.0 16.3	9.2 10.6	1,490.5 862.3
Total	287.4	405.1	610.6	530.9	352.9	106.8	39.3	19.8	2,352.8
				PERSONS					
Full-time workers Part-time workers	457.4 160.8	833.7 102.3	1,416.7 269.9	1,166.7 283.2	866.8 177.1	338.3 54.1	151.7 33.3	51.8 36.5	5,283.0 1,117.1
Total	618.2	936.0	1,686.5	1,450.0	1,043.9	392.4	184.9	88.2	6,400.1

TABLE 14. HOURS WORKED BY EMPLOYED PERSONS, OCTOBER 1982

			Females		
	Males	Married	Not married	Total	Persons
<u></u>	NUMBER	EMPLOYED (1000)			
Weekly hours worked—		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<del></del>	
0(a)	259.1	102.0	51.0	153.0	412.0
1-15	146.8	303.7	115.9	419.5	566.4
16-29	272.9	310.2	87.1	397.3	670.1
30-34	450.4	161.1	103.9	265.1	715.5
35-39	598.3	180.7	161.8	342.4	
40	965.4	249.2	231.4	480.7	940.7
41–44	238.5	36.9	42.0	480.7 78.9	1,446.0
45-48	333.5	41.7	35.7	78.9 77.4	317.4
49 and over	782.4	97.2	33.7 41.4		410.9
,, 2114 0 101	702.7	71.2	41.4	138.6	921.0
Total	4,047.3	1,482.6	870.2	2,352.8	6,400.1
	WEEKLY	OURS WORKED			
Aggregate weekly hours worked (million)	156.5	40.9	27.3	68.2	224.7
By full-time workers	152.5	30.5	24.7	55.3	207.8
By part-time workers	4.0	10.4	2.6	12.9	207.8 16:9
• •		10.4	20	14.9	10.9
Average weekly hours worked	38.7	27.6	31.4	29.0	35.1
By full-time workers	40.2	37.7	36.3	37.1	39.3
By part-time workers	15.8	15.4	13.5	15.0	15.2
Average weekly hours worked by persons					
who worked one hour or more in the					
survey week	41.3	29.6	33.3	31.0	27.6
By full-time workers	43.0	40.5	33.3 38.7	31.0 39.7	37.5
By part-time workers	16.8	16.5	14.2	39.7 16.0	42.1 16.2

<sup>(</sup>a) Persons who had a job from which they were absent for the whole of the survey week. See Explanatory notes, paragraph 18. (b) Employers, self-employed persons and unpaid family helpers who worked 15 hours or more in the survey week.

TABLE 15. EMPLOYED PERSONS : EMPLOYMENT/POPULATION RATIOS BY AGE AND MARITAL STATUS, OCTOBER 1982 (per cent)

	(per son)											
		Males			Females							
Age group	Married	Not married	Total	Married	Noi married	Total	Persons					
15-64	87.0	66.9	79.7	44.7	54.0	47.7	63.9					
15-19	79.3	50.8	51.1	39.1	46.8	46.4	48.8					
20-24	90.2	77.2	80.1	50.3	72.3	62.7	71.5					
25-34	92.6	80.1	89.1	46.0	68.9	50.3	69.7					
35-44	93.2	79.6	91.5	54.7	59.8	55.3	73.8					
45-54	90.2	75.6	88.3	47.5	46.9	47.4	68.4					
55-59	77.9	61.5	75.7	27.2	33.3	28.7	52.3					
60-64	49.1	35.9	46.9	10.8	14.6	11.9	28.9					
65 and over	11.8	8.4	10.9	3.3	1.6	. 2.3	5.9					
Total	77.4	62.2	72.0	40.8	41.1	40.9	56.3					

TABLE 16. FULL-TIME WORKERS WHO WORKED LESS THAN 35 HOURS, BY REASON, OCTOBER 1982 (\*000)

			Females					
Reason for working less than 35 hours	Males	o Married	Not married	Total	Persons			
Leave, holiday or flextime	594.1	153.0	127.9	280.9	875.0			
Own illness or injury	122.4	28.5	24.4	52.9	175.4			
Bad weather, plant breakdown, etc.	9.3	•	•	*	10.2			
Began or left job in the survey week Stood down, on short time, insufficient	9.0	•	•	4.8	13.8			
work	51.4	7.4	•	10.0	61.4			
Other reasons	88.1	13.2	9.9	23.1	111.2			
Total	874.4	204.5	168.0	372.5	1,246.9			

TABLE 17. PART-TIME WORKERS: WHETHER PREFERRED TO WORK MORE HOURS, BY AGE, OCTOBER 1982 (\*000)

			Age	group			
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55 and over	Total
		MALES					
Total Preferred not to work more hours Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work(a)	67.8 48.0 19.8 9.9	36.9 27.3 9.6	39.9 25.1 14.8 8.0	30.9 20.9 9.9 4.6	23.4 15.3 8.1	56.0 51.3 4.7	254.8 187.9 66.9 31.1
	MAR	RIED FEMA	LES		•		
Total Preferred not to work more hours Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work(a)	•	29.0 22.5 6.5	208.4 181.2 27.2 5.7	237.7 207.7 30.1 5.7	140.8 127.7 13.0	52.7 49.8 *	672.5 591.6 80.8 16.5
	A	LL FEMALE	S				
Total Preferred not to work more hours Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work(a)	93.0 67.7 25.4 11.8	65.4 44.7 20.7 10.1	230.0 196.2 33.8 8.7	252.4 218.8 33.6 7.0	153.7 138.1 15.6	67.9 63.9	862.3 729.3 133.0 40.0
		PERSONS					
Total Preferred not to work more hours Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work(a)	160.8 115.7 45.1 21.7	102.3 72.0 30.3 14.4	269.9 221.3 48.6 16.8	283.2 239.7 43.5 11.6	177.1 153.4 23.7 5.0	123.9 115.2 8.7	1,117.1 917.2 199.9 71.1

<sup>(</sup>a) In the four weeks up to the end of the survey week.

TABLE 18. PART-TIME WORKERS : WHETHER PREFERRED TO WORK MORE HOURS, BY HOURS WORKED, OCTOBER 1982 (\* 000)

			Hours worked worked in ti	l by persons w he survey week			Persons who did not work in the survey	
	1-5	6-10 .	11-15	16-20	21-29	30-34	week(a)	Total
			MALES					
Total	38.4	50.0	26.5	38.8	40.8	45.6	14.6	254.8
Preferred not to work more hours	26.6	36.8	19.6	27.6	30.5	35.4		187.9
Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time	11.9	13.2	6.8	11.2	10.3	10.3	•	66.9
work(b)	5.8	7.1	•	5.2	5.0	•		31.1
		MA	RRIED FEMA	LES				
Total	74.3	122.0	98.5	131.0	133.5	68.5		672.5
Preferred not to work more hours	59.7	103.1	86.5	115.5	123.2	65.2		591.6
Preferred to work more hours	14.6	18.9	12.1	15.5	10.3	•	6.1	80.8
Had actively looked for full-time work(b)	·	7.0		.5.8	•	•	•	16.5
			ALL FEMALE	S				
Total	110.9	172.7	° 120.7	153.2	161.3	89.5		862.3
Preferred not to work more hours	87.5	141.5	100.7	128.3	142.4	82.3		729.3
Preferred to work more hours	23.4	31.2	20.0	24.9	18.8	7.2	7.5	133.0
Had actively looked for full-time			•					
work(b)	7.1	10.2	6.8	6.8	5.8			40.0
			PERSONS					. <u>.</u>
Total	149.3	222.7	147.1	192.0	202.1	135.1	68.7	1,117.1
Preferred not to work more hours	114.1	178.3	120.3	155.9	172.9	117.6		917.2
Preferred to work more hours	35.2	44.4	26.8	36.1	29.1	17.5	10.7	199.9
Had actively looked for full-time work(b)	12.9	17.4	10.6	12.0	10.8	4.8	, •	71.1

<sup>(</sup>a) Persons who had a part-time job from which they were absent for the whole of the survey week. See Explanatory notes, paragraph 18. (b) In the four weeks up to the end of the survey week.

TABLE 19. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS, BY AGE, STATES, OCTOBER 1982 ('000)

Age group	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Australia(a)
			MALES				
15-19	27.0	15.7	8.2	8.3	6.4	3.5	70.2
20-24	25.4	15.7	10.7	7.5	7.6	3.7	71.9
25-34	33.1	16.4	10.1	6.9	8.5	3.4	79.9
35 and over	33.2	18.9	13.1	7.8	7.1	3.4	85.3
Total	118.7	66.7	42.1	30.5	29.5	14.0	<i>307.3</i>
			FEMALES				-v-
15-19	19.4	21.6	9.8	6.0	6.4	2.7	66.6
20-24	18.4	13.2	7.4	6.2	5.3	1.7	53.7
25-34	18.3	14.3	8.1	4.2	4.6	1.6	53.0
35 and over	22.3	13.5	7.5	5.2	4.9	•	56.2
Total	78.5	62.6	32.8	21.6	21.1	7.3	229.6
			PERSONS				
Looking for full-time work-	_						
15-19	38.1	28.4	14.2	12.6	10.3	5.9	111.0
20-24	39.2	25.0	16.3	12.6	11.5	4.9	111.8
25-34	43.5	23.6	14.1	8.7	11.0	4.1	107.4
35-44	21.2	12.1	9.7	5.0	4.5	2.0	56.4
45-54	15.9	8.0	4.8	2.5	2.6	ì	35.9
55 and over	10.0	4.9	•	2.5	•	} 1.7	22.5
Total looking for							
full-time work	167.9	102.0	62.0	43.9	41.7	18.6	445.1
Total-							
15-19	46.4	37.3	18.0	14.3	12.7	6.2	136.9
20-24	43.8	28.9	18.1	13.7	12.9	5.3	125.6
25-34	• 51.5	30.7	18.2	11.1	13.1	5.0	132.9
35-44	27.4	16.2	11.4	6.5	6.4	2.8	73.0
45-54	17.4	9.8	5.5	3.2	3.3	l	41.5
55 and over	10.7	6.4	3.6	3.2	•	} 1.9	27.1
Total	197.1	129.3	74.8	52.0	50.7	21.3	536.8

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes the Northern Territory and the Australian Capital Territory.

TABLE 20. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS, BY AGE AND WHETHER LOOKING FOR FULL-TIME OR PART-TIME WORK, OCTOBER 1982

		Number	unemploye	d (* 000)			Unemplo <sub>:</sub>	ymeni rate (	per cent)	
	Mai	es	Fema	iles		Mai	es	Fema	iles	
	Married	Total	Married	Total	Persons	Married	Total	Married	Total	Persons
	L	OOKING	FOR FUL	L-TIME	WORK	<u> </u>				
Total	118.6	286.6	52.6	158.4	445.1	4.2	7.0	6.1	9.6	7.8
Aged 15-19	•	58.1	•	52.9	111.0	*	18.1	•	21.4	19.5
Looking for first job	*	19.1	*	18.7	37.8					
Attending school	•	6.9	*	•	- 11.1	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Aged 20 and over	117.6	228.5	50.4	105.6	334.0	4.2	6.1	5.9	7.5	6.5
20-24	10.2	68.8	11.3	43.0	111.8	7.4	12.2	9.1	11.2	11.8
Looking for first job	•		*	•	7.9					
25-34	41.7	77.2	17.3	30.2	107.4	5.0	6.9	6.6	7.3	7.0
35-44	29.0	36.6	14.3	19.8	56.4	3.5	4.0	6.0	6.6	4.6
45-54	19.8	25.7	6.0	10.2	35.9	3.2	3.7	3.7	4.9	4.0
55 and over	17.0	20.1	*	•	22.5	4.2	4.3	•	•	4.0
Aged 15-64	118.2	286.1	52.5	158.3	444.4	4.2	7.1	6.1	9.7	7.8
	L	OOKING	FOR PAR	T-TIME	WORK				•	
Total		20.6	47.2	71.2	91.8	*	7.5	6.6	7.6	7.6
Aged 15-19	•	12.1	•	13.8	25.8	*	15.1		12.9	13.8
Attending school	•	10.2	•	10.5	20.7	•	18.7	•	15.8	17.1
Aged 20 and over	•	8.6	46.9	57.4	65.9	*	4.4	6.6	6.9	6.5
20-24	•	. •	6.5	10.7	13.7	*	•	18.2	14.1	11.8
25-34		•	20.0	22.9	25.5		•	8.7	9.0	8.6
35-44	•	•	14.8	16.2	16.6	•	•	5.9	6.0	5.5
45 and over	•	•	5.6	7.6	10.1	•		2.8	3.3	3.2
Aged 15-64	•	20.4	47.2	71.0	91.3	*	8.2	6.6	7.7	7.8
			TOTA	L					-	
Total	121.3	307.3	99.8	229.6	536.8	4.1	7.1	6.3	8.9	7.7
Aged 15-19	•	70.2	•	66.6	136.9		17.5		18.8	18.1
Attending school	•	17.1	*	14.7	31.8	•	26.9	•	20.5	23.5
Aged 20 and over(a)	120.3	237.0	97.3	163.0	400.0	4.1	6.0	6.2	7.3	6.5
20-24	10.3	71.9	17.8	53.7	125.6	7.2	11.9	11.1	11.7	11.8
25-34	42.5	79.9	37.3	53.0	132.9	5.0	6.9	7.6	8.0	7.3
35-44	29.0	37.0	29.2	36.0	73.0	3.4	3.9	5.9	6.3	4.8
45-54	20.0	26.2	9.7	15.3	41.5	3.1	3.6	3.2	4.2	3.8
55-59	11.3	- 13.7	•		17.8	4.3	4.6			4.3
60-64	6.6	7.6	*		8.1	5.0	5.0	•		4.2
Aged 15-64	120.7	306.5	99.6	229.2	535.7	4.2	7.2	6.3	8.9	7.8

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes unemployed persons aged 65 and over, details for whom are not shown separately.

TABLE 21. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: BIRTHPLACE BY AGE, OCTOBER 1982

•	Num	iber unemployed (	·· 000)	Unen	nployment rate (pe	er cent)
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
	ВО	RN IN AUSTRA	LIA			
Total	217.5	161.0	378.6	6.9	8.3	7.4
Looking for full-time work	201.6	109.6	311.2	6.8	9.0	7.5
Looking for part-time work	15.9	51.4	67.4	7.6	7.1	7.2
Aged 15-19	59.4	54.1	113.5	17.0	17.6	17.3
Aged 20 and over	158.1	106.9	265.0	5.6	6.6	6.0
20-24	59.8	42.4	102.2	11.9	11.1	11.5
25-34	51.4	35.1	86.5	6.0	7.2	6.4
35-44	21.5	18.8	40.3	3.4	4.9	4.0
45-54	12.8	8.1	20.8	2.7	3.1	2.9
55 and over	12.5	•	15.1	• 3.6		3.2
Aged 15-64	217.0	160.7	377.7	7.0	8.4	7.5
	BORN	OUTSIDE AUST	RALIA			
Total	89.7	68.6	158.3	7.6	10.7	8.6
Looking for full-time work	85.0	48.8	133.9	7.6	11.3	8.6
Looking for part-time work	4.7	19.7	24.4	7.2	9.4	8.9
Aged 15-19	8.01	12.5	23.3	20.7	26.8	23.6
Aged 20 and over	79.0	56.0	135.0	7.0	9.4	7.8
20-24	12.0	11.3	23.4	12.1	14.8	13.3
25-34	28.5	17.9	46.4	9.7	10.2	9.9
35-44	15.5	17.2	32,7	4.8	9.4	6.4
45-54	13.4	7.2	20.6	5.4	6.5	5.8
55 and over	9.6	•	11.9	5.6		5.4
Aged 15-64	89.5	68.6	158.0	7.6 <sup>-</sup>	10.7	8.7

TABLE 22. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS, BY DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT AND AGE, ETC., OCTOBER 1982

		4-						Lookin	g for—
Duration of unemployment (weeks)	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-54	Total(a)	Married	Not married	Full-time work	Part-time work
mempioymeni (weeks)			MALE						
·		<del></del>		<del></del>	- '000			-	
Under 2 2 and under 4 4 and under 8 8 and under 13 13 and under 26 26 and under 39 39 and under 52 52 and under 65	6.0 10.4 10.0 15.2 8.0 7.6 }	6.2 13.5 9.3 14.3 9.5 4.8 6.8 {	6.2 7.7 12.7 12.4 13.5 7.0	4.7 4.5 9.2 6.1 10.7 9.2 4.7 }	18.5 25.3 49.2 39.9 56.8 36.2 22.2 20.3	8.2 8.7 19.1 14.0 22.5 14.4 7.0 8.9 5.2	10.3 16.6 30.1 25.9 34.3 21.8 15.2 11.4 7.7	16.7 22.1 45.8 37.4 53.8 32.8 20.6 19.0 12.9	} 4.9 5.8 6.3
65 and under 104 104 and over	•	4.5	7.9	6.9	12.9 26.0	13.4	12.7	25.4	•
Total	70.2	71.9	79.9	63.2	307.3	121.3	186.0	286.6	20.6
				-	-weeks-				
Average (mean) duration Median duration	24.8 17.4	29.6 16.5	31.0 13.8	41.8 21.6	33.2 17.8	36.8 19.2	30.9 16.8	34.1 18.1	21.5 12.1
			FEMAL	ES					
					-,000-				
Under 2 2 and under 4 4 and under 8 8 and under 13 13 and under 26 26 and under 39 39 and under 52 52 and under 65 65 and under 104 104 and over	6.1 11.4 7.8 11.9 8.4 7.8 }	6.2 8.3 7.1 9.3 6.5 4.8	6.9 6.7 7.5 8.8 7.5 5.5	5.2 8.5 6.7 6.8 * \$ 5.7 * \$	19.7 24.0 36.2 28.5 36.0 27.7 16.5 14.1 10.6 16.3	11.9 11.6 17.2 13.8 13.3 12.1 4.5 6.3 *	7.8 12.4 19.0 14.7 22.7 15.6 11.9 7.8 7.0	10.4 14.0 24.2 16.8 28.5 21.1 13.0 8.7 8.8 13.1	9.1 10.6 12.6 11.7 7.5 6.6 5.4
Total	66.6	53.7	53.0	51.3	229.6	99.8	129.8	158.4	71
				-	-weeks-				
Average (mean) duration Median duration	25.3 17.3	31.7 16.1	25.5 11.1	36.3 . 19.1	30.1 15.3	25.6 11.3	33.5 19.3	33.5 19.3	22. 9.
		•	PERSO	NS					
					, 000				
Under 2 2 and under 4 4 and under 8 8 and under 13 13 and under 26 26 and under 39 39 and under 52 52 and under 65 65 and under 104 104 and over	7.6 12.1 21.7 17.9 27.1 16.4 15.4 8.0 6.1 4.5	6.2 12.4 21.8 16.3 23.6 16.0 8.4 6.0 5.7 9.2	13.2 14.4 20.2 21.2 21.1 12.5 5.7 8.9 4.7	10.0 8.8 17.7 10.5 17.4 16.1 6.5 10.0 5.5	38.2 49.3 85.4 68.4 92.8 63.9 38.7 34.4 23.5 42.4	20.1 20.2 36.3 27.8 35.9 26.5 11.6 15.3 8.8 18.7	18.1 29.0 49.2 40.6 56.9 37.4 27.1 19.1 14.7 23.6	27.1 36.1 70.0 54.2 82.4 54.0 33.6 27.7 21.7 38.4	14. 10. 9. 5. 6.
Total	136.9	125.6	132.9	114.4	536.8	221.1	315.8	445.1	91.
					—weeks—	<b></b> -	22.0	22.0	22
Average (mean) duration Median duration	25.0 17.4	30.5 . 16.4	28.8 12.4	39.3 20.7	31.9 16.8	31.7 15.2	32.0 17.8	33.9 18.5	

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes persons aged 55 and over, details for whom are not shown separately.

TABLE 23. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS, BY INDUSTRY AND OCCUPATION OF LAST FULL-TIME JOB AND DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT, OCTOBER 1982 ('000)

			Duration of	of unemplo	yment (we	eks)				
	Under 4	4 and under 8	8 and under 13	13 and under 26	26 and under 39	39 and under 65	65 and over	Males	Females	Persons
Had worked full time for two weeks or more in the last two years	54.3	66.3	50.5	73.6	45.7	41.9	13.8	227.0	119.0	346.0
Industry division or subdivision Agriculture and services to										
agriculture		4.7		5.6		4.6		11.5	•	14.9
Manufacturing	13.5	16.2	12.7	22.1	12.0	13.1		67.0	26.7	93.6
Food, beverages and tobacco		4.5	12.7	_6.4	12.0	_6.4		11.4	6.9	18.3
Metal products		7.4		7.5		4.7		17.1	0.9	19.6
Other manufacturing	8.7	9.1	7.2	13.7	$\frac{1}{7.3}$	7.7	•	38.5	17.3	55.7
Construction	6.6	10.1	9.5	9.3	5.6	5.1		46.2	17.5	47.7
Wholesale and retail trade	12.2	15.0	9.9	16.7	9.3	9.9		40.6	34.8	75.4
Transport and storage		5.9	7.7	5.0	7.5	7.7		12.4	<i>3</i> 4.0 <b>≉</b>	13.8
Finance, property and business								12.4		13.0
services		6.7		5.5			*	7.0	7.4	14.4
Community services	5.3	*	4.7		8.8		5 5	8.0	20.3	28.3
Recreation, personal and other	2.5		•.,				J.J	0.0	20.5	26.3
services	6.1	6.3	*	5.8		_8.0		15.3	16.6	31.9
Other industries	*	4.7	•	5.8 5.9	4.5	*	*	18.9	7.0	25.9
Occupation group—										
Professional, technical, etc.	5.2		_8.6		_5.1		*	8.3	13.4	21.7
Clerical	6.7	8.7	5.0	8.7	6.0	5.0	•	10.1	31.7	41.8
Sales	5.2	6.9	4.7	6.1	4.5	5.0		12.5	20.7	33.2
Farmers, fishermen, etc.		.7.0	•	4.6		_6.0	•	18.5	*	22.0
Transport and communication		5.4	•	4.8	*	*	* *	14.2	*	15.7
Tradesmen, production-process										
workers and labourers, n.e.c.	24.2	30.5	24.6	36.9	19.9	20.7	6.8	138.0	25.3	163.3
Service, sport and recreation	5.6	6.6	4.8	7.4	5.7	4.5		15.8	20.9	36.7
Other occupations		6.5_	<del></del>		5.0_		•	9.4	*	11.6
Other	19.8	19.1	17.9	19.2	18.2	31.2	52.1	75.5	101.9	177.5
Looking for first job	9.0	8.4	7.6	10.8	8.1	18.5	8.8	33.7	37.3	71.0
Looking for full-time work	4.6	5.4	*	6.8	4.5	14.6	8.3	23.8	24.8	48.7
Other	10.8	10.8	10.3	8.4	10.1	12.7	43.4	41.8	64.6	106.4
Stood down	13.4		• •	• •	• •	• •		4.7	8.6	13.4
Total	87.4	85.4	68.4	92.8	63.9	73.1	65.9	307.3	229.6	536.8

# TABLE 24. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS AGED 15 TO 19, BY DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT AND SCHOOL ATTENDANCE, OCTOBER 1982(a)

		Not atte	ending school	
	Attending school	Left school before 1981	Left school 1981 to survey date	Total
	NUMBER (' 0	00)		
Duration of unemployment (weeks)—				
Under 4	6.0	7.5	6.3	19.7
4 and under 13	10.5	-16.7	12.4	39.6
13 and under 26	. 6.0	14.1	7.0	27.1
26 and over	9.3	24.3	16.8	50.4
Total	31.8	62.6	42.5	136.9
AVERAGE	(MEAN) DURATION OF I	JNEMPLOYMENT (	weeks)	
Males	19.1	29.8	22.0	24.8
Females	17.9	31.6	21.2	25.3
Persons	18.5	30.7	21.6	25.0
Looking for full-time work	20.9	31.4	22.0	27.0
Looking for part-time work	17.3	•	*	16.9
MED	IAN DURATION OF UNEM	1PLOYMENT (weeks	)	
Males	12.3	19.2	17.8	17.4
Females .	12.6	20.1	17.6	17.3
Persons	12.4	19.6	17.7	17.4
Looking for full-time work	13.7	20.3	18.2	19.0
Looking for part-time work	11.9	•	•	11.4

TABLE 25. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS : ACTIVE STEPS TAKEN TO FIND WORK(a) AND AGE, OCTOBER 1982 ('000)

				Pe	rsons	
· .	Males	Females	Aged 15-19	Aged 20-24	Aged 25 and over	Total
Took active steps to find work	302.5	221.0	134.9	123.8	264.8	523.5
Wrote, phoned or applied in person to an employer Answered a newspaper advertisement for a job	} 252.7	173.2 .	110.0	103.6	212.2	425.9
Checked factory or Commonwealth Employment Service noticeboards Been registered with the Commonwealth Employment Service Checked or registered with any other	46.4	38.8	22.4	18.5	44.2	85.2
employment agency Advertised or tendered for work Contacted relatives or friends	} .	9.0	•	•	8.3	12.5
Stood down	4.7	8.6	•	•	9.6	13.3
Total	307.3	229.6	136.9	125.6	274.4	536.8

<sup>(</sup>a) See Explanatory notes, paragraph 10.

TABLE 26. PERSONS NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE: AGE AND MARITAL STATUS, OCTOBER 1982

		Males			Females			Proportion of
Age group	Married	Not married	Total	Married	Not married	Total	Persons	population in each age group
			-	- ' <i>000</i> —				— per cent —
15-19	4.5	246.1	246.5	16.3	249.0	265.3	511.8	40.4
20-24	4.5	55.5	59.6	123.2	64.4	187.7	247.3	18.9
25-34	22.5	28.7	51.2	495.4	55.3	550.7	601.9	24.9
35-44	31.2	17.4	48.6	354.1	39.1	393.2	441.8	22.5
45-54	46.6	18.4	65.1	319.2	56.5	375.8	440.8	28.9
55-59	60.7	17.3	78.0	205.0	56.8	261.8	339.8	45.3
60-64	125.0	32.0	157.0	208.4	82.3	290.7	447.8	69.9
65-69	167.5	39.3	206.7	160.6	114.3	274.9	481.7	90.2
70 and over	245.1	105.7	350.8	170.1	401.6	571.7	922.5	96.1
Total	703.1	560.6	1,263.7	2,052.4	1,119.4	3,171.8	4,435.5	39.0

TABLE 27. PERSONS NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE : WHETHER LOOKING FOR WORK, ETC., OCTOBER 1982
. ('000)

		Males			Females		
	Married	Not married	Total	Married	Not married	Total	Persons
Looking for work Took active steps to find work(a) Did not take active steps to find work	8.8 5.7	45.2 34.3 10.9	54.0 40.0 14.0	33.7 8.5 25.2	36.2 23.8 12.4	69.9 32.3 37.6	123.9 72.3 51.6
Not looking for work	663.7	453.1	1,116.7	2,000.8	973.1	2,973.9	4,090.7
Permanently unable to work	13.0	6.9	19.9	•	8.8	13.1	33.0
In institutions	17.7	55.4	73.1	13.6	101.3	114.9	187.9
Total	703.1	560.6	1,263.7	2,052.4	1,119.4	3,171.8	4,435.5

<sup>(</sup>a) Not available to start work in the survey week for reasons other than own temporary illness or injury.

#### **TECHNICAL NOTE**

For more information on sample design, estimation procedure and reliability of the estimates, for current and earlier surveys, reference should be made to the Technical note in *The Labour Force, Australia, 1978* (6204.0).

#### Estimation procedure

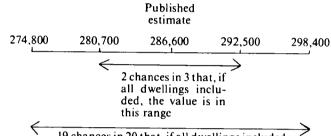
2. The labour force estimates are derived from the population survey by use of a complex ratio estimation procedure, which ensures that the survey estimates conform to an independently estimated distribution of the population by age and sex, rather than to the age and sex distribution within the sample itself.

#### Reliability of the estimates

- Two types of error are possible in an estimate based on a sample survey: sampling error and non-sampling error. The sampling error is a measure of the variability that occurs by chance because a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed. Since the estimates in this section are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings they and the movements derived from them, are subject to sampling variability; that is, they may differ from the figures that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the surveys. One measure of the likely difference is given by the standard error, which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of dwellings was included. There are about two chances in three that a sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the figure that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included, and about nineteen chances in twenty that the difference will be less than two standard errors. The standard error can also be expressed as a percentage of the estimate, and this is known as the relative standard error.
- 4. Space does not allow for the separate indication of the standard errors of all estimates in this section. Standard errors of estimates for the latest month and of estimates of movements since the previous month are shown in Table 1. Standard errors of other estimates and other monthly movements should be determined by using Tables A and B on pages 27 and 28. The introduction of a new sample in October 1982 resulted in the standard errors of movements between September and October 1982 being higher than normal. In addition, the sampling fraction for Western Australia was changed from 1 in 90 to 1 in 100 resulting in a slight increase in the standard errors of estimates for Western Australia from October 1982. See paragraphs 33 to 36, page 3 for information on sample design.
- 5. The size of the standard error increases with the level of the estimate, so that the larger the estimate the larger the standard error. However, it should be noted that the larger the sample estimate the smaller will be the standard error in percentage terms. Thus, larger sample estimates will be relatively more reliable than smaller estimates.
- 6. As the standard errors in Table A show, the smaller the estimate the higher is the relative standard error. Very small estimates are subject to such high standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) as to detract seriously from their value for most reasonable uses. In the tables in this section, estimates below the levels shown in Table C, and percentages based on such estimates, have not been included. Although figures for these small components can in some cases be derived by subtraction, they should not be regarded as reliable. See paragraph 9 concerning higher publication cut-off points for some estimates.
- 7. The movement in the level of an estimate is also subject to sampling variability. The standard error of the movement depends on the levels of the estimates from which the movement is obtained rather than the size of the movement. An indication of the magnitude of standard errors of monthly movements between September and October 1982 is given in Table B on page 28. Estimates of standard error of quarterly movements between July and October 1982 and between corresponding months of consecutive years (annual movements) can also be

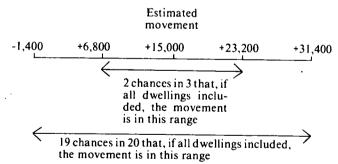
obtained by direct use of Table B. When using Table B to calculate standard errors of movements, refer to the larger of the two estimates from which the movement is derived. For standard errors of monthly and quarterly movements not ending in October 1982 previous issues of this publication should be consulted, where a different version of Table B is given along with instructions in its use.

- 8. Examples of the calculation and use of standard errors are given below:
  - (a) From Table A it will be seen that the estimate of 286,600 unemployed males looking for full-time work in October 1982 has a standard error of about 5,900. Therefore there are about two chances in three that the number that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included in the survey would have been within the range 280,700 to 292,500 and about nineteen chances in twenty that it would have been within the range 274,800 to 298,400.



19 chances in 20 that, if all dwellings included, the value is in this range

(b) The estimate of movement in the number of unemployed males looking for full-time work from September to October1982 is an increase of 15,000. Table B relates the standard error of the monthly movement to the larger of the two estimates from which the movement is derived. In this case the October 1982 estimate (286,600) is the larger. From Table B it will be seen that the standard error of the monthly movement is about 8,200. Therefore there are about two chances in three that if all dwellings had been included in the surveys the movement would have been within the range +6,800 to +23,200 and about nineteen chances in twenty that it would have been within the range -1,400 to +31,400.



9. The relative standard errors of estimates of aggregate hours worked, average hours worked, average duration of unemployment, and median duration of unemployment are obtained by first finding the relative standard error of the estimate of the total number of persons contributing to the estimate (see Table A) and then multiplying the figure so obtained by the following relevant factors.

Aggregate hours worked: 1.2 Average hours worked: 0.5 Average duration of unemployment: 1.5 Median duration of unemployment: 2.0 Publication cut-off points for these and other labour force estimates (see paragraph 6) are shown in Table C on the next page. Because of these higher relative standard errors, estimates of aggregate hours worked, average duration of unemployment, and median duration of unemployment have higher cut-off points for publication (see paragraph 6) than other estimates as shown in Table A.

10. An example of the calculation of standard errors by the use of these factors is as follows:

In October 1982 the estimate of median duration of unemployment for unemployed males was 17.8 weeks (from Table 22) and the number unemployed was estimated as 307,300. From Table A it can be estimated that this figure (307,300) has a standard error of about 6,000 and therefore a relative standard error of about 2.0 per cent. The relative standard error of the estimate of median duration of unemployment is calculated by multiplying this figure (2.0) by the appropriate factor shown in the previous paragraph (in this case 2.0): 2.0 x 2.0 = 4.0 per cent. The standard error of this estimate of median duration of unemployment is therefore 4.0 per cent of 17.8, i.e. 0.7. Therefore there are about two chances in three that the median duration of unemployment for unemployed males that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included in the survey would have been within the range 17.1 to 18.5 weeks and about nineteen chances in twenty that it would have been within the range 16.4 to 19.2 weeks.

- 11. The standard errors of estimates relating to agricultural employment are generally somewhat higher than the standard errors of other estimates of the same magnitude. Standard errors for capital cities are approximately the same as those for corresponding States.
- 12. The reliability of an estimated percentage or rate, computed by using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends upon both the size of the numerator and the size of the denominator. However, the relative standard error of the estimated percentage will generally be slightly lower than the relative standard error of the estimate of the numerator. The relative standard errors of the numerators can be obtained from Table A.
- 13. The imprecision due to sampling variability, which is measured by the standard error, should not be confused with inaccuracies that may occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents, errors made in collection such as in recording and coding of data, and errors made in processing the data. Inaccuracies of this kind are referred to as the non-sampling error, and they may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or only a sample. Every effort is made to reduce the non-sampling error to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient operating procedures.

TABLE A. STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES

Size of estimate	N.S. W.	Vic.	Qld	<b>S.A</b> .	W.A.(a)	Tas.	N. T.	A.C.T.	Austi	ralia
			_	— numb	er —				of	per cent estimate
1,500						300				
1,800						330	440			
2,000						340	470	440		
2,500				510	540	380	510	480		
3,000				550	590	410	550	510		
3,500			740	590	630	430	590	540		
4,000			780	620	660	460	620	560		
4,500	000,1	1,000	820	650	700	480	650	590	970	21.6
5,000	1,100	1,100	860	680	730	500	680	610	1,000	20.0
6,000	1,200	1,200	930	730	790	530	740	650	1,100	18.0
10,000	1,500	1,400	1,200	900	970	640	910	750	1,400	14.0
20,000	2,000	1,900	1,500	1,200	1,300	810	1,200	910	2,000	10.0
50,000	3,000	2,700	2,200	1,600	1,700	1,100	1,700	1,100	2,900	5.8
100,000	3,900	3,500	2,800	2,100	2,200	1,300		1,300	3,900	3.9
200,000	5,000	4,400	3,600	2,600	2,700	1,500			5,100	2.6
300,000	5,800	5,000	4,100	2,900	3,000				6,000	2.0
500,000	6,900	5,800	4,800	3,300	3,500				7,200	1.4
1,000,000	8,500	7,000	5,900						9,100	0.9
2,000,000	10,000	8,400							11,000	0.6
5,000,000									15,000	0.3

<sup>(</sup>a) Figures revised from October 1982—See paragraph 34, page 3.

# TABLE B. STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES OF MONTHLY MOVEMENTS BETWEEN SEPTEMBER AND OCTOBER 1982

The introduction of a new sample in October 1982 has resulted in the standard errors of movements between September and October 1982 shown in Table B being higher than normal (see paragraph 36, page 3). Standard errors of quarterly and annual movements ending in October 1982 can also be obtained directly from Table B. For standard errors of monthly, quarterly and annual movements for earlier periods see previous issues of this publication.

Size of larger estimate	N.S. W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N. T.	A.C.T.	Australia
1,500 1,800 2,000 2,500 3,000 3,500 4,000 4,500 5,000 6,000 10,000 20,000 100,000 200,000 300,000 1,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 5,000,000	1,500 1,500 1,700 2,100 2,900 4,200 5,500 7,100 8,200 9,700 12,000	1,400 1,500 1,600 2,000 2,700 3,800 4,900 6,200 7,000 8,200 9,900 12,000	1,000 1,100 1,200 1,200 1,300 1,600 2,200 3,100 4,000 5,100 5,800 6,800 8,400	720 780 830 880 920 960 1,000 1,300 1,700 2,300 2,900 3,660 4,100 4,700	760 830 880 940 980 1,000 1,100 1,400 1,800 2,500 3,100 3,800 4,300 4,900	430 460 490 530 570 610 640 670 750 910 1,100 1,500 1,800 2,100	630 660 720 780 830 880 930 970 1,000 1,300 1,700 2,400	620 670 720 760 800 830 860 910 1,100 1,300 1,600 1,800	1,400 1,500 1,600 2,000 2,800 4,200 5,000 7,200 8,400 10,000 13,000 21,000

## TABLE C. PUBLICATION CUT-OFF POINTS FOR LABOUR FORCE ESTIMATES(a)

N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N. T.	A. C. T.	Aust.
		· · ·						
5,400	5,400	4.200	3.000	3.000	1.800	2 200	2.400	5,400
2,300	2,300		,	•		,	•	2,300
ŕ	,	-,	1,000	.,500		, ,,,,	1,000	2,300
6.800	6.800	5.300	3 800	3 800	2 300	2 700	3 000	4 000
9.000	,		,		,		•	6,800
					. ,	,	•	9,000 4,500
	5,400 2,300	5,400 5,400 2,300 2,300 6,800 6,800 9,000 9,000	5,400 5,400 4,200 2,300 2,300 1,800 6,800 6,800 5,300 9,000 9,000 7,000	5,400     5,400     4,200     3,000       2,300     2,300     1,800     1,300       6,800     6,800     5,300     3,800       9,000     9,000     7,000     5,000	5,400     5,400     4,200     3,000     3,000       2,300     2,300     1,800     1,300     1,300       6,800     6,800     5,300     3,800     3,800       9,000     9,000     7,000     5,000     5,000	5,400     5,400     4,200     3,000     3,000     1,800       2,300     2,300     1,800     1,300     1,300     800       6,800     6,800     5,300     3,800     3,800     2,300       9,000     9,000     7,000     5,000     5,000     3,000	5,400     5,400     4,200     3,000     3,000     1,800     2,200       2,300     2,300     1,800     1,300     1,300     800     900       6,800     6,800     5,300     3,800     3,800     2,300     2,700       9,000     9,000     7,000     5,000     5,000     3,000     3,600	5,400     5,400     4,200     3,000     3,000     1,800     2,200     2,400       2,300     2,300     1,800     1,300     1,300     800     900     1,000       6,800     6,800     5,300     3,800     3,800     2,300     2,700     3,000       9,000     9,000     7,000     5,000     5,000     3,000     3,600     4,000

<sup>(</sup>a) See paragraphs 6 and 9, page 26.

## SUPPLEMENTARY AND SPECIAL SURVEYS RELATING TO THE LABOUR FORCE

Although emphasis in the population survey is placed on the regular collection of data on demographic and labour force characteristics, supplementary and special surveys of particular aspects of the labour force are carried out from time to time. The results of these surveys on labour force and related topics are published separately as shown below.

$oldsymbol{c}$	atalogue No
Annual and Long Service Leave, August 1974; May 1979	6317.0
Assisted and Unassisted Migrants, August 1972; March 1980	3406.0
Attendance at an Educational Institution, March 1981	(a)
Child Care—May 1969, 1973, 1977; June 1980	4402.0
Educational Experience and Intentions Survey, Australia, 1979	4212.0
Employed Married Women in the Labour Force, November 1979 (Queensland)	6203.3
Employment Benefits, February-May 1979	6334.0
Employment Status of Teenagers, August 1978(b)	6234.0
Evening and Night Work, November 1976	6329.0
Ex-service Personnel, November 1966, 1971; October 1979	4403.0
Family Status and Employment Status of the Population, November 1974 and 1975(c)	6223.0
Frequency of Pay, August 1974, 1976 and 1977	6320.0
Income Distribution, 1968-69 (Consolidated and Revised Edition)	6505.0
Income Distribution, Australia, 1978-79:	
Individuals	6502.0
Income Units_	6523.0
Unemployed Persons	6521.0
Supplementary Tables	6504.0
Job Tenure, February 1974; February 1975; August 1976	6211.0
Journey to Work and Journey to School, May 1970; August 1974	9205.0
Labour Force Experience—	
During 1968; 1972; 1974; 1975; 1976; 1978; 1979; During the period February 1980 to February 1981 Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Families, November 1974; July 1979 and	6206.0
1980, June 1981(d)	6224.0
Labour Mobility, November 1972; February 1975, 1976, 1979, 1980 and 1981	6209.0
Migrants in the Labour Force, 1972 to 1976(b)	6230.0
Multiple Jobholding—	
November 1965; August 1966 and 1967; May 1971; August 1973, 1975, 1977, 1979 and 1981	6216.0
Non-School Study Courses, Survey of, August 1968	Not listed
Persons Ceasing Full-time Work, Australia, May 1980	6238.0
Persons Aged 15 to 64 Years: Employment Status and Period Since Leaving School, May 1976	6225.0
Persons Not in the Labour Force (including Discouraged Jobseekers)—	
November 1975; May 1977; March 1979; September 1979; March 1980;	
September 1980; March 1981; September 1981	6220.0
March 1982 (Preliminary)	6219.0
Persons Looking for Work—	
May 1976; November 1976; May 1977; July 1978, 1979 and 1980	6222.0
June 1981 (Preliminary)	6221.0
Post School Qualifications of Tradesmen and Other Employed Persons, New South Wales, November 19	
School Leavers, 1970 to 1974: Their Employment Status and Education Experience in May 1975	6226.0
Superannuation, Survey of, February 1974	6319.0
Survey of Handicapped Persons, Australia, February-May 1981 (Preliminary)	4342.0
Survey of Persons Registered with the CES as Unemployed, March 1977	6229.0
The Labour Force: Country of Birth and Period of Residence, February 1972	6207.0
The Labour Force: Educational Attainment, Australia, February 1979, 1980, 1981	6235.0
Trade Union Members, November 1976	6325.0
Transition From Education to Work (Including leavers from schools, universities, and other	
educational institutions). Conducted each year since 1964. Previously titled 'Leavers from	
Schools, Universities and other Educational Institutions'. Latest issue May 1981	6227.0
Weekly Earnings of Employees (Distribution) August 1975 to August 1981 (annually)	6310.0
Work Patterns of Employees, November 1976	6328.0
Working Conditions, February-May 1979	6335.0
Working Hours Arrangements, Australia, February-May 1981 (Preliminary)	6337.0

<sup>(</sup>a) Results of this survey are contained in the Appendix to the May 1981 issue of this publication. (b) Estimates derived from labour force surveys. For more recent estimates, see the relevant tables in this publication. (c) See also Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Families (6224.0). (d) See also Family Status and Employment Status of the Population, November 1974 and 1975 (6223.0)

#### PART 2. GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT

#### **EXPLANATORY NOTES**

This part contains details of the numbers of employees of government bodies. Figures for months prior to May 1980 were published in *Civilian Employees, Australia* (6213.0) but, as that publication was discontinued following the April 1980 issue (see paragraphs 6 to 11 below), government employment figures are now included in publications 6202.0 and 6203.0.

- 2. Government employees comprise not only administrative employees but also all other employees of government bodies (Commonwealth, State, local and semigovernment) on services such as railways, road transport, banks, postal and telecommunications, air transport, education (including universities, colleges of advanced education, etc.), radio, television, police, public works, factories, marketing authorities, public hospitals (other than those run by charitable or religious organisations) and departmental hospitals and institutions.
- 3. The numbers of employees shown in this part have been derived from returns obtained from government bodies. Generally, Commonwealth government employees are included in the figures if they are on the payroll on the last working day of the month, whereas for State and local government the reporting date is usually the last day of the last pay period ending in the month.
- 4. Data shown for defence forces include all permanent defence personnel in Australia and overseas. Other government employees based overseas are excluded, as are employees of foreign governments in Australia.

# Comparability of labour force survey estimates and government employment figures

The government employment figures shown in this part are not strictly comparable with the labour force survey estimates included in Part 1 of this publication and in other ABS publications. Persons in the survey are allocated to an appropriate labour force category according to their activity during the survey week. If they had more than one job in that week only the job in which they usually worked the greater number of hours is considered. The government employment figures are derived from direct returns from government bodies, and although some returns are adjusted to exclude some part-time employees considered to have full-time jobs elsewhere, some persons will be included even though their government job is not their main one. Other reasons for difference are that the survey estimates are subject to sampling variability, and the reference periods of the two collections are different.

#### Review of ABS employment statistics

6. The two principal series of employment statistics produced by the ABS have been the employment series derived from the labour force survey (based on a sample of households) and the civilian employees series derived from data obtained from employers' payroll records (mainly payroll tax returns, in the case of the private sector). The former series has provided estimates of total

- employment and information on the characteristics of employed persons (including employers and self-employed). The latter has provided estimates for wage and salary earners only, but with a dissection of employment by industry more detailed than that provided by the labour force survey.
- 7. The series have differed in coverage, definition, sources of information, methods of collection and estimation procedures. The survey estimates are subject to sampling variability and both series are subject to nonsampling errors. The payroll-based civilian employees series has suffered from the particular problem that, because of limits below which payroll tax is not levied, no information has been available to the ABS about changes in the employment levels of the large number of smaller businesses which are not liable for payroll tax. Without current information, employment for these small businesses has generally been assumed to vary in proportion to the variation in the employment of larger employers. This assumption has long been regarded by the ABS as unsatisfactory.
- 8. The civilian employees series and the labour force survey series have frequently displayed different movements, but from late in 1979 the survey-based series grew much more rapidly than the payroll-based series. This growing divergence led to the decision by the Australian Statistician in July 1980 that publication of the civilian employees series should be suspended and that the ABS should undertake a review of the series and also of some aspects of the employment series derived from the labour force survey.
- 9. Following the review and discussions held with a number of Commonwealth and State Departments which are users of the statistics, the Statistician concluded that payroll tax returns could no longer provide an adequate basis for estimates of numbers of civilian employees and wages and salaries paid. Instead it would be necessary to conduct a quarterly sample survey of about 20,000 business units in the private sector, to collect information about the number and earnings of their employees. The survey results will be supplemented by the information collected from government bodies.
- 10. The lead time for the development of the survey will be between one and two years. The survey questionnaire and methodology will require field testing, mainly to ensure that response burden and non-sampling errors are kept to a minimum. In addition, the coverage of small businesses in the ABS register of businesses will need to be improved, in order to provide a satisfactory sample frame for the survey.
- 11. For further details on the review of the employment statistics and the future course of action to be followed by the ABS see *Information Paper: Review of ABS Employment Statistics* (6239.0).

#### Inquiries

12. For more information about these statistics contact Mr Terry Sharp on Canberra (062) 52 6655.

# TABLE 28. GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES, AUSTRALIA(a) (Excluding Agriculture and services to agriculture) ('000)

Civilian employees Common-Northern Defence Total wealth Month State Territory Local Total forces(b) Government MALES 1981-September 276.3 579.3 7.7 103.0 966.3 68.0 1.034.3 276.2 October 578.2 7.8 102.8 965.0 68.1 1,033.1 November 276.3 579.3 7.7 102.7 965.9 68.0 1,033.9 December 276.9 578.8 7.7 103.1 966.5 67.8 1,034.3 1982-276.6 January 576.6 7.7 103.4 964.3 68.3 1,032.6 February 276.2 579.3 7.7 103.8 966.9 68.8 1,035.7 March 276.1 581.0 7.7 104.2 968.9 68.8 1,037.7 275.6 April 579.9 7.7 104.1 967.3 68.7 1,036.0 May 275.1 581.8 7.7 104.1 968.7 68.6 1.037.3 274.7 June 582.3 7.6 104.5 969.0 68.5 1.037.5 July 273.9 581.2 7.5 104.2 966.8 68.5 1,035.3 August 274.4 580.9 7.5 104.2 967.0 68.4 1,035.4 September 275.0 580.5 7.5 104.1 967.2 68.3 1,035.5 October 275.5 580.0 104.2 7.6 967.2 68.4 1.035.6 **FEMALES** 1981-September 126.7 420.4 28.2 6.6 582.0 4.5 586.5 128.0 October 419.5 6.6 28.3 582.3 4.5 586.8 November 128.1 418.8 6.6 28.5 581.9 4.6 586.5 December 128.2 414.4 6.6 28.3 577.6 4.5 582.1 1982-January 128.2 4059 6.5 27.8 568.5 4.5 573.0 February 127.9 419.8 6.5 28.8 583.1 4.5 587.6 March 128.4 423.7 6.6 28.8 587.6 4.6 592.2 April 128.7 424.3 6.6 28.9 588.5 4.7 593.2 May 128.5 421.8 6.6 28.8 585.8 4.7 590.5 June 127.4 426 9 6.6 28.9 589.9 4.7 594.6 July 128.2 426.1 6.5 29.0 589.8 4.7 594.5 August 128.7 427.5 6.3 28.9 591.4 4.7 596.1 September 129.6 428.2 29.2 6.3 593.4 598.1 47 October 130.0 428.7 6.4 29.4 594.5 4.7 599.2 **PERSONS** 1981-September 403.0 999.7 14.3 131.2 1,548.2 72.5 1,620.7 October 404.1 997.7 14.4 1,547.4 131.2 72.6 1,620.0 November 404.4 998.0 14.4 131.1 1,547.9 72.6 1,620.5 405.1 December 993.2 14.3 131.4 1,544.1 72.3 1,616.4 1982-January 404.8 982.5 14.2 131.2 1,532.8 72.7 1,605.5 February 404.1 999.1 14.2 132.6 1,550.0 73.3 1,623.3 404.5 1.004.7 14.2 March 133.0 1,556.5 73.4 1,629.9 1,004.3 April 404.3 14.2 133.0 1,555.8 73.4 1,629.2 May 403.7 1,003.6 14.2 133.0 1,554.5 73.3 1,627.8 June 402.1 1,009.3 14.2 133.4 1,558.9 73.2 1,632.1 July 1,007.2 402.1 14.1 133.2 1,556.6 73.2 1,629.8 August 403.1 1.008.4 13.8 133.1 1,558.4 73.1 1,631.5 September 404.6 1.008.8 13.9 133.3 1,560.5 73.0 1,633.5 October 405.5 1,008.8 13.9 133.6 1,561.7 73.1 1,634.8

<sup>(</sup>a) See Explanatory notes to this section. (b) Permanent defence forces in Australia and overseas.

TABLE 29. GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES, STATES(a)
(Excluding Agriculture and services to agriculture)
('000)

	Co	mmonwea	lth(b)		State			Local			Total(b)	
Month			Persons	Males	Females	Persons	 Males	Females	Persons			Persons
		-	:			H WALES		<del></del>				
September	86.4	39.8	126.2	194.7	145.1	339.8	47.8	8.7	56.5	328.9	193.6	522.5
October	86.4	40.6	127.0	193.9	144.9	338.8	47.8	8.8	56.5	328.0	194.2	522.3
November	86.4	40.3	126.8	194.5	145.5	340.0	47.5	8.8	56.3	328.4	194.6	523.0
December	86.5	40.6	127.1	194.2	144.8	338.9	47.6	8.9	56.5	328.3	194.2	522.6
1982—												
January	86.7	40.8	127.5	192.9	139.8	332.7	48.0	8.9	56.9	327.5	189.6	517.1
February	86.3	40.5	126.8	194.4	146.0	340.4	48.2	9.0	57.2	328.9	195.6	524.4
March	86.3	40.7	127.0	194.7	147.2	341.9	48.6	9.0	57.5	329.5	196.9	526.4
April	86.1	40.9	127.0	194.2	145.9	340.1	48.7	8.9	57.6	328.9	195.7	524.6
May	86.1	40.8	126.9	193.6	146.3	339.9	48.7	8.9	57.7	328.4	196.0	524.5
June	86.0	40.6	126.6	193.8	145.8	339.6	48.7	8.9	57.6	328.5	195.3	523.9
July	85.4	40.6	126.1	193.6	145.2	338.8	48.4	8.9	57.3	327.4	194.7	522.1
August	85.5	40.8	126.4	193.2	145.1	338.3	48.2	8.8	57.0	326.9	194.7	521.6
September	85.8	41.2	127.0	193.1	144.9	338.0	48.3	8.9	57.2	327.2	195.0	522.2
October	85.9	41.2	127.2	192.6	145.2	337.8	48.3	9.0	57.3	326.8	195.4	522.2
			-		VICTO	ORIA		-				
September	69.2	29.6	98.8	153.2	111.6	264.8	20.9	12.7	33.5	243.3	153.9	397.1
October	69.2	29.9	99.0	153.3	110.4	263.8	20.9	12.8	33.7	243.4	153.1	396.5
November	69.2	30.1	99.3	153.6	109.4	263.0	20.9	12.9	33.8	243.8	152.3	396.1
December	69.2	30.3	99.5	154.3	108.4	262.7	21.0	12.5	33.5	244.5	151.2	395.7
1982—												
January	69.2	30.1	99.3	154.0	109.8	263.8	21.0	11.9	32.8	244.2	151.7	395.9
February	69.1	29.6	98.7	154.7	111.3	266.0	20.9	12.8	33.8	244.8	153.7	398.4
March	68.8	29.5	98.3	154.6	112.4	267.0	21.0	12.9	33.8	244.3	154.8	399.1
April	68.5	29.4	97.9	153.8	113.1	266.9	20.9	13.0	33.8	243.2	155.5	398.7
May	68.1	29.2	97.3	154.5	113.2	267.7	20.8	12.9	33.8	243.5	155.3	398.7
June	67.9	28.7	96.5	154.6	114.6	269.1	20.8	12.9	33.7	243.2	156.2	399.4
July	67.7	28.9	96.6	154.6	114.6	269.2	20.8	13.0	33.8	243.1	156.5	399.7
August	67.8	29.0	96.8	154.4	115.3	269.7	20.8	12.9	33.7	242.9	157.2	400.1
September	67.7	29.0	96.7	154.2	116.2	270.4	20.7	13.1	33.9	242.7	158.3	401.0
October	67.8	29.0	96.8	154.2	116.3	270.5	20.7	13.2	34.0	242.7	158.5	401.2
					QUEENS	SLAND			. = .			
September	30.9	14.1	45.0	96.1	56.4	152.6	18.9	2.7	21.6	145.9	73.3	219.2
October	31.0	14.5	45.5	95.9	56.6	152.4	18.7	2.7	21.4	145.6	73.8	219.3
November	31.1	14.5	45.6	96.3	56.5	152.8	18.7	2.7	21.4	146.1	73.7	219.8
December	31.4	14.4	45.8	96.1	55.8	151.8	19.0	2.7	21.7	146.5	72.9	219.3
1982—												
January	31.2	14.4	45.5	95.7	55.7	151.4	19.0	2.7	21.8	145.9	72.8	218.7
Feburary	31.3	14.5	45.8	96.3	56.3	152.6	19.1	2.7	21.8	146.6	73.6	220.2
March	31.4	14.7	46.0	97.4	56.6	154.0	19.1	2.8	21.8	147.8	74.1	221.9
April	31.5	14.8	46.3	97.5	57.4	154.9	19.0	2.8	21.7	148.0	74.9	222.9
May	31.6	14.9	46.4	99.3	57.8	157.1	19.0	2.7	21.7	149.9	75.4	225.3
June	31.5	14.7	46.2	99.2	58.2	157.4	19.3	2.9	22.2	150.0	75.8	225.8
July	31.6	14.9	46.6	98.5	58.0	156.5	19.5	2.9	22.4	149.7	75.8	225.5
August	31.7	15.0	46.7	98.6	58.3	156.9	19.8	2.9	22.8	150.1.		226
September	31.8	15.2	47.0	98.5	58.1	156.7	19.7	2.9	22.6	150.0	76.3	226.2
	31.9	15.4	47.2	98.5	58.0	156.5	19.7	2.9	22.6	150.0	76.3	226.3

For footnotes see end of table.

# TABLE 29. GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES, STATES(a)—continued (Excluding Agriculture and services to agriculture) ('000)

	Commonwealth(b)			State			Local			Total(b)		
Month	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Person
				SC	OUTH AU	STRALIA						
1981—												
September	29.4	8.3	37.8	53.4	47.1	100.5	5.3	1.6	6.9	88.2	57.0	145.
October	29.3	8.3	37.6	53.4	47.3	100.7	5.4	1.6	6.9	88.1	57.1	145.
November	29.4	8.3	37.7	53.3	47.3	100.7	5.4	1.6	6.9	88.1	57.2	145.
December	29.4	8.4	37.8	52.9	46.0	98.9	5.4	1.6	7.0	87.7	56.0	143.
1982—												
January	29.4	8.4	37.8	52.5	41.9	94.3	5.4	1.6	7.0	87.3	51.8	139.
February	29.3	8.3	37.5	52.5	45.9	98.4	5.4	1.7	7.0	87.2	55.8	143.
March	29.3	8.2	37.5	52.6	46.2	98.7	5.4	1.6	7.0	87.3	56.0	143.
April	29.2	8.2	37.4	52.5	46.4	98.8	5.4	1.6	7.0	87.1	56.2	143.
May	29.1	8.3	37.4	52.1	42.8	94.9	5.4	1.6	7.0	86.6	52.7	139.
June	29.1	8.2	37.3	52.5	46.4	98.9	5.4	1.6	7.0	86.9	56.2	143.
	29.0	8.3	37.3	52.5	46.5	99.0	5.3	1.6	7.0	86.8	56.5	143.
July	29.0	8.3	37.3	52.6	46.7	99.3	5.3	1.6	6.9	86.9	56.6	
August	28.9	8.3	37.3	52.5	46.5	99.1	5.3	1.6	6.9	86.7	56.5	143.
September October	28.8	8.4	37.3 37.2	52.5	46.5	99.0	5.3	1.6	6.9	86.6	56.5	143.
	<u>.</u>			WE	STERN A	USTRALIA	4					
 1981—												_
	16.3	7.7	23.9	61.6	44.0	105.6	7.2	1.9	.9.1	85.1	53.6	138.
September				61.5	44.1	105.6	7.2	1.9	9.1	84.9	53.6	138.
October	16.2		23.9				7.2	1.9	9.1	84.8	53.4	138
November December	16.2 16.4		23.8 24.1	61.4 61.1	43.9 43.4	105.3 104.5	7.2	1.9	9.1	84.7	53.1	137
1982		2.4	22.2	(1.3	42.7	104.0	7.1		0.1	04.5	62.2	126
January	16.1		23.7	61.2	42.7	104.0	7.1	1.9	9.1	84.5	52.3	136
February	16.1		23.7	61.0	44.1	105.1	7.2	1.9	9.1	84.3	53.6	137
March	16.1		23.8	61.3	45.0	106.3	7.3	1.9	9.2	84.7	54.6	139
April	16.2		23.9	61.5	45.3	106.8	7.3	1.9	9.2	85.0	54.9	139
May	16.2		24.0	61.8	45.4	107.2	7.3	1.9	9.2	85.3	55.1	140
June	- 16.2		23.8	61.9	45.6	107.4	7.3	1.9	9.2	85.3	55.1	140
July	16.1		23.8	61.8	45.4	107.2	7.3	1.9	9.2	85.1	55.0	140
August	16.2		24.0	61.9	45.6	107.5	7.3	1.9	9.2	85.4	55.3	140
September	16.2		24.0	62.0	46.0	108.0	7.3	1.9	9.2	85.5	55.7	141
October	16.3	7.8	24.1	62.1	46.1	108.2	7.3	1.9	9.2	85.7	55.9	141
		·			TASM	ANIA						
1981—												
September	7.3		9.7	20.2		36.4	2.5	0.5	3.1	30.1	19.1	49
October	7.3		9.6	20.2		36.4	2.6		3.0	30.1	19.0	49
November	7.3	2.4	9.6	20.1	16.1	36.3	2.6	0.5	3.1	30.0		49
December	7.3		9.6	20.2	16.1	36.3	2.6	0.5	3.1	30.0	19.0	. 49
1982—												
January	7.2	2.4	9.6	20.2	16.1	36.3	2.6	0.5	3.1	30.0		49
February	7.2		9.6	20.4	16.2	36.6	2.5	0.5	3.1	30.1	19.1	49
March	7.2		9.6	20.4	16.4	36.8	2.6	0.5	3.1	30.1	19.3	49
April	7.1		9.5	20.4		36.8	2.6		3.1	30.1	19.3	49
May	7.1		9.5	20.4		36.9	2.6		3.1	30.1	19.3	49
June	7.1		9.5	20.4		36.8	2.5		3.1	30.1	19.3	49
July	7.1		9.5	20.2		36.6	2.5		3.0	29.8		49
•	7.1		9.5	20.2		36.7	2.5		3.1	29.8		49
August	7.1			20.1		36.7	2.5		3.0	29.9		49
September												

<sup>(</sup>a) See Explanatory notes to this section. (b) Excludes members of the permanent defence forces in Australia and overseas.

TABLE 30. GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES—NORTHERN TERRITORY(a)
(Excluding Agriculture and services to agriculture)
('000)

Month	Commonwealth(b)			Northern Territory			Local			Total(b)		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
1981								-				
September	2.6	1.3	3.9	7.7	6.6	14.3	0.4	1.0	0.5	10.7	8.0	18.7
October	2.6	1.3	3.9	7.8	6.6	14.4	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.7	8.0 8.0	
November	2.6	1.3	3.9	7.7	6.6	14.4	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.5	8.1	18.8 18.8
December	2.6	1.3	3.9	7.7	6.6	14.3	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.7	8.0	18.7
1982—												
January	2.6	1.3	3.9	7.7	6.5	14.2	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.7	8.0	18.7
February	2.6	1.2	3.8	7.7	6.5	14.2	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.7	7.9	18.6
March	2.6	1.2	3.8	7.7	6.6	14.2	0.4	0.1	. 0.5	10.7	7.9	18.6
April	2.6	1.3	3.9	7.7	6.6	14.2	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.7	8.0	18.6
May	2.6	1.3	3.9	7.7	6.6	14.2	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.7	8.0	18.7
June	2.7	1.3	3.9	7.6	6.6	14.2	0.4	1.0	0.5	10.7	8.0	18.6
July	2.7	1.3	3.9	7.5	6.5	14.1	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.5	8.0	
August	2.7	1.3	4.0	7.5	6.3	13.8	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.5	7.8	18.5
September	2.7	1.3	4.0	7.5	6.3	13.9	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.5		18.3
October	2.7	1.3	4.0	7.6	6.4	13.9	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.6	7.8 7.8	18.3 18.4

<sup>(</sup>a) See Explanatory notes to this section. (b) Excludes members of the permanent defence forces in Australia and overseas.

TABLE 31. GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES—AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY(a)
(Excluding Agriculture and services to agriculture)
('000)

	Commonwealth(b)					
Month	Males	Females	Persons			
1981	-		<del></del>			
September	34.1	23.5	57.6			
October	34.2	23.5	57.6 57.6			
November	34.2	23.5	57.0 57.7			
December	34.1	23.2	57.7 57.4			
1982	•					
January	34.2	23.3	57.5			
February	34.4	23.8	58.2			
March	34.4	24.0	58.4			
April	34.3	24.0	58.3			
May	34.2	24.0	58.2			
lune	34.3	23.9	58.2			
luly	34.2	24.1	58.3			
August	34.4	24.1	58.5			
September	34.7	24.3	59.0			
October	34.9	24.6	59.4			

For footnotes, see previous table.